## Course recap

Secure Programming Lecture 20

### In the news



#### 22 Sources: Credit Card Breach at California DMV

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The California Department of Motor Vehicles appears to have suffered a wide-ranging credit card data breach involving online payments for DMV-related services, according to banks in California and elsewhere that received alerts this week about compromised cards that all had been previously used online at the California DMV.

The alert, sent privately by MasterCard to financial institutions this week, did not name the breached entity but said the organization in question experienced a "card-not-present" breach — industry speak for transactions conducted online. The alert further stated that the date range of the potentially compromised transactions extended from Aug. 2, 2013 to Jan. 31, 2014, and that the data stolen included the card number, expiration date, and three-digit security code printed on the back of cards.

Five different financial institutions contacted by this publication — including two mid-sized





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Recent Posts
Sources: Credit Card Breach at
California DMV
Sony Pictures Plans Movie About
Yours Truly

http://krebsonsecurity.com/2014/03/sources-credit-card-breach-at-california-dmv/

### Announcement

- Revision lecture
  - Tuesday 29/4, noon-1pm
  - UG05, Learning Centre
- Bring your own questions

### Announcement

- I'm not going to be here from next week (most of the time)
- However, if something is not clear, send me an email
  - We can set up time to discuss things by voice (skype, google chat)

# Plan for today

- Quick recap of what we saw
  - Key points
- Your questions

### Goals

- Explain the fundamental principles and mechanisms of software security
- Identify the main security defects and threats in current software systems
- Describe and evaluate techniques of secure coding
- Evaluate applications in relation to their security

### **Fundamentals**

- Vulnerabilities
- Exploits
- Risk
- Ethics consideration when researching this area

# Principles

- Saltzer and Schroeder principles
  - Economy of mechanisms
  - Fail-safe design
  - Complete mediation
  - Open design
  - Separation of privilege
  - Least privilege
  - Least common mechanism
  - Psychological acceptability
  - Circumvention work factor
  - Compromise recording

- Other guidelines
  - Orthogonal security
  - Be skeptical, be paranoid
  - Design security in

### Finding vulnerabilities

- Reviews
  - Design
  - Operation
  - Application
- Techniques
  - Attack trees
  - Risk rating

- Code audits strategies
- Fuzzing

# SQL injection

- Root cause
- Defense: prepared statement
- Techniques to escalate vulnerability

### More injections

- Command injection
- XPATH injection
- Serialization vulnerabilities
- More defenses
  - Sanitization
  - Static analysis

### Buffer overflows

- Basics of Linux process (stack, procedure calls)
- Smashing the stack
  - RET overwrite
- Shellcode
  - NOP sleds
  - Creating and testing shellcode calling syscalls
  - Techniques: encoders, GetPC

# **Exploit mitigation**

- Stack protection
  - Non-control-data attacks
- Address space randomization
  - Heap spraying
- Non-executable stack
  - Return into libc

## Heap overflow

- Malloc design and implementation
  - dlmalloc: chunks, bins
- Abusing free chunk management to overwrite arbitrary memory locations

#### Race conditions

- Races in general
- Significant special case: Time of check to time of use (TOCTOU)
- Beating the odds

### Other vulnerabilities

- Algorithmic complexity attacks
  - Attacks against hash tables
  - Attacks against regular expressions
- Integer overflow
  - Number representation
  - Common errors

#### Malicious web

- How are vulnerabilities exploited today
  - Drive-by-download attacks
- What happens after a vulnerability has been exploit
  - Botnets
- Underground economy

### That's all folks

- I hope you learned new approaches, techniques, ideas
- I hope you had fun in the process

### YOUR QUESTIONS