

# Tech Interview Prep Notes

Blake

## Day 1

Q: Networking Interview Questions

As of now, we don't have them scheduled.

- Restate the interview problem
- Don't jump into finding a solution (don't invest your time into one solution without investigating other option)
- Ask "Is this okay," instead of immediately explaining. The beginning: take things into your own hands. Talk from the beginning, Don't jump into coding. Edge cases:

5 mins Talking: Ensure your understanding of the problem. \* restate the question  
\* make a test case 30 mins: Develop A solution

Sample Question: Sort a List. \* homogenous types? \* sort in place or return a copy \* time or space more important \* what kind of list? Linked List? Array? \* duplicates in list? \* order? \* inplace?

- consider constraints TODO: time complexity of recursive generate all permutations TODO: RedBlack tree Explore types in python

## Counting Sort,

Linear time sorting algorithm; Desire sorted array  $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{N}^n$ , where  $n$  is a sufficiently small natural number.

1. Initialize auxiliary array  $h$  with the same length as the range of the values in  $\vec{x}$ .
2. While iterating through each element  $x_i \in \vec{x}$ , increment  $h_{x_i}$  by 1.
3. Reconstruct the sorted vector

Time: Linear in the length of the array to be sorted. Space: Linear in the range of the value of elements in the array to be sorted. Constraint: small number of unique elements, known range of elements, elements not sparse

Pseudo-Code (untested)

```
def Counting_Sort(arr: List[int]):  
    counts = [0] * len(arr)  
    for item in arr:  
        counts[item] += 1  
  
    # over-write elements  
    for i, item in enumerate(counts):  
        if item != 0:  
            arr.extend([item] * i)
```