## Big / Small:Lucere Align

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# \*\* Learning Experience Plan: "Big and Small — Not Just a Name, but a Game!"

#### **©** Core Goal:

Help the student **experience** and **notice** how "big" and "small" only make sense when compared — not just memorized labels.

#### Big Ideas (through action, not abstraction):

- "Big" and "small" are *not* about liking or disliking things.
- "Big" only means "bigger than..."
- "Small" only means "smaller than..."

## Activity Sequence: "Size Switchers"

Keep the session short (3–5 minutes), playful, and sensory-filled. End with rhythm or laughter.

#### 1. Intro Warm-Up (Move & Match)

**Materials**: Two distinctly sized but similar objects (e.g. 2 balls, 2 boxes, 2 soft blocks) — same color/shape, clearly different size.

#### Steps:

- Place one object in each hand.
- Present them side-by-side and say:
  "Look! These are not just things they're different sizes!"
- Gently tap the bigger one with a rhythm or say "BOOM!"
- Tap the smaller one with a tiny sound: "pop!"
- Invite the student to repeat: tap-tap big and small.

Why it works: Links sound, size, and physical gesture. Rhythm helps regulate and remember.

#### 2. Stack & Switch

**Materials**: 3–4 pairs of nesting cups, stacking blocks, or boxes in graduated sizes.

#### Steps:

- Invite student to build a "tower" of two blocks. You help align them.
- After it's built, say:
  "This one is big compared to this one. But watch!"
  Switch the blocks around, or replace one with an even bigger one.
- Say: "Now this one is the small one!" 😲
- Wait for emotion: surprise, laughter, curiosity.
- Repeat with a new pair. Let the student help choose.

Goal: Experience how "big" and "small" change depending on the other object.

#### 3. Size Walk (Big Steps / Small Steps)

**Space**: Open floor or mat space.

#### Steps:

- Model a "big step" with a stomp. Say: "BIG step! Boom!"
- Then a "small step" with a tiptoe. Say: "Tiny step! tippy-tippy!" 🐾
- Invite the student to try: big / small.
- Then do both next to each other: "Which one was BIGGER?" (If the student gestures or reacts emotionally, that's communication!)

**Extension**: Use objects placed apart to step *toward* big/small targets.

#### 4. Emotional Reframe Game: "Not Broken — Just Smaller!"

Use: When the student gets upset due to size mismatch or "wrong choice."

#### Script:

- "Oops! That one *looks* broken but maybe it's just small!" (Exaggerate facial expression ♀ → ⇔)
- Compare it to another: "See? Next to this one it is smaller!"

**Support**: Gently model that mismatch isn't *bad*, it's just a *clue* about relationships.

### • Language & Gestures to Model:

| Word            | Action/Gesture                       | <b>Emotion/Tone</b> |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| "Big"           | Spread arms wide / deep voice        | Strong, fun 💪       |
| "Small"         | Pinch fingers / whisper              | Gentle, playful 🐭   |
| "Compared to"   | Move hand from one object to another | Curious 🤔           |
| "Let's switch!" | Flip two items dramatically          | Surprise 🎭          |

## Signs of Understanding (don't expect pointing):

- Repeats actions with new items
- Laughs when "big becomes small" or vice versa 😂
- Moves toward one object after comparison \*\*
- Joins your rhythm or copies movement
- Calms after reframe even if not labeling ●

#### Al Prompt Template (eg. in OpenAl - response results may vary):

I am supporting a student in a special education setting.

They learn best through individualized structure, physical interaction, and relational safety.

I want to introduce or explore a learning idea — not as abstract content, but as something \*\*experienced, noticed, and made meaningful\*\* by the student.

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### The concept I'd like to explore is:

- [x] understanding \*\*"big" and "small"\*\* as relational and observable size differences — not fixed traits or labels

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### Student Learning Profile

how\_the\_student\_receives\_information:

- [x] uses visual input (e.g. object contrast, shape comparison)
- [x] responds better to movement-based learning than static visuals
- [x] learns through manipulation of physical objects not images

how the student expresses understanding:

- [x] selects or points, but sometimes inconsistently
- [x] shows understanding through building, stacking, or moving things
- [x] may use emotional cues (smiling, laughter, protest) instead of symbolic feedback

movement\_and\_physical\_support:

- [x] needs help aligning or positioning objects to compare
- [x] uses large gestures to explore space (vs. fine control)

#### abstract\_thinking\_and\_symbols:

- [x] treats "big" as exciting, strong, fast not as a measurable size
- [x] does not compare memorizes instead
- [x] may say "small" for something new or disliked
- [x] requires visible, tangible contrast for comprehension

#### learning rhythm and energy:

- [x] short bursts (3-5 mins) with fast resets
- [x] sensory-seeking needs input to stay regulated
- [x] may disengage if outcome is predictable or repetitive

#### response\_time:

- [x] touches first, thinks second
- [x] gestures with large movement, not target-specific

#### emotional\_and\_social\_support:

- [x] reacts emotionally to mismatches ("wrong size" = "broken game")
- [x] regulates through laughter or rhythm
- [x] may need adult modeling to reframe frustration when contrast fails

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#### Language: English

Tone: Supportive, clear, classroom-aware.

Use appropriate Emojis for visual harmony while reading.