I.E.S. ABYLA	Nombre:			EVAL I	Nota
Departamento de Matemáticas	Curso:	4º ESO B	Control Operaciones		
	Fecha:	25 de septiembre de 2024	Cada ejercicio vale 1 punto		

1.- Realiza paso a paso las siguientes operaciones e indica el resultado en la hoja de examen:

a)
$$-(-2)\cdot(-(-3)^2)\cdot(-(-(-4)^0))\cdot(-1) =$$

b)
$$0,2+0,\widehat{2}+0,0\widehat{2}=$$

c)
$$-\left[(-2)^2 - (-3)\cdot(-1)^4\right] + \sqrt[3]{(-2)^2\cdot5 + 7} - \left[(-4)(-3+5) + 1\right]^2 =$$

d)
$$\frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3} \right)^2 - \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 =$$

e)
$$\left(\frac{\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{-1}{3}}{1 + \frac{4}{5}} - \frac{2 - \frac{8}{3}}{4 \cdot \frac{7}{2}}\right) \cdot \frac{4}{7} =$$

$$f) \quad 0,0^{9} + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{2}{3 + \frac{1}{2}}} =$$

g)
$$\left[\sqrt{64} - (-2)\right]^2 - 2 \cdot \left[5 \cdot \sqrt{49} - \left(3^2 - \sqrt{16}\right)^2\right] =$$

h)
$$3.2^3 - \sqrt{9 + 5.8} + (4^2 + 4) : \sqrt{100} - 7^{253} : 7^{250} =$$

i)
$$\left[\sqrt{36}:3\cdot\left(3^2-5\right)+4^2\cdot\left(\sqrt{16}-2\right):2\right]:\left(16^2:\sqrt{16}\cdot8^3\right)^0=$$

$$j$$
) $\left(\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{4}\right): \left[\frac{3}{4} - \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{8}\right)\right] - \frac{6}{5} =$

Bonus)
$$\sqrt{-\frac{5}{9}+1} \cdot \left(-2+\frac{5}{4}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{4}-1\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^{-2} =$$

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Departamento de Matemáticas	Curso:	4º ESO B	Control Operaciones	
	Fecha:	25 de septiembre de 2024	Cada ejercicio vale 1 punto	

1.- Realiza paso a paso las siguientes operaciones:

a)
$$-(-2)\cdot(-(-3)^2)\cdot(-(-4)^0)\cdot(-1) = 2\cdot9\cdot1 = 18$$

b)
$$0,2+0,\widehat{2}+0,0\widehat{2}=\frac{2}{10}+\frac{2-0}{9}+\frac{2-0}{90}=\frac{1}{5}+\frac{2}{9}+\frac{1}{45}=\frac{9+10+1}{45}=\frac{20}{45}=\frac{4}{9}$$

c)
$$-\left[\left(-2\right)^{2} - \left(-3\right)\cdot\left(-1\right)^{4}\right] + \sqrt[3]{\left(-2\right)^{2}\cdot5 + 7} - \left[\left(-4\right)\left(-3+5\right) + 1\right]^{2} = -\left[4+3\right] + \sqrt[3]{4\cdot5 + 7} - \left[-8+1\right]^{2} = -7 + \sqrt[3]{27} - 49 = -7 + 3 - 49 = -53$$

$$d) \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 - \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{5}{6} - \frac{2}{6}\right)^2 - \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{2}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{3}{6}\right)^2 - \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2 + \frac{2}{3} \left$$

$$e) \left(\frac{\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{-1}{3}}{1 + \frac{4}{5}} - \frac{2 - \frac{8}{3}}{4 \cdot \frac{7}{2}} \right) \cdot \frac{4}{7} = \left(\frac{-\frac{6}{5}}{\frac{5}{5} + \frac{4}{5}} - \frac{\frac{6}{3} - \frac{8}{3}}{14} \right) \cdot \frac{4}{7} = \left(-\frac{\frac{6}{5}}{\frac{9}{5}} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}}{14} \right) \cdot \frac{4}{7} = \left(-\frac{6}{9} + \frac{1}{21} \right) \cdot \frac{4}{7} = \left(-\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{21} \right) \cdot \frac{4}{7} = \left(-\frac{13}{21} \right) \cdot \frac{4}{7} = -\frac{52}{147}$$

$$f) \quad O_{3}O\widehat{9} + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{2}{3 + \frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{2}{\frac{7}{2}}} = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{4}{7}} = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{\frac{25}{7}} = \frac{1}{10} + \frac{7}{25} = \frac{5}{50} + \frac{14}{50} = \frac{19}{50}$$

g)
$$\left[\sqrt{64} - (-2)\right]^2 - 2 \cdot \left[5 \cdot \sqrt{49} - \left(3^2 - \sqrt{16}\right)^2\right] = \left[8 + 2\right]^2 - 2 \cdot \left[5 \cdot 7 - (9 - 4)^2\right] = 10^2 - 2 \cdot \left[35 - 5^2\right] = 100 - 2 \cdot \left[35 - 25\right] = 100 - 2 \cdot \left[10\right] = 100 - 20 = 80$$

h)
$$3\cdot2^3 - \sqrt{9+5\cdot8} + (4^2+4):\sqrt{100} - 7^{253}:7^{250} = 3\cdot8 - \sqrt{9+40} + (16+4):10-7^3 = 40 - \sqrt{49} + 20:10-343 = 40-7+2-343 = -308$$

$$\text{i) } \left[\sqrt{36} : 3 \cdot \left(3^2 - 5\right) + 4^2 \cdot \left(\sqrt{16} - 2\right) : 2 \right] : \left(16^2 : \sqrt{16} \cdot 8^3\right)^0 = \left[6 : 3 \cdot \left(9 - 5\right) + 16 \cdot \left(4 - 2\right) : 2\right] : 1 = \left[2 \cdot 4 + 16 \cdot 2 : 2\right] = 8 + 16 = 24$$

$$j) \left(\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{4}\right) : \left[\frac{3}{4} - \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{8}\right)\right] - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{7}{12} : \left[\frac{3}{4} - \frac{8}{15} \cdot \frac{5}{8}\right] - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{7}{12} : \left[\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{3}\right] - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{7}{12} : \frac{5}{12} - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{7}{5} - \frac{6}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textit{Bonus}) \ \sqrt{-\frac{5}{9} + 1} \cdot \left(-2 + \frac{5}{4}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{4} - 1\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^{-2} &= \sqrt{-\frac{5}{9} + \frac{9}{9}} \cdot \left(-\frac{8}{4} + \frac{5}{4}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{4}{4}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 &= \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) - \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) \cdot \frac{4}{9} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) - \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) \cdot \frac{4}{9} = -\frac{6}{12} + \frac{12}{36} = -\frac{6}{12} + \frac{4}{12} = -\frac{2}{12} = -\frac{1}{6} \end{aligned}$$