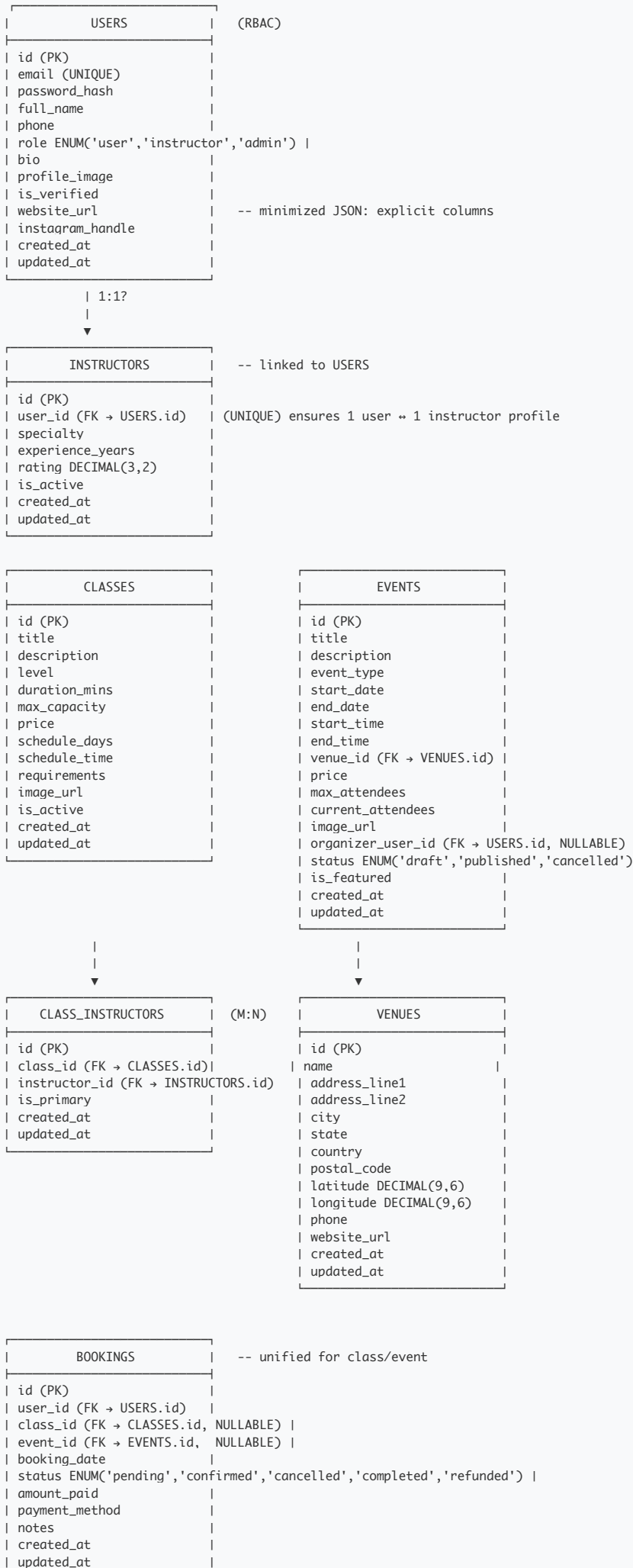


Dance Website - ERD v2 (RBAC, Venues, Styles, Unified Bookings, Transactions)

Overview

This ERD updates the prior schema to: - Merge ADMINS into USERS via RBAC (no ADMINS table) - Link INSTRUCTORS to USERS for unified accounts - Add VENUES and reference from EVENTS via venue_id - Normalize dance styles via mapping tables (EVENT_STYLES, CLASS_STYLES, USER_STYLES) - Unify BOOKINGS across classes/events with duplicate-prevention - Add TRANSACTIONS for payment/refund logging - Remove duplicated forum tables and add ON DELETE/UPDATE rules - Minimize JSON fields for MVP; prefer normalized columns - Add indexes/uniques for FKs, timestamps, start_time, and style mappings

Core Entities and Relationships



Constraints:

- CHECK ((class_id IS NOT NULL) <> (event_id IS NOT NULL)) -- exactly one set
- UNIQUE (user_id, class_id) WHERE class_id IS NOT NULL -- prevent duplicates
- UNIQUE (user_id, event_id) WHERE event_id IS NOT NULL

TRANSACTIONS	-- payment/refund logs
id (PK)	
booking_id (FK → BOOKINGS.id, NULLABLE)	
user_id (FK → USERS.id)	
provider ENUM('stripe','paypal','other')	
provider_payment_id	
provider_refund_id (NULLABLE)	
type ENUM('payment','refund','adjustment')	
status ENUM('created','succeeded','failed','refunded','cancelled')	
amount	
currency	
payload TEXT	-- raw provider payload (minimize JSON usage)
created_at	
updated_at	

DANCE_STYLES	USER_STYLES
id (PK)	id (PK)
name (UNIQUE)	user_id (FK → USERS.id)
category	style_id (FK → DANCE_STYLES.id)
is_active	proficiency ENUM('beginner','intermediate','advanced')
created_at	created_at
updated_at	updated_at

CLASS_STYLES	EVENT_STYLES
id (PK)	id (PK)
class_id (FK → CLASSES.id)	event_id (FK → EVENTS.id)
style_id (FK → DANCE_STYLES.id)	style_id (FK → DANCE_STYLES.id)
created_at	created_at
updated_at	updated_at

Constraints:

- UNIQUE (class_id, style_id)
- UNIQUE (event_id, style_id)
- UNIQUE (user_id, style_id) in USER_STYLES

FORUM_POSTS	FORUM_REPLIES
id (PK)	id (PK)
user_id (FK → USERS.id)	post_id (FK → FORUM_POSTS.id)
category	user_id (FK → USERS.id)
title	parent_id (FK → FORUM_REPLIES.id, NULLABLE)
content	content
views_count	likes_count
likes_count	is_solution
replies_count	created_at
is_pinned	updated_at
is_locked	
created_at	
updated_at	

NOTIFICATIONS	AUDIT_LOGS
id (PK)	id (PK)
user_id (FK → USERS.id)	user_id (FK → USERS.id) -- replaces admin_id
type	action
title	table_name
message	record_id
is_read	old_values TEXT
priority	new_values TEXT
action_url	ip_address
created_at	user_agent
updated_at	created_at
	updated_at

CONTACT_MESSAGES	TESTIMONIALS
id (PK)	id (PK)
name	user_id (FK → USERS.id)
email	rating
phone	message
subject	is_featured

message		created_at	
is_read		updated_at	
admin_response			
created_at			
updated_at			

PARTNER_REQUESTS	
id (PK)	
requester_id (FK → USERS.id)	
skill_level	
location_city	
availability_text	
message	
status	
created_at	
updated_at	

PARTNER_MATCHES	
id (PK)	
user1_id (FK → USERS.id)	
user2_id (FK → USERS.id)	
match_score	
status	
created_at	
updated_at	

Key Changes vs Previous ERD

- 1. Removed ADMINs table. USERS has role and all admin actions reference USERS.
- 2. INSTRUCTORS has user_id (unique), removing duplicate identity fields from instructors; social links are simplified to explicit columns on USERS.
- 3. Added VENUES and referenced by EVENTS via venue_id. Removed free-text location/address from EVENTS (moved to VENUES).
- 4. Normalized dance styles with mapping tables: USER_STYLES, CLASS_STYLES, EVENT_STYLES.
- 5. Unified BOOKINGS with constraints to prevent duplicate bookings per user per class/event.
- 6. Added TRANSACTIONS to log payments/refunds with provider IDs and status.
- 7. Forum tables are singular (FORUM_POSTS, FORUM_REPLIES). All FKs include ON DELETE/UPDATE rules below.
- 8. Minimized JSON fields: replaced preferences/tags/social_links with normalized columns or TEXT where appropriate.
- 9. Added indexes and unique constraints for performance and data integrity.

Foreign Keys and Referential Actions

Unless otherwise noted, FKs use: - ON DELETE CASCADE where child records have no meaning without parent (e.g., CLASS_INSTRUCTORS, STYLES mappings, BOOKINGS, TRANSACTIONS linked to BOOKINGS) - ON UPDATE CASCADE for id changes (rare but safe) - ON DELETE SET NULL where history should be retained without a parent (e.g., TRANSACTIONS.booking_id, EVENTS.organizer_user_id)

Examples: - INSTRUCTORS.user_id → USERS.id ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE - CLASS_INSTRUCTORS.class_id → CLASSES.id ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE - CLASS_INSTRUCTORS.instructor_id → INSTRUCTORS.id ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE - EVENTS.venue_id → VENUES.id ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE - BOOKINGS.user_id → USERS.id ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE - BOOKINGS.class_id → CLASSES.id ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE - BOOKINGS.event_id → EVENTS.id ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE - TRANSACTIONS.booking_id → BOOKINGS.id ON DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE - TRANSACTIONS.user_id → USERS.id ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE - USER_STYLES.user_id → USERS.id ON DELETE CASCADE; style_id → DANCE_STYLES.id ON DELETE RESTRICT - CLASS_STYLES.class_id → CLASSES.id ON DELETE CASCADE; style_id → DANCE_STYLES.id ON DELETE RESTRICT - EVENT_STYLES.event_id → EVENTS.id ON DELETE CASCADE; style_id → DANCE_STYLES.id ON DELETE RESTRICT - FORUM_POSTS.user_id → USERS.id ON DELETE SET NULL (optional, if you want to retain posts) or CASCADE if you prefer deletion - FORUM_REPLIES.user_id → USERS.id ON DELETE SET NULL; post_id → FORUM_POSTS.id ON DELETE CASCADE; parent_id → FORUM_REPLIES.id ON DELETE CASCADE

Indexes and Constraints

- USERS(email) UNIQUE
- USERS(role), USERS(created_at) INDEX
- INSTRUCTORS(user_id) UNIQUE, INDEX
- CLASSES(created_at), CLASSES(is_active) INDEX
- EVENTS(venue_id) INDEX, EVENTS(start_date, start_time) INDEX, EVENTS(status) INDEX
- VENUES(name), VENUES(city), VENUES(country) INDEX
- BOOKINGS(user_id) INDEX, BOOKINGS(created_at) INDEX, BOOKINGS(status) INDEX
- Unique constraints:
- USER_STYLES(user_id, style_id)
- CLASS_STYLES(class_id, style_id)
- EVENT_STYLES(event_id, style_id)
- BOOKINGS(user_id, class_id) where class_id not null
- BOOKINGS(user_id, event_id) where event_id not null
- TRANSACTIONS(provider, provider_payment_id) UNIQUE (nullable provider_refund_id can be separate unique when present)
- FORUM_POSTS(created_at), FORUM_REPLIES(created_at) INDEX

Notes on JSON Minimization

- Replaced JSON social_links with explicit columns on USERS (website_url, instagram_handle). Add more as needed.
- Replaced EVENT.tags JSON with normalized styles mapping; additional tagging can be added later as TAGS/TAG_MAPPINGS if needed.
- AUDIT_LOGS uses TEXT for old/new values to avoid complex JSON; can move to JSON later as needed.

Suggested SQL Migration Outline (RDBMS-agnostic, adjust types)

- Add USERS.role, website_url, instagram_handle
- Drop ADMINS; migrate admin rows into USERS with role='admin'
- INSTRUCTORS: add user_id UNIQUE NOT NULL; backfill from existing email/user mapping; drop duplicate identity fields if present
- Create VENUES; add EVENTS.venue_id; backfill from existing location/address; drop EVENTS.location/address
- Create DANCE_STYLES, USER_STYLES, CLASS_STYLES, EVENT_STYLES; backfill from prior dance_style columns then drop those columns
- Create unified BOOKINGS; migrate CLASS_BOOKINGS and EVENT_BOOKINGS into BOOKINGS; drop old tables
- Create TRANSACTIONS; link to BOOKINGS where applicable
- Ensure ON DELETE/UPDATE rules per above
- Create/adjust indexes and uniques per above

Open Decisions

- FORUM_POSTS/REPLIES ON DELETE behavior: choose SET NULL vs CASCADE to align with content retention policy.
- EVENTS.organizer_user_id optional; you may also want ORGANIZERS table linked to USERS similar to INSTRUCTORS.
- If you need additional user preferences later, consider a USER_PREFERENCES table rather than JSON.