

# NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

## LECTURE 3: WORDEMBEDDING

goorm

**KAIST AI**  
Graduate School of AI

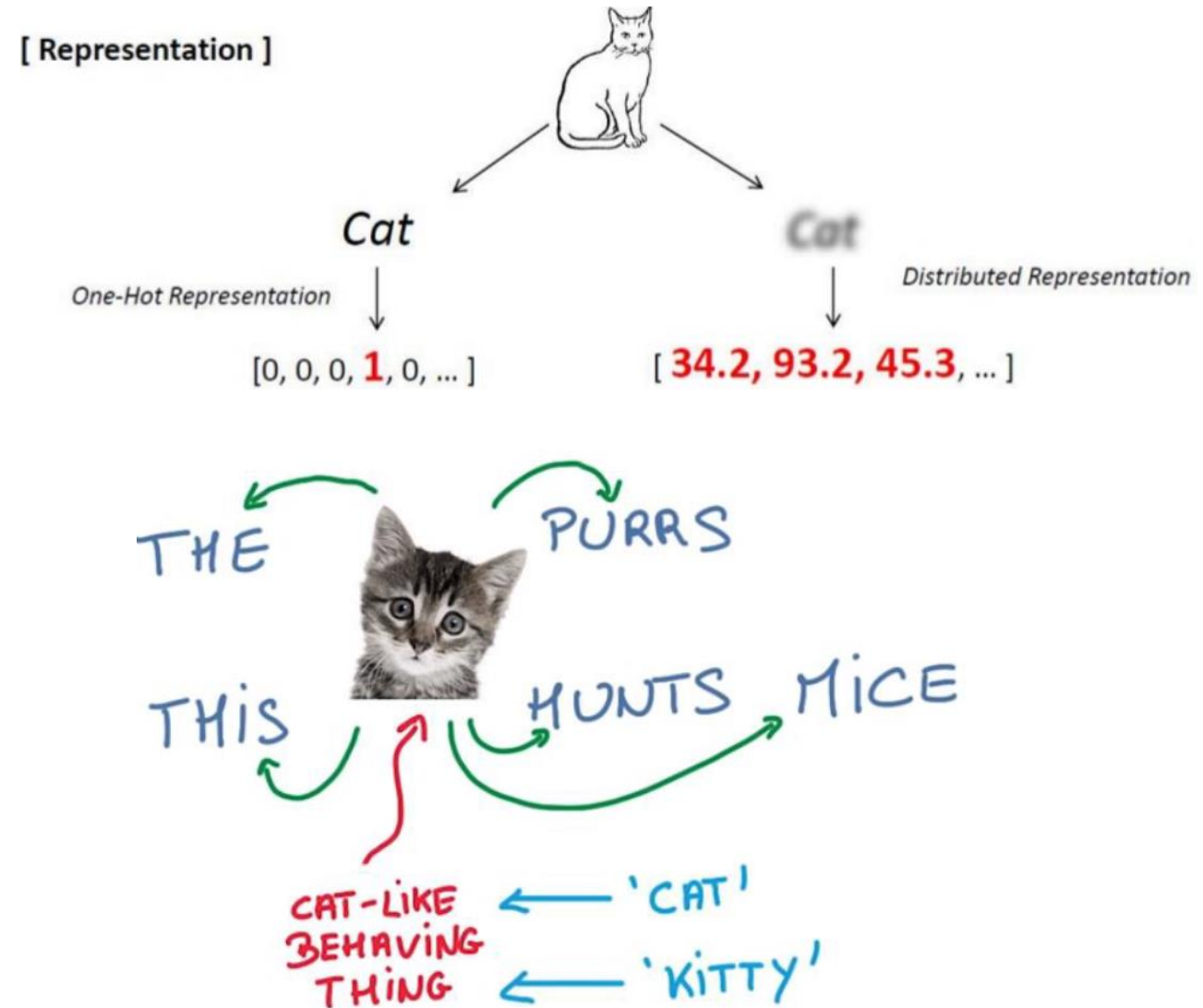


## What is Word Embedding?

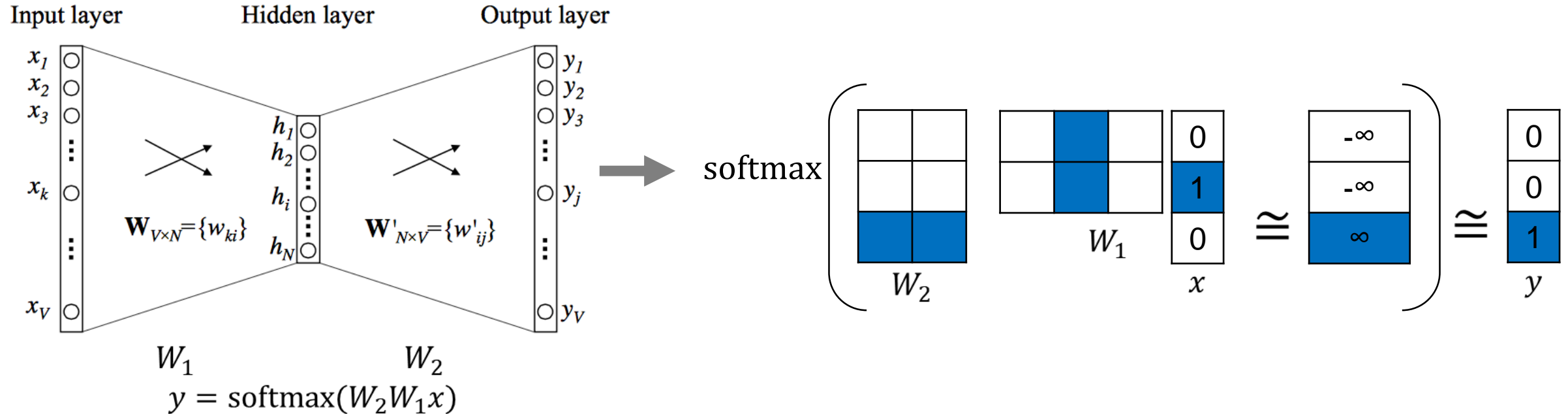
- Express a word as a vector
- 'cat' and 'kitty' are similar words, so they have similar vector representations ☐ short distance
- 'hamburger' is not similar with 'cat' or 'kitty', so they have different vector representations ☐ far distance

# Word2Vec

- An algorithm for training vector representation of a word from context words (adjacent words)
  - Assumption: words in similar context will have similar meanings.
- e.g.)
  - The **cat** purrs.
  - The **cat** hunts mice.



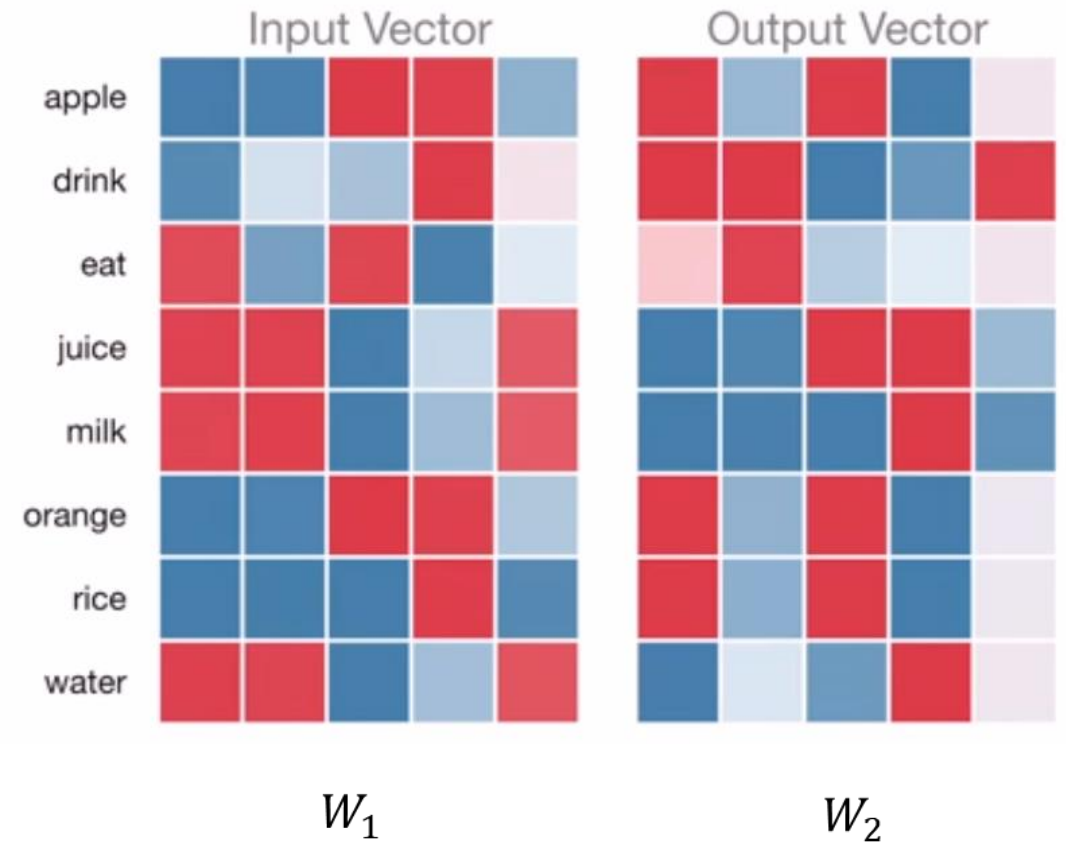
# How Word2Vec Algorithm Works



- Sentence :“I study math.”
- Vocabulary: {“I”, “study” “math”}
- Input: “study”  $[0, 1, 0]$
- Output: “math”  $[0, 0, 1]$
- Columns of  $W_1$  and rows of  $W_2$  represent each word.
- E.g., ‘study’ vector : 2<sup>nd</sup> column in  $W_1$ , ‘math’ vector : 3<sup>rd</sup> row in  $W_2$ .
- The ‘study’ vector in  $W_1$  and the ‘math’ vector in  $W_2$  should have a high inner-product value.

# How Word2Vec Algorithm Works

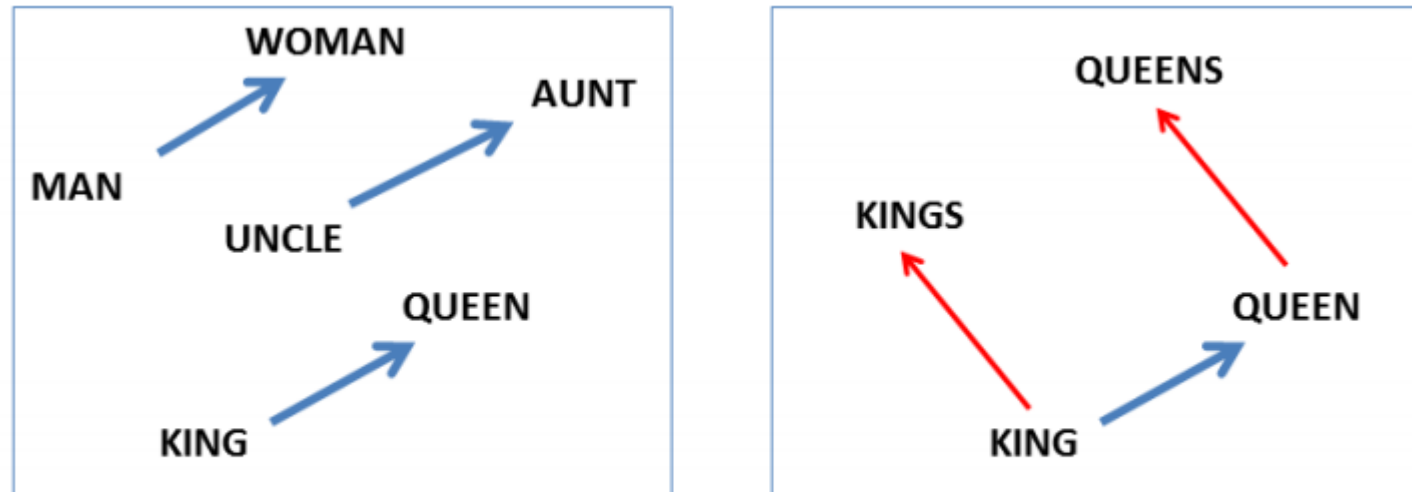
- A vector representation of 'eat' in  $W_1$  has similar pattern with vectors of 'apple', 'orange', and 'rice' in  $W_2$ .
- When the input is 'eat', the model can predict 'apple', 'orange', or 'rice' for output, because the vectors have high inner product values.



<https://ronxin.github.io/wevi/>

## Property of Word2Vec

- The word vector, or the relationship between vector points in space, represents the relationship between the words.
- The same relationship is represented as the same vectors.



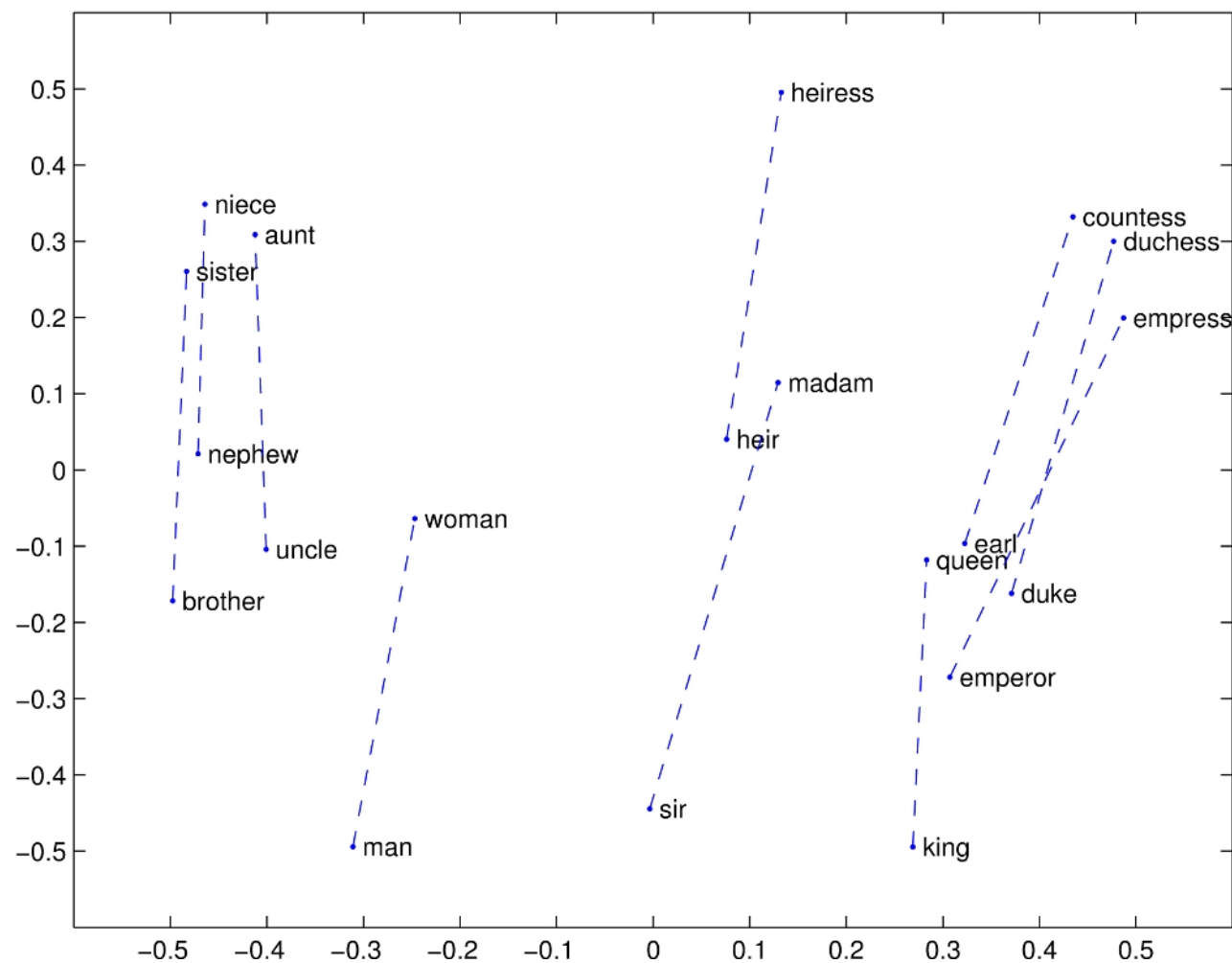
(Mikolov et al., NAACL HLT, 2013)

- e.g.,

$$\text{vec}[\text{queen}] - \text{vec}[\text{king}] = \text{vec}[\text{woman}] - \text{vec}[\text{man}]$$

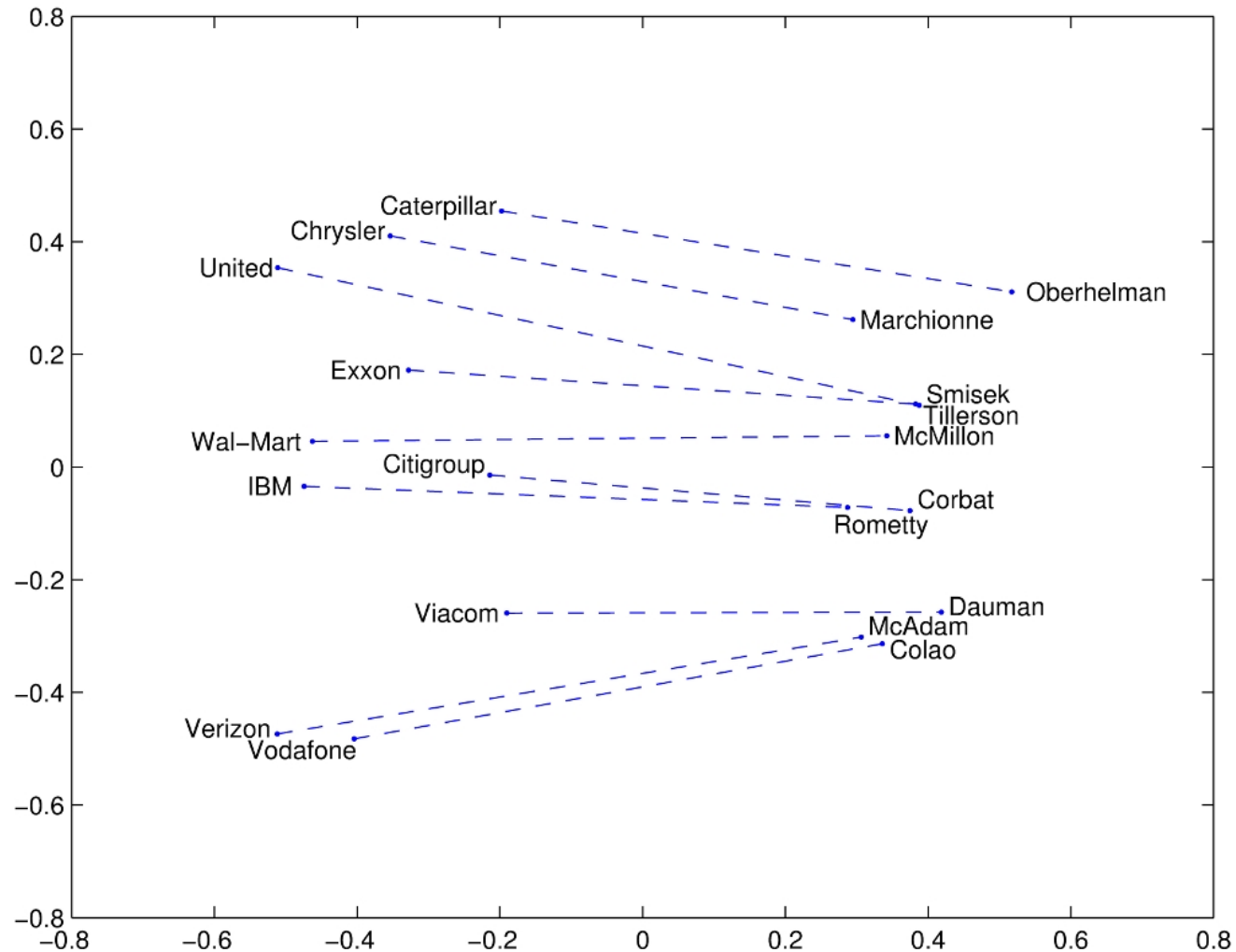
# Property of Word2Vec - Linear Substructure

**man - woman**



# Property of Word2Vec - Linear Substructure

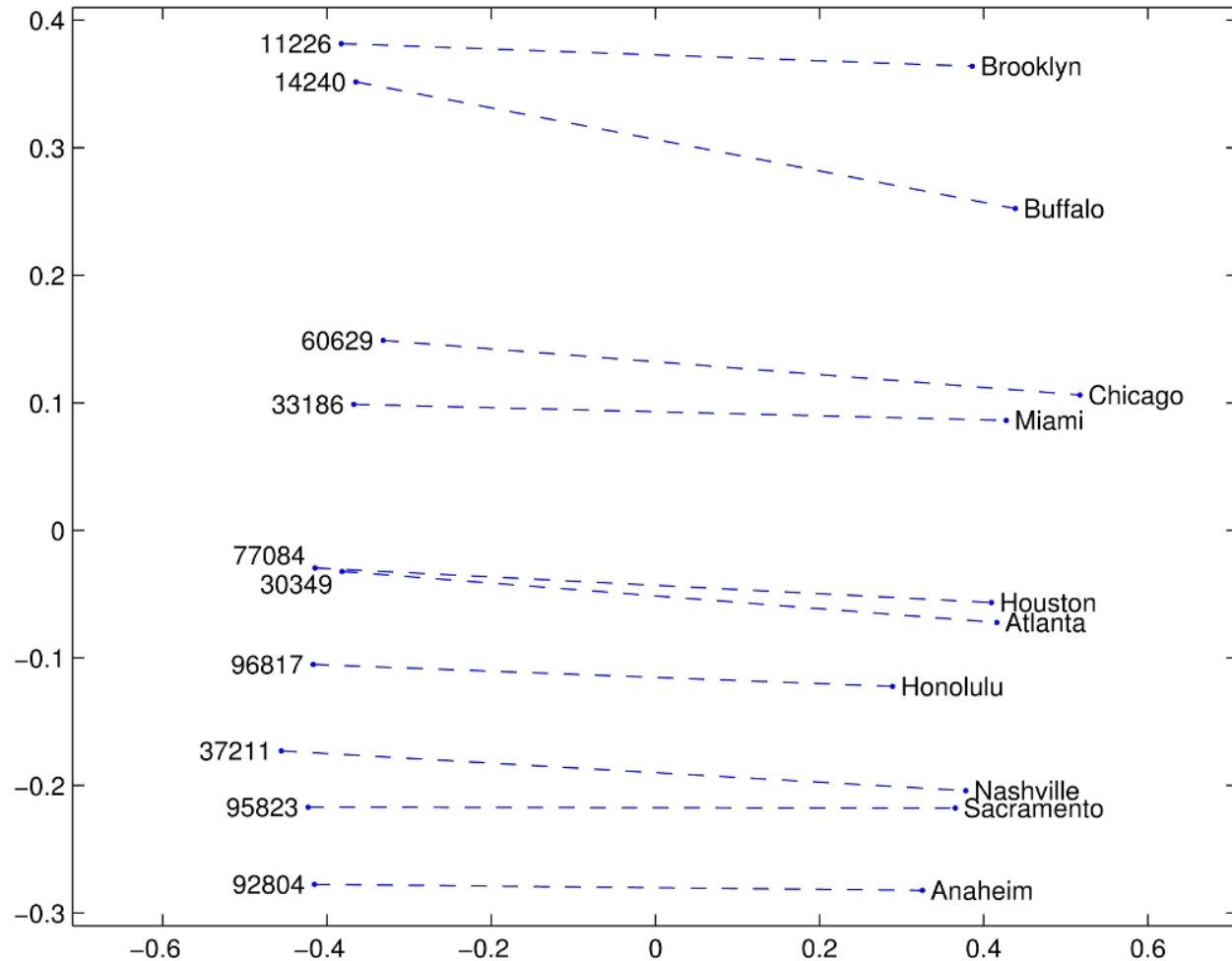
**company - ceo**





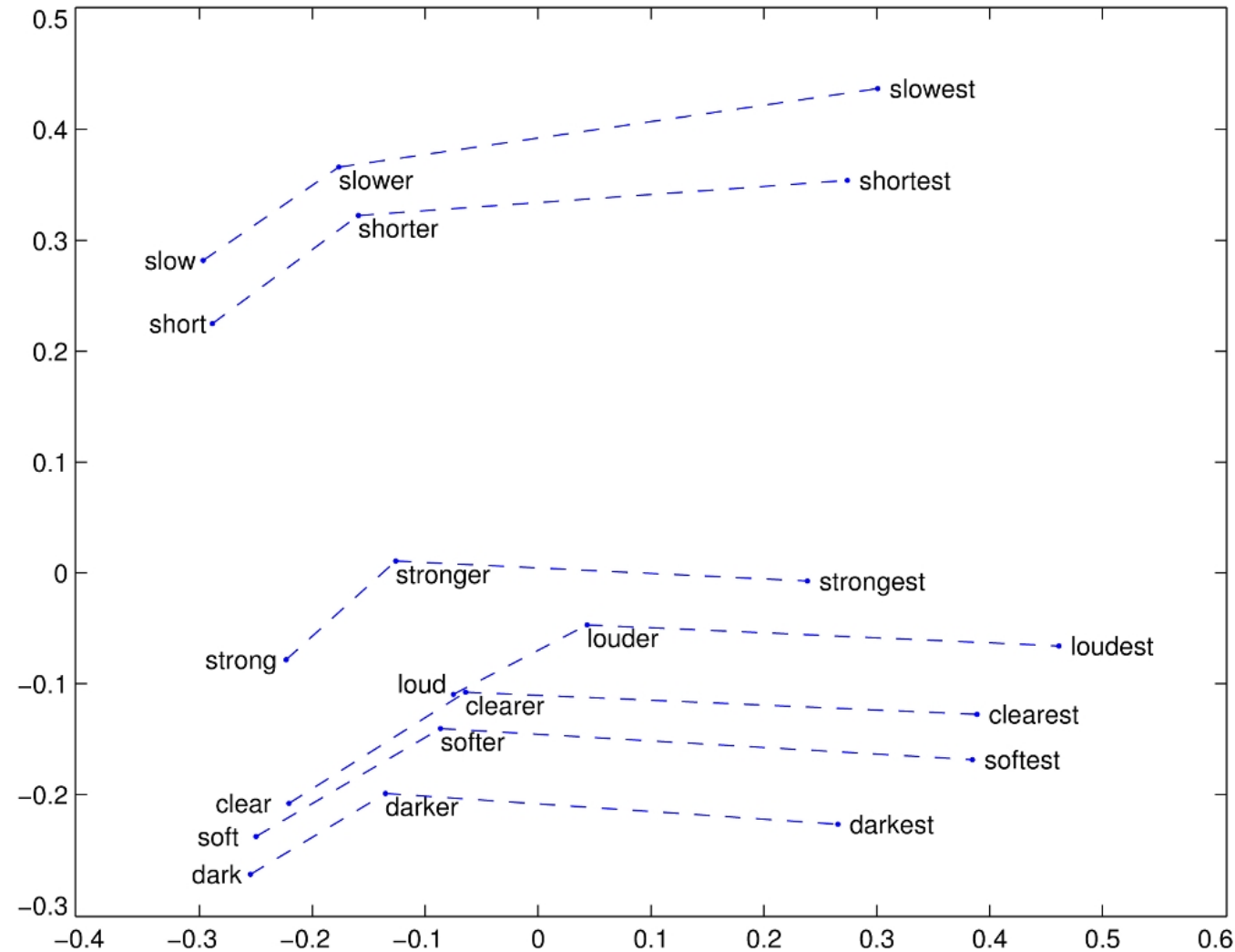
# Property of Word2Vec - Linear Substructure

city - zip code



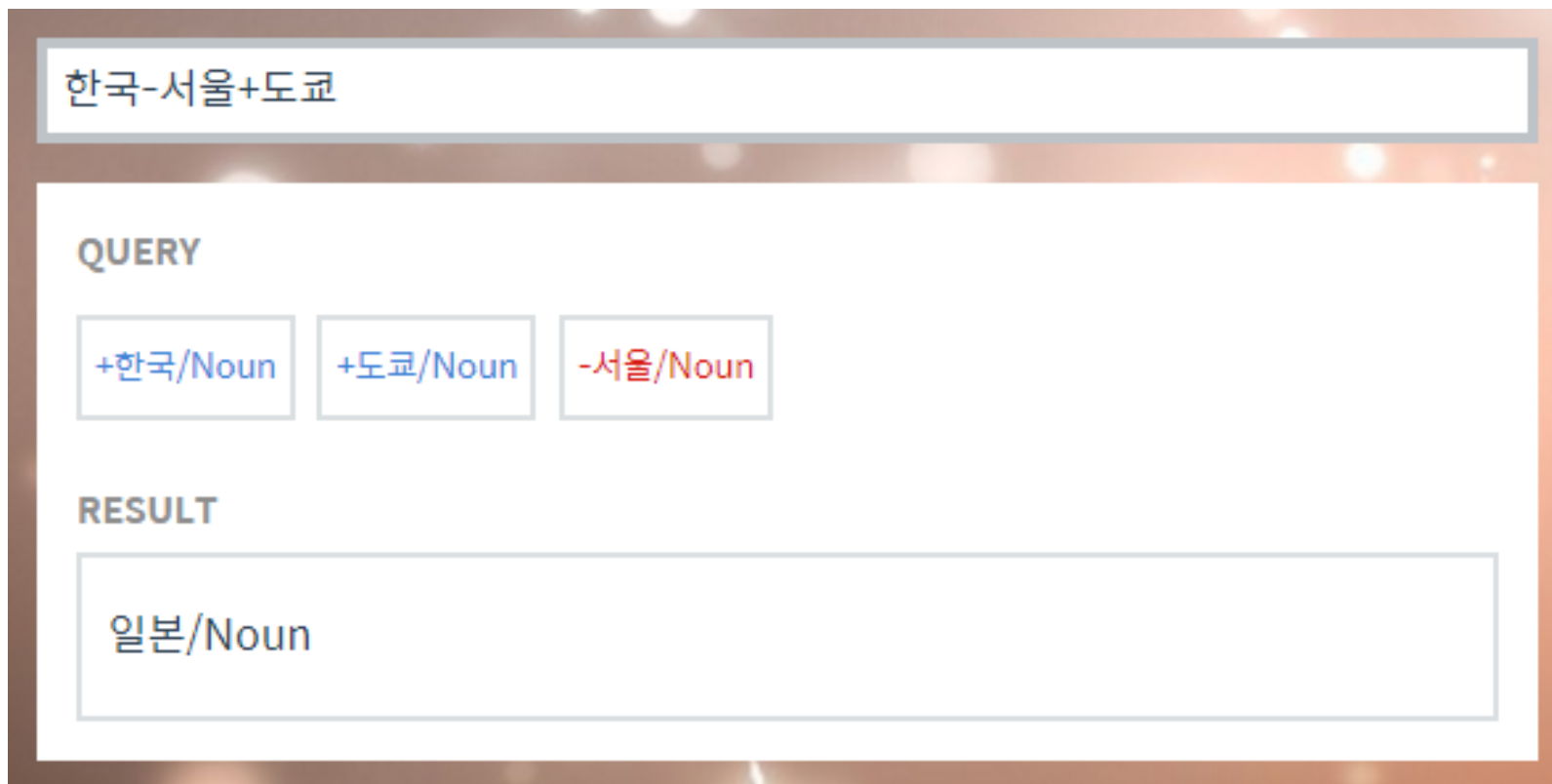
# Property of Word2Vec - Linear Substructure

**comparative**  
**- superlative**



# Property of Word2Vec – Analogy Reasoning

- Korean Word2Vec : <http://w.elnn.kr/search/>



The screenshot shows a web interface for Korean Word2Vec. At the top, a search bar contains the text "한국-서울+도쿄". Below this, the "QUERY" section displays three buttons: "+한국/Noun" (blue text), "+도쿄/Noun" (blue text), and "-서울/Noun" (red text). The "RESULT" section shows a single output: "일본/Noun".

한국-서울+도쿄

QUERY

+한국/Noun +도쿄/Noun -서울/Noun

RESULT

일본/Noun

## Application of Word2Vec

Word2Vec improves performances in most areas of NLP.

- Word similarity
- Machine translation
- Part-of-speech tagging and named entity recognition
- Sentiment analysis
- Clustering
- Semantic lexicon building

# Property of Word2Vec – Analogy Reasoning

- More examples: <http://wonjaekim.com/archives/50>

	데모	<a href="http://w.elnn.kr/">http://w.elnn.kr/</a>
버락_오바마-미국+러시아	블라디미르/Noun_푸틴/Noun	-
버락_오바마-미국+스타워즈	아나킨/Noun_스카이워커/Noun	-
아카라카-연세대학교+고려대학교	입실렌티/Noun	입실렌티/Noun
아이폰-휴대폰+노트북	아이패드/Noun	아이패드/Noun
컴퓨터공학-자연과학+인문학	법학/Noun	게임학/Noun
플레이스테이션-소니+마이크로소프트	엑스박스/Noun_360/Number	MSX/Alpha
한국-서울+파리	프랑스/Noun	프랑스/Noun

컴퓨터-기계+인간	운영체제/Noun	일반인/Noun
게임+공부	프로그래밍/Noun	덕질/Noun
박보영-배우+가수	애프터스쿨/Noun	허각/Noun
밥+했는지	끓였/Verb	저녁밥/Noun
사랑+이별	그리움/Noun	추억/Noun
삼성-한화	노트북/Noun	후지필름/Noun
소녀시대-소녀+아줌마	아이유/Noun	에이핑크/Noun
수학-증명	경영학/Noun	이산수학/Noun
스파게티-소시지+김치	칼국수/Noun	비빔국수/Noun
아버지-남자+여자	어머니/Noun	어머니/Noun
아이유-노래+연기	송중기/Noun	송중기/Noun
안드로이드-자유	iOS/Alpha	아이폰/Noun
우주-빛	태양계/Noun_밖/Noun	NASA/Alpha
인간-직업	짐승/Noun	불뉴르크/Noun
최현석_셰프-허세+셰프	이연/Noun_복/Noun	-
패스트푸드-체인점	영국/Noun_요리/Noun	철물/Noun

## Property of Word2Vec – Semantic Similarity

- Example: <https://github.com/dhammack/Word2VecExample>
- Word intrusion detection
  - **staple** hammer saw drill
  - math **shopping** reading science
  - rain snow sleet **sun**
  - eight six seven five three **owe** nine
  - breakfast **cereal** dinner lunch
  - england spain france italy greece germany portugal **australia**

# Application of Word2Vec – Machine Translation

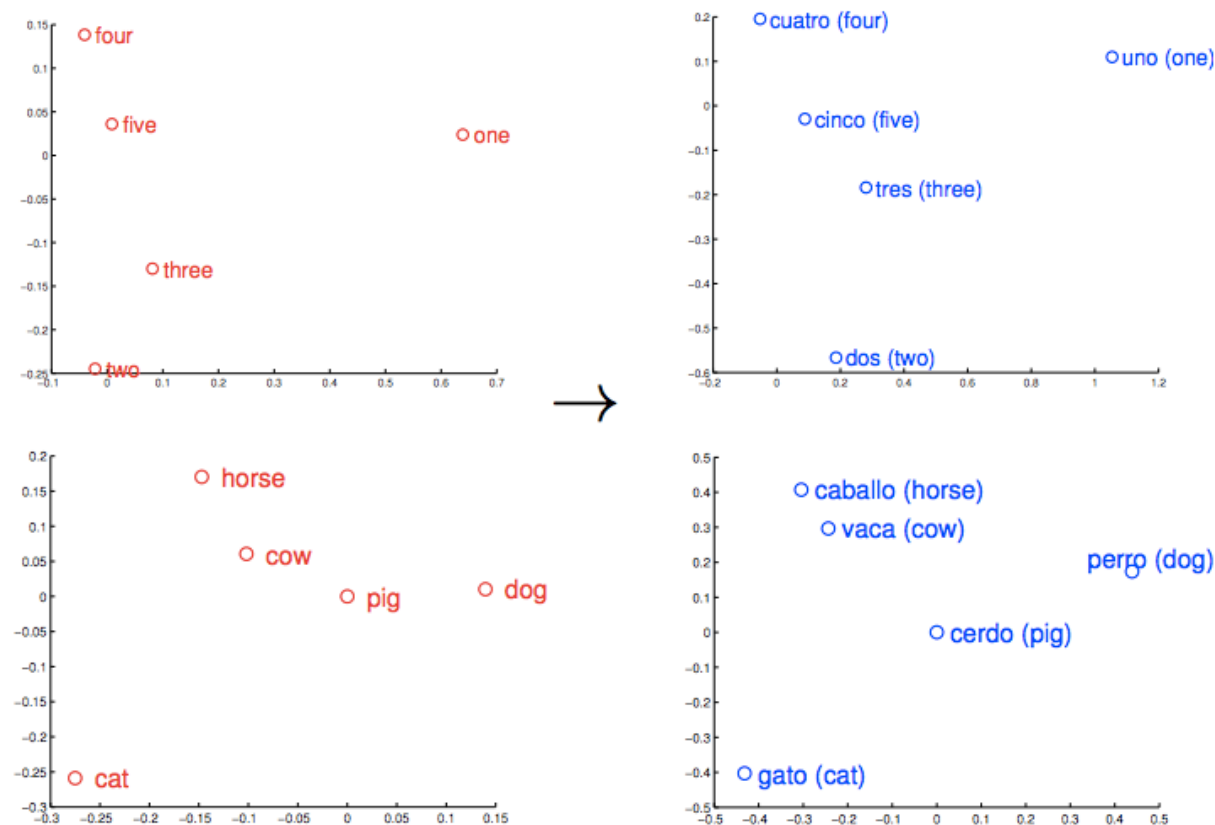
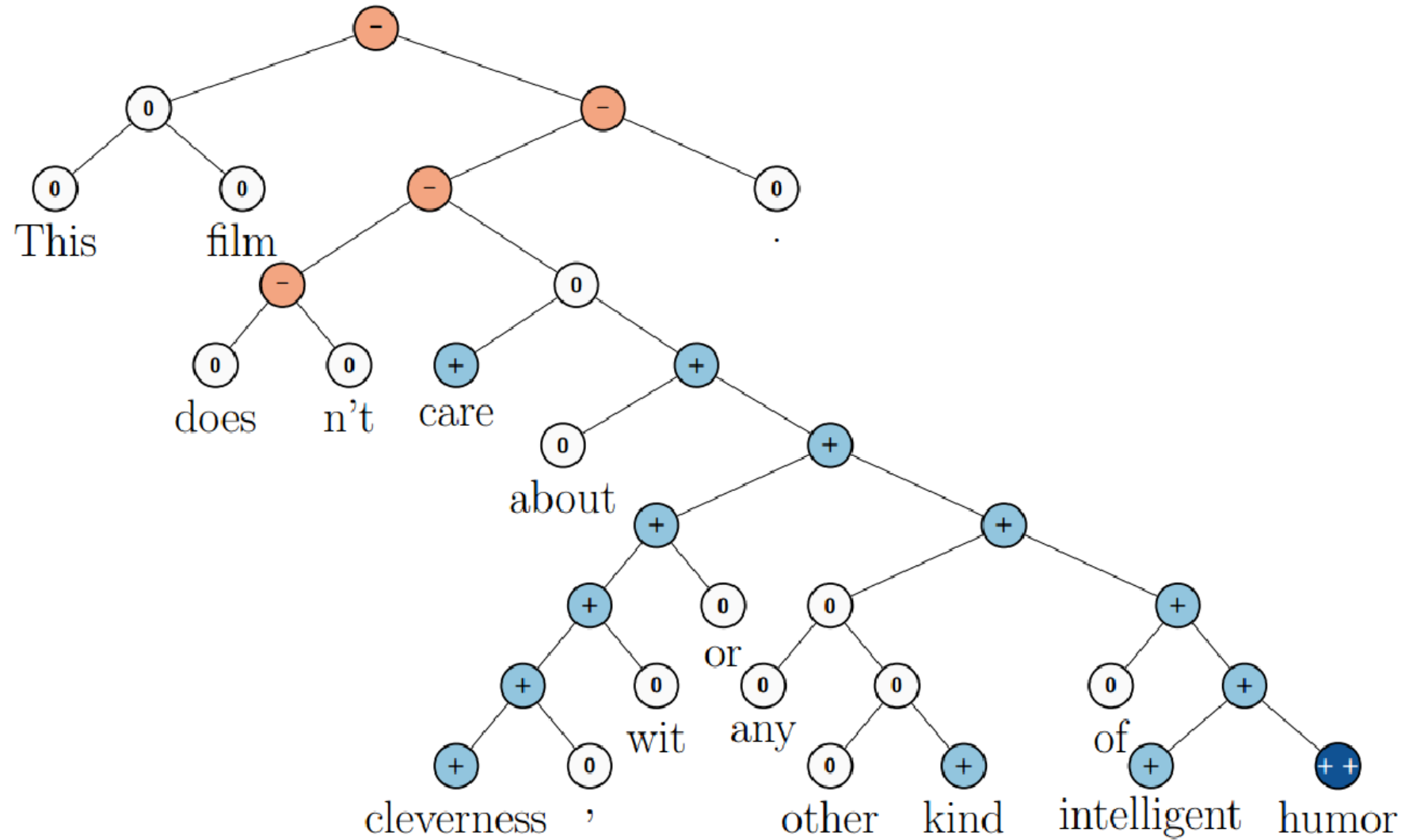


Figure 1: Distributed word vector representations of numbers and animals in English (left) and Spanish (right). The five vectors in each language were projected down to two dimensions using PCA, and then manually rotated to accentuate their similarity. It can be seen that these concepts have similar geometric arrangements in both spaces, suggesting that it is possible to learn an accurate linear mapping from one space to another. This is the key idea behind our method of translation.

## Application of Word2Vec – Sentiment Analysis





# Application of Word2Vec – Image Captioning

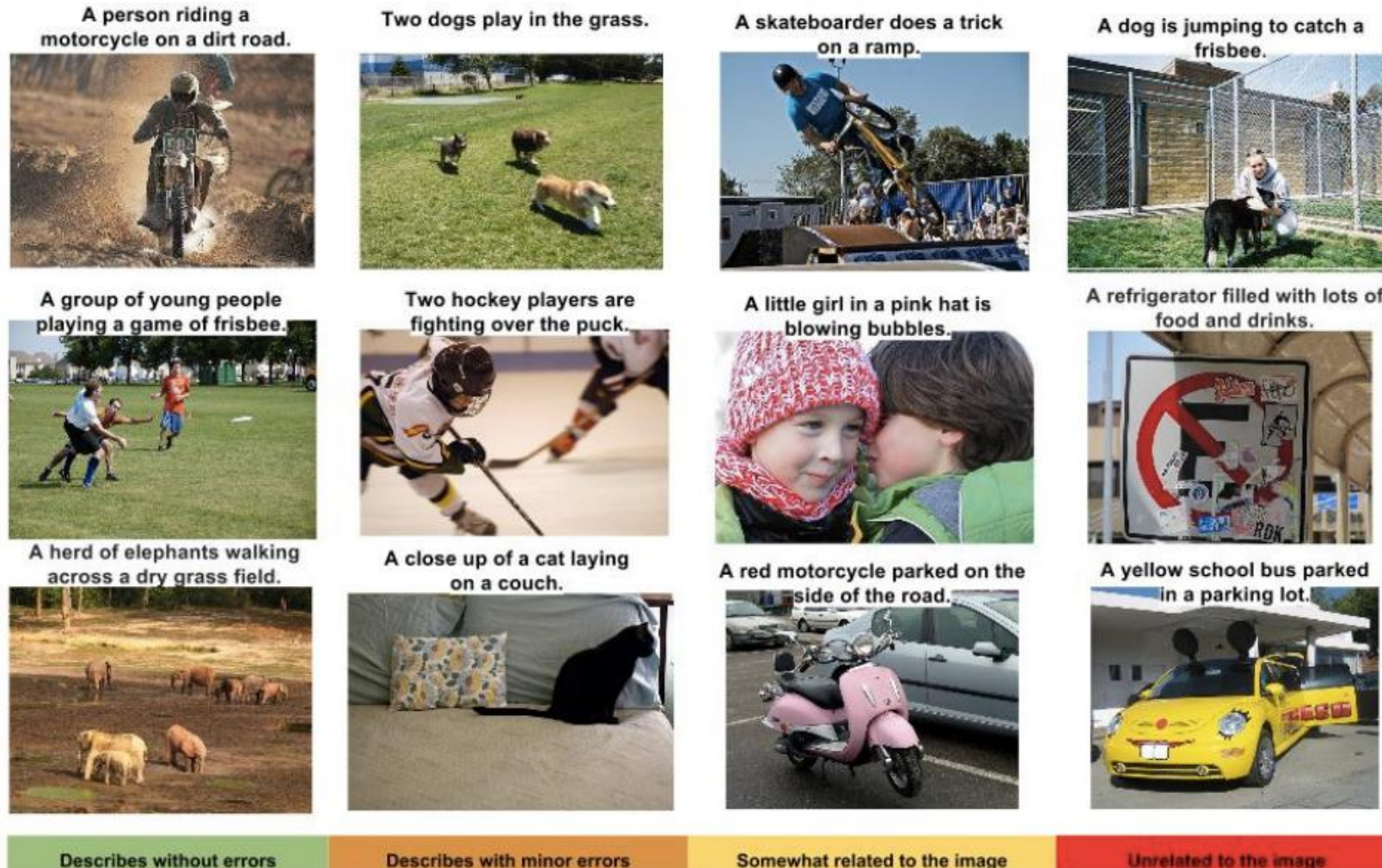


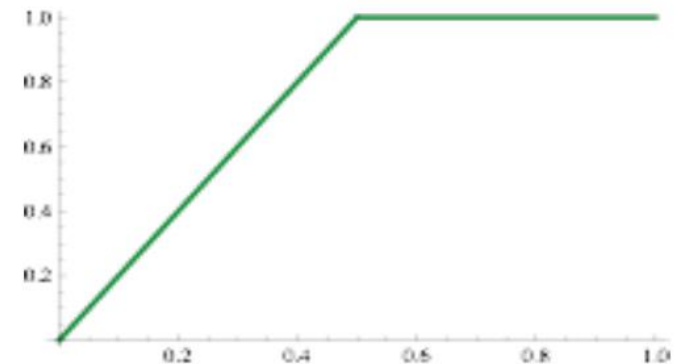
Figure 5. A selection of evaluation results, grouped by human rating.

# GloVe: Another Word Embedding Model

## GloVe: Global Vectors for Word Representation

- Rather than going through each pair of an input and an output words, it first computes the co-occurrence matrix, to avoid training on identical word pairs repetitively.
- Afterwards, it performs matrix decomposition on this co-occurent matrix.

$$J(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j=1}^W f(P_{ij})(u_i^T v_j - \log P_{ij})^2 \quad f \sim$$



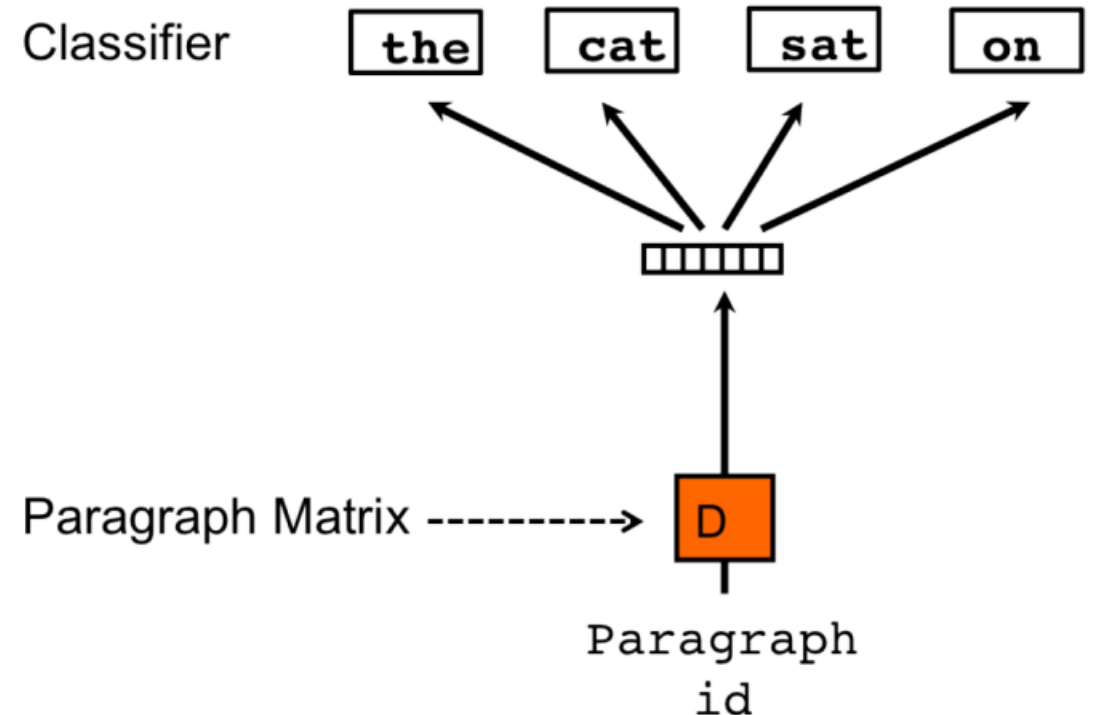
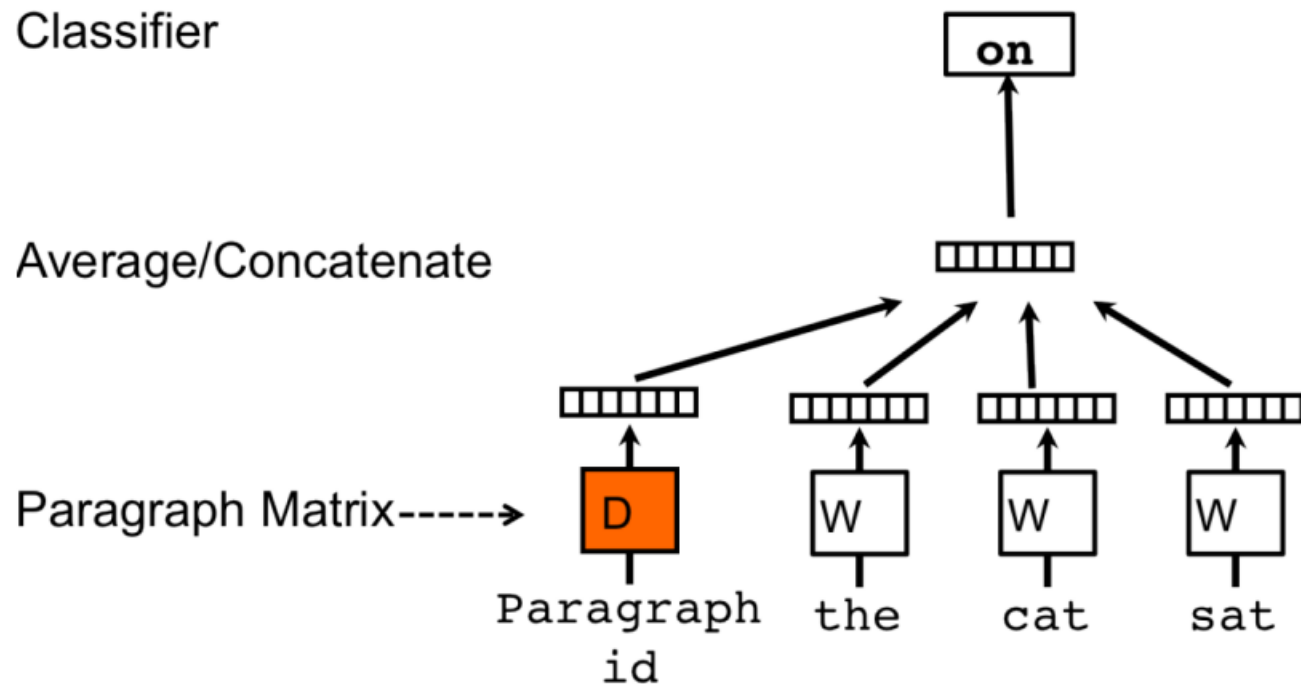
- Fast training
- Works well even with a small corpus

# Word Embedding Methods

- Distributed vector representations
  - Vector representation in the form of nonzero values across multiple dimensions, as opposed to conventional one-hot vector.
  - Euclidean distance, inner product, and cosine similarity of two different word vectors encode their semantic similarity
- Today's topics
  - Word2Vec
  - GloVe
  - **Doc2Vec** (adaptation of **Word2Vec** for a document vector)

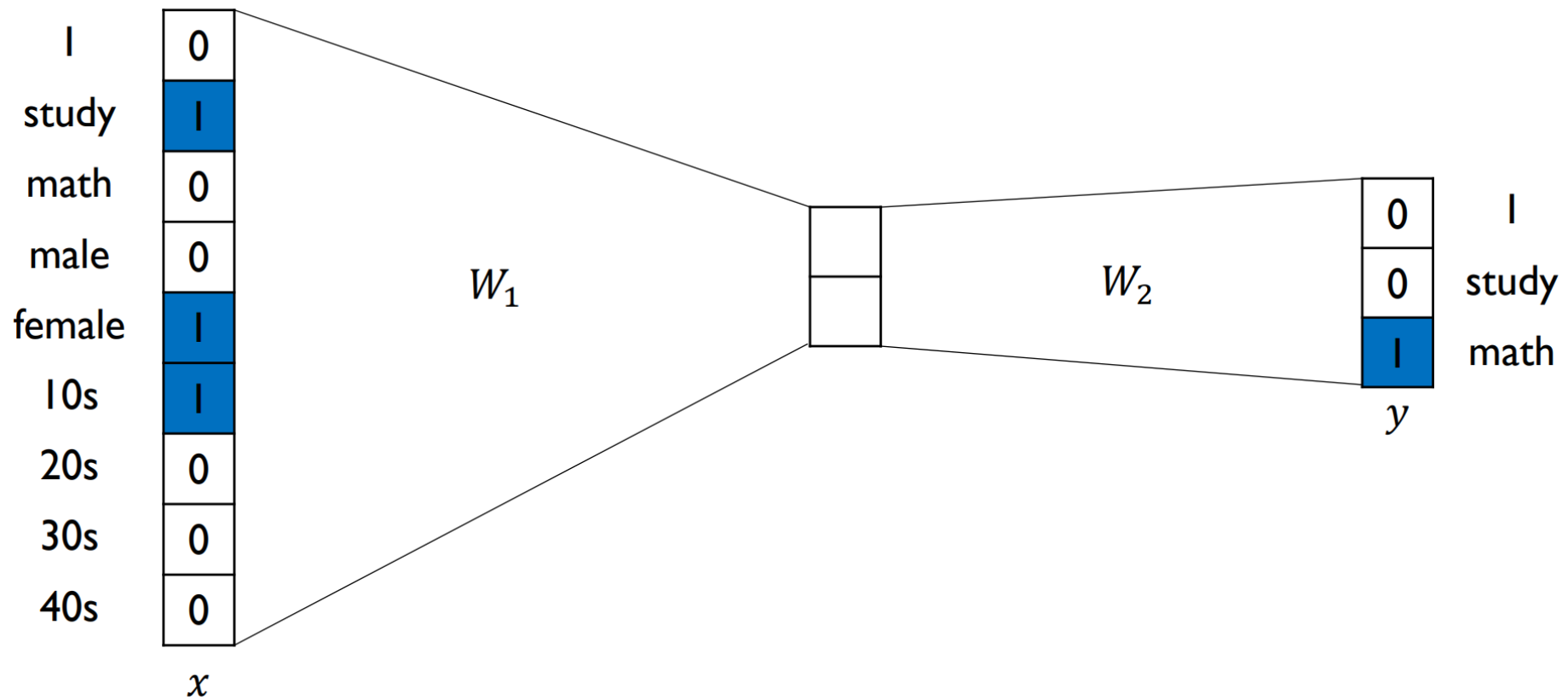
# Doc2Vec (Paragraph2Vec)

- Idea: Represent a document (or paragraph) vector as a word
- Properties and Advantages
  - The words in the same paragraphs and documents would have high similarity
  - A document can be embedded to the same space as a word vector.



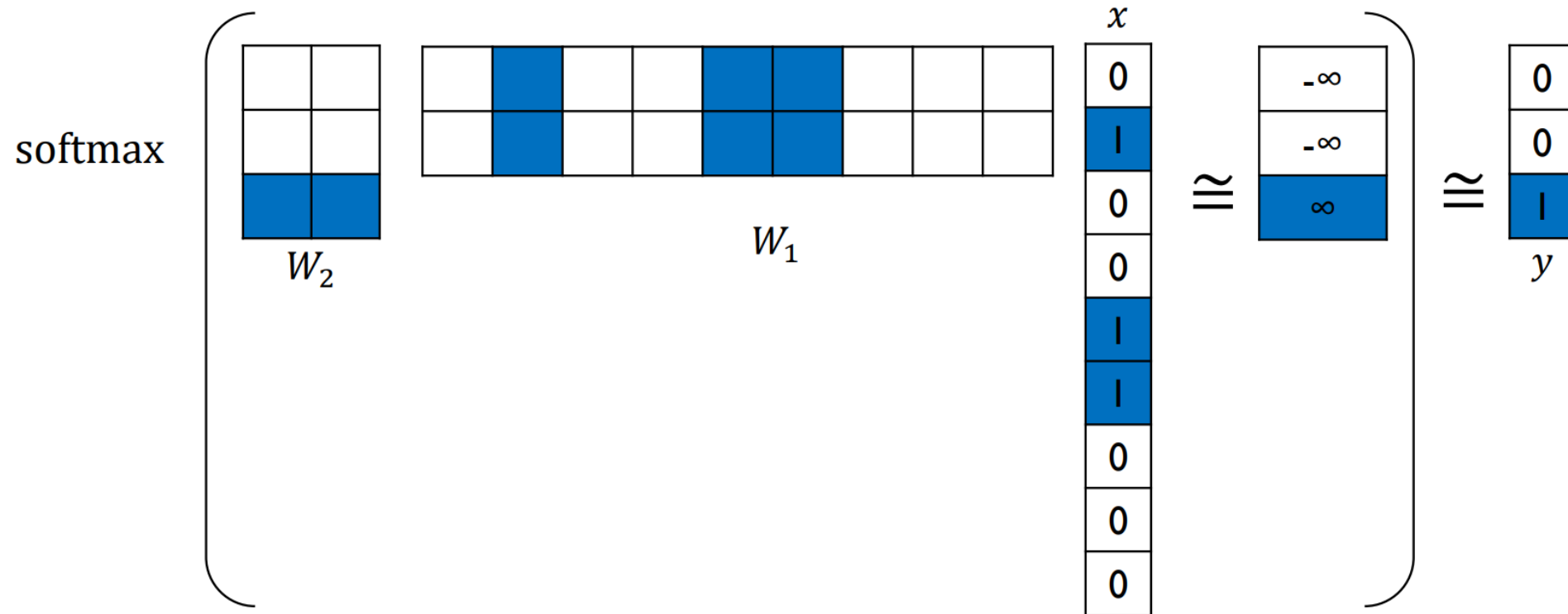
# Doc2Vec (Paragraph2Vec)

- Doc2Vec can encode any other types of attributes associated with text data.
  - You can use multi-hot vector to represent associated attributes.
  - ((study, female, 10s), math)



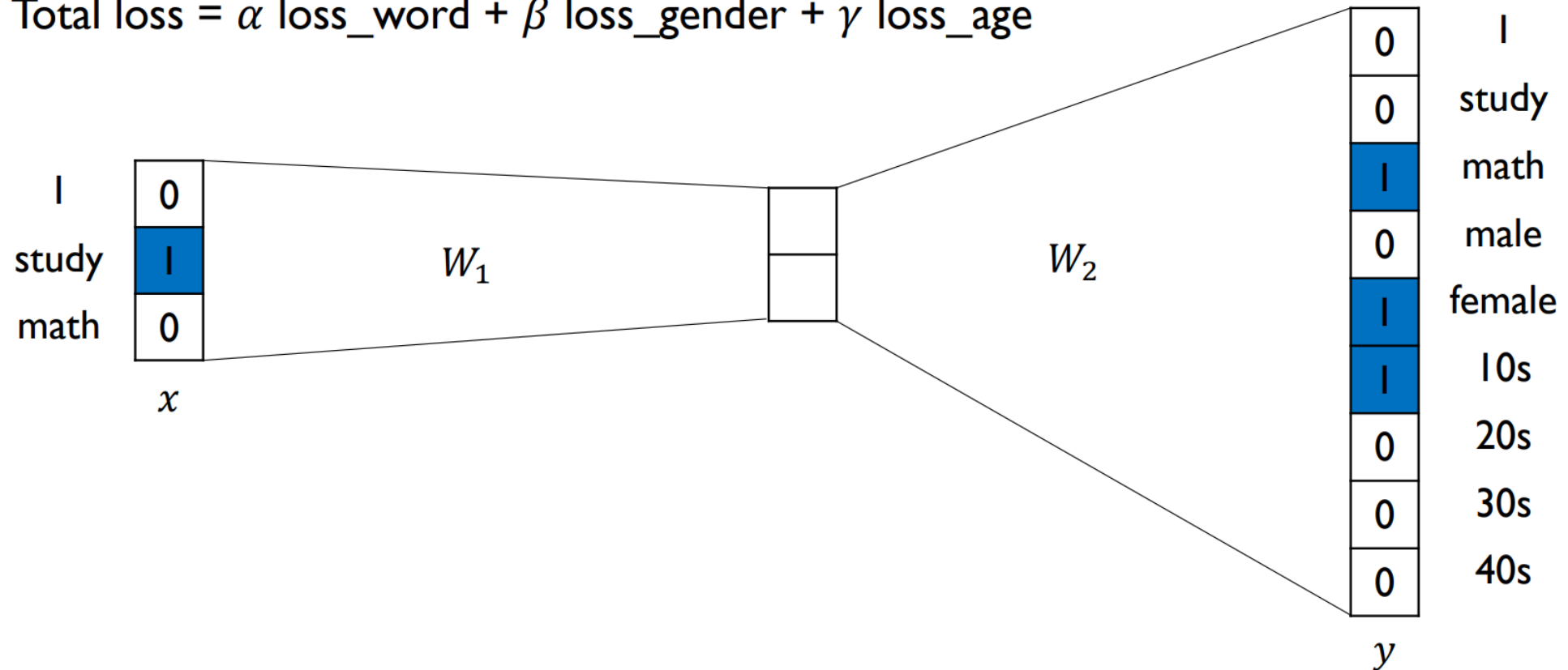
# Doc2Vec (Paragraph2Vec)

- Doc2Vec can encode any other types of attributes associated with text data.
  - ((study, female, 10s), math)
  - The sum of inner product values between 'study', 'female', and '10s' vector in  $W_1$  and the 'math' vector in  $W_2$  should be high.



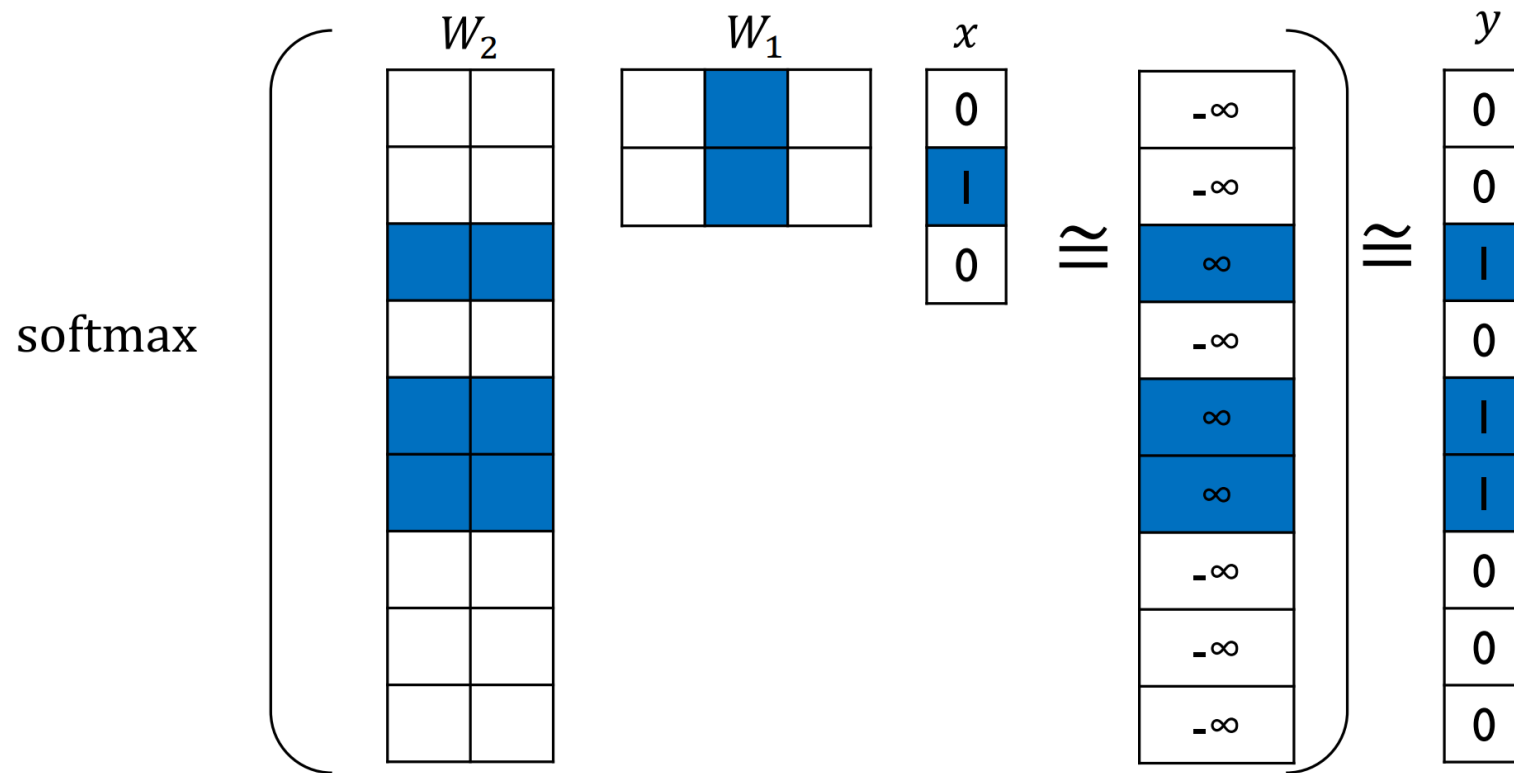
# Doc2Vec (Paragraph2Vec)

- Doc2Vec can encode any other types of attributes associated with text data.
  - You can use multi-hot vector to represent associated attributes.
  - ((study, female, 10s), math)
  - Total loss =  $\alpha \text{ loss\_word} + \beta \text{ loss\_gender} + \gamma \text{ loss\_age}$



# Doc2Vec (Paragraph2Vec)

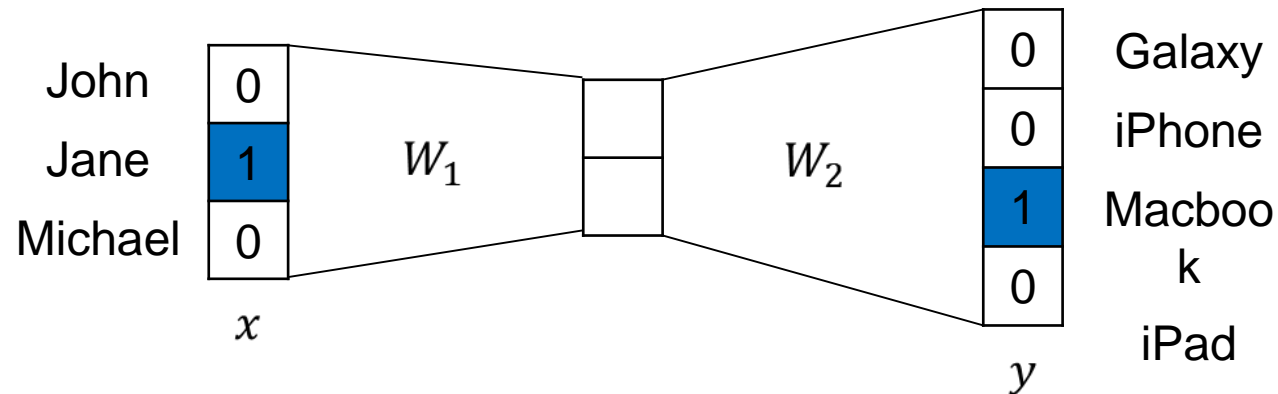
- Doc2Vec can encode any other types of attributes associated with text data.
  - (study, (math, female, 10s)
  - The 'math', 'female', and '10s' vector in  $W_2$  and the 'study' vector in  $W_1$  should have high inner product value.





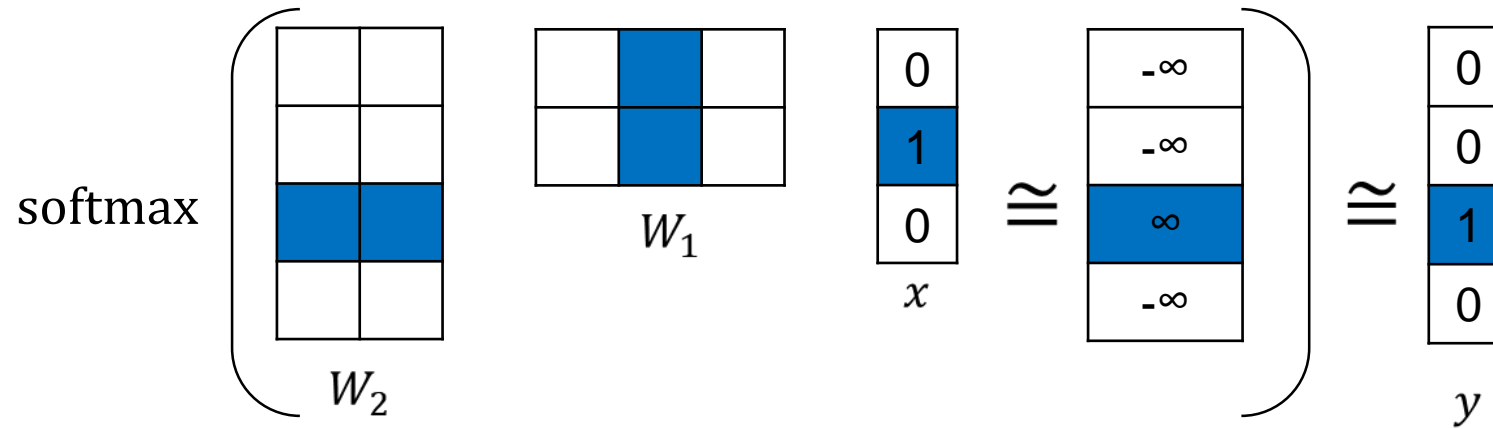
## Other Applications of Word2Vec

- Word2Vec can embed different types of entities in a common vector space.
- It is similar to a collaborative filtering approach in recommender systems.
- User vocabulary: {John, Jane, Michael}
- Item vocabulary: {Galaxy, iPhone, Macbook, iPad}

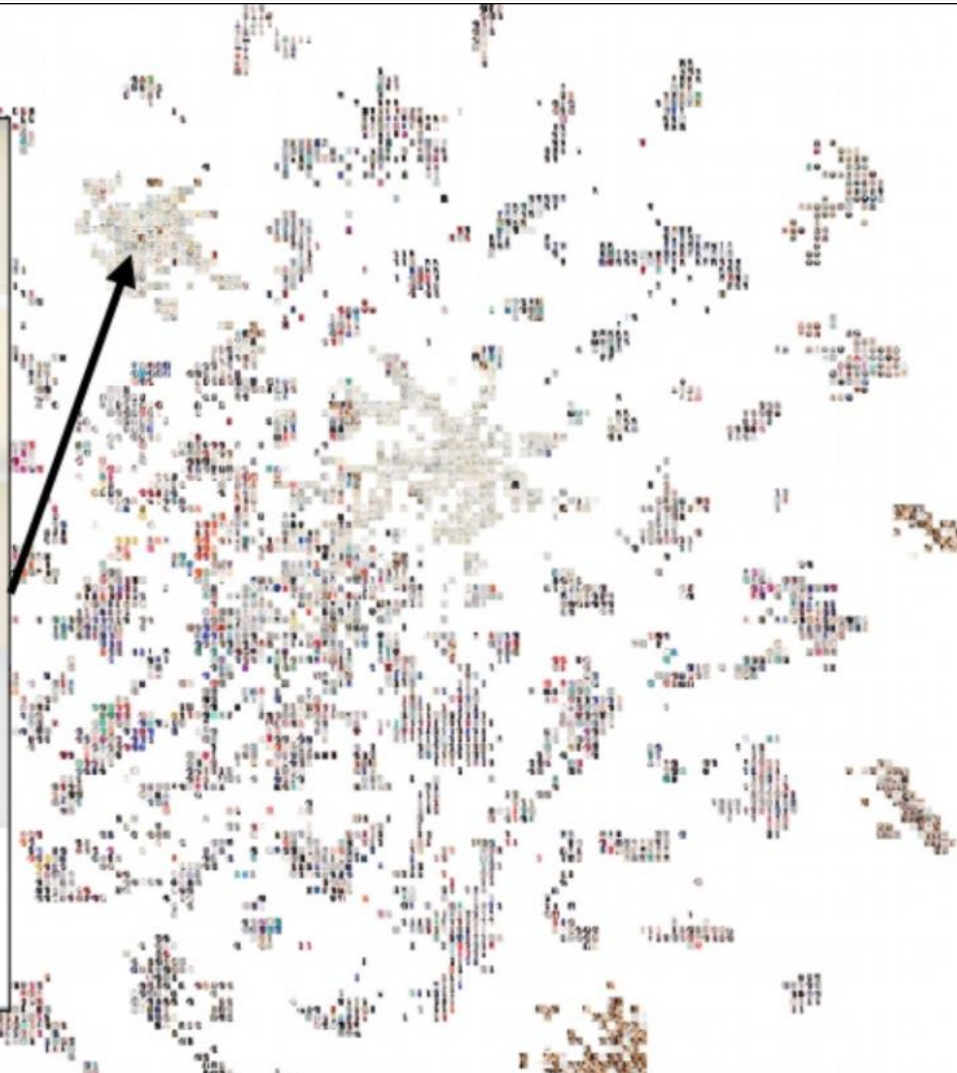


## Other Applications of Word2Vec

- User vocabulary: {John, Jane, Michael}
- Item vocabulary: {Galaxy, iPhone, Macbook, iPad}
- If the words 'Jane' and 'Mac' co-occur frequently, then the 'Jane' vector in  $W_1$  and the 'Mac' vector in  $W_2$  would have a high inner product value.

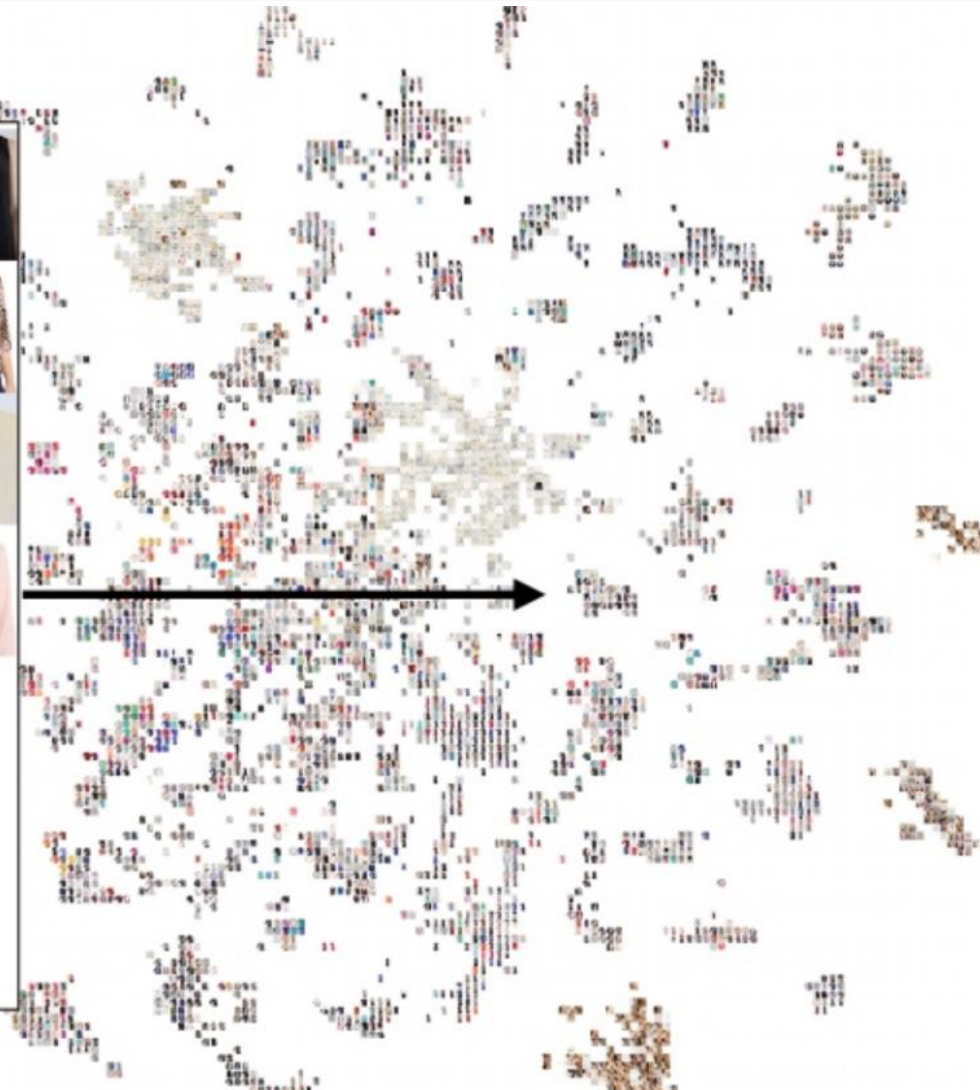
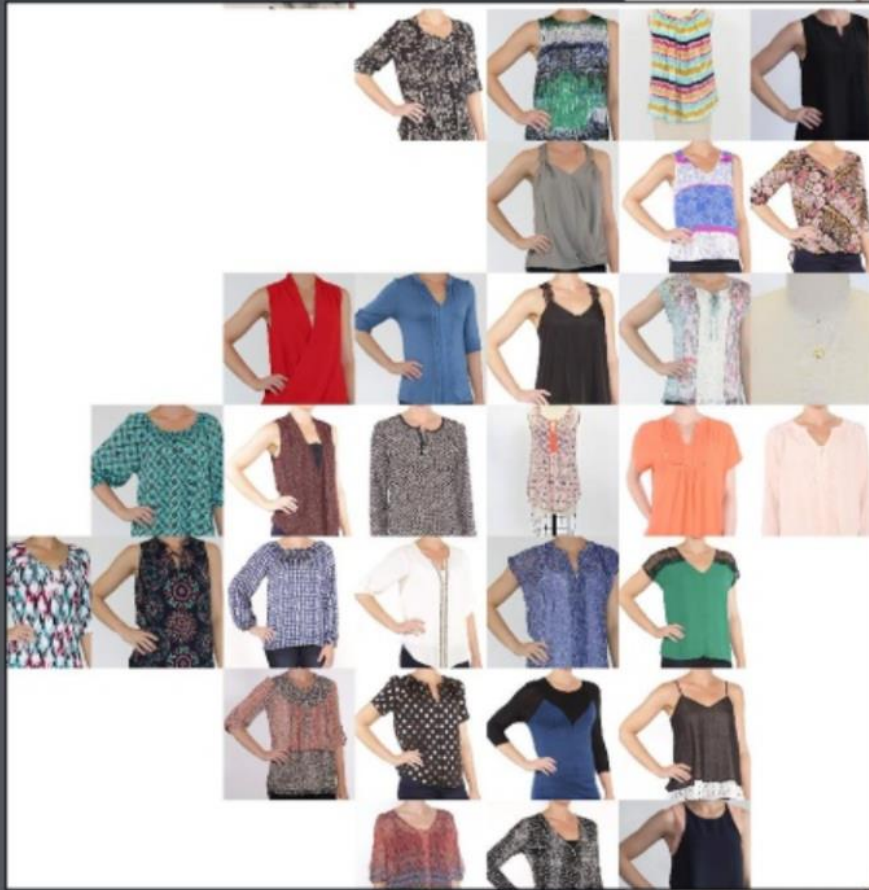


## Other Applications of Word2Vec



<https://www.slideshare.net/ChristopherMoody3/word2vec-lda-and-introducing-a-new-hybrid-algorithm-lda2vec>

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# References

## Codes

- Python: <https://radimrehurek.com/gensim/models/word2vec.html>
- C++: <https://code.google.com/archive/p/word2vec/>
- FastText: <https://github.com/facebookresearch/fastText>

## Useful resources

- <https://shuuki4.wordpress.com/2016/01/27/word2vec-%EA%B4%80%EB%A0%A8-%EC%9D%B4%EB%A1%A0-%EC%A0%95%EB%A6%AC/>
- <https://code.facebook.com/posts/1438652669495149/fair-open-sources-fasttext/>
- <https://ronxin.github.io/wevi/>
- <https://www.lucypark.kr/slides/2015-pyconkr/>

## Other General References

- [Stanford University CS224n: Deep Learning for Natural Language Processing](#)
- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1705.00108.pdf>
- <https://arxiv.org/abs/1602.02410>
- <https://blog.openai.com/language-unsupervised/>
- <https://nlp.stanford.edu/seminar/details/jdevlin.pdf>