



Google Certified

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# Lesson Plan

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## 3.1 Create Bucket

- [Buckets](#) are the basic containers that hold your data.
- Unlike directories and folders, you cannot nest buckets.
- Because there are limits to bucket creation and deletion, you should design your storage applications to favor intensive object operations and relatively few buckets operations.
- Visit [name](#) and [location](#) consideration and [Storage classes](#).

1. Go to the Google Cloud Platform [Console](#).
2. Navigation > Storage (also pin it)
3. Create bucket

## 3.1.1 Bucket Name

- Must follow the requirement [instructions](#)
- Every bucket name is unique and publicly visible. So don't keep sensitive data inside name.
- After delete, you can use the same name.
- Cannot change the name of an existing bucket.

1. Give bucket name => my-test-bucket
2. Click Continue to proceed

## 3.1.2 Bucket Location

- There are different location types:
    - region is a specific geographic place, such as London.
    - dual-region is a specific pair of regions, such as Finland and the Netherlands.
    - multi-region is a large geographic area, such as the United States.
  - Good location balances latency, availability, and bandwidth costs.
1. Location type => Multiregion
  2. Location => us (multiple regions in United States)
  3. Continue

## 3.1.3 Bucket Storage Classes

- Affects the object's availability and pricing
- Objects inherits storage class of bucket.
- Changing of bucket storage class, do not change object's class, which already exists.
- See [description](#) of each class in details

1. Storage Class => Standard
2. Continue

## 3.1.4 Bucket Control Access

- Systems for granting users permission to access your buckets and objects:
- A Cloud IAM permission applied at the bucket level applies to all objects in the bucket, whereas object ACLs may vary from object to object.
- See the Bucket [Control Access](#) in details

1. Access control model => Set object-level and bucket-level permission.
2. Continue

## 3.1.5 Bucket Advanced Settings

- Systems for granting users permission to access your buckets and objects:
- Set a retention policy to specify the minimum duration that this bucket's objects must be protected from deletion or modification after they're uploaded.
- Labels are key:value pairs that allow you to group related buckets together or with other Cloud Platform resources.

1. Encryption => Google-managed key
2. Retention policy => unchecked
3. Labels =>
  - a. department : finance
  - b. usertype : gold
4. Continue
5. Try to edit bucket attributes.
6. Make the whole bucket public.



## 3.2 Upload Objects in Bucket

- You can upload multiple files by browser uploader, drag n drop files.
- Can upload entire folder, or can create empty folder inside bucket.
- When files opened in browser they are with long signed request to be able to view.
- By default these are not public, you can set [permissions](#) to view publicly.

1. View List Buckets
2. Click on newly created bucket.
3. Click => Upload files
4. Click link on newly uploaded file to view in browser.

## 3.2.1 Sharing Objects publicly

- Public objects can be accessed by anyone on the Internet. To remove public access, search for and remove 'allUsers' and 'allAuthenticatedUsers' from the object's permissions.
  - Object = File
1. Go to Objects list in bucket
  2. Left dotted button => Edit permissions
  3. Set values
    - a. Entity : User
    - b. Name : allUsers
    - c. Access : Reader
  4. View the public link
  5. Remove public permission
  6. Create folders
  7. Try to access private file with name link.

## 3.3 GCS with gsutil (command line)

- [gsutil](#) is a Python application that lets you access Cloud Storage from the command line.
- How to [guide](#) for complete set of operations using gsutil

1. Login into GCP console
2. Open cloud shell and set config
  - a. `# gcloud config list`
  - b. `# gcloud config set project project-id`
3. Perform gsutil operations e.g :
  - a. `# gsutil ls`
  - b. `# gsutil ls gs://<bucket-name>`
  - c. `# gsutil ls gs://<bucket-name>/**`
  - d. `# gsutil mb --help`