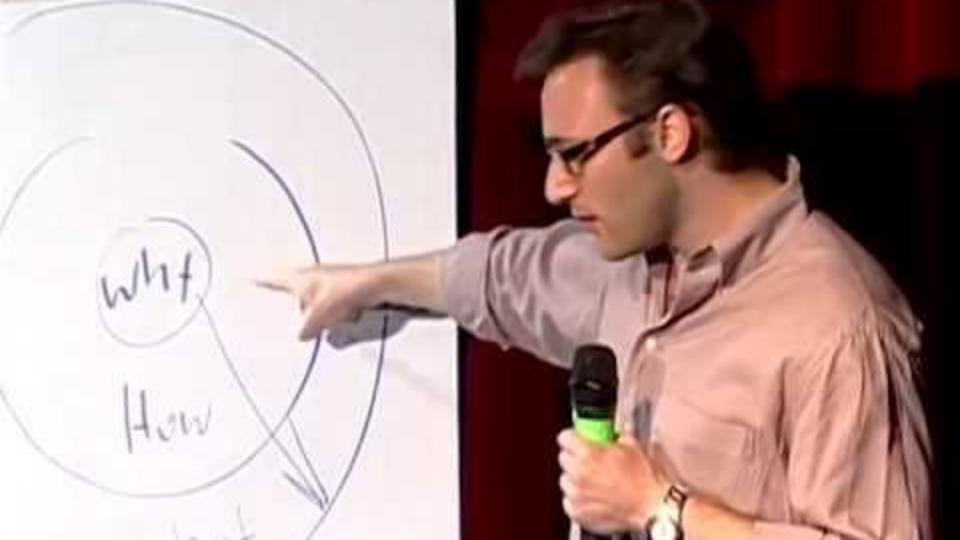
#### How to Start a Startup

An introduction to Lean Impact

**September 17, 2018** 

#### Before we get started...

Let's start with why.



# **EXERCISE #1:** Vision and Purpose

#### **WORKSHOP OUTLINE**

Startups, Entrepreneurship, Innovation
The Lean Startup
Customer Development
Hypothesis Framing
Final Advice

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### What is a startup?

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Why are startups relevant to your work as a RAILS grantee?

A startup is a temporary organization in search of a scalable and repeatable business model.

### What is entrepreneurship?

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Do you consider yourself an entrepreneur?

Entrepreneurship is the pursuit of opportunity beyond resources currently controlled.

#### What about innovation?

#### What about innovation?

Could innovation help you be more successful?

Innovation is the generation, development, and deployment of new, non-obvious, and valuable ideas.

# Innovation requires creativity, commitment, and entrepreneurship.

### 1% Inspiration 99% Perspiration

# 1% Inspiration 99% Perspiration 99% Hustle

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### Some good news...

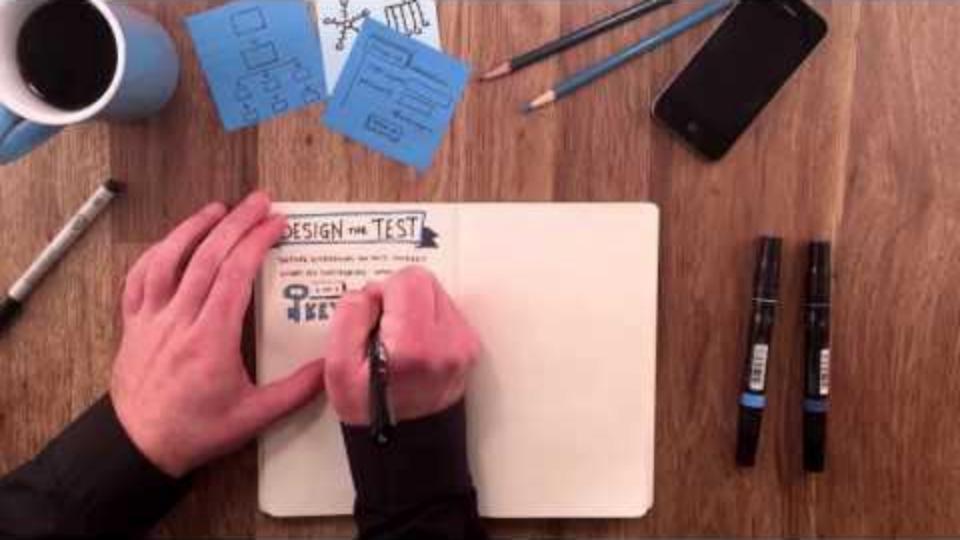
#### Some good news...

We can demystify the innovation process by applying the scientific method.

#### Steps to the Scientific Method

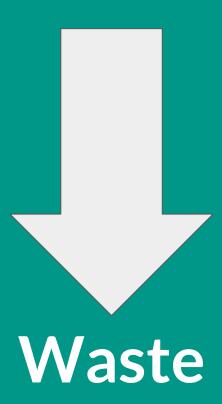
- 1. Observe a phenomenon
- 2. Define a question about the observation
- 3. Make a **hypothesis**, or potential solution to the question
- 4. **Test** the hypothesis
- 5. Draw conclusions and repeat

The scientific method is the basis of The Lean Startup.

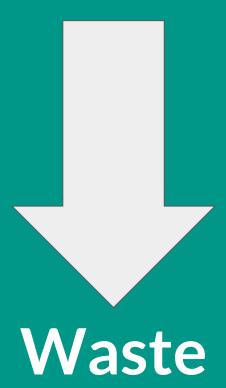


#### What is "lean?"

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### What is "lean?"

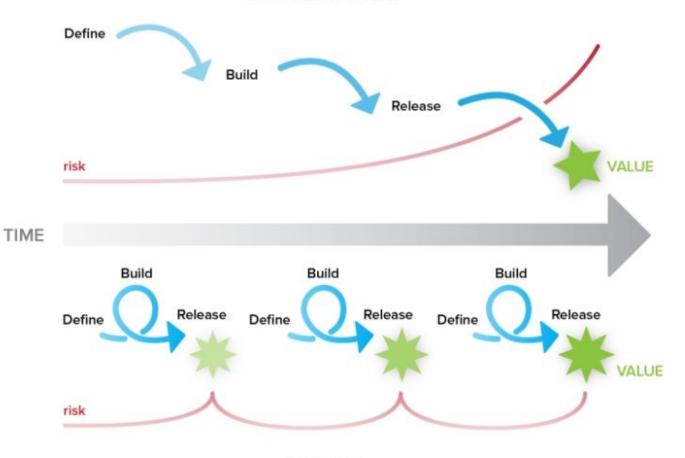




#### 5 Principles

- 1. Entrepreneurship is Everywhere
- 2. Entrepreneurship is Management
- 3. Validated Learning
- 4. Build-Measure-Learn Feedback Loop
- 5. Innovation Accounting

#### WATERFALL



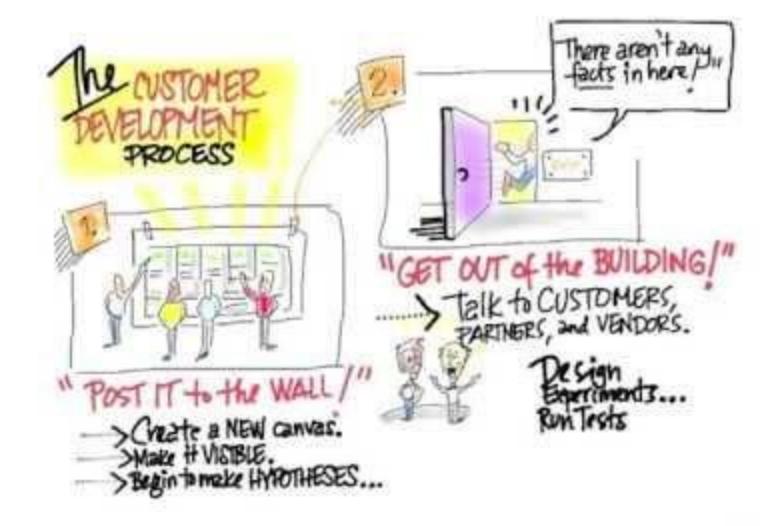
**AGILE** 

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# The Customer Development Process

Get outside the building.



## Reminder: Nonprofits have 2+ Customer Segments

- 1. End Users
- 2. Funders

# EXERCISE #2: What problem are you solving and for who?

#### **WORKSHOP OUTLINE**

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- >> Hypothesis Framing
  Final Advice

# Your business model canvas is full of assumptions.

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Reframe your assumptions as hypotheses in order to test them.

# **EXERCISE #4:** Frame your Hypotheses

#### Value Hypothesis

What is one way that you provide value to one individual or organization that gives you money?

"We believe customers will fund our program/pay for our services because ."

## Growth Hypothesis

What is one way that you can replicate and/or scale your program, i.e., expand the number of participants?

"We believe that we can expand the number of participants in our program by \_\_\_\_\_\_."

#### Impact Hypothesis

What is one difference your program makes in the lives of its participants?

"We believe that the difference our program makes is

•

#### **WORKSHOP OUTLINE**

Startups, Entrepreneurship, Innovation The Lean Startup Customer Development Hypothesis Framing

>> Final Advice

1. Fall in love with the problem, not your particular solution

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- 2. Prioritize your riskiest assumptions

- 1. Fall in love with the problem, not your particular solution
- 2. Prioritize your riskiest assumptions
- 3. Get outside the building