



SMART CONTRACT AUDIT

 interfinetwork

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PREPARED FOR

SIMPLEAI



INTRODUCTION

Auditing Firm	InterFi Network
Client Firm	SimpleAI
Methodology	Automated Analysis, Manual Code Review
Language	Solidity
Contract	0xfda0C66e042d111110Be91BdC13180B08A8823AF
Blockchain	Base
Centralization	Active Ownership
Commit	085f9793f8191b2da63b33207c390a24b4a0d2c6
Website	https://smplai.io
Telegram	https://t.me/SMPL_AI
X (Twitter)	https://x.com/SimpleAI
Discord	https://discord.gg/smplai
Report Date	February 05, 2025

 Verify the authenticity of this report on our website: <https://www.github.com/interfinetwork>



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

InterFi has performed the automated and manual analysis of solidity codes. Solidity codes were reviewed for common contract vulnerabilities and centralized exploits. Here's a quick audit summary:

Status	Critical ●	Major ●	Medium ●	Minor ●	Unknown ●
Open	0	0	0	3	0
Acknowledged	0	0	2	2	1
Resolved	0	1	0	2	0
Noteworthy Privileges	setSwapThreshold, setAutomatedMarketMakerPair, withdrawStuckETH, withdrawStuckTokens				

Please note that smart contracts deployed on blockchains aren't resistant to exploits, vulnerabilities and/or hacks. Blockchain and cryptography assets utilize new and emerging technologies. These technologies present a high level of ongoing risks. For a detailed understanding of risk severity, source code vulnerability, and audit limitations, kindly review the audit report thoroughly.

Please note that centralization privileges regardless of their inherited risk status - constitute an elevated impact on smart contract safety and security.

Please note that the absence of public KYC verification of the project owners, team members, or deployers associated with SimpleAI. Typically, third-party KYC processes are instrumental in ensuring the transparency and accountability of a project's leadership, thereby enhancing user trust and regulatory compliance.



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SCOPE OF WORK

InterFi was consulted by SimpleAI to conduct the smart contract audit of their solidity source codes.

The audit scope of work is strictly limited to mentioned solidity file(s) only:

- SimpleAI.sol

 If source codes are not deployed on the main net, they can be modified or altered before main-net deployment. Verify the contract's deployment status below:

Public Contract Link	
https://basescan.org/token/0xfda0c66e042d11110be91bdc13180b08a8823af#code	
Contract Name	SimpleAIToken
Compiler Version	0.8.28
License	MIT



AUDIT METHODOLOGY

Smart contract audits are conducted using a set of standards and procedures. Mutual collaboration is essential to performing an effective smart contract audit. Here's a brief overview of InterFi's auditing process and methodology:

CONNECT

- The onboarding team gathers source codes, and specifications to make sure we understand the size, and scope of the smart contract audit.

AUDIT

- Automated analysis is performed to identify common contract vulnerabilities. We may use the following third-party frameworks and dependencies to perform the automated analysis:
 - Remix IDE Developer Tool
 - Open Zeppelin Code Analyzer
 - SWC Vulnerabilities Registry
 - DEX Dependencies, e.g., Pancakeswap, Uniswap
- Simulations are performed to identify centralized exploits causing contract and/or trade locks.
- A manual line-by-line analysis is performed to identify contract issues and centralized privileges.

We may inspect below mentioned common contract vulnerabilities, and centralized exploits:

Centralized Exploits	<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Token Supply Manipulation○ Access Control and Authorization○ Assets Manipulation○ Ownership Control○ Liquidity Access○ Stop and Pause Trading○ Ownable Library Verification
----------------------	---



Common Contract Vulnerabilities

- Integer Overflow
- Lack of Arbitrary limits
- Incorrect Inheritance Order
- Typographical Errors
- Requirement Violation
- Gas Optimization
- Coding Style Violations
- Re-entrancy
- Third-Party Dependencies
- Potential Sandwich Attacks
- Irrelevant Codes
- Divide before multiply
- Conformance to Solidity Naming Guides
- Compiler Specific Warnings
- Language Specific Warnings

REPORT

- The auditing team provides a preliminary report specifying all the checks which have been performed and the findings thereof.
- The client's development team reviews the report and makes amendments to solidity codes.
- The auditing team provides the final comprehensive report with open and unresolved issues.

PUBLISH






- The client may use the audit report internally or disclose it publicly.

 It is important to note that there is no pass or fail in the audit, it is recommended to view the audit as an unbiased assessment of the safety of solidity codes.



RISK CATEGORIES

A successful external attack may allow the external attacker to directly exploit. A successful centralization-related exploit may allow the privileged role to directly exploit. All risks which are identified in the audit report are categorized:

Risk Type	Definition
Critical 	These risks pose immediate and severe threats, such as asset theft, data manipulation, or complete loss of contract functionality. They are often easy to exploit and can lead to significant, irreparable damage. Immediate fix is required.
Major 	These risks can significantly impact code performance and security, and they may indirectly lead to asset theft and data loss. They can allow unauthorized access or manipulation of sensitive functions if exploited. Fixing these risks are important.
Medium 	These risks may create attack vectors under certain conditions. They may enable minor unauthorized actions or lead to inefficiencies that can be exploited indirectly to escalate privileges or impact functionality over time.
Minor 	These risks may include inefficiencies, lack of optimizations, code-style violations. These should be addressed to enhance overall code quality and maintainability.
Unknown 	These risks pose uncertain severity to the contract or those who interact with it. Immediate fix is required to mitigate risk uncertainty.

All statuses which are identified in the audit report are categorized here:

Status Type	Definition
Open	Risks are open.
Acknowledged	Risks are acknowledged, but not fixed.
Resolved	Risks are acknowledged and fixed.



CENTRALIZED PRIVILEGES

Centralization risk is the most common cause of cryptography asset loss. When a smart contract has a privileged role, the risk related to centralization is elevated.

There are some well-intended reasons have privileged roles, such as:

- Privileged roles can be granted the power to pause() the contract in case of an external attack.
- Privileged roles can use functions like, include(), and exclude() to add or remove wallets from fees, swap checks, and transaction limits. This is useful to run a presale and to list on an exchange.

Authorizing privileged roles to externally-owned-account (EOA) is dangerous. Lately, centralization-related losses are increasing in frequency and magnitude.

- The client can lower centralization-related risks by implementing below mentioned practices:
- Privileged role's private key must be carefully secured to avoid any potential hack.
- Privileged role should be shared by multi-signature (multi-sig) wallets.
- Authorized privilege can be locked in a contract, user voting, or community DAO can be introduced to unlock the privilege.
- Renouncing the contract ownership, and privileged roles.
- Remove functions with elevated centralization risk.

 Understand the project's initial asset distribution. Assets in the liquidity pair should be locked. Assets outside the liquidity pair should be locked with a release schedule.



AUTOMATED ANALYSIS

Symbol	Definition
	Function modifies state
	Function is payable
	Function is internal
	Function is private
!	Function is important

```

| **IUniswapV2Factory** | Interface | |||
|  | createPair | External ! |  |NO ! |
|||||
| **IUniswapV2Router02** | Interface | |||
|  | factory | External ! | |NO ! |
|  | WETH | External ! | |NO ! |
|  | swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens | External ! |  |NO ! |
|||||
| **SimpleAIToken** | Implementation | ERC20, Ownable, ReentrancyGuard |||
|  | <Constructor> | Public ! |  | ERC20 Ownable |
|  | approve | Public ! |  |NO ! |
|  | increaseAllowance | Public ! |  |NO ! |
|  | decreaseAllowance | Public ! |  |NO ! |
|  | _update | Internal  |  | |
|  | setSwapThreshold | External ! |  | onlyOwner |
|  | setAutomatedMarketMakerPair | External ! |  | onlyOwner |
|  | swapTokensForEth | Private  | nonReentrant | |
|  | withdrawStuckETH | External ! |  | onlyOwner |

```

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| ^L | withdrawStuckTokens | External ! | 🔴 | onlyOwner |

| ^L | renounceOwnership | Public ! | 🔴 | onlyOwner |

| ^L | <Receive Ether> | External ! | 🚫 | NO ! |

|||||

| ****ReentrancyGuard**** | Implementation | |||

| ^L | <Constructor> | Public ! | 🔴 | NO ! |

| ^L | _nonReentrantBefore | Private 🔒 | 🔴 | |

| ^L | _nonReentrantAfter | Private 🔒 | 🔴 | |

| ^L | _reentrancyGuardEntered | Internal 🔒 | | |

|||||

| ****Ownable**** | Implementation | Context |||

| ^L | <Constructor> | Public ! | 🔴 | NO ! |

| ^L | owner | Public ! | | NO ! |

| ^L | _checkOwner | Internal 🔒 | | |

| ^L | renounceOwnership | Public ! | 🔴 | onlyOwner |

| ^L | transferOwnership | Public ! | 🔴 | onlyOwner |

| ^L | _transferOwnership | Internal 🔒 | 🔴 | |

|||||

| ****ERC20**** | Implementation | Context, IERC20, IERC20Metadata, IERC20Errors |||

| ^L | <Constructor> | Public ! | 🔴 | NO ! |

| ^L | name | Public ! | | NO ! |

| ^L | symbol | Public ! | | NO ! |

| ^L | decimals | Public ! | | NO ! |

| ^L | totalSupply | Public ! | | NO ! |

| ^L | balanceOf | Public ! | | NO ! |

| ^L | transfer | Public ! | 🔴 | NO ! |

| ^L | allowance | Public ! | | NO ! |

| ^L | approve | Public ! | 🔴 | NO ! |



```

|  L | transferFrom | Public ! |  NO ! |
|  L | _transfer | Internal  |  NO ! |
|  L | _update | Internal  |  NO ! |
|  L | _mint | Internal  |  NO ! |
|  L | _burn | Internal  |  NO ! |
|  L | _approve | Internal  |  NO ! |
|  L | _approve | Internal  |  NO ! |
|  L | _spendAllowance | Internal  |  NO ! |

|||||

| **IERC20Errors** | Interface |   |||
|||||

| **IERC721Errors** | Interface |   |||
|||||

| **IERC1155Errors** | Interface |   |||
|||||

| **Context** | Implementation |   ||| |
|  L | _msgSender | Internal  |   |||
|  L | _msgData | Internal  |   |||
|  L | _contextSuffixLength | Internal  |   |||

|||||

| **IERC20Metadata** | Interface | IERC20 |||
|  L | name | External ! |   |NO ! |
|  L | symbol | External ! |   |NO ! |
|  L | decimals | External ! |   |NO ! |

|||||

| **IERC20** | Interface |   |||
|  L | totalSupply | External ! |   |NO ! |
|  L | balanceOf | External ! |   |NO ! |
|  L | transfer | External ! |  NO ! |

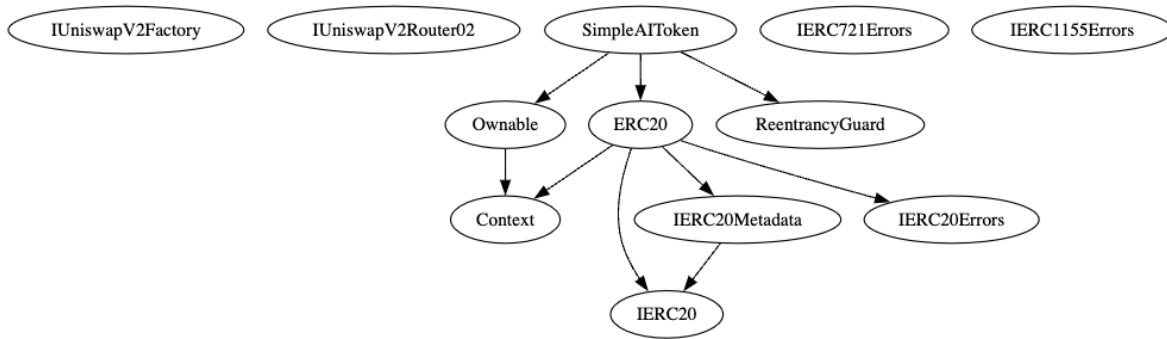
```

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^L	allowance	External !		NO !
^L	approve	External !	●	NO !
^L	transferFrom	External !	●	NO !

INHERITANCE GRAPH



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MANUAL REVIEW

Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-01	Centralized privileges	Medium ●

Important on ly0wner centralized privileges are listed below:

```

setSwapThreshold
setAutomatedMarketMakerPair
withdrawStuckETH
withdrawStuckTokens
renounceOwnership
transferOwnership

```

RECOMMENDATION

Securing private keys or access credentials of deployers, contract owners, operators, and other roles with privileged access is crucial to prevent single points of failure that can compromise contract security.


Use of multi-signature wallets is recommended – These wallets require multiple authorizations to execute sensitive contract functions, reducing the risk associated with single-party control.

Use of decentralized governance model is recommended – This model allows token holders and stakeholders to actively participate in decision-making, such as contract upgrades and parameter adjustments, enhancing overall security and resilience.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

SimpleAI team argued that centralized and controlled privileges are used as required.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
CEN-02	Initial token allocation	Minor 

Upon deployment, all initially minted tokens are transferred to the contract deployer. It could be an issue as the deployer can distribute tokens without consulting the community.

```
uint256 private constant TOTAL_SUPPLY = 100_000_000 * 10**18;
```


RECOMMENDATION

Establish transparent tokenomics model that involves community input in the decision-making process regarding token allocation.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

SimpleAI team has clarified that initial token allocation will adhere strictly to pre-determined tokenomics outlined in project documentation.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
LOG-01	Insufficient input boundaries	Minor 

Below mentioned function is set without sufficient input boundaries:

setSwapThreshold

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RECOMMENDATION

Establish clear upper or lower boundaries. All operational parameters remain within safe and rational ranges.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
LOG-02	Potential front-running	Minor 

Potential front-running happens when an attacker observes a transaction swapping tokens or adding liquidity without setting restrictions on slippage or minimum output amount. The attacker can manipulate the exchange rate by front-running a transaction to purchase assets and make profits by back-running a transaction to sell assets. Below mentioned functions are called without setting restrictions on slippage or minimum output:

```
_update
swapTokensForEth
```

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RECOMMENDATION

Functions that execute critical state changes should enforce minimum output thresholds. Setting these minimums above zero can deter malicious actors by reducing the predictability and profitability of front-running strategies.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Front-running is not avoidable on public blockchains. SimpleAI team commented that, most EVM chains are prone to some sort of front-running and external manipulation.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
LOG-03	Re-entrancy	Medium 🟡
LOG-04	Checks-Effects-Interactions	

Below mentioned functions are used without Re-entrancy guard:

withdrawStuckETH

RECOMMENDATION

Use Checks-Effects-Interactions (CEI) pattern when transferring control to external entities. This design pattern ensures that all state changes are completed before external interactions occur. Additionally, implement re-entrancy guard to block recursive calls from external contracts.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

While taxWallet is set by the project team and is assumed to be a trusted address, best practices dictate caution when transferring ETH to an external address.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-01	Fee mechanism bypass	Major 🟡

_update function relies on _isContract to determine whether a transaction is a buy or sell. Attackers can use proxy contracts to bypass fees by routing transactions through a contract that does not have bytecode at the time of check.

RECOMMENDATION

Instead of _isContract, track known AMM pairs properly using the automatedMarketMakerPairs mapping.

RESOLUTION

SimpleAI team has updated the contract with automatedMarketMakerPairs mapping.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-02	Timestamp dependence	Minor ●

Be aware that the timestamp of the block can be manipulated by miners. Since miners can slightly adjust the timestamp, they may influence contract outcomes to their advantage.

swapTokensForEth

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RECOMMENDATION

Avoid relying solely on timestamp of the block for critical contract functions. Follow 15 seconds rule, and scale time dependent events accordingly.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-06	Unknown externally owned account	Minor ●

An externally owned account (EOA) has no code, and one can send messages from an externally owned account by creating and signing a transaction.

0x866D5fD31b58ab9AB9FAcD00523EcC3e16A79300

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RECOMMENDATION

Private keys of externally owned accounts must be secured carefully.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-10	Direct and indirect dependencies	Unknown 🟤

Smart contract is interacting with third party protocols e.g., DEX routers, external contracts, web3 applications, *OpenZeppelin* upgradeable and ERC20 libraries. The scope of the audit treats these entities as black boxes and assumes their functional correctness. However, in the real world, all of them can be compromised, and exploited. Moreover, upgrades in these entities can create severe impacts, e.g., increased transactional fees, deprecation of previous routers, etc.

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RECOMMENDATION

Inspect third party dependencies regularly, and mitigate severe impacts whenever necessary.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

SimpleAI team will inspect third party dependencies regularly, and push upgrades whenever required.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COD-12	Lack of event-driven architecture	Minor 

Smart contract uses function calls to update state, which can make it difficult to track and analyze changes to the contract over time.


RECOMMENDATION

Use events to track state changes. Events improve transparency and provide a more granular view of contract activity.

RESOLUTION

SimpleAI team has added events to track state changes.



Identifier	Definition	Severity
COM-01	Floating pragma	Minor 

Compiler is set to ^0.8.28

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RECOMMENDATION

Pragma should be fixed to stable compiler version. Fixing pragma ensures compatibility and prevents the contract from being compiled with incompatible compiler versions.

RESOLUTION

Smart contract is deployed with stable compiler.



DISCLAIMERS

InterFi Network provides the easy-to-understand audit of solidity source codes (commonly known as smart contracts).

The smart contract for this particular audit was analyzed for common contract vulnerabilities, and centralization exploits. This audit report makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. This audit report does not provide any warranty or guarantee regarding the absolute bug-free nature of the smart contract analyzed, nor do they provide any indication of the client's business, business model or legal compliance. This audit report does not extend to the compiler layer, any other areas beyond the programming language, or other programming aspects that could present security risks. Cryptographic tokens are emergent technologies, they carry high levels of technical risks and uncertainty. You agree that your access and/or use, including but not limited to any services, reports, and materials, will be at your sole risk on an as-is, where-is, and as-available basis. This audit report could include false positives, false negatives, and other unpredictable results.

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ABOUT INTERFI NETWORK

InterFi Network provides intelligent blockchain solutions. We provide solidity development, testing, and auditing services. We have developed 150+ solidity codes, audited 1000+ smart contracts, and analyzed 500,000+ code lines. We have worked on major public blockchains e.g., Ethereum, Binance, Cronos, Doge, Polygon, Avalanche, Metis, Fantom, Bitcoin Cash, Velas, Oasis, etc.

InterFi Network is built by engineers, developers, UI experts, and blockchain enthusiasts. Our team currently consists of 4 core members, and 6+ casual contributors.

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