

Power BI With R Integration

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Power BI with R

- This course is intended to show how to leverage R to extend Power BI capabilities and visualize outputs from R.
- This is not a Tutorial on R.



What is R

- R is an open source programming language and software environment for statistical computing and graphics
- The R language is widely used among statisticians and data miners for developing statistical software and data analysis.



What is

R Studio

RStudio is a free and open-source Integrated
 Development Environment (IDE) for R.

 RStudio is available in two editions: RStudio Desktop, where the program is run locally as a regular desktop application; and RStudio Server, which allows accessing RStudio using a web browser while it is running on a remote Linux

Installing R & R Studio



Install "R" and "R Studio"

 Download R from the Link : http://cran.us.r-project.org/

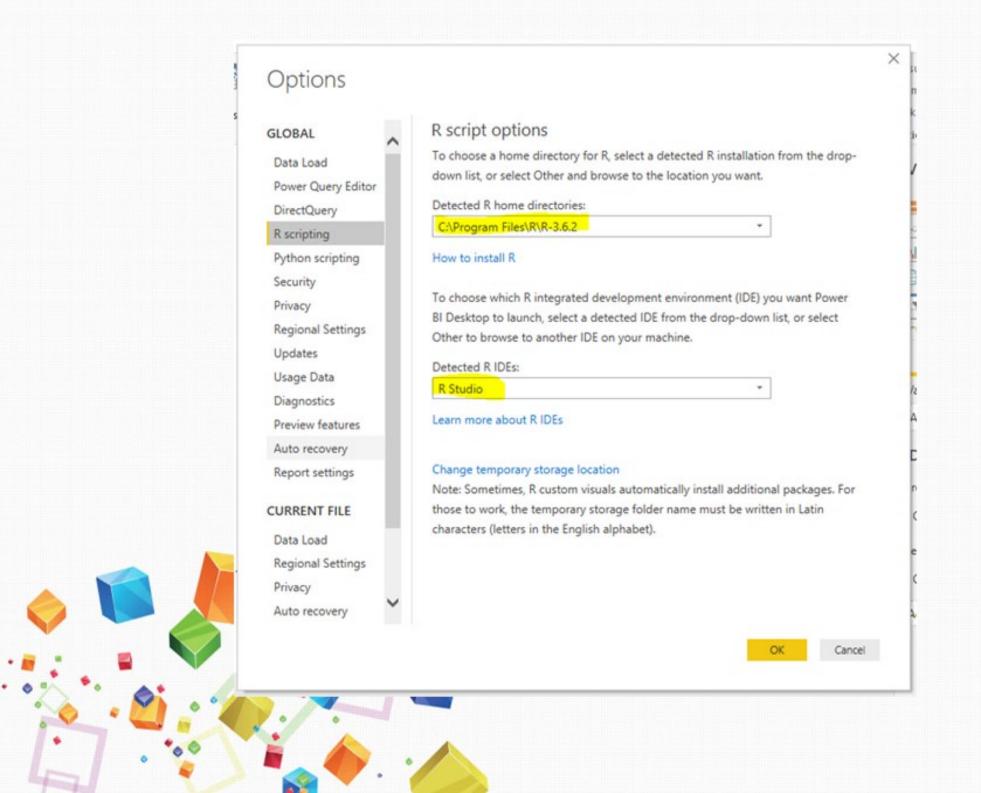
 Download R Studio from the Link: https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/downlo ad/



Enable R visuals in Power BI Desktop

- From the Power BI Desktop menu, select File > Options and settings > Options.
- On the left side of the Options page, under Global, select R scripting.
- Under R script options, verify that your local R installation is specified in Detected R home directories and that it properly reflects the local R installation you want Power BI Desktop to use.





Create R visuals in Power BI Desktop

- Select the R Visual icon in the Visualization pane to add an R visual.
- In the Enable script visuals window that appears, select Enable.
- When you add an R visual to a report, Power BI Desktop makes the following changes:
- A placeholder R visual image appears on the report canvas.
- The R script editor appears along the bottom of the center pane.

Create R visuals in Power BI Desktop (continued..)

 In the Values section of the Visualization pane, drag fields from the Fields pane that you want to consume in your R script, just as you would with any other Power BI Desktop visual. Alternatively, you can also select the fields directly in the Fields pane.



Add & Remove Fields

- Only fields that you've added to the Values section are available to your R script.
- You can add new fields or remove unneeded fields from the Values section while working on your R script in the R script editor.
- Power BI Desktop automatically detects which fields you've added or removed.



Generation of R code with Field Selection

- As you select fields, the R script
 editor generates supporting R script binding
 code for those fields in the gray section along
 the top of the editor pane.
- If you remove a field, the R script
 editor automatically removes the supporting
 code for that field.



The first few Auto Generated R Scripts:

- Create a dataframe called dataset, which is comprised of the different fields selected by the user.
- The default aggregation is: do not summarize.

 Similar to table visuals, fields are grouped and duplicate rows appear only once.



Points to Remember

- Its always easier to work on R Studio than R
- Both R & Power Bi should be installed on the same machine.
- You need packages to create visualizations in R.
 Make sure all the packages are installed in R.
- The library for R Studio should also be up & running.



- Access the field by adding dataset\$_____to your R script.
- For fields with spaces or special characters, use single quotes.
- You can create a script and Run it to see the visualization



Limitations of R Visuals

- Data sizes: Data used by an R visual for plotting is limited to 150,000 rows. If more than 150,000 rows are selected, only the top 150,000 rows are used and a message is displayed on the image.
- Resolution: All R visuals are displayed at a specific resolution (72 DPI).
- Calculation times: If an R visual calculation exceeds five minutes, it causes a time-out error.



- Relationships: As with other Power BI Desktop visuals, if data fields from different tables with no defined relationship between them are selected, an error occurs.
- Refreshes: R visuals are refreshed upon data updates, filtering, and highlighting. However, the image itself isn't interactive and can't be the source of cross-filtering.
- Highlights: R visuals respond if you highlight other visuals, but you can't select elements in the R visual to cross filter other elements.

- Each visualization in R has to be plotted in R script of Power BI. If the plots of x axis & y axis is not identified by R, you will not get the visualization.
- RRO installations: In this release, the 32-bit version of Power BI Desktop doesn't automatically identify RRO installations; you must manually provide the path to the R installation directory in **Options and** settings > **Options** > **R Scripting**.



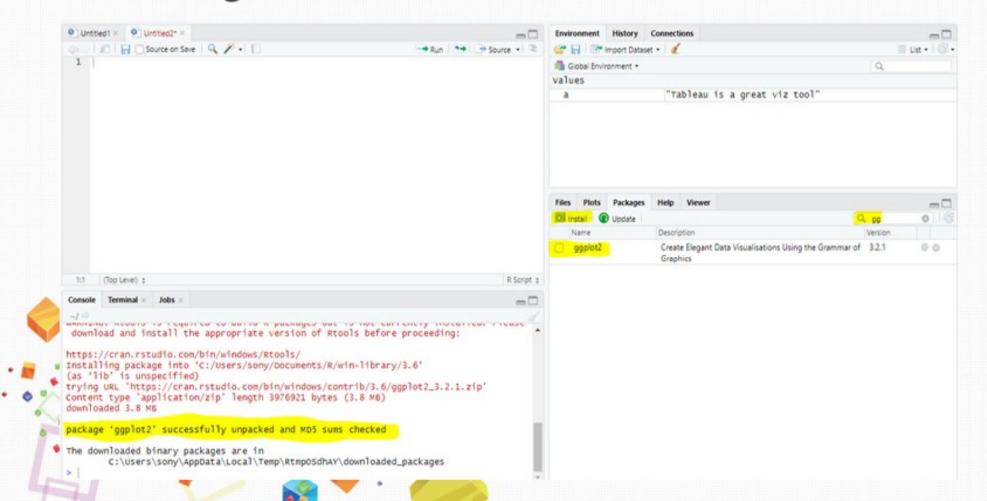
Important Link for R Manual

 R Script Showcase https://community.powerbi.com/t5/R-Script-Showcase/bd-p/RVisuals



Hands On- Create Bars

- Go to R Studio and from the Packages side download ggplot 2.
- Click on install and wait for successful install message in console.



Now go to Power BI & bring the R visual to the sheet & drop Category & Quantity to the viz and write the below Script:

- library(ggplot2)
- ggplot(dataset, aes(x= Category,y= Quantity)) + geom_bar(width=0.55,stat="identity")

Now you will be able to see the below viz:



Hands On- Create a Jitter plot

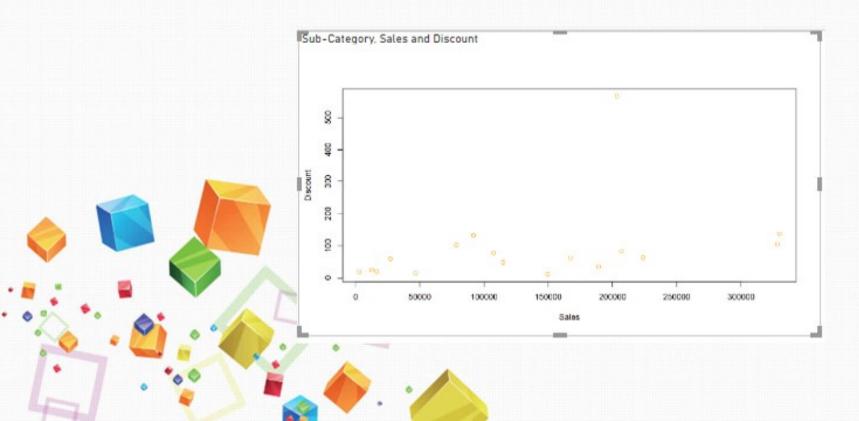
The Script for Jitter plot is as follows:
 library(ggplot2)
 ggplot(dataset, aes(x=Sales,y=Region)) +
 geom_jitter(width = 0.00,height=0.30,color="blue",alpha=0.30) +
 theme_minimal()



Hands On – Create a Scatterplot

- The Script for Scatterplot is as below:
- x <- dataset\$Sales
- y <- dataset\$Discount

plot(x,y, col="orange",xlab="Sales",ylab="Discount")



The End

