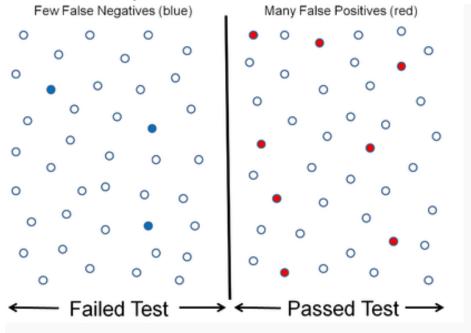
Question 01

Which of the following statements are true?



- 1. Few false negatives is High Sensitivity and Many false positives is Low specificity
- 2. Few false negatives is Low Sensitivity and Many false positives is Low specificity
- 3. Few false negatives is Low Sensitivity and Many false positives is High specificity
- 4. Few false negatives is High Sensitivity and Many false positives is High specificity

Question 02

Smaller p-values indicate more evidence in support of:

- 1. the null hypothesis
- 2. the alternative hypothesis
- 3. the quality of the researcher
- 4. further testing

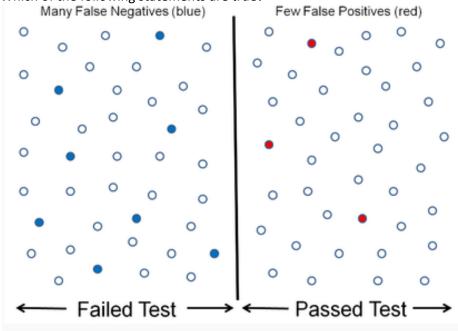
Question 03

If a teacher is trying to prove that new method of teaching math is more effective than traditional one, he/she will conduct a:

- 1. one-tailed test
- 2. two-tailed test
- 3. point estimate of the population parameter
- 4. confidence interval

Question 04

Which of the following statements are true?



- 1. Many false negatives is High Sensitivity and Few false positives is Low specificity
- 2. Many false negatives is Low Sensitivity and Few false positives is Low specificity
- 3. Many false negatives is Low Sensitivity and Few false positives is High specificity
- 4. Many false negatives is High Sensitivity and Few false positives is High specificity

Question 05

The value set for α in a hypothesis test is known as:

- 1. the rejection level
- 2. the acceptance level
- 3. the significance level
- 4. the error in the hypothesis test

Question 06

If it's specifically mentioned that we have a two tailed test, and the calculated Z = +1.75 the area the right of which is 0.0401 then the p value is

- 1. 0.0401
- 2. 0.02005
- 3. 0.0802
- 4. Insufficient information

Question 07

Given the following hypothesis

Ho: $\mu = 10$

H1: $\mu \neq 10$

If the σ is known then the test statistic is

- 1. Only Z
- 2. Only t
- 3. Either Z or t
- 4. None of the above

Question 08

Given the following hypothesis

Ho: $\mu \le 100$ H1: $\mu > 100$

If the σ is unknown but we have the sample standard deviation denoted by S then the test statistic is

- 1. Only Z
- 2. Only t
- 3. Either Z or t
- 4. None of the above

Question 09

A firm bidding for two contracts one for constructing a power plant and the other for its maintenance, estimates that the probability of obtaining the construction contract is 0.45. Should the firm get the construction contract then there is a 0.9 probability that they will also get the maintenance contract. What are the chances of landing both contracts?

- 1. 0.405
- 2. 0.5
- 3. 0.65
- 4. 0.5505

Question 10

You conduct a hypothesis test and you observe values for the sample mean and sample standard deviation when n = 25 that do not lead to the rejection of H_0 . You calculate a p-value of 0.0667. What will happen to the p-value if you observe the same sample mean and standard deviation for a sample > 25?

- 1. Increase
- 2. Stay the same
- 3. Decrease
- 4. May either increase or decrease

Question 11

For the following hypothesis test, which of the below is true?

Ho: p = 0.7

H1: $p \neq 0.7$

- 1. Left tailed test
- 2. Right tailed test
- 3. Two tailed test
- 4. Insufficient information

Answer Key

- **1)** 1
- **2)** 2
- **3)** 1
- **4)** 3
- **5)** 3
- **6)** 3
- **7)** 1
- **8)** 2
- 9) 1
- **10)** 3
- **11)** 3