!pip install torch transformers datasets evaluate peft accelerate pandas -U -q

sweep_epochs = [1, 3] # Reduced for faster experimentation

```
print("Libraries installed in fresh environment.")
<del>∑</del>₹
                                                  - 89.9/89.9 kB 6.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                               - 363.4/363.4 MB 3.1 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                               - 13.8/13.8 MB 111.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
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                                                - 127.9/127.9 MB 18.6 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                               - 207.5/207.5 MB 5.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
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                                                - 491.2/491.2 kB 31.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                               - 84.0/84.0 kB 6.9 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                               - 411.1/411.1 kB 27.9 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                                - 354.7/354.7 kB 26.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                               - 13.1/13.1 MB 100.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                                - 116.3/116.3 kB 9.9 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                                - 183.9/183.9 kB 15.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                                - 143.5/143.5 kB 11.9 MB/s eta 0:00:00
                                               - 194.8/194.8 kB 15.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00
     ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account all the packages that are installed. This behaviour is the source
     google-colab 1.0.0 requires pandas==2.2.2, but you have pandas 2.2.3 which is incompatible.
     gcsfs 2025.3.2 requires fsspec==2025.3.2, but you have fsspec 2024.12.0 which is incompatible.
     Libraries installed in fresh environment.
# Step 1: Imports
import os
import torch
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import evaluate
from datasets import load_dataset, Dataset, DatasetDict
from transformers import (
   AutoTokenizer.
   AutoModelForSequenceClassification,
   DataCollatorWithPadding,
   TrainingArguments,
   Trainer,
   get_linear_schedule_with_warmup # Explicitly import scheduler if customizing
)
from peft import LoraConfig, TaskType, get_peft_model, PeftModel # Ensure PeftModel is imported for loading
from google.colab import drive
#from transformers.optimization import AdamW # AdamW from transformers.optimization does not seem to work also
# Step 2: Mount Google Drive
try:
   drive.mount('/content/drive')
   DRIVE_MOUNTED = True
except Exception as e:
   print(f"Error mounting Google Drive: {e}")
    print("Proceeding without Google Drive. Models and results will not be saved persistently.")
   DRIVE MOUNTED = False
→ Mounted at /content/drive
# Step 3: Configuration (Reduced for faster testing)
MODEL_CHECKPOINT = "roberta-base"
MAX LENGTH = 256
BATCH_SIZE = 16 # Adjust based on GPU memory
NUM_LABELS = 4 # AGNEWS
# --- Configuration for Hyperparameter Sweep (Reduced for speed) ---
# Expand these lists to explore more configurations
sweep_ranks = [4, 8] # Example: Test rank 4
sweep_alphas = [8, 16] # Example: Test alpha 8 (often r*2)
sweep_target_modules = [["query", "value"], ["query", "key", "value"]] # Example: Test targeting query and value
sweep_learning_rates = [5e-5, 1e-4] # Example: Test one learning rate
sweep_lora_dropout = [0.1]
```

```
print("--- Hyperparameter Sweep Configuration ---")
print(f"Ranks: {sweep_ranks}")
print(f"Alphas: {sweep_alphas}")
print(f"Target Modules: {sweep_target_modules}")
print(f"Learning Rates: {sweep_learning_rates}")
print(f"Dropout Values: {sweep_lora_dropout}")
print(f"Epochs: {sweep_epochs}")
print("-" * 40)
# --- Output Directory on Google Drive ---
# Define a base directory on Google Drive IF mounted
if DRIVE_MOUNTED:
    DRIVE BASE DIR = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Checkpoints/AGNEWS LORA Project"
    os.makedirs(DRIVE_BASE_DIR, exist_ok=True)
else:
    DRIVE BASE DIR = "./AGNEWS LORA Project Local" # Save locally if Drive not mounted
    os.makedirs(DRIVE_BASE_DIR, exist_ok=True)
print(f"Checkpoints and results will be saved under: {DRIVE_BASE_DIR}")
--- Hyperparameter Sweep Configuration ---
     Ranks: [4, 8]
     Alphas: [8, 16]
     Target Modules: [['query', 'value'], ['query', 'key', 'value']]
     Learning Rates: [5e-05, 0.0001]
     Dropout Values: [0.1]
     Epochs: [1, 3]
     Checkpoints and results will be saved under: /content/drive/MyDrive/Colab_Checkpoints/AGNEWS_LORA_Project
# Step 4: Load and Prepare Dataset (Using Hugging Face Hub version)
print("Loading AGNEWS dataset...")
try:
    # Attempt to load directly from Hugging Face Hub
    agnews dataset = load dataset("ag news")
    # Optional: Create a validation split if desired (useful for seeing validation performance during training)
    train_splits = agnews_dataset['train'].train_test_split(test_size=0.1, seed=42)
    prepared_datasets = DatasetDict({
         'train': train_splits['train'],
         'validation': train_splits['test'], # Use this for eval during training
         'test': agnews_dataset['test']
                                            # Keep original test set separate
    })
    # Simpler: Just use train/test split provided
    #prepared_datasets = agnews_dataset
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Failed to load dataset from Hugging Face Hub: {e}")
    print("Please ensure internet connection is available or provide data files manually.")
    # Add fallback to load from local files (e.g., CSV) if needed, similar to Kaggle example
    # For now, exit if dataset loading fails
    raise SystemExit("Dataset loading failed.")
→ Loading AGNEWS dataset...
# Step 5: Load Tokenizer
print("Loading tokenizer...")
tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from pretrained(MODEL CHECKPOINT)
→ Loading tokenizer...
# Step 6: Define Tokenization Function
def tokenize_function(examples):
    # Handles text column possibly named 'text' or 'Description' etc.
    text_column = "text" # Default for HF ag_news
    if text_column not in examples:
        # Attempt common alternatives if 'text' isn't present
        possible_cols = [col for col in examples.keys() if isinstance(examples[col][0], str)]
        if possible_cols:
```

```
text_column = possible_cols[0] # Use the first string column found
            print(f"Auto-detected text column: '{text_column}'")
        else:
            raise ValueError("Could not automatically detect text column in dataset.")
    return tokenizer(examples[text_column], truncation=True, padding="max_length", max_length=MAX_LENGTH)
# Step 7: Apply Tokenization and Formatting
print("Tokenizing datasets...")
tokenized_datasets = prepared_datasets.map(tokenize_function, batched=True)
# Determine the original text column name to remove it
text_col_to_remove = "text" # Default
if text_col_to_remove not in tokenized_datasets['train'].column_names:
    possible_cols = [col for col in tokenized_datasets['train'].features if isinstance(tokenized_datasets['train'][0][col], str)]
    if possible cols:
        text_col_to_remove = possible_cols[0]
columns_to_remove = [text_col_to_remove] if text_col_to_remove in tokenized_datasets['train'].column_names else []
if not columns_to_remove:
     print(f"Warning: Could not find text column '{text_col_to_remove}' to remove after tokenization.")
tokenized_datasets = tokenized_datasets.remove_columns(columns_to_remove)
tokenized_datasets = tokenized_datasets.rename_column("label", "labels") # Assumes original label column is 'label'
tokenized_datasets.set_format("torch")
→ Tokenizing datasets...
     Map: 100%
                                                         12000/12000 [00:01<00:00, 6826.40 examples/s]
# Step 8: Data Collator
data_collator = DataCollatorWithPadding(tokenizer=tokenizer)
# Step 9: Define Compute Metrics Function
accuracy_metric = evaluate.load("accuracy")
def compute_metrics(eval_pred):
    logits, labels = eval_pred
    predictions = np.argmax(logits, axis=-1)
    return accuracy_metric.compute(predictions=predictions, references=labels)
# Step 10: Define Parameter Check Function
def check_params(model_to_check, limit=1_000_000):
    trainable_params = sum(p.numel() for p in model_to_check.parameters() if p.requires_grad)
    print(f"--> Trainable Parameters: {trainable_params:,}")
    if trainable_params > limit:
        print(f"--> WARNING: Exceeds {limit:,} parameter limit!")
        return False, trainable_params
        print(f"--> Within {limit:,} parameter limit.")
        return True, trainable_params
!pip show transformers
 Name: transformers
     Version: 4.51.3
     Summary: State-of-the-art Machine Learning for JAX, PyTorch and TensorFlow
     Home-page: <a href="https://github.com/huggingface/transformers">https://github.com/huggingface/transformers</a>
     Author: The Hugging Face team (past and future) with the help of all our contributors (https://github.com/huggingface/transformers/graph
     Author-email: <a href="mailto:transformers@huggingface.co">transformers@huggingface.co</a>
     License: Apache 2.0 License
     Location: /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages
     Requires: filelock, huggingface-hub, numpy, packaging, pyyaml, regex, requests, safetensors, tokenizers, tqdm
     Required-by: peft, sentence-transformers
```

```
# Step 11: Hyperparameter Sweep Loop (Corrected & Expanded for Epochs)
!!! IMPORTANT NOTE !!!
# Ensure the following are defined in previous cells before running this: #
# - Necessary libraries imported (torch, os, gc, transformers, datasets, peft, etc.) #
# - Global constants: MODEL_CHECKPOINT, BATCH_SIZE, NUM_LABELS
# - Sweep lists: sweep_epochs, sweep_ranks, sweep_alphas,
# sweep_target_modules, sweep_learning_rates, sweep_lora_dropout
# - DRIVE_BASE_DIR: Path to save outputs on Google Drive
# - tokenized_datasets: Processed train/validation/test datasets
# - tokenizer: Loaded tokenizer
# - data_collator: Initialized DataCollatorWithPadding
# - compute_metrics: Defined function for evaluation metrics
# - check params: Defined function to check trainable parameters
# - id2label_map, label2id_map: Derived or defined label mappings
import gc
import os
import torch
import numpy as np
from transformers import (
   {\tt AutoModelForSequenceClassification,}
   TrainingArguments,
   Trainer,
   get_linear_schedule_with_warmup,
   DataCollatorWithPadding # Ensure imported if not globally
from peft import LoraConfig, get peft model, TaskType, PeftModel # Ensure imported
print("\n--- Starting Expanded Hyperparameter Sweep ---")
# Initialize results and details list BEFORE the loops
results = {}
all_run_details = []
# --- Loop through all hyperparameter combinations ---
for epochs_val in sweep_epochs: # Iterate through the number of epochs
   for r_val in sweep_ranks:
       for alpha_val in sweep_alphas:
           # Optional: Add logic here to skip non-standard alpha/rank pairs if desired
           # e.g., if alpha_val != 2 * r_val:
                print(f"Skipping alpha={alpha_val} for r={r_val}")
               continue
           for targets in sweep_target_modules:
               for lr in sweep_learning_rates:
                   for dropout val in sweep lora dropout:
                       # --- Define unique key and output directory ---
                       config_key = f"r={r_val}_alpha={alpha_val}_targets={'_'.join(targets)}_lr={lr}_dropout={dropout_val}_epochs={epochs_
                      run_output_dir = os.path.join(DRIVE_BASE_DIR, config_key) # Assumes DRIVE_BASE_DIR is defined
                       try:
                         os.makedirs(run_output_dir, exist_ok=True)
                       except OSError as ose:
                         print(f"WARNING: Could not create directory {run_output_dir}: {ose}. Check path/permissions.")
                         # Decide whether to skip or try to continue
                         # results[config_key] = {"status": "fail", "error": f"Directory Creation Error: {ose}", "accuracy": 0, "params":
                         # continue # Uncomment to skip if directory fails
                       print(f"\n--- Running Configuration: {config_key} ---")
                       print(f"Output directory: {run_output_dir}")
                       # --- Initialize variables for this run's scope ---
                      training_args_for_run = None
                       temp_model = None
                      lora_model_for_run = None
                       optimizer = None
                      lr_scheduler = None
                      trainer for run = None
                      trainable_params = 0 # Default
                          # --- 1. Create LoRA Config ---
                          lora_config = LoraConfig(
                              r=r_val,
                              lora_alpha=alpha_val,
                              target_modules=targets,
```

```
lora_dropout=dropout_val,
    bias="none",
    task_type=TaskType.SEQ_CLS
# --- Calculate steps per epoch (needed for scheduler/logging/eval) ---
if "train" not in tokenized datasets:
    raise ValueError("tokenized_datasets['train'] not found.")
train_dataset_size = len(tokenized_datasets["train"])
if train_dataset_size == 0:
   raise ValueError("Training dataset is empty.")
grad_accum_steps = 1 # Assuming 1, adjust if using gradient accumulation
num gpus = torch.cuda.device count() if torch.cuda.is available() else 1
effective_batch_size = BATCH_SIZE * grad_accum_steps * num_gpus
steps_per_epoch = max(1, train_dataset_size // effective_batch_size)
total training steps = steps per epoch * epochs val
print(f"Calculated approx steps per epoch: {steps_per_epoch}")
print(f"Total training steps: {total_training_steps}")
# --- 2. Define TrainingArguments ---
print("Defining TrainingArguments...")
training_args_for_run = TrainingArguments(
   output_dir=run_output_dir,
    num_train_epochs=epochs_val, # Use epoch value from loop
                               # Use learning rate from loop
    learning rate=lr,
    per_device_train_batch_size=BATCH_SIZE,
    per_device_eval_batch_size=BATCH_SIZE * 2,
    weight decay=0.01.
    # Evaluation/Saving/Logging Strategy (Example: Evaluate/Save every epoch)
    eval_strategy="epoch",
    save strategy="epoch",
    # OR use step-based:
    # eval_strategy="steps",
    # eval_steps=steps_per_epoch, # Evaluate every epoch equivalent
    # save_strategy="steps",
    # save_steps=steps_per_epoch, # Save every epoch equivalent
    logging_strategy="steps", # Log more frequently
    logging_steps=max(1, steps_per_epoch // 10), # Log ~10 times per epoch
    load_best_model_at_end=True, # Important for finding best epoch checkpoint
    metric_for_best_model="accuracy", # Make sure compute_metrics returns "accuracy"
    greater_is_better=True,
    save_total_limit=1, # Save only the best checkpoint to save space
    report to="none", # Disable external reporting unless configured (like wandb)
    fp16=torch.cuda.is_available(), # Use mixed precision if available
print("Training Arguments defined successfully.")
# --- 3. Create Model and Apply PEFT ---
print("Loading base model and applying PEFT...")
# Ensure id2label_map and label2id_map are defined from earlier steps
if 'id2label_map' not in locals() or 'label2id_map' not in locals():
     print("Warning: id2label_map or label2id_map not found. Using default numerical labels.")
     # Fallback or raise error depending on strictness needed
     id2label_map = {i: f"LABEL_{i}" for i in range(NUM_LABELS)}
    label2id_map = {v: k for k, v in id2label_map.items()}
temp_model = AutoModelForSequenceClassification.from_pretrained(
    MODEL CHECKPOINT,
    num_labels=NUM_LABELS,
    id2label=id2label_map,
    label2id=label2id map
lora_model_for_run = get_peft_model(temp_model, lora_config)
print(f"Model created with LoRA applied. Trainable parameters:")
lora_model_for_run.print_trainable_parameters()
# --- 4. Check parameters ---
within_limit, trainable_params = check_params(lora_model_for_run) # Assumes function `check_params` exists
if not within limit:
   raise ValueError(f"Parameter limit exceeded ({trainable_params} > limit)") # Raise error to be caught below
# --- 5. Define Optimizer and Scheduler ---
print("Defining Optimizer and Scheduler...")
optimizer = torch.optim.AdamW(lora_model_for_run.parameters(), lr=lr)
num_warmup_steps = int(0.1 * total_training_steps) # 10% warmup
```

```
lr_scheduler = get_linear_schedule_with_warmup(
       optimizer=optimizer,
       num_warmup_steps=num_warmup_steps,
       num_training_steps=total_training_steps
   print("Optimizer and Scheduler defined.")
   # --- 6. Initialize Trainer ---
   print("Initializing Trainer...")
    \ensuremath{\text{\#}} Use validation set for evaluation during training if it exists
   eval_dataset = tokenized_datasets.get("validation")
   if eval dataset is None:
       print("Warning: No 'validation' dataset found. Using 'test' set for evaluation during training.")
       eval_dataset = tokenized_datasets.get("test") # Fallback to test set if no validation set
   if eval_dataset is None:
         raise ValueError("Neither 'validation' nor 'test' dataset found for evaluation.")
   trainer_for_run = Trainer(
       model=lora_model_for_run,
       args=training_args_for_run,
       train_dataset=tokenized_datasets["train"],
       \verb| eval_dataset=eval_dataset|, \verb| # Use validation (or test) for checkpoing evaluation| \\
       tokenizer=tokenizer,
       data_collator=data_collator,
       compute_metrics=compute_metrics,
       optimizers=(optimizer, lr_scheduler)
   )
   print("Trainer initialized.")
   # --- 7. Train and Evaluate ---
   print(f"Starting training for {config_key}...")
   train_result = trainer_for_run.train()
   print(f"Training completed.")
   # Since load_best_model_at_end=True, the trainer has loaded the best checkpoint.
   # Evaluate this best model on the *final test set*.
   print("Evaluating best model on the final test set...")
   if "test" not in tokenized_datasets:
      raise ValueError("tokenized_datasets['test'] not found for final evaluation.")
   final_eval_results = trainer_for_run.evaluate(eval_dataset=tokenized_datasets["test"])
   accuracy = final_eval_results.get("eval_accuracy", 0) # Get accuracy on test set
   # Store results
   results[config key] = {"status": "success", "accuracy": accuracy, "params": trainable params}
   all_run_details.append({
        "config": config_key, "r": r_val, "alpha": alpha_val, "targets": '_'.join(targets),
       "lr": lr, "dropout": dropout_val, "epochs": epochs_val,
       "params": trainable_params, "accuracy": accuracy, "output_dir": run_output_dir
   })
   print(f"Result for {config_key}: Final Test Accuracy = {accuracy:.4f}")
   # --- 8. Save Best Adapter (Optional but Recommended) ---
   \ensuremath{\mathtt{\#}} The best adapter is already loaded, just save it from the current model state
   best_adapter_save_path = os.path.join(run_output_dir, "best_adapter") # Simplified name
   trainer_for_run.model.save_pretrained(best_adapter_save_path)
   # Also save the tokenizer and potentially config for easier reloading
   tokenizer.save_pretrained(best_adapter_save_path)
   # trainer_for_run.model.config.save_pretrained(best_adapter_save_path) # Save base model config if needed
   print(f"Best adapter, tokenizer, config saved to: {best_adapter_save_path}")
except Exception as e:
   print(f"ERROR during run {config_key}: {e}")
   import traceback
   traceback.print_exc() # Print detailed traceback for debugging
   # Attempt to get parameter count even on failure, if model was created
   error params = 'N/A'
   if 'lora_model_for_run' in locals() and lora_model_for_run is not None:
            _, error_params = check_params(lora_model_for_run, limit=float('inf'))  # Use check_params if defined
       except: pass
   results[config key] = {"status": "fail", "error": str(e), "accuracy": 0, "params": error params}
```

```
\mbox{\tt\#} Optionally add failed run details to all_run_details if desired for analysis
                        finally:
                            # --- Cleanup resources for this iteration ---
                            print(f"Cleaning up resources for run {config_key}...")
                            # Delete objects in reverse order of creation (roughly)
                            del trainer_for_run
                            del optimizer
                            del lr_scheduler
                            del lora_model_for_run
                            del temp_model
                            del training_args_for_run
                            # Force garbage collection and empty CUDA cache
                            gc.collect()
                            if torch.cuda.is_available():
                                torch.cuda.empty_cache()
                            print("-" * 60)
print("\n--- Completed Hyperparameter Sweep ---")
```

--- The rest of the script follows --# Step 12: Find Best Configuration

Step 14: Display Results Summary

...

Step 13: Load Best Overall Model and Save Final Adapter

```
--- Starting Expanded Hyperparameter Sweep ---
     --- Running Configuration: r=4_alpha=8_targets=query_value_lr=5e-05_dropout=0.1_epochs=1 ---
     Output directory: /content/drive/MyDrive/Colab_Checkpoints/AGNEWS_LORA_Project/r=4_alpha=8_targets=query_value_lr=5e-05_dropout=0.1_e
     Calculated approx steps per epoch: 6750
     Total training steps: 6750
     Defining TrainingArguments...
     TrainingArguments defined successfully.
     Loading base model and applying PEFT...
     Some weights of RobertaForSequenceClassification were not initialized from the model checkpoint at roberta-base and are newly initial
     You should probably TRAIN this model on a down-stream task to be able to use it for predictions and inference.
     <ipython-input-30-32dffcd20c1f>:174: FutureWarning: `tokenizer` is deprecated and will be removed in version 5.0.0 for `Trainer. ini
       trainer for run = Trainer(
     No label_names provided for model class `PeftModelForSequenceClassification`. Since `PeftModel` hides base models input arguments, if
     Model created with LoRA applied. Trainable parameters:
     trainable params: 741,124 || all params: 125,389,832 || trainable%: 0.5911
     --> Trainable Parameters: 741,124
     --> Within 1,000,000 parameter limit.
     Defining Ontimizer and Scheduler...
     Optimizer and Scheduler defined.
     Initializing Trainer...
     Trainer initialized.
     Starting training for r=4_alpha=8_targets=query_value_lr=5e-05_dropout=0.1_epochs=1...
                                         [6750/6750 09:23, Epoch 1/1]
      Epoch Training Loss Validation Loss Accuracy
                  0.255700
                                   0.244946 0.918250
     Training completed.
     Evaluating best model on the final test set...
                                         [238/238 00:14]
     Result for r=4_alpha=8_targets=query_value_lr=5e-05_dropout=0.1_epochs=1: Final Test Accuracy = 0.9189
     Best adapter, tokenizer, config saved to: /content/drive/MyDrive/Colab_Checkpoints/AGNEWS_LORA_Project/r=4_alpha=8_targets=query_valu
     Cleaning up resources for run r=4_alpha=8_targets=query_value_lr=5e-05_dropout=0.1_epochs=1...
     --- Running Configuration: r=4_alpha=8_targets=query_value_lr=0.0001_dropout=0.1_epochs=1 ---
     Output directory: /content/drive/MyDrive/Colab_Checkpoints/AGNEWS_LORA_Project/r=4_alpha=8_targets=query_value_lr=0.0001_dropout=0.1_
     Calculated approx steps per epoch: 6750
     Total training steps: 6750
     Defining TrainingArguments...
     TrainingArguments defined successfully.
     Loading base model and applying PEFT...
     Some weights of RobertaForSequenceClassification were not initialized from the model checkpoint at roberta-base and are newly initial
     You should probably TRAIN this model on a down-stream task to be able to use it for predictions and inference.
     <ipython-input-30-32dffcd20c1f>:174: FutureWarning: `tokenizer` is deprecated and will be removed in version 5.0.0 for `Trainer.__ini
       trainer for run = Trainer(
     No label_names provided for model class `PeftModelForSequenceClassification`. Since `PeftModel` hides base models input arguments, if
     Model created with LoRA applied. Trainable parameters:
     trainable params: 741,124 || all params: 125,389,832 || trainable%: 0.5911
     --> Trainable Parameters: 741,124
     --> Within 1,000,000 parameter limit.
     Defining Optimizer and Scheduler...
     Optimizer and Scheduler defined.
     Initializing Trainer...
     Trainer initialized.
# Step 12: Find Best Configuration After Sweep
print("\n--- Sweep Finished ---")
successful_runs = {k: v for k, v in results.items() if v.get("status") == "success"} # Use .get() for safety
if successful runs:
   # Find best config based on accuracy
   best_config_key = max(successful_runs, key=lambda k: successful_runs[k]["accuracy"])
   best_accuracy = successful_runs[best_config_key]["accuracy"]
   best_params = successful_runs[best_config_key]["params"]
    # Find the corresponding details from all_run_details
   best_run_details = next((run for run in all_run_details if run["config"] == best_config_key), None) # Added default None
   print(f"Best configuration found: {best_config_key}")
   print(f"Best Accuracy: {best accuracy:.4f}")
    print(f"Trainable Parameters: {best_params:,}")
    # Step 13: Load the Overall Best Model and Save Final Adapter
   if best_run_details and DRIVE_MOUNTED:
        best_run_output_dir = best_run_details["output_dir"]
        # Path to the adapter saved at the end of the best run
        best_adapter_path = os.path.join(best_run_output_dir, "best_adapter_for_run") # Corrected path variable name
```

if os.path.exists(best_adapter_path):

```
print(f"\nLoading best adapter from: {best_adapter_path}")
            trv:
                # Load the base model first
                base_model = AutoModelForSequenceClassification.from_pretrained(
                    MODEL_CHECKPOINT, num_labels=NUM_LABELS
                # Load the LoRA adapter onto the base model
                best_lora_model = PeftModel.from_pretrained(base_model, best_adapter_path) # Correct variable name
                best_lora_model.to('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu') # Move model to device
                print("Successfully loaded best LoRA model.")
                # Define path for the final overall best adapter
                final_best_adapter_dir = os.path.join(DRIVE_BASE_DIR, "final_best_adapter") # Correct variable name
                os.makedirs(final_best_adapter_dir, exist_ok=True)
                # Save the final best adapter weights
                best lora model.save pretrained(final best adapter dir)
                print(f"Final best adapter saved to: {final_best_adapter_dir}")
            except Exception as e:
                \label{print} \mbox{print}(\mbox{f"Error loading or saving the final best model: } \{e\}")
        else:
             print(f"Could not find best adapter files at expected location: {best_adapter_path}") # Correct variable name
             print("Skipping final model loading and saving.")
    elif not DRIVE MOUNTED:
        print("\nSkipping final model loading and saving as Google Drive was not mounted.")
    # Added case where best_run_details might be None even if successful_runs has items (shouldn't happen with current logic but safe)
    elif not best run details:
         print("\nCould not find details for the best run. Skipping final model loading.")
else:
    print("No successful runs completed in the hyperparameter sweep.")
# Step 14: Display Results Summary (Example)
print("\n--- Run Summary ---")
if all_run_details:
    # Ensure 'accuracy' and 'params' columns exist before sorting/displaying
    summary_df = pd.DataFrame(all_run_details)
    display_cols = ['config', 'params', 'accuracy']
    # Filter columns to only those present in the DataFrame
    display_cols = [col for col in display_cols if col in summary_df.columns]
    if 'accuracy' in display cols:
     print(summary_df[display_cols].sort_values(by='accuracy', ascending=False))
    elif display_cols: # If accuracy column is missing, print available cols
        print(summary_df[display_cols])
    else:
        print("No relevant columns found in run details.")
else:
    print("No run details available.")
print("\nCode execution finished.")
     ThainingAnguments defined successfully
# KAGGLE SUBMISSION INFERENCE (Adapted for Google Drive & Corrected)
import pandas as pd
import pickle # Import the pickle library
from datasets import Dataset # Ensure Dataset is imported
import os
import torch
import numpy as np
from transformers import Trainer, TrainingArguments, AutoTokenizer, DataCollatorWithPadding
# Ensure 'PeftModel', 'AutoModelForSequenceClassification' were imported earlier
# Ensure 'best_lora_model' variable holds your trained PEFT model loaded onto the base model.
# Ensure 'tokenizer' and 'data_collator' are defined from training or reloaded
# Ensure BATCH_SIZE and MAX_LENGTH constants are defined from training
print("--- KAGGLE SUBMISSION INFERENCE START ---")
# --- Mount Google Drive if not already mounted ---
from google.colab import drive
    if not os.path.exists("/content/drive/MyDrive"):
      print("Mounting Google Drive...")
```

```
drive.mount('/content/drive')
      print("Google Drive mounted.")
    else:
     print("Google Drive already mounted.")
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error mounting Google Drive: {e}")
    raise SystemExit("Google Drive mounting failed, cannot access test data.")
# --- Load the Unlabelled Test Data from PKL file ---
test_pkl_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/kaggle/input/deep-learning-spring-2025-project-2/test_unlabelled.pkl"
print(f"Attempting to load test data from: {test_pkl_path}")
    if not os.path.exists(test pkl path):
        raise FileNotFoundError(f"File not found at the specified Google Drive path: {test_pkl_path}")
    # Load the data (which we know results in a Dataset object)
    test_dataset_hf = pd.read_pickle(test_pkl_path) # Load directly into the final variable name
    print(f"Loaded test data. Object type: {type(test_dataset_hf)}")
    \mbox{\# Verify it's a Dataset} and has the 'text' feature
    if not isinstance(test dataset hf, Dataset):
          raise \ TypeError(f"Loaded \ data \ is \ not \ a \ Dataset \ object, \ but \ \{type(test\_dataset\_hf)\}") 
    if 'text' not in test_dataset_hf.features:
        raise ValueError(f"Loaded dataset does not contain the required 'text' feature. Features found: {test_dataset_hf.features}")
    print("\nTest Dataset Info:")
    print(test_dataset_hf)
    print("\nTest Dataset Features:")
    print(test_dataset_hf.features)
    print("\nFirst 5 examples:")
    print(test_dataset_hf[0:5]) # Correct way to view head
except FileNotFoundError as fnf_e:
    print(f"Error: {fnf_e}")
    print("Please double-check the file path and ensure Google Drive is mounted correctly.")
    raise SystemExit("Failed to load test data due to FileNotFoundError.")
except Exception as e:
    print(f"An unexpected error occurred during data loading: {e}")
    raise SystemExit("Failed to load or validate test data.")
# --- Set Text Column Name ---
text_column_name = "text" # Confirmed from features
# --- Preprocess/Tokenize the Test Data ---
# Define tokenization function using the correct text column name
def tokenize for inference(examples):
    return tokenizer(examples[text_column_name], truncation=True, padding="max_length", max_length=MAX_LENGTH)
print(f"\nTokenizing test data using column: '{text_column_name}'...")
# Apply map directly to the loaded dataset
tokenized_test_kaggle = test_dataset_hf.map(tokenize_for_inference, batched=True, remove_columns=[text_column_name]) # Remove original text
# Set format for PyTorch
tokenized_test_kaggle.set_format("torch")
print(f"Test data tokenized. Columns kept: {tokenized_test_kaggle.column_names}") # Show remaining columns
# --- Generate Predictions ---
print("\nGenerating predictions on Kaggle test set...")
# Ensure the model is on the correct device (GPU if available)
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available() else "cpu")
# Make sure best lora model is loaded and moved to device
if 'best_lora_model' not in locals():
     raise NameError("Variable 'best_lora_model' not defined. Load the model before inference.")
best lora model.to(device)
best_lora_model.eval() # Set model to evaluation mode
# Create a temporary Trainer for prediction
temp_training_args = TrainingArguments(
    output_dir="/content/temp_preds", # Use a writable path in Colab
    per_device_eval_batch_size=BATCH_SIZE * 2,
    fp16=torch.cuda.is_available(),
    report_to="none",
    logging_dir=None, # Disable logging for prediction
# Ensure data_collator is defined
```

```
if 'data_collator' not in locals():
    print("Warning: 'data_collator' not defined. Defining default DataCollatorWithPadding.")
    if 'tokenizer' not in locals():
        raise NameError("Cannot define data_collator because 'tokenizer' is not defined.")
    data_collator = DataCollatorWithPadding(tokenizer=tokenizer)
pred_trainer = Trainer(
    model=best_lora_model,
    args=temp_training_args,
    tokenizer=tokenizer,
    data_collator=data_collator,
print("Running prediction...")
test_predictions = pred_trainer.predict(tokenized_test_kaggle)
predicted_logits = test_predictions.predictions
# --- Generate Predicted Label IDs (0-3) --- Corrected mapping
predicted_label_ids = np.argmax(predicted_logits, axis=-1) # Direct 0-3 labels
# --- Generate Sequential IDs ---
num_predictions = len(predicted_label_ids)
print(f"Generated \ \{num\_predictions\} \ predictions.")
```