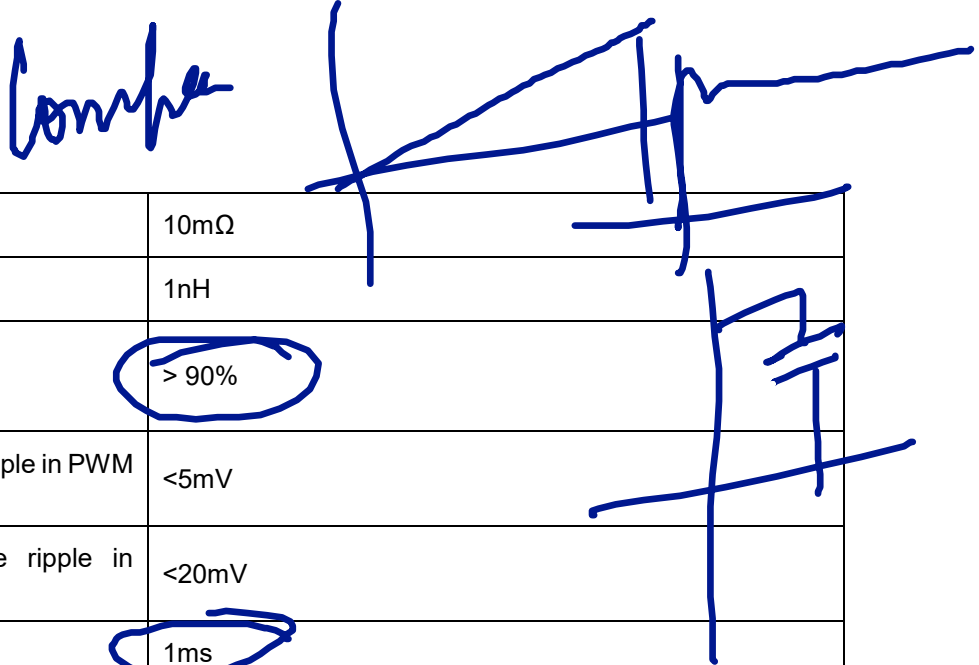


Final Project (Jul–Nov 2018)

EE5325 –Power Management Integrated Circuits

Design a synchronous switching buck converter for the following specifications:

Technology	0.18 μ m CMOS process
Input voltage (V_{IN})	1.8V +/-10%
Output voltage (V_O) Digitally programmable	0.8V, 1.2V, 1.5V
Load current (I_{LOAD})	0 to 1A
Switching Frequency (F_{SW})	8MHz
Variation in F_{SW}	$\pm 10\%$
DC output voltage accuracy in PWM mode ($\% \Delta V_{O_PWM}$)	$\pm 1\%$ (including error due to bandgap reference, line regulation, load regulation)
DC output voltage accuracy in PFM mode ($\% \Delta V_{O_PFM}$)	$\pm 5\%$
Settling Time (T_{SET}) (measured when output settles within 2% of the programmed output voltage) (should be measured in no. of PWM clock cycles)	< 10 PWM clock cycles
% Undershoot/Overshoot during load transient ($\Delta V_{UV_LOAD}/\Delta V_{OV_LOAD}$) (measured with load transient step of 1mA to 1A and 1A to 1mA with slew rate of 1A/100ns)	$\pm 5\%$ of the programmed output voltage
Undershoot/Overshoot during line transient ($\Delta V_{UV_LINE}/\Delta V_{OV_LINE}$) (measured with line transient step of 1.7V/1.9V to 1.9V/1.7V with slew rate of 100mV/100ns)	$\pm 1\%$ of the programmed output voltage
Inductor (L)	Select from the inductor selection table
Output Capacitor (C)	Select between 1 μ F, 2.2 μ F, 4.7 μ F, 10 μ F, 22 μ F and 47 μ F.
Tolerance in Capacitors	$\pm 20\%$



Capacitor ESR (R_{ESR})	10m Ω
Capacitor ESL (L_{ESL})	1nH
Efficiency ($\% \eta$) (for $I_{LOAD} = 1mA$ to 1A)	> 90%
Max. peak-to-peak output voltage ripple in PWM mode (ΔV_{O_PWM})	<5mV
Max. peak-to-peak output voltage ripple in PFM/PSM mode (ΔV_{O_PFM})	<20mV
Soft start time (t_{ss})	1ms
Output Current Limit, (I_{LIM})	2A \pm 10%
Maximum duty cycle limit (D_{max})	Max. possible (could be 100% if converter remains stable)
Minimum duty cycle limit (D_{min})	Min. possible (could be 0% if converter remains stable)

Inductor Selection Table

Inductor Value (L)	DCR	Isat
1 μ H +/-30%	60m Ω	2.7A
0.47 μ H +/-30%	32m Ω	3.8A
0.24 μ H +/-30%	22m Ω	5A
0.15 μ H +/-30%	18m Ω	6.2A

Important Notes:

- All building blocks of the buck converter must be transistor level (no behavioral model). You can reuse blocks from your previous designs or assignments.
- Standard cell library can be used for digital circuits.
- Each building block should have symbol and converter must be designed using hierarchical schematic (not flat).
- Any of the buck topologies (voltage mode, current mode, hysteretic etc.) can be used in the project.
- Design should be verified across all variations/tolerances of inductors, capacitors, process (TT,FF,SS) and temperature (-40°C, 25°C,125°C).

Project Evaluation:

1. Presentation:

Students are required to prepare 15 minutes presentations with no more than 20 slides (excluding title and references slides) and present before the class. There will be 5 minutes Q&A session after the presentation.

Presentation should contain following three main sections:

- Introduction, topology and component selection (4-5 slides)
- Architecture, power FET sizing and design of building blocks (10-12 slides)
- Simulation Results and Performance Table with FoM (4-5 slides)

Any circuits used from paper must be cited in the presentation. Any innovations/novelty in the design should be highlighted. Performance table must be based on the following format:

Parameters	Results/Values
Input Voltage Range	?
Output Range	?
Load Current Range	?
Switching Frequency (Fsw)	?
Inductor (L)	?
Output Capacitor (C)	?
DC output voltage accuracy in PWM mode (% ΔV_{O_PWM})	?
DC output voltage accuracy in PFM mode (% ΔV_{O_PFM})	?
Settling Time (no. of PWM clock cycles)	?
Undershoot as % of V_O when load transient is applied (ΔV_{UV_LOAD})	?
Overshoot % of V_O during load transient, (ΔV_{OV_LOAD})	?
Undershoot as % of V_O during low line transient (ΔV_{UV_LINE})	?
Overshoot as % of V_O during high line transient (ΔV_{OV_LINE})	?
% Efficiency (η)	?
Peak-to-peak output voltage ripple in PWM mode	?
Peak-to-peak output voltage ripple in PFM/PSM mode	?
Figure of Merit:	
FoM1 (with both PWM and PFM mode enabled)	?
FoM2 (with only PWM i.e. forced CCM mode enabled)	?

Figure of Merit will be calculated using following expression:

$$FoM1 = \left(\frac{\% \eta_{min} + \% \eta_{max}}{180} \right) \times \left(\frac{10^{-12}}{L \times C} \right) \times \left(\frac{25}{\% V_{UV_LOAD} \times \% V_{OV_LOAD}} \right) \times \left(\frac{1}{\% V_{UV_LINE} \times \% V_{OV_LINE}} \right) \times \left(\frac{10}{T_{SET}} \right) \times \left(\frac{200 \times 10^{-6}}{\Delta V_{OPWM} \times \Delta V_{OPFM}} \right) \left(\frac{10^{-6}}{R_{TOTAL} \times C_{TOTAL}} \right)$$

$$FoM2 = \left(\frac{\% \eta_{min} + \% \eta_{max}}{180} \right) \times \left(\frac{10^{-12}}{L \times C} \right) \times \left(\frac{25}{\% V_{UV_LOAD} \times \% V_{OV_LOAD}} \right) \times \left(\frac{1}{\% V_{UV_LINE} \times \% V_{OV_LINE}} \right) \times \left(\frac{10}{T_{SET}} \right) \times \left(\frac{10 \times 10^{-3}}{\Delta V_{OPWM}} \right) \left(\frac{10^{-6}}{R_{TOTAL} \times C_{TOTAL}} \right)$$

R_{TOTAL} and C_{TOTAL} are total on-chip resistors (including feedback resistors) and capacitors (excluding output capacitor), respectively, used in the design.

2. Schematic Review:

All students will have to get their schematics reviewed with live simulations.

Grading: Total Marks = 20

- Presentation = 5 Marks
- Schematics Review = 5 Marks
- Innovations/novelty = 5 Marks
- Specifications/FoM = 5 Marks

Bonus Points:

Student who meet all the specifications with highest figure of merit will get 5 bonus points that will be added to his/her final marks.

Dates:

- Presentation - Friday, Nov 09, 2018
- Schematic Review - Saturday, Nov 10, 2017

Detailed schedule with venue and time slots will be emailed later. Schematics will be reviewed at your workstations or in my office as per your choice.