Project Documentation: Ophthalmology Data Extraction

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1 Overview

This project involves extracting question-answer pairs related to ophthalmology from multiple web pages and saving them in a CSV file. The script uses Python's requests library for web scraping and BeautifulSoup for parsing HTML content. It includes error handling, data validation, and ensures the extracted data is relevant to ophthalmology.

2 Requirements

- Python 3.x
- requests library
- beautifulsoup4 library
- csv module (part of Python's standard library)

3 Setup Instructions

- 1. **Install Python**: Ensure Python 3.x is installed on your system. You can download it from python.org.
- 2. **Install Required Libraries**: Install the necessary Python libraries using pip:

```
pip install requests beautifulsoup4
```

4 Script Explanation

4.1 Fetching Web Pages

The fetch_page function retrieves the content of a given URL and handles potential request errors.

```
import requests
from requests.exceptions import RequestException

def fetch_page(url):
   headers = {
```

```
"User-Agent": "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; 

→ Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, 

→ like Gecko) Chrome/58.0.3029.110 

→ Safari/537.3"

}

try:

response = requests.get(url, headers=headers)
response.raise_for_status()
return response.content

except RequestException as e:
print(f"Request failed for {url}: {e}")
return None
```

4.2 Parsing Question-Answer Pairs

The parse_questions_answers function parses the HTML content to extract question-answer pairs. It ensures that only relevant questions (related to ophthalmology) are included.

```
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
def parse_questions_answers(soup):
    qa_pairs = []
    questions = soup.find_all('h1')
    for question in questions:
        answer = question.find_next('p')
        question_text = question.get_text(strip=True)
        answer_text = answer.get_text(strip=True) if
           → answer else 'No<sub>□</sub>answer<sub>□</sub>found'
        if

    is_valid_ophthalmology_question(question_text):
             qa_pairs.append((question_text,
                → answer_text))
    return qa_pairs
def is_valid_ophthalmology_question(question):
    ophthalmology_keywords = ['eye', 'vision',
       \hookrightarrow 'optometrist', 'ophthalmologist', 'eye_{\sqcup}
       → health']
    return any (keyword.lower() in question.lower() for

→ keyword in ophthalmology_keywords)
```

4.3 Saving Data to CSV

The save_to_csv function saves the extracted question-answer pairs to a CSV file.

4.4 Main Function

The main function coordinates the scraping process, iterating over multiple URLs and aggregating the results.

```
def main():
    urls = [
        "https://www.healthline.com/health/eye-health/optometrist-vs-oph
        # Add more URLs here
    all_qa_pairs = []
    for url in urls:
        page_content = fetch_page(url)
        if page_content:
            soup = BeautifulSoup(page_content,
               → 'html.parser')
            qa_pairs = parse_questions_answers(soup)
            all_qa_pairs.extend(qa_pairs)
    save_to_csv(all_qa_pairs, "vision_health_qa.csv")
    print("Data uextraction and saving completed.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

5 Instructions for the Intern

- 1. **Understand the Current Code**: Thoroughly read and understand the existing code. Pay special attention to the functions and how they interact.
- 2. Add More URLs: Expand the urls list with additional URLs that contain relevant ophthalmology information.

3. Improve Validation:

Enhance the <code>is_valid_ophthalmology_question</code> function to better filter relevant questions. Consider using more advanced NLP techniques if necessary.

- 4. **Error Handling**: Improve error handling to make the script more robust. Consider logging errors to a file for better traceability.
- 5. **Documentation**: Maintain detailed documentation of any changes made. Ensure comments in the code are clear and descriptive.
- 6. **Code Testing**: Test the code with various URLs to ensure it works correctly and handles edge cases.
- 7. **Version Control**: Use a version control system (e.g., Git) to track changes and collaborate effectively.
- 8. **Optimization**: Optimize the code for performance, especially if dealing with a large number of URLs or large HTML content.
- 9. **User Interface**: If time permits, consider creating a simple user interface (CLI or GUI) to allow non-technical users to add URLs and run the script.
- 10. **Regular Updates**: Regularly update the script to adapt to changes in the HTML structure of target websites.

6 Future Enhancements

- Advanced Data Processing: Implement advanced data processing techniques to refine the extracted data.
- Machine Learning Integration: Use machine learning models to automatically classify and validate question-answer pairs.

• Scalability: Make the script scalable to handle a larger volume of data and concurrent requests.