With TF 1.0!



Lab 4

Multi-variable linear regression

Sung Kim < hunkim+ml@gmail.com>

Code: https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/



Call for comments

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Other slides: https://goo.gl/jPtWNt



With TF 1.0!



Lab 4-1

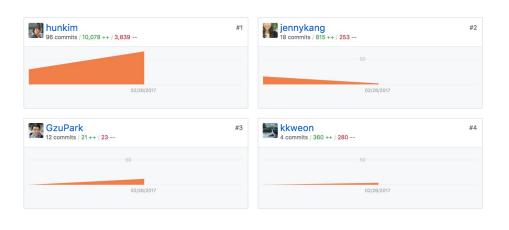
Multi-variable linear regression

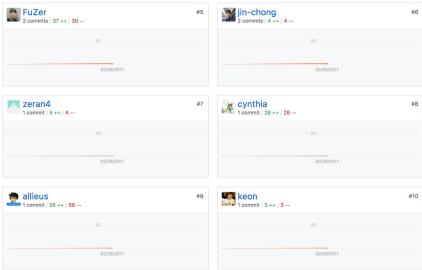
Sung Kim < hunkim+ml@gmail.com>

Code: https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/



https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/





Hypothesis using matrix

$$H(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + x_3 w_3$$

X ₁	X ₂	X ₃	Y
73	80	75	152
93	88	93	185
89	91	90	180
96	98	100	196
73	66	70	142

Test Scores for General Psychology

Hypothesis using matrix

$$H(x_1, x_2, x_3) = x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + x_3 w_3$$

X ₁	X ₂	X ₃	Y
73	80	75	152
93	88	93	185
89	91	90	180
96	98	100	196
73	66	70	142

Test Scores for General Psychology

```
x1 data = [73., 93., 89., 96., 73.]
x2 data = [80., 88., 91., 98., 66.]
x3 data = [75., 93., 90., 100., 70.]
y data = [152., 185., 180., 196., 142.]
# placeholders for a tensor that will be always fed.
x1 = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
x2 = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
x3 = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
w1 = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='weight1')
w2 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([1]), name='weight2')
w3 = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([1]), name='weight3')
b = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='bias')
hypothesis = x1 * w1 + x2 * w2 + x3 * w3 + b
```

```
import tensorflow as tf
x1 data = [73., 93., 89., 96., 73.]
                                                                                                            0 Cost: 19614.8
x2 data = [80., 88., 91., 98., 66.]
                                                                                                            Prediction:
x3_data = [75., 93., 90., 100., 70.]
                                                                                                            Γ 21.69748688
y data = [152., 185., 180., 196., 142.]
                                                                                                            39.10213089 31.82624626
                                                                                                            35.14236832
# placeholders for a tensor that will be always fed.
                                                                                                            32.553165441
x1 = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
                                                                                                            10 Cost: 14.0682
x2 = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
                                                                                                            Prediction:
x3 = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
                                                                                                            [ 145.56100464
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
                                                                                                            187.94958496
                                                                                                            178.50236511
w1 = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='weight1')
                                                                                                            194.86721802
w2 = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='weight2')
                                                                                                            146.080963131
w3 = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='weight3')
b = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='bias')
hypothesis = x1 * w1 + x2 * w2 + x3 * w3 + b
                                                                                                            1990 Cost: 4.9197
# cost/loss function
                                                                                                            Prediction:
cost = tf.reduce mean(tf.square(hypothesis - Y))
                                                                                                            [ 148.15084839
# Minimize. Need a very small learning rate for this data set
                                                                                                            186.88632202
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate=1e-5)
                                                                                                            179.6293335
train = optimizer.minimize(cost)
                                                                                                            195.81796265
                                                                                                            144.460449221
# Launch the graph in a session.
                                                                                                            2000 Cost: 4.89449
sess = tf.Session()
                                                                                                            Prediction:
# Initializes global variables in the graph.
                                                                                                            Γ 148.15931702
sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
                                                                                                            186.8805542
for step in range(2001):
                                                                                                            179.63194275
   cost_val, hy_val, _ = sess.run([cost, hypothesis, train],
                                                                                                            195.81971741
                         feed dict={x1: x1 data, x2: x2 data, x3: x3 data, Y: y data})
                                                                                                            144.45298767]
   if step % 10 == 0:
       print(step, "Cost: ", cost val, "\nPrediction:\n", hy val)
                                           https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-04-1-multi_variable_linear_regression.pv
```

Matrix

$$egin{array}{ccc} (x_1 & x_2 & x_3) \cdot egin{pmatrix} w_1 \ w_2 \ w_3 \end{pmatrix} = (x_1w_1 + x_2w_2 + x_3w_3) & H(X) = XW \end{array}$$

Matrix

$$(x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_2 \end{pmatrix} = (x_1w_1 + x_2w_2 + x_3w_3) \qquad H(X) = XW$$

```
x data = [[73., 80., 75.], [93., 88., 93.],
         [89., 91., 90.], [96., 98., 100.], [73., 66., 70.]]
y data = [[152.], [185.], [180.], [196.], [142.]]
# placeholders for a tensor that will be always fed.
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 3])
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 1])
W = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([3, 1]), name='weight')
b = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='bias')
# Hypothesis
hypothesis = tf.matmul(X, W) + b
```

```
import tensorflow as tf
                                                                                                            0 Cost: 7105.46
x data = [[73., 80., 75.], [93., 88., 93.],
                                                                                                            Prediction:
         [89., 91., 90.], [96., 98., 100.], [73., 66., 70.]]
                                                                                                            [[ 80.82241058]
y_data = [[152.], [185.], [180.], [196.], [142.]]
                                                                                                            [ 92.26364136]
# placeholders for a tensor that will be always fed.
                                                                                                            [ 93.70250702]
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 3])
                                                                                                            [ 98.09217834]
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 1])
                                                                                                            [72.51759338]]
                                                                                                            10 Cost: 5.89726
W = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([3, 1]), name='weight')
                                                                                                            Prediction:
b = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([1]), name='bias')
                                                                                                            [[ 155.35159302]
                                                                                                            [ 181.85691833]
                                                                                                            [ 181.97254944]
# Hypothesis
                                                                                                            [ 194.21760559]
hypothesis = tf.matmul(X, W) + b
                                                                                                            [ 140.85707092]]
# Simplified cost/loss function
cost = tf.reduce mean(tf.square(hypothesis - Y))
# Minimize
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate=1e-5)
                                                                                                            1990 Cost: 3.18588
                                                                                                            Prediction:
train = optimizer.minimize(cost)
                                                                                                            [[ 154.36352539]
                                                                                                            [ 182.94833374]
# Launch the graph in a session.
                                                                                                            [ 181.85189819]
sess = tf.Session()
                                                                                                            [ 194.35585022]
# Initializes global variables in the graph.
                                                                                                            [ 142.0324096711
sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
                                                                                                            2000 Cost: 3.1781
                                                                                                            Prediction:
for step in range(2001):
                                                                                                            [[ 154.35881042]
                                                                                                            [ 182.95147705]
   cost_val, hy_val, _ = sess.run(
                                                                                                            [ 181.85035706]
        [cost, hypothesis, train], feed_dict={X: x_data, Y: y_data})
                                                                                                            [ 194.35533142]
   if step % 10 == 0:
                                                                                                            [ 142.036026 ]]
       print(step, "Cost: ", cost val, "\nPrediction:\n", hy val)
                          https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-04-2-multi variable matmul linear regression.py
```

With TF 1.0!



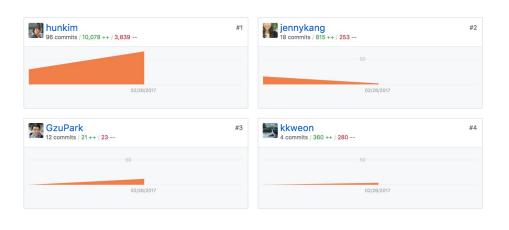
Lab 4-2 Loading Data from File

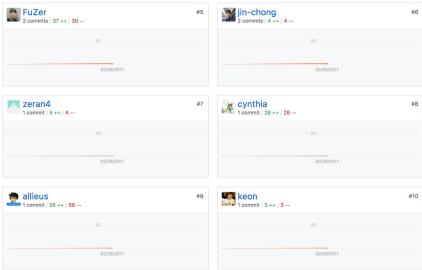
Sung Kim < hunkim+ml@gmail.com>

Code: https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/



https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/





Loading data from file

data-01-test-score.csv

73.80.75.152

EXAM1.EXAM2.EXAM3.FINAL

```
93.88.93.185
89.91.90.180
96.98.100.196
73.66.70.142
53.46.55.101
import numpy as np
xy = np.loadtxt('data-01-test-score.csv', delimiter=',', dtype=np.float32)
x_{data} = xy[:, 0:-1]
y data = xy[:, [-1]]
# Make sure the shape and data are OK
print(x_data.shape, x_data, len(x_data))
print(y data.shape, y data)
                 https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-04-3-file input linear regression.py
```

Slicing

```
nums = range(5)  # range is a built-in function that creates a list of integers
print nums  # Prints "[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]"
print nums[2:4]  # Get a slice from index 2 to 4 (exclusive); prints "[2, 3]"
print nums[2:]  # Get a slice from index 2 to the end; prints "[2, 3, 4]"
print nums[:2]  # Get a slice from the start to index 2 (exclusive); prints "[0, 1]"
print nums[:]  # Get a slice of the whole list; prints ["0, 1, 2, 3, 4]"
print nums[:-1]  # Slice indices can be negative; prints ["0, 1, 2, 3]"
nums[2:4] = [8, 9]  # Assign a new sublist to a slice
print nums  # Prints "[0, 1, 8, 9, 4]"
```

Indexing, Slicing, Iterating

- Arrays can be indexed, sliced, iterated much like lists and other sequence types in Python
- As with Python lists, slicing in NumPy can be accomplished with the colon (:) syntax
- Colon instances (:) can be replaced with dots (...)

```
a = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
# array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])

a[1:3]
# array([2, 3])

a[-1]
# 5

a[0:2] = 9

a
# array([9, 9, 3, 4, 5])
```

```
b = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7, 8], [9, 10, 11, 12]])
# array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4],
         [ 9, 10, 11, 12]])
b[:, 1]
# array([ 2, 6, 10])
b[-1]
b[-1, :]
# array([ 9, 10, 11, 12])
b[-1, ...]
# array([ 9, 10, 11, 12])
b[0:2, :]
# array([[1, 2, 3, 4],
         [5, 6, 7, 8]])
```

Loading data from file

data-01-test-score.csv

73.80.75.152

EXAM1.EXAM2.EXAM3.FINAL

```
93.88.93.185
89.91.90.180
96.98.100.196
73.66.70.142
53.46.55.101
import numpy as np
xy = np.loadtxt('data-01-test-score.csv', delimiter=',', dtype=np.float32)
x_{data} = xy[:, 0:-1]
y data = xy[:, [-1]]
# Make sure the shape and data are OK
print(x_data.shape, x_data, len(x_data))
print(y data.shape, y data)
                 https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-04-3-file input linear regression.py
```

```
xy = np.loadtxt('data-01-test-score.csv', delimiter=',',
dtype=np.float32)
                                                           # Launch the graph in a session.
x_{data} = xy[:, 0:-1]
                                                           sess = tf.Session()
y data = xy[:, [-1]]
                                                           # Initializes global variables in the graph.
                                                           sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
# Make sure the shape and data are OK
                                                           # Set up feed_dict variables inside the loop.
print(x_data.shape, x_data, len(x_data))
                                                           for step in range(2001):
print(y data.shape, y data)
                                                              cost val, hy val, = sess.run(
                                                                  [cost, hypothesis, train],
# placeholders for a tensor that will be always fed.
                                                                  feed dict={X: x data, Y: y data})
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 3])
                                                              if step % 10 == 0:
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 1])
                                                                  print(step, "Cost: ", cost val,
                                                                             "\nPrediction:\n", hy val)
W = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([3, 1]), name='weight')
b = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='bias')
                                                           # Ask my score
# Hypothesis
                                                           print("Your score will be ", sess.run(hypothesis,
hypothesis = tf.matmul(X, W) + b
                                                                      feed dict={X: [[100, 70, 101]]}))
# Simplified cost/loss function
                                                           print("Other scores will be ", sess.run(hypothesis,
cost = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(hypothesis - Y))
                                                                      feed dict={X: [[60, 70, 110], [90, 100, 80]]}))
# Minimize
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate=1e-5)
train = optimizer.minimize(cost)
                                   https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-04-3-file_input_linear_regression.pv
```

import tensorflow as tf

tf.set random seed(777) # for reproducibility

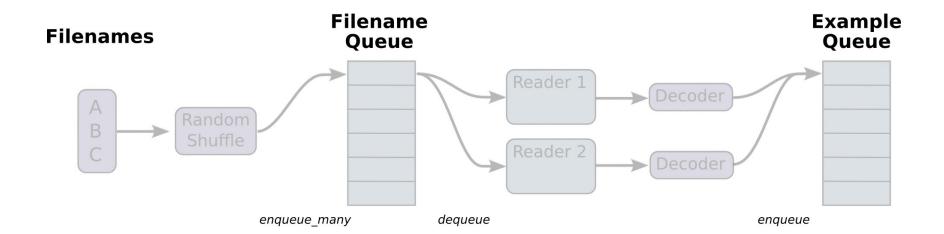
import numpy as np

Output

```
# Launch the graph in a session.
sess = tf.Session()
# Initializes global variables in the graph.
sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
# Set up feed dict variables inside the loop.
for step in range(2001):
   cost val, hy val, = sess.run(
       [cost, hypothesis, train],
       feed dict={X: x data, Y: y data})
   if step % 10 == 0:
       print(step, "Cost: ", cost val,
                  "\nPrediction:\n", hy val)
```

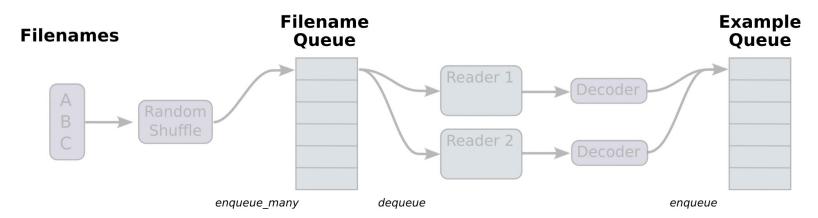
Your score will be [[181.73277283]] Other scores will be [[145.86265564] [187.23129272]]

Queue Runners



filename_queue = tf.train.string_input_producer(
 ['data-01-test-score.csv', 'data-02-test-score.csv', ...],
 shuffle=False, name='filename_queue')

record_defaults = [[0.], [0.], [0.], [0.]]
xy = tf.decode_csv(value, record_defaults=record_defaults)



reader = tf.TextLineReader()
key, value = reader.read(filename_queue)

tf.train.batch

```
# collect batches of csv in
train x batch, train y batch = \setminus
   tf.train.batch([xy[0:-1], xy[-1:]], batch_size=10)
sess = tf.Session()
. . .
# Start populating the filename queue.
coord = tf.train.Coordinator()
threads = tf.train.start queue runners(sess=sess, coord=coord)
for step in range(2001):
   x batch, y batch = sess.run([train x batch, train y batch])
   . . .
coord.request_stop()
coord.join(threads)
```

https://www.tensorflow.org/programmers_guide/reading_data

```
key, value = reader.read(filename queue)
# Default values, in case of empty columns. Also specifies the type of the
# decoded result.
record_defaults = [[0.], [0.], [0.], [0.]]
                                                                 # Launch the graph in a session.
xy = tf.decode csv(value, record defaults=record defaults)
                                                                 sess = tf.Session()
                                                                 # Initializes global variables in the graph.
# collect batches of csv in
                                                                 sess.run(tf.global variables initializer())
train x batch, train y batch = \
   tf.train.batch([xy[0:-1], xy[-1:]], batch_size=10)
                                                                 # Start populating the filename queue.
                                                                 coord = tf.train.Coordinator()
# placeholders for a tensor that will be always fed.
                                                                 threads = tf.train.start queue runners(sess=sess, coord=coord)
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 3])
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 1])
                                                                 for step in range(2001):
                                                                    x batch, y batch = sess.run([train x batch, train y batch])
W = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([3, 1]), name='weight')
                                                                    cost_val, hy_val, _ = sess.run(
b = tf.Variable(tf.random normal([1]), name='bias')
                                                                        [cost, hypothesis, train],
                                                                        feed dict={X: x batch, Y: y batch})
# Hypothesis
                                                                    if step % 10 == 0:
hypothesis = tf.matmul(X, W) + b
                                                                        print(step, "Cost: ", cost val,
                                                                                    "\nPrediction:\n", hy val)
# Simplified cost/loss function
cost = tf.reduce mean(tf.square(hypothesis - Y))
                                                                 coord.request stop()
                                                                 coord.join(threads)
# Minimize
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate=1e-5)
train = optimizer.minimize(cost)
                                       https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-04-4-tf_reader_linear_regression.pv
```

import tensorflow as tf

reader = tf.TextLineReader()

filename queue = tf.train.string input producer(

['data-01-test-score.csv'], shuffle=False, name='filename queue')

shuffle_batch

```
# min_after_dequeue defines how big a buffer we will randomly sample
# from -- bigger means better shuffling but slower start up and more
# memory used.
# capacity must be larger than min_after_dequeue and the amount larger
# determines the maximum we will prefetch. Recommendation:
# min_after_dequeue + (num_threads + a small safety margin) * batch_size
min_after_dequeue = 10000
capacity = min_after_dequeue + 3 * batch_size
example_batch, label_batch = tf.train.shuffle_batch(
    [example, label], batch_size=batch_size, capacity=capacity,
    min_after_dequeue=min_after_dequeue)
```

Lab 5

Logistic (regression) classifier

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