

JavaFX on javac: A Case Study

September 25, 2008

JVM Language Summit

Tom Ball Google

Overview

- JavaFX Script Compiler Requirements
- Why Use javac?
- javafxc Design
- Lessons Learned

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 - Substantially improve performance
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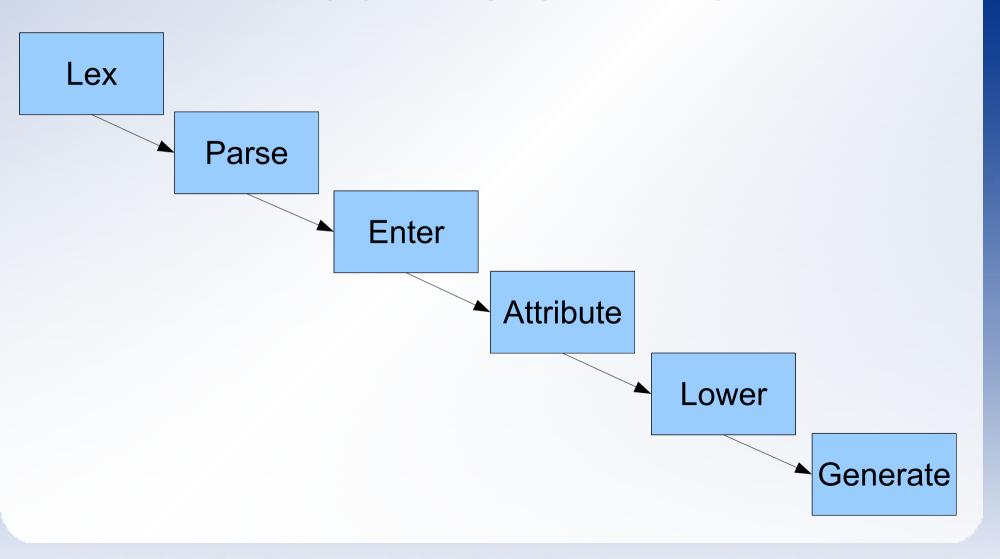
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 - Port Rewrite UI runtime

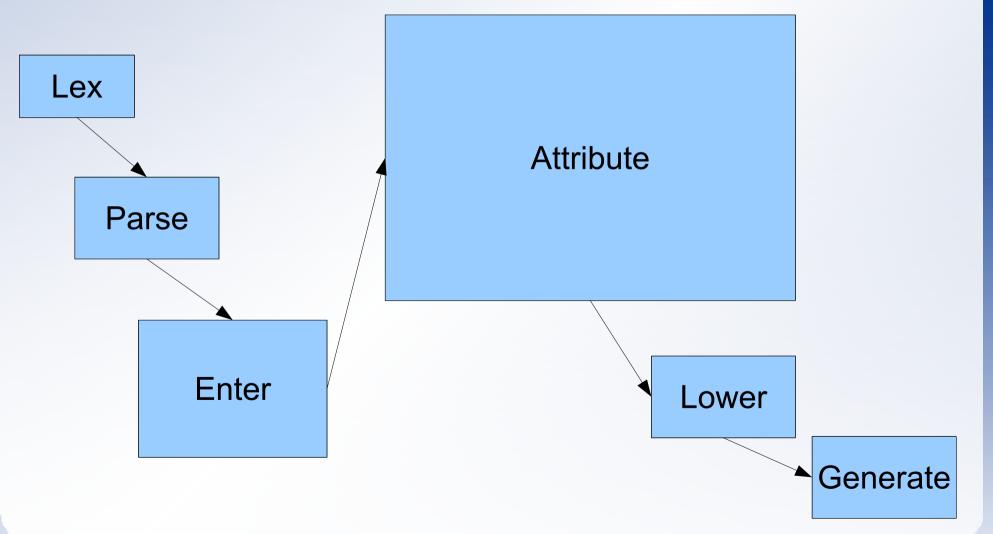
Why Use javac?

Compilers for statically-typed languages are designed as:



Why Use javac?

But over time they become:



Why Use javac?

- Wicked fast
 - Try running it hot
- Rigorous type definition and verification
 - I wanted its TCK
- Re-entrant design
 - Contexts hold service instances
 - Supports IDE editors well
- Error tolerant
 - NetBeans Java editor team work

Embrace and Extend

- All javac phases and singletons live in a Context
- Factories can be "pre-registered" for Context elements
- Subclass phases and singletons to change functionality
- Write your own Main
 - Controls phases and handles options
- Register factories in new Contexts
 - javac code doesn't need to be modified ...
 - ... except for fixing the above when necessary

javafxc Design

- Phases:
 - ANTLR-based parser
 - Great paid support from author
 - JavaFX attribution
 - JavaFX AST -> Java AST translation
 - Java Attribution, Lower phases (unmodified)
 - Generate modified to support block expressions
- JavaFX attribution phase has grown over time
 - Improved error reporting

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- Watch out for schedule mis-matches
 - Java 6, OpenJDK rollout locked javac source base
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- Run from high-visibility projects
 - Languages need time and feedback to gel
 - Execs and computer languages don't mix well



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