# Linux 基础入门之实验十二数据流重定向

### 1.数据流重定向

# (1)简单的重定向

```
Terminal 终端 - shiyanlou@a3790bf70bc1: ~
                                                                          △ _ □ X
 文件(F) 编辑(E) 视图(V) 终端(I) 标签(A) 帮助(H)
shiyanlou: 7/ $ cat
                                                                       [19:53:33] ^
hello
hello
shiyanlou
shiyanlou
shiyanlou: 7/ $ mkdir Documents
                                                                       [19:53:55]
shiyanlou: 7 $ cat > Documents/test.c << EOF</pre>
                                                                       [19:54:22]
heredoc> #include <stdio.h>
heredoc> int main()
heredoc> {
heredoc> printf("hello world\n"};
heredoc> return 0;
heredoc> }
heredoc> EOF
shiyanlou: // $ cat Documents/test.c
                                                                       [19:57:20]
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
printf("hello world\n");
return 0;
shiyanlou: 7 $ echo 'hi' | cat
                                                                       [19:57:43]
shiyanlou: 7/ $ echo 'hello shiyanlou' > redirect
                                                                       [19:58:20]
shiyanlou: 7 $ cat redirect
                                                                       [19:58:46]
hello shiyanlou
shiyanlou: 7/ $
                                                                       [19:58:55]
```

## (2)标准错误重定向

```
Terminal 终端 - shiyanlou@a3790bf70bc1: ~
                                                                        A_ 0 X
文件(E) 编辑(E) 视图(V) 终端(I) 标签(A) 帮助(H)
shiyanlou: */ $ cat Documents/test.c hello.c
                                                                   [19:58:55]
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
printf("hello world\n");
return 0;
cat: hello.c: 没有那个文件或目录
shiyanlou: // $ cat Documents/test.c hello.c > somefile
                                                                   [20:22:44]
cat: hello.c: 没有那个文件或目录
shiyanlou: / $ cat Documents/test.c hello.c >somefile 2>&1
                                                                   [20:23:18]
shiyanlou: '/ $ cat Documents/test.c hello.c &>somefilehell
                                                                   [20:24:11]
shiyanlou: 7/ $ cat somefile
                                                                   [20:24:46]
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
printf("hello world\n");
return 0;
cat: hello.c: 没有那个文件或目录
shiyanlou: 7/ $ cat somefilehell
                                                                   [20:24:52]
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
int main()
printf("hello world\n");
return 0;
cat: hello.c: 没有那个文件或目录
shiyanlou: \( \square \) $ cat somefilehell
                                                                    [20:24:52]
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
printf("hello world\n");
return 0;
cat: hello.c: 没有那个文件或目录
shiyanlou: 7/$
                                                                    [20:25:08]
```

#### (3)使用 tee 命令同时重定向多个文件

```
shiyanlou: \(^/\$\) echo 'hello shiyanlou' | tee hello [20:25:08] hello shiyanlou \( shiyanlou: \(^/\$\) cat hello [20:33:36] hello shiyanlou \( shiyanlou: \(^/\$\) [20:33:42]
```

### (4)永久重定向

```
shiyanlou: 7/ $ zsh
                                                                        [20:33:42]
shiyanlou: 7/ $ exec 1>somefile
                                                                        [20:35:57]
shiyanlou: 7 $ ls
                                                                        [20:36:06]
shiyanlou: 7 $ exit
                                                                        [20:36:07]
shiyanlou: "/ $ cat somefile
                                                                        [20:36:13]
anaconda3
Code
Desktop
Documents
hello
redirect
somefile
somefilehell
shiyanlou: 7/ $
                                                                        [20:36:18]
```

(5)创建输出文件描述符

```
Terminal 終端 - shiyanlou@a3790bf70bc1: ~
 文件(F) 编辑(E) 视图(V) 终端(T) 标签(A) 帮助(H)
shiyanlou:~/ $ zsh
shiyanlou:~/ $ exec 3>somefile
                                                                      [20:48:45]
                                                                      [20:48:52]
shiyanlou: 7/$ ls -l
                                                                      [20:49:01]
总用量 24
lrwxrwxrwx 1 shiyanlou shiyanlou
                                  10 6月
                                            9 2018 anaconda3 -> /anaconda3
drwxrwxr-x 2 shiyanlou shiyanlou 4096 6月
                                            9 2018 Code
drwxr-xr-x 2 shiyanlou shiyanlou 4096 6月
                                            9 2018 Desktop
drwxrwxr-x 2 shiyanlou shiyanlou 4096 6月
                                            4 19:57 Documents
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shiyanlou shiyanlou
                                  16 6月
                                            4 20:33 hello
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shiyanlou shiyanlou
                                  16 6月
                                            4 19:58 redirect
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shiyanlou shiyanlou
                                  0 6月
                                            4 20:49 somefile
-rw-rw-r-- 1 shiyanlou shiyanlou 111 6月
                                            4 20:24 somefilehell
shiyanlou: '/ $ cd /dev/fd/;ls -AL;cd -
                                                                      [20:49:28]
0 1 10 12 2 3
shiyanlou: "/ $ echo "this is test" >83
                                                                      [20:50:16]
shiyanlou: 7/ $ cat somefile
                                                                      [20:50:45]
this is test
shiyanlou: 7/ $ exit
                                                                      [20:50:51]
shiyanlou: 7/ $
                                                                      [20:50:59]
```

(6)关闭文件描述符

```
shiyanlou: 7 $ exec 3>8- [20:50:59]
shiyanlou: 7 $ cd /dev/fd;ls -AL;cd - [20:52:29]
0 1 10 12 2
shiyanlou: 7 $ [20:52:43]
```

- (7)完全屏蔽命令的输出
- & cat Documents/test.c nefile 1>/dev/null 2>&1
- (8)使用 xargs 分割参数列表
- \$ cut -d; -f1 < /etc/passwd | sort | xargs echo