MySQL/MariaDB

Project Astra

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MySQL/MariaDB

Deploy MariaDB From a Helm Chart

Learn how to exercise the Project Astra Beta program workflow by deploying MariaDB from a Helm chart. After you deploy MariaDB on your cluster, you can manage the application with Project Astra.

MariaDB is a validated app for the Project Astra Beta program. Learn the difference between Validated and Standard apps.



The Project Astra Beta program only supports MySQL 0.3.22 and MariaDB 14.14.

System Requirements

In order to deploy MariaDB from a Helm chart for the Project Astra Beta program, you need the following:

- A GKE cluster which has been added to Project Astra.
- Updated versions of Helm (version 3.2+) and Kubectl installed.
- Kubeconfig configured using the gcloud tool with a command like gcloud container clusters getcredentials my-cluster-name

Install MariaDB

To exercise the Project Astra Beta program workflow, we recommend you use the Helm chart.

Deploy MariaDB with the command:

helm install mariadb bitnami/mariadb --namespace testdb --create-namespace --set db.database=test_db,db.user=test_db_user,db.password=NKhjs2wQPt8 > /dev/null 2>&1

This does the following:

- Creates the testdb namespace.
- Deploys MariaDB on the testdb namespace.
- Creates a database named test_db
- Creates a user test_db_user with password NKhjs2wQPt8



This method of setting the password at deployment is insecure. Only use this command when setting up MariaDB for a sandbox deployment to use Project Astra Beta program. We do not recommend this for a production environment.

After the Helm chart is deployed, it will be automatically discovered by Project Astra, at which point you can manage the app with Project Astra.

Deploy MySQL From a Helm Chart

Learn how to exercise the Project Astra Beta workflow by deploying MySQL from a Helm chart. After you deploy MySQL on your Kubernetes cluster, you can manage the application with Project Astra.

MariaDB and MySQL are validated apps for the Project Astra Beta program. Learn the difference between Validated and Standard apps.



The Project Astra beta program only supports MySQL 0.3.22 and MariaDB 14.14.

System Requirements

In order to deploy MySQL from a Helm chart for the Project Astra Beta program, you need the following:

- A GKE cluster which has been added to Project Astra.
- Updated versions of Helm (version 3.2+) and Kubectl installed.
- Kubeconfig configured using the gcloud tool with a command like gcloud container clusters getcredentials my-cluster-name



You must deploy your app after the cluster is added to Project Astra, not before.

Install MySQL

To exercise the Project Astra Beta workflow, we recommend the standard stable chart.



You must deploy the Helm chart in a namespace other than the default.

Deploy MySQL with the command:

```
helm install mysql stable/mysql --namespace testdb--set db.database=test_db,db.user=test_db_user,db.password=NKhjs2wQPt8 if you need to deploy mysql under a new namespace; please use the following command helm install mysql stable/mysql --namespace testdb --create-namespace --set db.database=test_db,db.user=test_db_user,db.password=NKhjs2wQPt8
```

This does the following:

- Creates the testdb namespace.
- Deploys MySQL on the testdb namespace.

- Creates a database named test_db
- Creates a user test_db_user with password NKhjs2wQPt8



This method of setting the password at deployment is insecure. You can use own secrets and config maps and passing along with helm command.

After the Helm chart is deployed, it will be automatically discovered by Project Astra, at which point you can manage the app with Project Astra.

Work With MySQL/MariaDB on Project Astra

This guide focuses on Helm as the preferred way to deploy Postgres apps. Plain YAML and Operator-based deployments may be covered in future guides.

For express instructions on launching MySQL/MariaDB on Project Astra, see Deploy MySQL/MariaDB from a Helm Chart.

MariaDB and MySQL are validated apps for the Project Astra Beta program. Learn the difference between Validated and Standard apps



MySQL 0.3.22 and MariaDB 14.14 are the only versions supported in the Project Astra Beta program.

Requirements

In order to deploy MySQL/MariaDB from a Helm chart on a cluster registered with the Project Astra Beta program, you will need the following:

GKE Cluster

An up-to-date Kubernetes cluster (version 1.17+) which is connected to Project Astra. For help creating your GKE cluster and connecting it to Project Astra, see the Getting Started Guide.

Kubectl

Kubectl is a standard tool for interacting with Kubernetes. For more information, see the guide Install and Set Up kubectl in the official Kubernetes documentation.

Kubeconfig

The Kubeconfig file contains the credentials which let kubectl communicate with your Kubernetes cluster. to learn how to download your GKE Kubeconfig file, see the Google Cloud guide for configuring cluster access for kubectl.

Cloud Volume Serivice in Google Cloud Platform (CVS-GCP)

CVS is the storage layer and connective elements for Project Astra, respectively. More details on how to configure CVS on GCP may be found in the workflow guide for CVS^.

Helm (v3)

Helm is a popular way to organize and install apps on Kubernetes. To install Helm on your local computer, follow their handy install guide.

MySQL/MariaDB Requirements

For a MySQL/MariaDB application, Project Astra requires:

• global.storageClass value to be set to the storageClass representing either CVS or Trident (or, that storageClass is set as your cluster's default provisioner).

Install MariaDB/MySQL

For the Project Astra beta, we recommend the custom Helm chart we have created for this purpose. For instructions on how to deploy from this custom chart, see Deploy MySQL/MariaDB from a Helm Chart.

The values need to be set to consume the volumes provisioned by CVS, be deployed in a namespace other than default, and your stateful app needs to be available to Project Astra.

By default the Bitnami chart uses a cluster's default storage class. Kubernetes clusters registered with project Astra beta use Trident CSI fron NetApp. Trident automatically sets CVS as the default storage class. Use kubectl get sc to see what your cluster's storageClasses are. This produces output like the following:

NAME ALLOWVOLUMEEXPANSION	AGE	PROVISIONER	RECLAIMPOLICY	VOLUMEBINDINGMODE
netapp-cvs-extreme	26h	csi.trident.netapp.io	Delete	Immediate
netapp-cvs-premium (d	efault)	csi.trident.netapp.io	Delete	Immediate
true netapp-cvs-standard	26h	csi.trident.netapp.io	Delete	Immediate
true standard	26h	kubernetes.io/gce-pd	Delete	Immediate
true	27h			

You have two options for changing settings in your values.yaml. The first option is to open the file and edit it directly. The second option is to add an extra argument to your usual Helm CLI command.

To view and export values.yaml, use the helm show command:

```
# mariaDB
helm show values bitnami/mariadb
# mySQL
helm show values bitnami/mysql
```

or

```
# mariaDB
helm show values bitnami/mariadb > my-values.yaml
# mySQL
helm show values bitnami/mysql > my-values.yaml
```

This creates a my-values.yaml file in your local directory. That file is a copy of the official values.yaml.

Dry Run

Before deploying, you can do a dry run to make sure everything is set up correctly.

To do this, edit the values in the my-values.yaml file you created in the previous step. Test your deployment using the -f my-values.yaml and --dry-run flags:

```
# MariaDB
helm install -f my-values.yaml --namespace testdb --generate-name bitnami/mariadb --dry
-run

# MySQL
helm install -f my-values.yaml --namespace testdb --generate-name bitnami/mysql --dry-run
```

If the output from our dry run looks correct, we may deploy to your cluster by removing --dry-run.

Before we can run the helm charts for real, you can choose to use an existing namespace or specify to create a new namespace with helm command like below;

```
# MariaDB
helm install -f my-values.yaml --namespace testdb --generate-name bitnami/mariadb
--create-namespace

# MySQL
helm install -f my-values.yaml --namespace testdb --generate-name bitnami/mysql --create
-namespace
```

After deploying the application using Helm chart Project Astra will be automatically discover the

application. After a successful discovery you can manage the app with Project Astra.							

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