

ASSIGNMENT 5

STAT 485/685 E100/G100: Applied Time Series Analysis

Fall 2020

Simon Fraser University

This week's assignment will be based on models for non-stationary time series. The topics here have been covered in the Week 7 videos, as well as Chapter 5 of the textbook *Time Series Analysis with Applications in R (2nd ed.)* by Cryer & Chan.¹

Due date: **Friday, Oct. 30th at 11:59 pm (end of day)** (Pacific Time).

Marks: 10.

Please include your R code for each of the below questions. Some ideas for how you can most easily do this:

- Copy-paste your code/plots into a Word document along with your responses to the questions, and save as a PDF.
- Take images of your code/plots and upload to Crowdmark, along with your responses to the questions.
- Save your code and responses together in an RMarkdown document and save as PDF (if you've worked with RMarkdown before).

Other important policies on assignment submissions:

- Please write each question on a **separate page!**
- Please **show all your code and work**, in order to get full marks.
- Upload your complete answers as PDF files or high-resolution images.
- If you're hand-writing answers, please make sure they are **neat and clearly readable**, and that the photo is high resolution.
- Please **clearly label the question numbers**.

¹Cryer, J. D., & Chan, K. S. (2008). *Time series analysis: with applications in R*. Springer Science and Business Media.

For this assignment, we will be using some datasets and functions in the **TSA** package in R. For instructions on how to install and load the package, please see the Week 1 module on Canvas.

1. (3 marks) Identify each of the following as a specific ARIMA model, along with its values of p , d and q . Show all your work.

(a) $Y_t = 1.4Y_{t-1} - 0.4Y_{t-2} + e_t - 0.2e_{t-1}$

(b) $Y_t = 2Y_{t-1} - Y_{t-2} + e_t - 0.6e_{t-1}$

(c) $Y_t = 1.5Y_{t-1} - 0.6Y_{t-2} + 0.1Y_{t-3} + e_t$ (*This one is a bit tricky!*)

2. (3 marks) Using the techniques we practiced in Video 20, write out the differenced equation form of Y_t for each of the following models. Show all your work.

(a) IMA(1,2)

(b) ARI(1,2)

(c) ARIMA(0,1,2)

3. (4 marks) The dataset `winnebago` gives a time series of monthly unit sales of recreational vehicles from Winnebago, Inc., from 1966 to 1972.

Remember to include all code and plots in your answers below.

- (a) Read in this dataset using the function `data()` in the **TSA** package. Create a plot of the dataset.

- (b) Suppose we wish to fit a power transformation to this dataset. Find a value of the parameter λ that approximately maximizes the log-likelihood (i.e., the value of λ that best “matches” the data).

(Note: You may obtain an approximate value just by looking at the Box-Cox plot (it doesn't have to be exactly optimal), or if you wish you can extract the exact optimal value using the code in Video 21.)

- (c) Write out the equation for the power transformation, for this value of λ .
- (d) Transform the data using the power transformation you wrote in part (c). Plot the resulting transformed dataset. Make sure you label your axes in an informative way.