

Digital Innovation in Transport Systems

OECD Workshop, Jun. 20, 2018

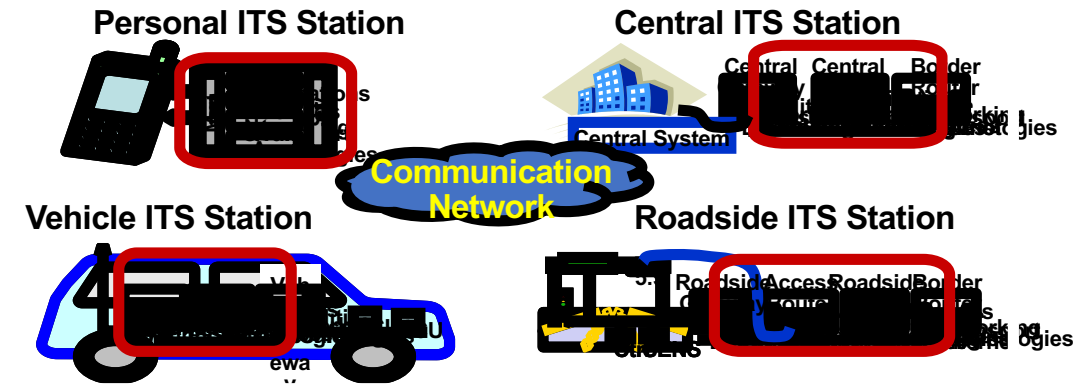
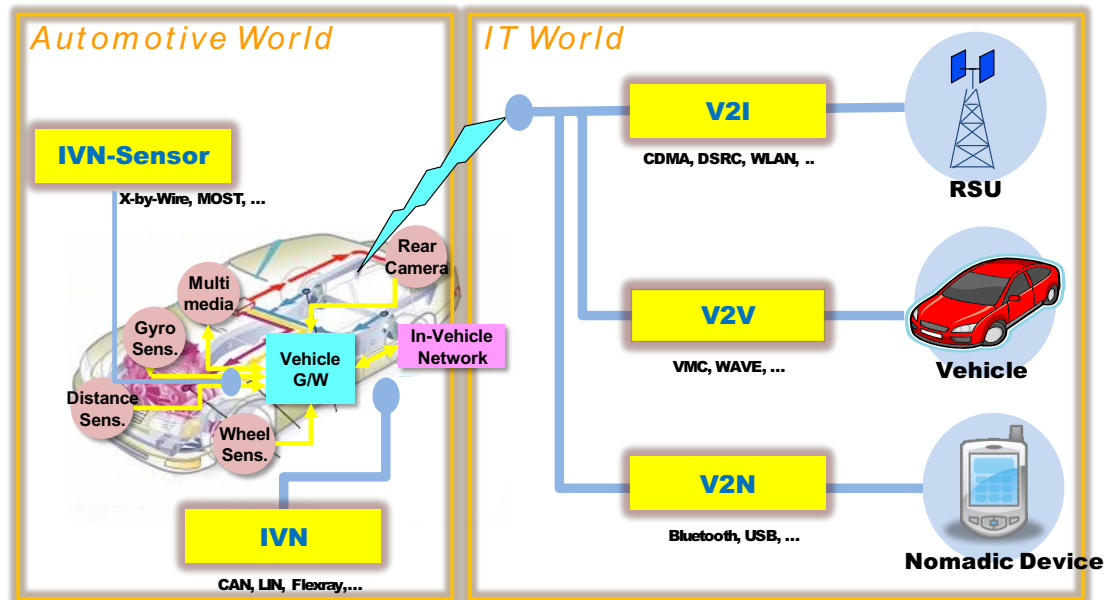
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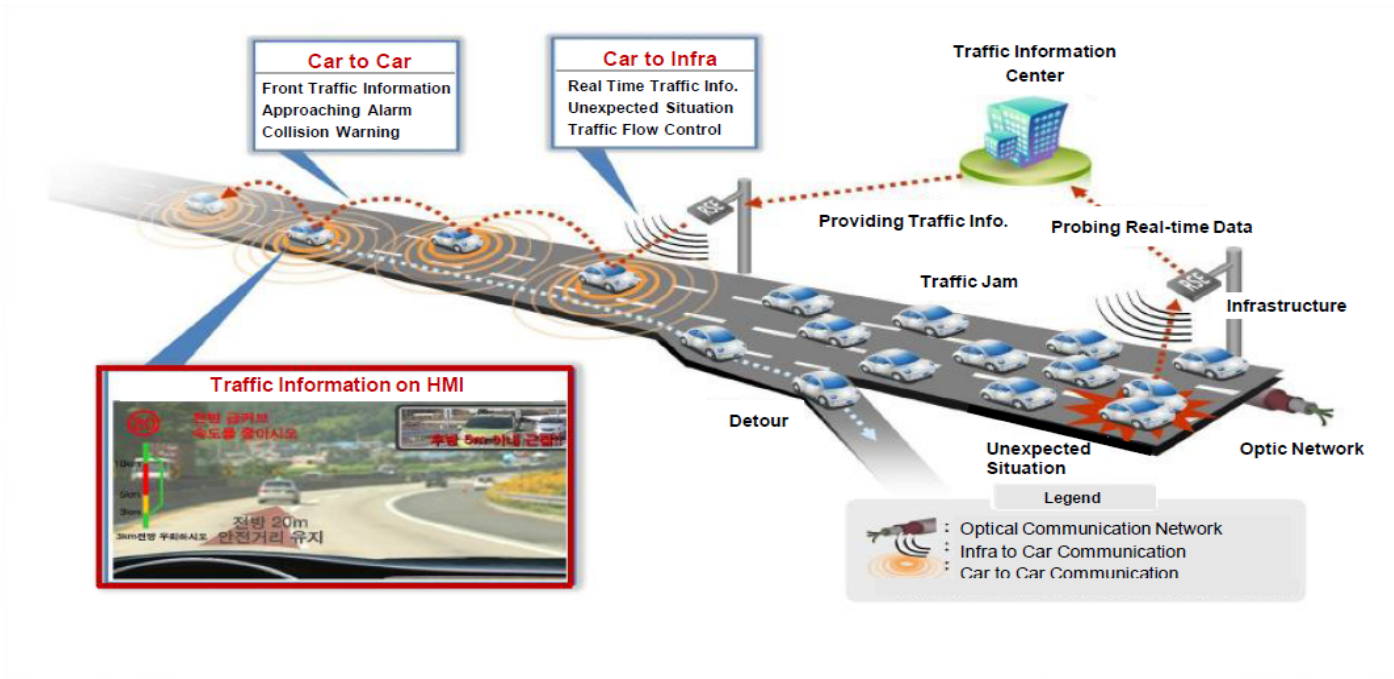
Digitalization in Transport Systems

- Vehicle & ICT Convergence for V2X (V2I, V2V, V2N, V2P) Connectivity
- Cooperative Intelligent Transport Systems (C-ITS)



Digitalization in Transport Systems

- Cooperative ITS (C-ITS) Pilot Project in Korea for V2X Connectivity
 - Focusing Safety, Promoting Mobility & Sustainability (Green Transport)
 - Next Generation ITS to provide a service on the open platform utilizing Big Data



Digitalization in Transport Systems

■ Challenges of a resilient investment environment for transport systems

Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS) (1990s-2010s)

Information Collection & Provision

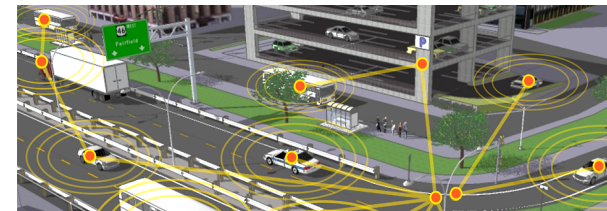
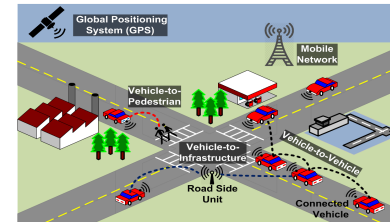
- Vehicle Detection System (VDS)
- Road Surveillance & Monitoring
- Variable Message Signs (VMS)



Cooperative ITS (C-ITS) (2020s-2040s)

Information Collection & Provision

- Digital Infrastructure by ICT (V2X)
 - Mobile & Nomadic Devices
- Big Data & AI for Connected & Automated Driving



Digitalization in Transport Systems

▪ Integrated Smart Mobility based on Connected & Digitalized Travelers

- A User-Centric Approach to Mobility-as-a-Service
- Enabling real-time (on-demand), door-to-door, multi-modal transport services
- Bringing convenience, time & cost savings to mobility users



Intensified Transportation

+

ICT Technology

e.g., wireless Comm.,
smart devices, (Big) data mining

+

New Mobility System

e.g., e-Mobility, AV

Digitalization in Transport Systems

▪ V2X Issues for Connected & Automated Driving (CAD)



Sources : Qualcomm, 2016

Digitalization in Transport Systems

- V2X Issues for Connected & Automated Driving



Sources : Qualcomm, 2016

Digitalization in Transport Systems

■ V2X Issues for Connected & Automated Driving

802.11p has established the foundation for V2X



2nd generation Qualcomm Technologies 802.11p offering with integrated Wi-Fi LAN and Bluetooth

Wi-Fi based technology - 802.11p standard

Adapted for latency-critical V2X communications in the 5.9 GHz band

Established security and upper layer specifications

With service layer / performance requirements defined by SDOs, e.g.SAE, ETSI-ITS¹

Path to DSRC² rulemaking in USA by NHSTA³ expected to start in 2016⁴

Based on 802.11p standard

Large scale field trials completed over the last decade

Commercially available technology here today

Introducing Cellular V2X (C-V2X)

A unified connectivity platform for the connected vehicle of the future



Part of Release 14 of the global 3GPP standard

Target C-V2X specification completion end of 2016¹

Builds upon existing LTE connectivity platform for automotive

LTE already delivering key services today, e.g. telematics, eCall, connected infotainment

Enhances LTE Direct for V2X direct communications

Improvements over 802.11p - up to a few additional seconds of alert latency and 2x range²

Leverages existing LTE networks for V2X network communications

Using LTE Broadcast optimized for V2X to offer additional applications/services

Rich roadmap towards 5G with strong ecosystem support

Technology evolution to address expanding capabilities/use cases

Sources : Qualcomm, 2016

Digitalization in Transport Systems

- **Investment issues of digital infrastructure for V2X connectivity**
 - DSRC (WAVE) V2X based on IEEE 801.11p by Public Sectors
 - Cellular V2X based on 4G/LTE and/or 5G by Private Sectors
 - Or, PPP?
- **Management issues for Big Data in smart mobility & CAD services**
 - Who owns the big data collected by V2X, Public(Government) and/or Private?
 - How much do users pay to get the services to be affordable?

Thank you very much!

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