

'PROBLEMS OF CHILD LABOUR'

- A PROJECT MADE BY-
- AADITYA PRATAP SINGH
 - CLASS 11-A
 - ROLL NO. 11101

“Studies Based on Child Labour”

- **The study was carried out in the schools situated in the service areas of Jawaharlal Institute Rural Health Center (JIRHC) and Jawaharlal Institute Urban Health Center (JIUHC). The JIRHC and JIUHC are the rural and urban field practice areas of Jawaharlal Institute Postgraduate Medical Education and Research Center (JIPMER), Pondicherry. It was decided to conduct the study among students in classes VI to X.**
- **For the purpose of the study, child labor was defined as any kind of work done by a school-going child for remuneration in cash or kind. For calculating the sample size, the average prevalence of school-going child labor was taken as 35% (50% in rural areas and 15% in urban areas). Using the formula $4PQ/L$ the required sample size was estimated to be 743, rounded off to 750.**

“Reasons behind CHILD LABOUR”

- Poverty (in some cases $\frac{1}{3}$ of family income from children)
- Absence of social welfare scheme and easy access to loans.
- Caste system (Higher proportion of scheduled caste children work at a younger age)
- Lack of access o school (Attitude of poverty peoples that money is more important than education in teenage.
- Child labour is 80% cheaper (sometime around RS.10-15 per day)

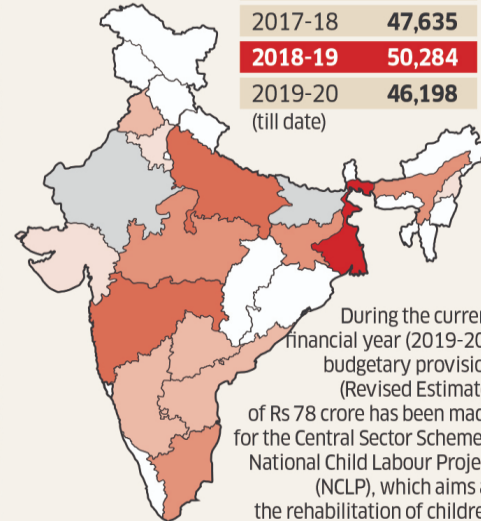
"Statistics and surveys done on Child Labours over the years by Indian government"

Children in Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing

18.1%	Uttar Pradesh
11.5%	Bihar
11.1%	Rajasthan
8.8%	Madhya Pradesh
6.8%	Maharashtra
6.2%	Andhra Pradesh
5.1%	Jharkhand
4.7%	Gujarat
4.0%	Karnataka
3.8%	Odisha

Number of children who were rescued or withdrawn from work, rehabilitated and mainstreamed under the NCLP scheme

2015-16	59,076
2016-17	30,979
2017-18	47,635
2018-19	50,284
2019-20	46,198
(till date)	

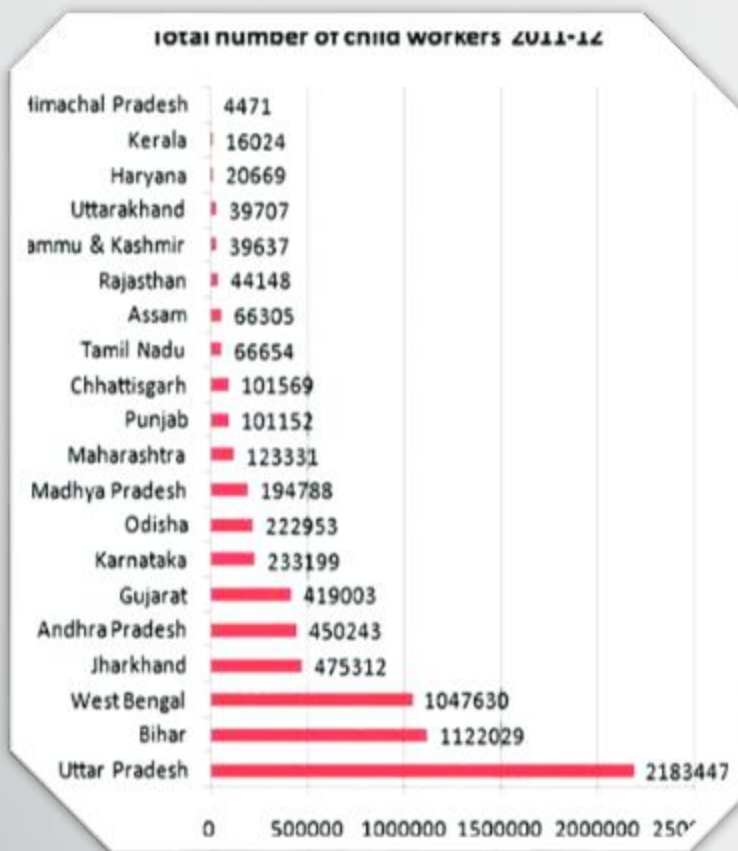


During the current financial year (2019-20), budgetary provision (Revised Estimate) of Rs 78 crore has been made for the Central Sector Scheme – National Child Labour Project (NCLP), which aims at the rehabilitation of children rescued/withdrawn from work.

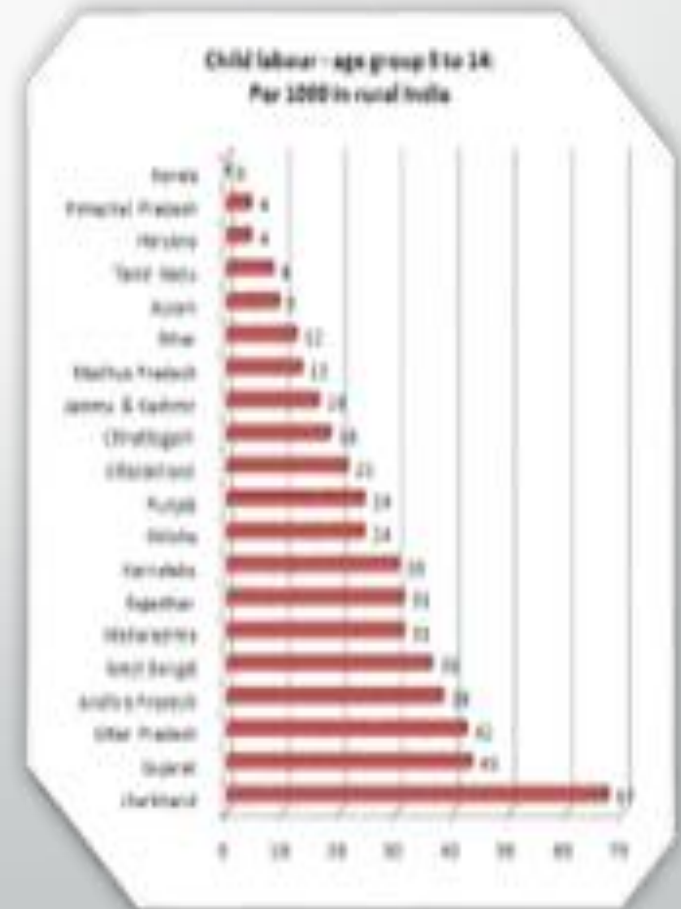
2018-19

West Bengal	17,137
Maharashtra	8,122
Uttar Pradesh	8,020
Madhya Pradesh	4,910
Assam	4,562
Tamil Nadu	2,534
Jharkhand	1,225
Telangana	935
Punjab	915
Andhra Pradesh	778
Karnataka	763
Haryana	171
Nagaland	111
Gujarat	101
Bihar	0
Rajasthan	0

- Survey done by ministry of children welfare showing numbers of children rescued from bonded child labour and included in nclp scheme



Counterview.net Report on Child labours (2011-12) per state. In Year 2012

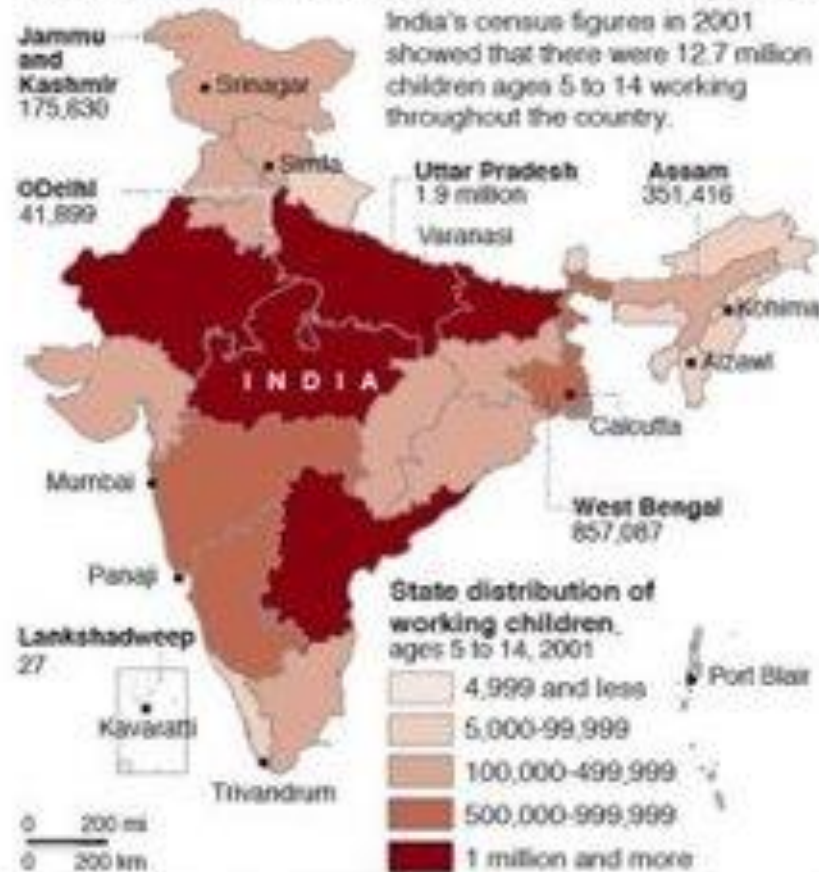


NSS Report on Child labours per 1000 by states. In year 2014

1	Pan, bidi and cigarettes	252,574
2	Construction	208,833
3	Domestic workers	185,505
4	Spinning/weaving	128,984
5	Brick kilns, tiles	84,972
6	Dhabas/restaurants/hotels/ motels ^a	70,934
7	Auto-workshop, vehicle repairs	49,893
8	Gem cutting, jewellery	37,489
9	Carpet-making	32,647
10	Ceramic	18,894
11	Agarbati, dhoop and detergent making	13,583
12	Others	135,162
Total		1,219,470

Number of child workers (5–14 years) engaged in hazardous occupations as per 2011 Census

Nearly 13 million workers under age 14



SOURCE: Indian Ministry of Labor and Employment.

By Ministry of Labour and
Employment

“Effects and Consequences”

- The presence of a large number of child laborers is regarded as a serious issue in terms of economic welfare. Children who work fail to get necessary education. They do not get the opportunity to develop physically, intellectually, emotionally and psychologically. In terms of the physical condition of children, children are not ready for long monitors work because they become exhausted more quickly than adults. This reduces their physical conditions and makes the children more vulnerable to disease. Children in hazardous working

This is how child labour affects the nation:



“Initiatives By Government”

Constitutional Provisions

- **Article 21 A; Right to Education Policy:-** The state shall provide free and compulsory education to all children of the age of 6 to 14 years in such manner as the state, by law, may determine.
- **Article 24; Prohibition of employment of children in factories, etc.:-** No, child below the age fourteen years shall be employed in work in any factory or mine or engaged in any other hazardous employment.
- **Article 23(1954); Prohibits all kinds of bonded labour.**



- The Entire project was completed by the help of My Friends, Family and Internet.
- Aim of the project to preparing a full report on Child Labour problem in India.
- I prepared this project report with the help of my friends and family and internet. First I was asked to my parents about child labour and how its cause? And How its become a huge problem for our nation me and my friends search this topic on internet then we found lots of article on this we use some articles and statistics for this project. Government sites and census report helps a lot.
- As Individual or student this project helps a lot for my future education and to know about our basic and huge problem of our nation. This will also help me to how to deal with this problem after knowing it.

“Action Plan”

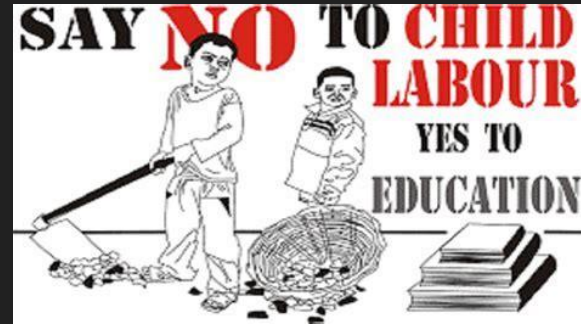
"My Learning from this Project

- I learnt that what is child labour?, its causes?, impact on society? And how much its important to fight against this. And now as a responsible future of our nation I will aware my friends, family and neighbours about that.



WHAT WILL I DO ABOUT THIS

- Recruit others into the campaign. In my region, establish contact with other young people in schools and community groups who could work with me in action against child labour.
- Sensitize others. I will Create a presentation pack to raise awareness on child labour using the resources material and photos.
- Awareness-raising. I could organize an activity with friends in your community to raise awareness about child labour.
- Encourage more participation. Involve my wider community in events leading to the World Day Against Child Labour





CERTIFICATE

OF COMPLETION



This is to certify that Aaditya Pratap Singh of class 11A has successfully completed the project work on Problems of Child Labour for class XI, Subject English practical examination of the Central Board of Secondary Education in the year 2021-22.

It is further certified that this project is the individual work of the candidate.

Submitted To :- Sangeeta Bahl
(English)

“Bibliography”

- References:-

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- <https://www.slideshare.net>
- <https://www.ilo.org/ipec/Campaignandadvocacy/Youthinaction/C182-Youth-orientated/Resources/lang--en/index.htm> (By International Labour Organization.
- The Lost Spring (Ncert Class 12Th English)
- Census 2001 and 2011 India Report For Poverty and Labour
- NSS Report

THANK YOU FOR
WATCHING IT