

Distributed Computing

A-01. Introduction to the Course

Welcome!

- This course will be shared between all 1st year students
- Different organization per curriculum
 - SSE: 6 credits (October-~November)
 - DSE: 9 credits (October-December)

Teams Channel

- We have a **Teams channel** (join it with code **bqrx9d**) for lesson recordings
 - Please **do not** ask for permission to access videos, just join the channel
- No real advantage in following the live lesson, they are mostly there for the recording
- We'll only record this year if the content substantially changes

Learning Difficulties

- Italy recognizes **learning difficulties**, for example:
 - DSAs (*Disturbo Specifico dell'Apprendimento*: specific learning disorder)
 - BES (*Bisogno Educativo Speciale*: special educational need)
- You have the right to additional time during the exam
- If you want to share your difficulty (even anonymously), I'll try to make the lessons better for you

What Is a Distributed System?

- A collection of **autonomous computing elements (nodes)** that appear to its users as a **single coherent system** ([van Steen & Tanenbaum](#))
 - Colored text are links... Please follow them to know more!
- Distributed systems are **everywhere**: pretty much anything you see on the Internet is one...
- Also, a single multi-core computer can be seen as a distributed system; distributed system techniques can be and are applied even there ([Bauman et al.](#))

Distributed Computing is Hard

The [Eight fallacies of distributed computing](#) (whitepaper, tech talk):

- 1) The network is reliable
- 2) Latency is zero
- 3) Bandwidth is infinite
- 4) The network is secure
- 5) Topology doesn't change
- 6) There is one administrator
- 7) Transport cost is zero
- 8) The network is homogeneous

Do I Need A Distributed System?

- **Availability:** if one computer (or 10) break down, my website/DB/fancy Ethereum app will still work
- **Performance:** a single-machine implementation won't be able to handle the load/won't be fast enough
- **Decentralization:** I don't want my system to be controlled by a single entity
- And all these things are related in non-trivial ways... **We'll see!**

Making a System Coherent

- We've seen that distributed systems are about making disparate machines **coherent**
- To be coherent, nodes need to **collaborate**
 - We need **synchronization** (there is no **global clock**)
 - We need to **manage group membership & authorizations**
 - We need to deal with **node failures**

Distributed Systems: a Huge Topic

- Many courses go in **depth**: you have a (small enough) topic and they teach you everything about it
- Here, we'll go in **breadth**: we'll introduce several topics at a high level, and go deeper on a few
 - Idea: giving you starting points for learning on your own, including after university

How We See the Course

- Security Software and Engineering
 - You'll be among the ones **designing** and **securing** these systems
 - You'll be the “mechanics” who will be tinkering with these systems
- Data Science and Engineering
 - You'll be **using** these systems
 - You'll be the “pilots” who need to know their systems to use them well

Organization of the Course

- Part A (6 CFU, **everybody**):
 - Distributed systems in general
 - Lessons held by Matteo Dell'Amico
- Part B (3 CFU, **DSE**):
 - Big Data Engines
 - Lessons held by Giorgio Delzanno

Exams: SSE

- Written exam (most likely on Aulaweb), with questions about the program of the course
- You'll have **assignments** based on a simulator you have to complete
 - Questions like “in this scenario, which are the best design choices”?
 - Alone or in groups of two people
- You'll **tinker** with the simulation and write reports answering the question
- There will be a peer review process: you'll be evaluated based on it

Exams: DSE

- You'll have **exercises** on Apache Spark to do during the year
- A written final examination

Part A: Some Topics We'll Touch

- Making systems **consistent**
 - **Consensus** mechanisms
- What **queueing theory** tells us
 - Effects of sharing load between servers
- Handling data efficiently
 - Modeling systems with data **replication**
 - **Erasure coding**: the gifts of coding theory
- Introduction to decentralized systems
- Introduction to big data engines