

# Community Detection Problem Based on Polarization Measures. An application to Twitter: the COVID-19 case in Spain

Here we attach the obtained results when applying the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$  for several values of the balancing factor  $\gamma$ , considering the scenarios in which  $\varphi = \max$  and  $\phi = \min$  as well as  $\varphi = \max$  and  $\phi = \min$ . We also include the performance of the Louvain algorithm considering the graph  $G = (V, E)$ .

---



Figure 1: Partitions obtained with the Louvain algorithm in the graph  $G = (V, E)$ .

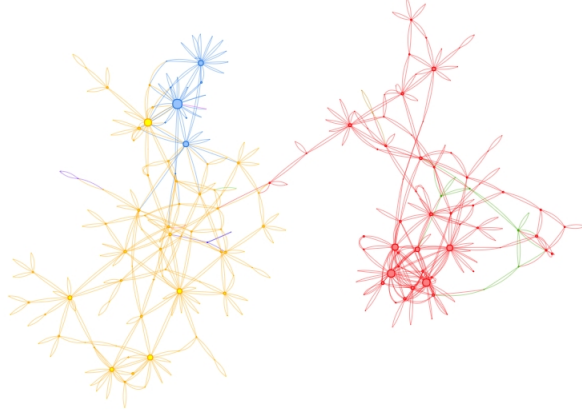


Figure 2: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.1$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = \min$ .

---

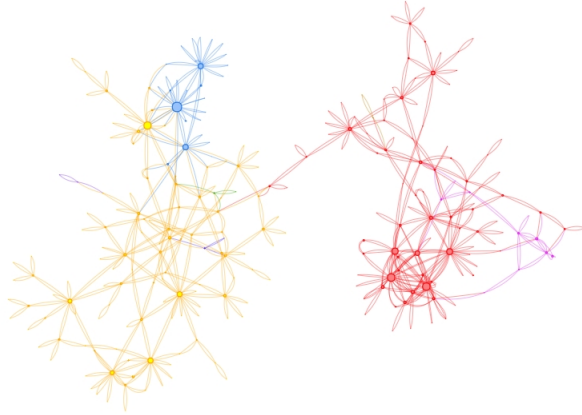


Figure 3: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.2$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = \min$ .

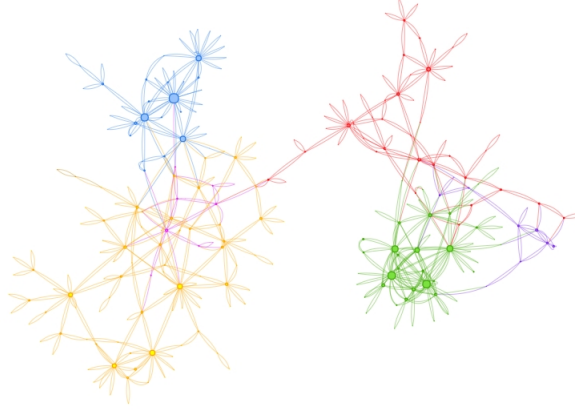


Figure 4: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.3$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = \min$ .

---

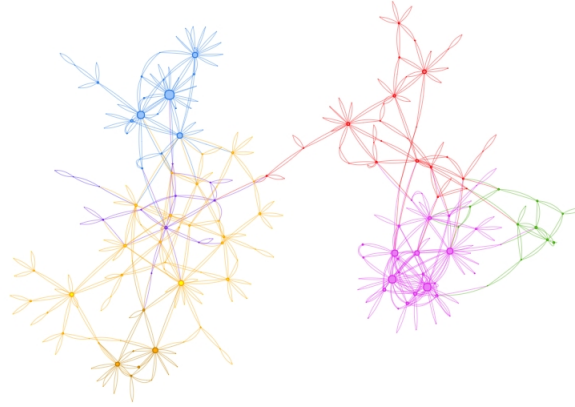


Figure 5: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.4$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = \min$ .

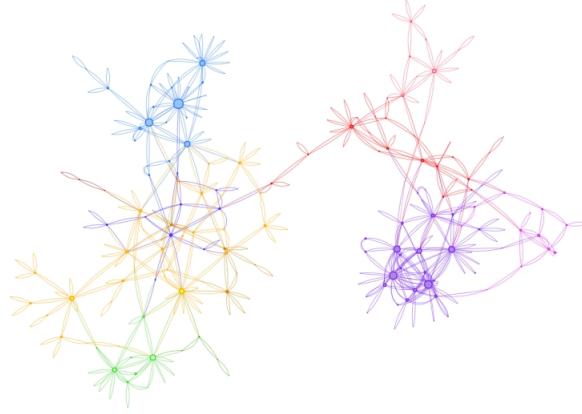


Figure 6: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.5$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = \min$ .

---

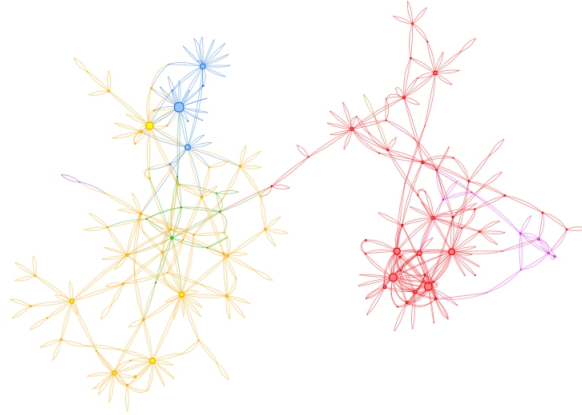


Figure 7: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.1$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = prod$ .

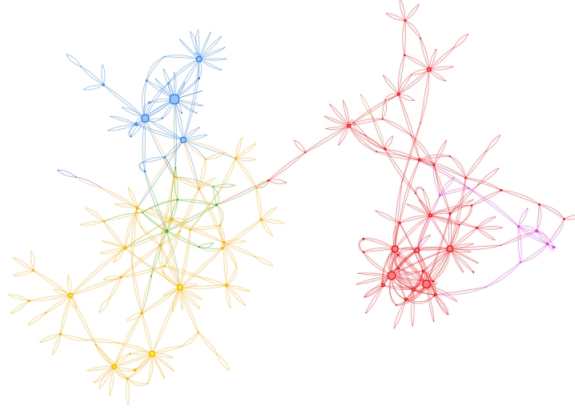


Figure 8: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.2$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = prod$ .

---

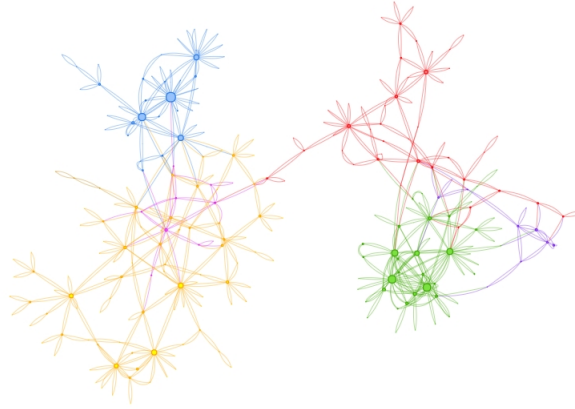


Figure 9: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.3$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = prod$ .

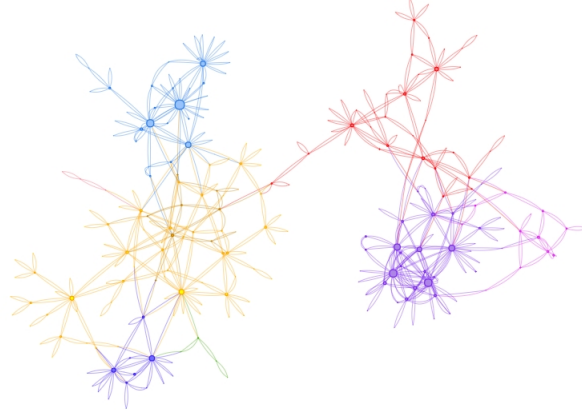


Figure 10: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.4$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = prod$ .

---

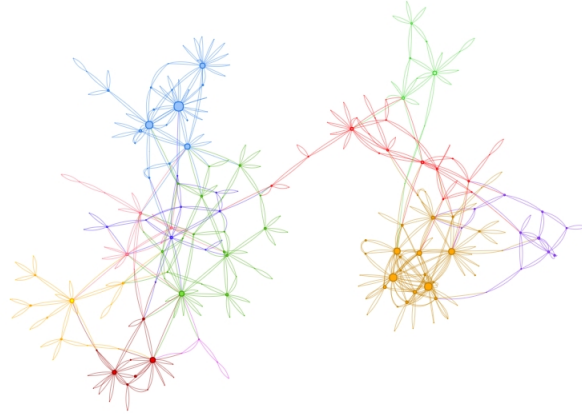


Figure 11: Partitions obtained with the Polarization Louvain algorithm in the polarization extended fuzzy graph  $\tilde{G} = (V, E, \mu_P)$ .  $\gamma = 0.5$ ;  $\varphi = \max$ ;  $\phi = prod$ .