

National College of Ireland

**Higher Diploma in Computing Software
Development, HDSDEV_SPOL23_Y2**

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TABA Report for Software Development YEAR 1

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- 1) Input, main processing, and output (IPO) charts for Question 1 and Question 2. Included in the Zip File as well.
- 2) Mapping.
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1.

Question 1)

IPO CHART – Question 1

INPUT	PROCESS	OUTPUT
Company name. Our users enter the name of the company through the keyboard. We can only use the Scanner to read it. String = companyName.	Rule A = Create the protocol, https or http, based on whether the company name has google on it or not (either lowercase or uppercase).	We have a generated URL that has the following: protocol + hostname + path String = generatedURL.
	Rule B = Create the hostname removing INC, LTD, LLC and . From the company name.	We have to display the generated URL to the user. System.out.println ().
	Rule E = Create the hostname by counting vowels in the company name. Add ".com" if there is an odd number of vowels. Add ".ie" if there is an even number of vowels. (maybe countVowelsInCompanyName)	
	Rule C = Create the hostname by replacing spaces with hyphens from the company name.	
	Rule F = Create the path based on the number of pairs of consecutive consonants in the company name. (maybe generatePathbasedOnConsonants)	
	We need to set the companyName()	
	We need to get the generatedURL()	

Figure 1 – IPO Chart showing the input, processes and outputs of the program in Question 1.

Question 2)

IPO CHART – Question 2

INPUT	PROCESS	OUTPUT
Company name. Our users enter the name of the company through the keyboard. We can only use the Scanner to read it. String = companyName.	Rule A = Create the protocol, https or http, based on whether the company name has google on it or not (either lowercase or uppercase).	We have a generated URL that has the following: protocol + hostname + path String = generatedURL.
Urls to validate. Our users have to enter an N number of URLs for validation OR for generation. We can only use the Scanner to read it. String = enterNumberOfUrls	Rule B = Create the hostname removing INC, LTD, LLC and . From the company name.	We have to display the generated URL to the user. System.out.println ().
I want a menu for the users so they can choose from: 1) Validate a URL 2) Generate a URL 3) Exit the program 4) User input is not 1, 2 or 3 (probably an IF / ELSE IF / ELSE statement).	Rule E = Create the hostname by counting vowels in the company name. Add ".com" if there is an odd number of vowels. Add ".ie" if there is an even number of vowels. (maybe countVowelsInCompanyName)	We have to display N number of URLs that are true or false. These could be the validation results.
	Rule C = Create the hostname by replacing spaces with hyphens from the company name.	
	Rule F = Create the path based on the number of pairs of consecutive consonants in the company name. (maybe generatePathbasedOnConsonants)	
	We need to set the companyName()	
	We need to get the generatedURL()	
	We need to create a Boolean array to validate the results of the url Generator.	
	We need to create an array to store the number of the URLs that our user wants to validate. And we need to validate our URLs. (validateURLs())?	

Figure 2 – IPO Chart showing the input, processes and outputs of the program in Question 2.

2.

Last year we did a lot of charts and diagrams with Chetna in OOS, like Use Cases, etc but I am not familiar with the following:

The specific digits, mapped to the options/requirements that you have used to develop your applications.

3.

A) URLGenerator.java class (Instantiable class)

```
/*
Title: URLGenerator.java
Author: Miguel Angel Vinas
Date: 5th January, 2024
Purpose: Software Development TABA for National College Of Ireland
*/

//Instantiable Class

public class URLGenerator
{
    //These are the variables that we are going to use
    private String companyName;
    private String generatedURL;

    //Here is our constructor. We are going to use to initialize this
class.
    public URLGenerator()
    {
        companyName = "";
        generatedURL = "";
    }

    //Setter method to generate the company name.
    public void setCompanyName(String companyName)
    {
        this.companyName = companyName;
    }

    //Getter method to return the generated URL.
    public String getGeneratedURL()
    {
        return generatedURL;
    }

    //This is our compute method to generate and create the URL.
    //We have several rules that we have to apply to generate and create
the URL.
    //So we are going to break the compute method in the different rules
before we create the URL.
    public void compute()
    {
        //Rule A = If the company name contains the word "Google"
regardless of case, use "https". Otherwise use "http"
        //We are going to use a ternary operator (? :) to determine the
protocol.
        //We are converting the companyName string to a lowercase and
```

```

checking if the companyName contains a substring "google"
    //By using the ternary operator (? :), if the companyName contains
google then we are setting https, else we are using http.
    //In other words, our condition to be true is that the companyName
contains google, if that's true we assign https, else we assign http.
    String protocol = (companyName.toLowerCase().contains("google")) ?
"https" : "http";

    //Rule B = Remove any instances of Inc., Ltd., or LLC, from the
company name.
    //We are going to generate the hostname by calling the
generateHostname() method.
    //This method is going to be responsible for generating the
hostname based on the rule above.
    //The result is stored in the hostname variable so we can use it
later.
    String hostname = generateHostname();

    //Rule F = Count the number of pairs of consonants next to each
other in the company name.
    //If there are no pairs the path name should be "index", 1-3
consonant pairs contain "contactDetails", 3+ pairs "basket"
    //We are going to generate the path by calling the generatePath()
method.
    //This method is going to be responsible for generating the path
based on the rule above.
    //The result is stored in the path variable so we can use it later.
    String path = generatePath();

    //We are going to construct the URL now, based on the code and
rules above.
    generatedURL = protocol + "://" + hostname + "/" + path;
}

//Method to generate the hostname.

private String generateHostname()
{
    //Rule C = Eliminate all spaces between the words in the company
name and replace them with hyphens e.g., '-'.
    String processedName = companyName.replaceAll("\\s+", "-");

    //Rule B = Remove any instances of Inc., Ltd., or LLC, from the
company name.
    processedName =
processedName.replaceAll("(?i)\\b(?:Inc\\.|Ltd\\.|LLC)\\b", "");

    //Count the vowels and append either .com or .ie based on the
number of vowels in the name.
    int vowelCount = countVowels (processedName);
    processedName += (vowelCount % 2 == 0) ? ".com" : ".ie";

    return processedName;
}

//Method to count vowels.
private int countVowels (String input)
{
    //This is our string where we put all the vowels in lowercase and
uppercase.

```

```

String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU";
//And we initialize a counter to count them.
int count = 0;
//We are getting the length of the string that has been inputted.
int length = input.length();

//And we are iterating through each character of the string
for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
{
    //We are checking if the current character is a vowel by
checking if it is in the input substring.
    if (vowels.contains (input.substring(i, i +1)))
    {
        //If it is, we increment the count.
        count++;
    }
}
//And we return the count of the vowels in the string inputted.
return count;
}
//Method to generate the path
private String generatePath()
{
    //Count the pairs of consecutive consonants to determine the path.
    int pairCount = countConsonantPairs();

    if (pairCount == 0)
    {
        return "index";
    }
    else if (pairCount <= 3)
    {
        return "contactDetails";
    }
    else
    {
        return "basket";
    }
}

//Method to count pairs of consecutive consonants.
//It is similar to the countvowels method.
private int countConsonantPairs()
{
    //We are defining a string that contains all the consonants in
lowercase and uppercase.
    String consonants = "bcd fghjklmnpqrstvwxyzBCDFGHJKLMNPQRSTVWXYZ";

    //And we are initializing our counter to count the pairs of
consecutive consonants.
    int pairCount = 0;

    //We are getting the length of the string.
    int length = companyName.length();

    //And we are iterating through each character.
    for (int i = 0; i < length -1; i++)
    {
        //We are extracting the current character and the next
character from the string
        String currentChar = companyName.substring(i, i +1);
    }
}

```

```

        String nextChar = companyName.substring(i + 1, i + 2);

        //And we are checking if both (current and next characters) are
        consonants by checking our "consonants" string.
        if (consonants.contains(currentChar) &&
            consonants.contains(nextChar))
        {
            //If both are, we are incrementing the count of pairs of
            consonants.
            pairCount++;
        }
    }
    //And we are returning the total count of pairs of consecutive
    consonants.
    return pairCount;
}
}

```

B) URLGeneratorApp.java class (Main class)

```

/*
Title: URLGeneratorApp.java
Author: Miguel Angel Vinas
Date: 5th January, 2024
Purpose: Software Development TABA for National College Of Ireland
*/

import java.util.Scanner;

//App Class
public class URLGeneratorApp
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        //We are creating an instance of our URLGenerator class.
        URLGenerator urlGenerator = new URLGenerator();

        //We are going to get the company name from the user through the
        Scanner.
        //(I would have loved to use the JPanel though!)
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println ("Please, enter the company name that you want
        to generate a URL for: ");
        String companyName = scanner.nextLine();

        //We are going to set the company name.
        urlGenerator.setCompanyName(companyName);

        //We are going to generate the URL.
        urlGenerator.compute();

        //We are going to display the generated URL.
        System.out.println ("Here is your generated URL: " +
        urlGenerator.getGeneratedURL());
        System.out.println ("Thank you very much for using: THE
        GENERATOR!");
        System.out.println (" ");
    }
}

```

```

        //We are closing the scanner because it is good practice. Thanks
Francis!!
        scanner.close();
    }
}

```

4.

A) URLGenerator.java class (Instantiable class)

```

/*
Title: URLGenerator.java
Author: Miguel Angel Vinas
Date: 5th January, 2024
Purpose: Software Development TABA for National College Of Ireland
*/

//Instantiable Class

import org.jetbrains.annotations.NotNull;

public class URLGenerator
{
    //These are the variables that we are going to use
    private String companyName;
    private String generatedURL;

    //Here is our constructor. We are going to use to initialize this
class.
    public URLGenerator()
    {
        companyName = "";
        generatedURL = "";
    }

    //Setter method to generate the company name.
    public void setCompanyName(String companyName)
    {
        this.companyName = companyName;
    }

    //Getter method to return the generated URL.
    public String getGeneratedURL()
    {
        return generatedURL;
    }

    //This is our compute method to generate and create the URL.
    //We have several rules that we have to apply to generate and create
the URL.
    //So we are going to break the compute method in the different rules
before we create the URL.
    public void compute()
    {
        //Rule A = If the company name contains the word "Google"
regardless of case, use "https". Otherwise use "http"
        //We are going to use a ternary operator (? :) to determine the
protocol.
        //We are converting the companyName string to a lowercase and

```



```

checking if the companyName contains a substring "google"
    //By using the ternary operator (? :), if the companyName contains
google then we are setting https, else we are using http.
    //In other words, our condition to be true is that the companyName
contains google, if that's true we assign https, else we assign http.
    String protocol = (companyName.toLowerCase().contains("google")) ?
"https" : "http";

    //Rule B = Remove any instances of Inc., Ltd., or LLC, from the
company name.
    //We are going to generate the hostname by calling the
generateHostname() method.
    //This method is going to be responsible for generating the
hostname based on the rule above.
    //The result is stored in the hostname variable so we can use it
later.
    String hostname = generateHostname();

    //Rule F = Count the number of pairs of consonants next to each
other in the company name.
    //If there are no pairs the path name should be "index", 1-3
consonant pairs contain "contactDetails", 3+ pairs "basket"
    //We are going to generate the path by calling the generatePath()
method.
    //This method is going to be responsible for generating the path
based on the rule above.
    //The result is stored in the path variable so we can use it later.
    String path = generatePath();

    //We are going to construct the URL now, based on the code and
rules above.
    generatedURL = protocol + "://" + hostname + "/" + path;
}

//Method to generate the hostname.

@NotNull
private String generateHostname()
{
    //Rule C = Eliminate all spaces between the words in the company
name and replace them with hyphens e.g., '-'.
    String processedName = companyName.replaceAll("\\s+", "-");

    //Rule B = Remove any instances of Inc., Ltd., or LLC, from the
company name.
    processedName =
processedName.replaceAll("(?i)\\b(?:Inc\\.|Ltd\\.|LLC)\\b", "");

    //Count the vowels and append either .com or .ie based on the
number of vowels in the name.
    int vowelCount = countVowels (processedName);
    processedName += (vowelCount % 2 == 0) ? ".com" : ".ie";

    return processedName;
}

//Method to count vowels.
private int countVowels (String input)
{
    //This is our string where we put all the vowels in lowercase and
uppercase.

```

```

String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU";
//And we initialize a counter to count them.
int count = 0;
//We are getting the length of the string that has been inputted.
int length = input.length();

//And we are iterating through each character of the string
for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
{
    //We are checking if the current character is a vowel by
checking if it is in the input substring.
    if (vowels.contains (input.substring(i, i +1)))
    {
        //If it is, we increment the count.
        count++;
    }
}
//And we return the count of the vowels in the string inputted.
return count;
}
//Method to generate the path
private String generatePath()
{
    //Count the pairs of consecutive consonants to determine the path.
    int pairCount = countConsonantPairs();

    if (pairCount == 0)
    {
        return "index";
    }
    else if (pairCount <= 3)
    {
        return "contactDetails";
    }
    else
    {
        return "basket";
    }
}

//Method to count pairs of consecutive consonants.
//It is similar to the countvowels method.
private int countConsonantPairs()
{
    //We are defining a string that contains all the consonants in
lowercase and uppercase.
    String consonants = "bcd fghjklmnpqrstvwxyzBCDFGHJKLMNPQRSTVWXYZ";

    //And we are initializing our counter to count the pairs of
consecutive consonants.
    int pairCount = 0;

    //We are getting the length of the string.
    int length = companyName.length();

    //And we are iterating through each character.
    for (int i = 0; i < length -1; i++)
    {
        //We are extracting the current character and the next
character from the string
        String currentChar = companyName.substring(i, i +1);
    }
}

```

```

        String nextChar = companyName.substring(i + 1, i + 2);

        //And we are checking if both (current and next characters) are
        consonants by checking our "consonants" string.
        if (consonants.contains(currentChar) &&
            consonants.contains(nextChar))
        {
            //If both are, we are incrementing the count of pairs of
            consonants.
            pairCount++;
        }
    }
    //And we are returning the total count of pairs of consecutive
    consonants.
    return pairCount;
}

//Here is the method to validate Google URLs
public boolean[] validateGoogleURLs(String[] urls)
{
    boolean[] validationResults = new boolean[urls.length];

    for (int i = 0; i < urls.length; i++)
    {
        validationResults[i] = validateGoogleURL(urls[i]);
    }

    return validationResults;
}

// Method to validate a single Google URL
private boolean validateGoogleURL(String url)
{
    //The rules for validating the Google URLs are:
    //1) It must contain "Google" in the hostname.
    //2) The hostname can only contain the extension ".ie" or ".com".
    //3) It cannot be shorter than 6 characters.
    //4) It can only contain letters (a-z, A-Z), digits (0-9), hyphens
    (-), forward slashes (/), and periods (.).

    String lowercaseUrl = url.toLowerCase();

    boolean containsGoogle = lowercaseUrl.contains("google");
    boolean validHostname =
lowercaseUrl.matches(".*\\bgoogle\\b.*\\.(com|ie).*");
    boolean validLength = url.length() >= 6;
    boolean validCharacters = url.matches("[a-zA-Z0-9/\\-\\.]+");

    return containsGoogle && validHostname && validLength &&
validCharacters;

    //I cannot make this method work, same as with the previous one in
    Question 1 regarding the LLD and etc!.
}
}

```

B) URLGeneratorApp.java class (Main class)

```

/*
Title: URLGeneratorApp.java
Author: Miguel Angel Vinas

```

Date: 5th January, 2024

Purpose: Software Development TABA for National College Of Ireland

*/

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
//App Class
```

```
public class URLGeneratorApp
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void main (String[] args)
```

```
    {
```

```
        //We are creating an instance of our URLGenerator class.
```

```
        URLGenerator urlGenerator = new URLGenerator();
```

```
        //We are going to get the company name from the user through the Scanner.
```

```
        //(I would have loved to use the JPanel though!)
```

```
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        //We want for the user to choose what he / she wants to do, either generate a URL or validate a URL.
```

```
        //And we want to create an infinite loop so the user HAS to make a valid choice!.
```

```
        //In order to do so we are going to use the while (true) construct.
```

```
        while (true)
```

```
        {
```

```
            //Here we are displaying the menu.
```

```
            System.out.println("Please choose an option.");
```

```
            System.out.println("1: Generate URLs.");
```

```
            System.out.println("2: Validate URLs.");
```

```
            System.out.println("3: Exit the program.");
```

```
            System.out.println("Enter either 1, 2 or 3, depending on what you want to do.");
```

```
            System.out.println("Thanks.");
```

```
            //We are storing the user's choice in an integer.
```

```
            int choice = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
            scanner.nextLine();
```

```
            //And we are going to perform the choice.
```

```
            if (choice == 1)
```

```
            {
```

```
                //We are going to execute the generateURLs method.
```

```
                generateURLs(urlGenerator, scanner);
```

```
            }
```

```
            else if (choice == 2)
```

```
            {
```

```
                //We are going to execute the validateURLs method.
```

```
                validateURLs(urlGenerator, scanner);
```

```
            }
```

```
            else if (choice == 3)
```

```
            {
```

```
                //We are going to exit the loop and end the program
```

```
                System.out.println ("Thank you very much for using Miguel Angel Vinas' program: THE VALIDATOR!");
```

```
                System.out.println ("See you soon!");
```

```
                System.out.println (" ");
```

```
                break;
```

```
            }
```

```
            else
```

```
            {
```

```

        //We are going to tell the user that the choice is not
        valid... and ask to enter a valid choice!.
        System.out.println ("It seems like you have tried to enter
        a choice that is not 1, 2 or 3.");
        System.out.println ("Please make a choice again.");
        System.out.println (" ");
    }

    }

    //We are closing the scanner because it is good practice. Thanks
    Francis!!
    scanner.close();
}

//This is the method to generate URLs.
private static void generateURLs (URLGenerator urlGenerator, Scanner
scanner)
{
    //We are asking the user for the company name
    System.out.println ("Please, enter the company name that you want
    to generate a URL for: ");
    String companyName = scanner.nextLine();

    //We are going to set the company name.
    urlGenerator.setCompanyName (companyName);

    //We are going to generate the URL.
    urlGenerator.compute();

    //We are going to display the generated URL.
    System.out.println ("Here is your generated URL: " +
    urlGenerator.getGeneratedURL());
    System.out.println ("Thank you very much for using: THE
    GENERATOR!");
    System.out.println (" ");
}

//This is the method validate URLs
//We are passing the URLGenerator and the scanner as parameters.
private static void validateURLs (URLGenerator urlGenerator, Scanner
scanner)
{
    //We are asking the user for the number of URLs to validate.
    System.out.print("Enter the number of URLs to validate: ");
    int numberOfURLs = scanner.nextInt();
    scanner.nextLine();

    //We are creating an array to store the number of URLs that the
    user wants to validate.
    String[] urls = new String[numberOfURLs];

    //We are asking the user to input each URL.
    for (int i = 0; i < numberOfURLs; i++)
    {
        System.out.print("Enter URL " + (i + 1) + ": ");
        urls[i] = scanner.nextLine();
    }

    //And we are validating the URLs.
    boolean[] validationResults =
    urlGenerator.validateGoogleURLs(urls);

```

```
        //And after that validating them, we are displaying the validation
results.
        System.out.println("Validation results:");
        for (int i = 0; i < numberOfURLs; i++)
        {
            System.out.println("URL " + (i + 1) + ": " +
validationResults[i]);
            System.out.println (" ");
        }
    }
}
```