

**Energy Technology Perspectives 2015: The Role of Energy Technology Innovation in Accelerating Low-Carbon Transitions** 

CSTP-TIP Workshop on Future Trends in STI Policy

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#### **ETP publication programme**

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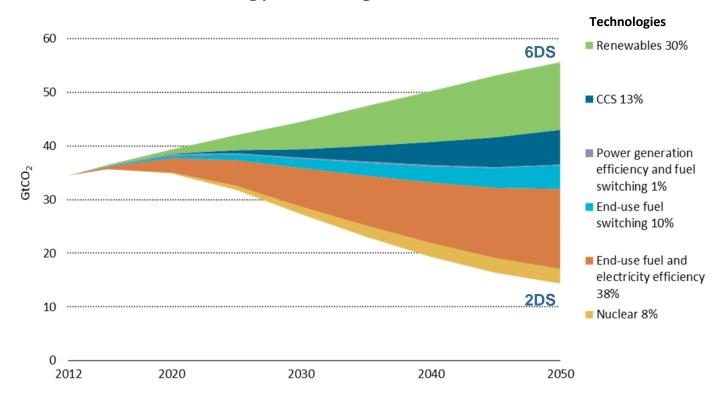
ETP 2014	ETP 2015	ETP 2016	ETP 2017
Part 1. Setting th			İ
	he Change (Themo	<u> </u>	
Harnessing Electricity's Potential	Mobilising Innovation to Accelerate Climate Action	Sustainable Urban Energy Systems	<ul> <li>TBD</li> <li>Securing sustainable resources</li> <li>Investing in sustainable infrastructure</li> </ul>
<b>Partner Country</b>			
India	China	Mexico	TBD (Indonesia?)

#### Energy Technology Perspectives 2015



# **Energy Innovation is crucial in making the 2DS possible**

Contribution of technology area to global cumulative CO2 reductions

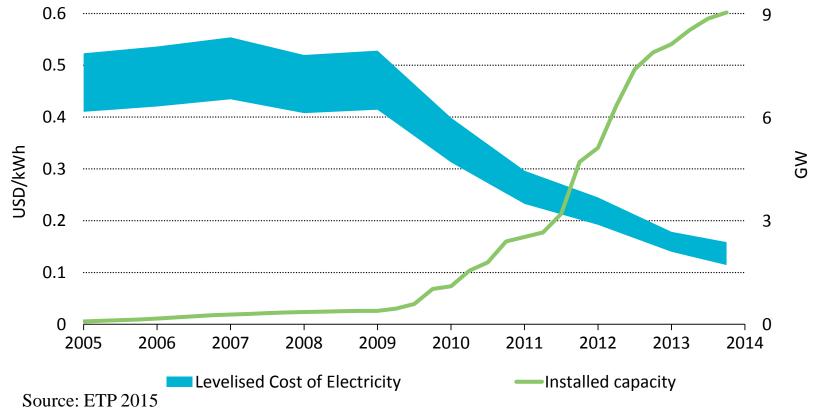


Energy innovation has already yielded solutions, but needs support and guidance to deliver on its promises



# Technology innovation has delivered in the past . . .

Cost of electricity generated and utility-scale PV capacity installations in Germany

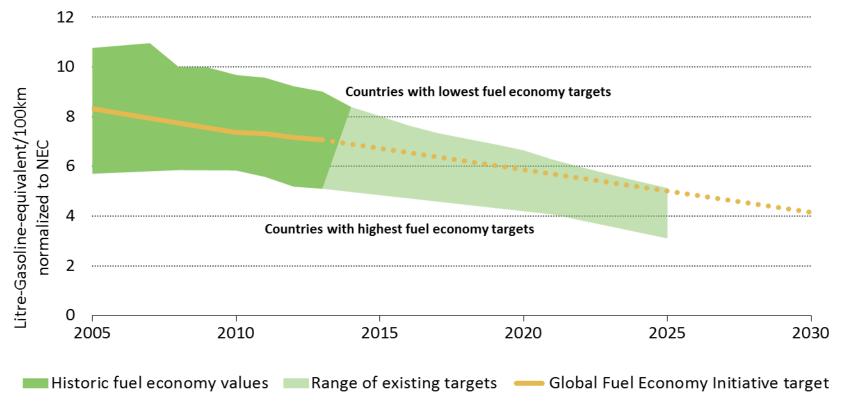


Thanks to 40 years of innovation efforts, solar PV generation is an increasingly cost competitive option



# Innovation has also helped improve energy efficient technologies

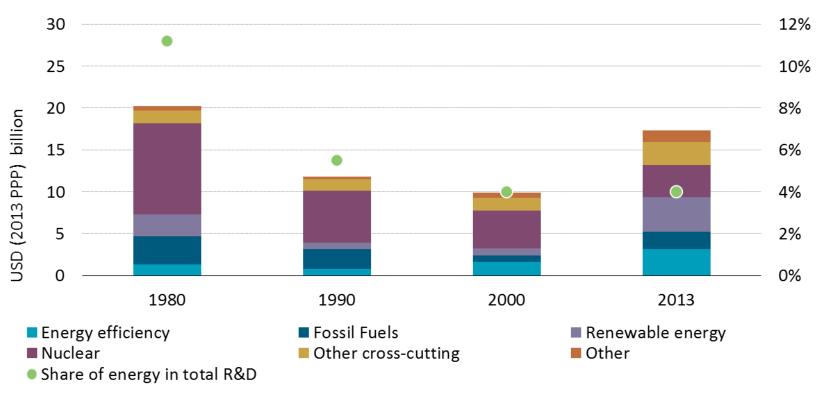
Average new Light-duty vehicle fuel economy evolution by country, 2005 to 2013



Fuel economy is improving as policy increasingly drives the deployment of more efficient vehicle technologies iea

### Energy RD&D funding now targets the right issues, but is not enough

#### IEA government energy RD&D expenditure

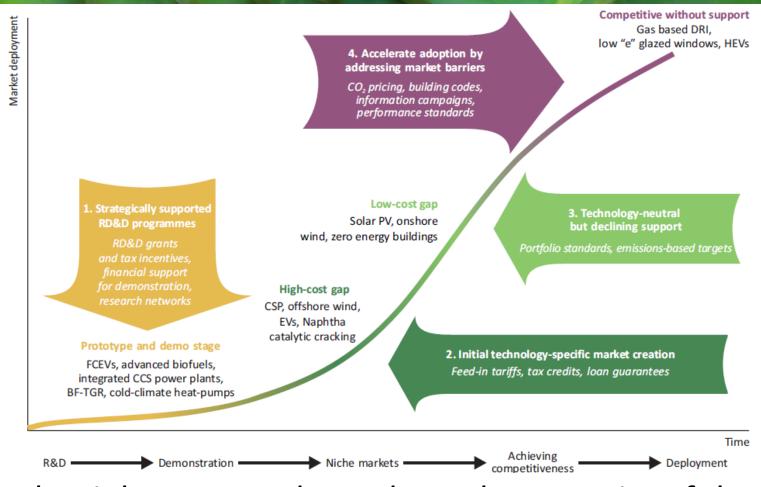


Source: ETP 2015

Energy RD&D spending should reflect the importance of energy technology in meeting climate objectives

# Supporting Energy Innovation: The right policy at the right time

#### ETP 2015

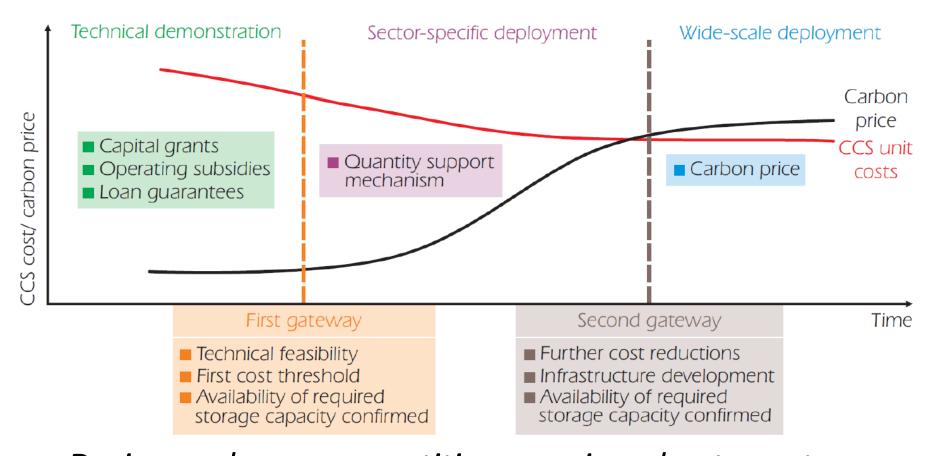


The right support depends on the maturity of the technology and the degree of market uptake



### The "cost gap" needs to be closed, not just reduced

#### ETP 2015

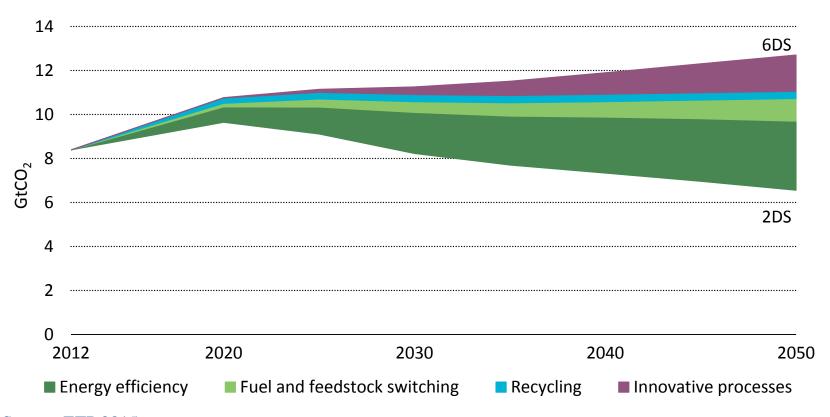


During scale up, competitiveness rises due to cost reductions <u>and</u> increased costs of not using CCS



# Innovation is essential for sustainable growth in the industrial sector

Annual energy-related direct CO2 emissions in the industrial sector in the 2DS



Source: ETP 2015

The deployment of innovative technologies is crucial to making a 2DS scenario possible



# Role of public private partnerships in catalysing innovation in industry

### ETP 2015



Partnerships can accelerate innovation while increasing the chances that a technology will be adopted



# There is no "one-size fits all" solution ETP that can meet all local requirements 2015

Regional technology shares in primary energy supply

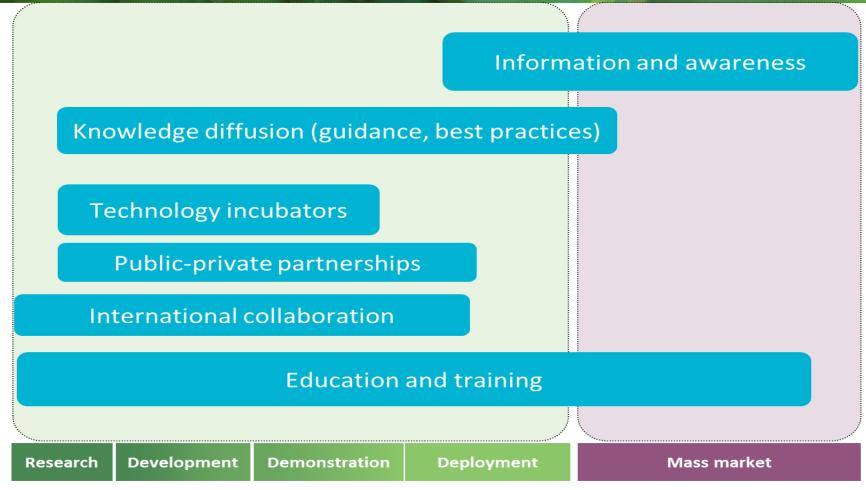


National circumstances and resources will drive different technology portfolios and pathways



## Building innovation capacity is key to successful technology deployment



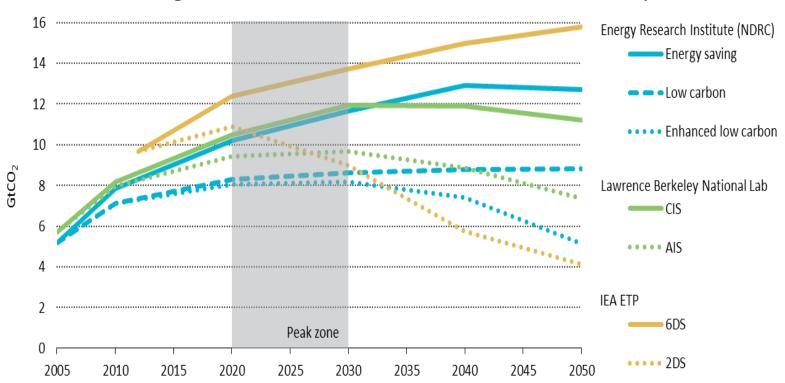


Source: ETP 2015

Cooperation between industrial and emerging economies could be a win-win solution

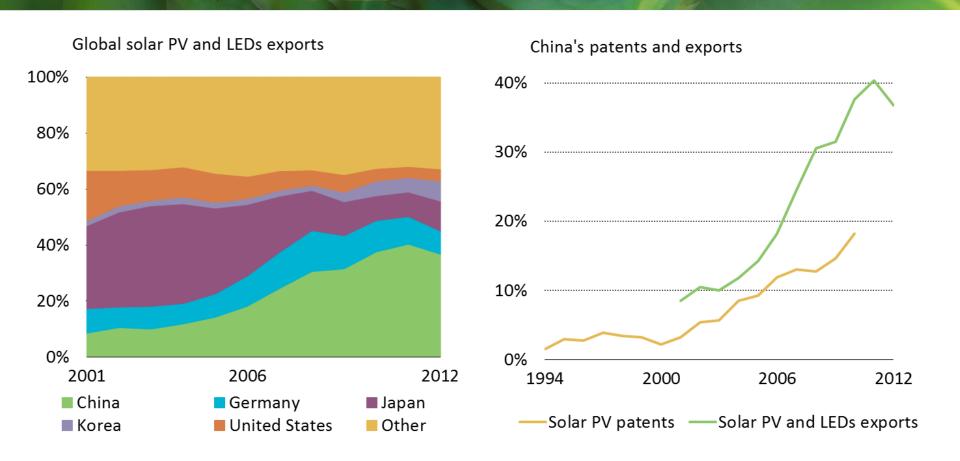


#### Long-term scenarios of China's 2030 emissions peak



China can make the 2Ds possible with strong policies encouraging energy technology innovation

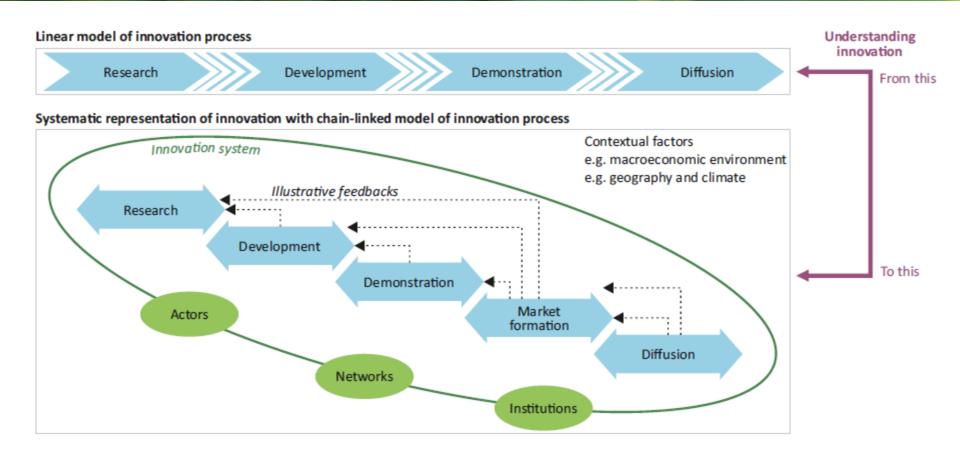
#### Patent and high-tech exports in China



China's global export share by value of solar and LEDs has grown significantly to roughly 40%, with its share of patents doubling between 2005 and 2010.

### Better understanding innovation can increase confidence in its outcomes

#### ETP 2015



In order to accelerate technological progress in lowcarbon technologies, innovation policies should be systemic



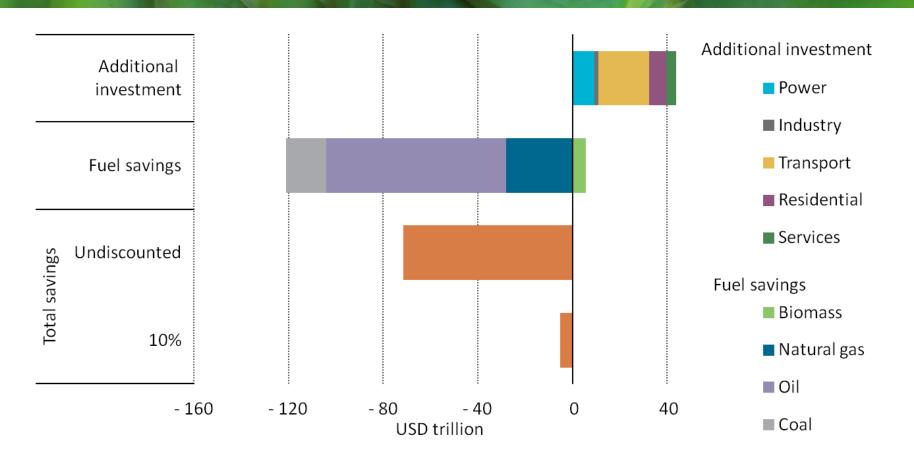
#### Thank you





#### Investment in our future pays off...





...and it is cost effective to make the transition

