	Nombre:				<b>2</b> ª Evaluación	Nota
Departamento de Matemáticas	Curso:	Grupo:	Fecha:	Examen VII		
	2º ESO		1° de marzo de 2023	Examen de Ecuacion	nes	

## Cada ecuación vale 1 punto

1.- Resuelve paso a paso cada una de las siguientes ecuaciones y completa la tabla con sus soluciones.

	Ecuación	Solución						
ECUACIONES DE PRIMER GRADO								
a)	2x-5-7x=5x-5+4x	χ=						
b)	10+5(x-3)=3(x+1)	<b>χ</b> =						
c)	3[2x-(3x+1)]=x+1	X=						
d)	$\frac{3x}{2} + 8 = \frac{3x}{5} - 1$	X=						
e)	$\frac{5x}{8} - 5(x - 20) = \frac{9 - x}{3}$	<b>χ</b> =						
	ECUACIONES DE S	EGUNDO GRADO						
f)	$x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$	<b>x</b> 1=	x <sub>2</sub> =					
9)	$5x^2 + 1 = 6x$	<b>x</b> <sub>1</sub> =	x <sub>2</sub> =					
h)	$4z^2 - 16 = 0$	2 <sub>1</sub> =	2 <sub>2</sub> =					
i)	$1 - \frac{\kappa^2}{3} - \frac{3\kappa + 2}{3} = 1$	<b>χ</b> <sub>1</sub> =	X <sub>2</sub> =					
j)	$(x-3)\cdot(x+1)+x(x+3)=(x-1)^2$	<b>X</b> <sub>1</sub> =	X <sub>2</sub> =					
B O N U S								
k)	$(x+1)\cdot \left[\frac{3}{2}-2\cdot (1-x)\right] = 3x^2 + \frac{11\cdot (x-1)}{2}$	<b>x</b> 1=	x <sub>2</sub> =					

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## Cada ecuación vale 1 punto

1.- Resuelve paso a paso cada una de las siguientes ecuaciones de primer grado.

a) 
$$2x-5-7x=5x-5+4x \rightarrow 2x-7x-5x-4x=5-5 \rightarrow -14x=0 \rightarrow x=0$$

b) 
$$10+5(x-3)=3(x+1)$$
  $\rightarrow$   $10+5x-15=3x+3$   $\rightarrow$   $5x-3x=3+15-10$   $\rightarrow$   $\rightarrow$   $2x=8$   $\rightarrow$   $x=\frac{8}{2}$   $\rightarrow$   $x=4$ 

$$c) 3[2x - (3x+1)] = x+1 \rightarrow 3[2x-3x-1] = x+1 \rightarrow [-x-1] = x+1 \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow -x-1 = x+1 \rightarrow -x-x = 1+1 \rightarrow -2x = 2 \rightarrow x = \frac{2}{-2} \rightarrow x = -1$$

$$d') \frac{3x}{2} + 8 = \frac{3x}{5} - 1 \qquad \xrightarrow{\text{Reducimos}} \qquad \frac{15x}{10} + \frac{80}{10} = \frac{6x}{10} - \frac{10}{10} \qquad \xrightarrow{\text{Quitamos}} \qquad 15x + 80 = 6x - 10 \qquad \rightarrow$$

$$\rightarrow \qquad 15x - 6x = -10 - 80 \qquad \rightarrow \qquad 9x = -90 \qquad \rightarrow \qquad x = \frac{-90}{9} \qquad \rightarrow \qquad x = -10$$

e) 
$$\frac{5x}{8} - 5(x - 20) = \frac{9 - x}{3}$$
  $\rightarrow \frac{5x}{8} - 5x + 100 = \frac{9 - x}{3}$  Reductions  $\rightarrow \frac{15x}{24} - \frac{120x}{24} + \frac{2400}{24} = \frac{9 - x}{24}$  Quitamos  $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 2400}{24} = \frac{9 - x}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 2400}{24} = \frac{9 - x}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 2400}{24} = \frac{9 - x}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$   $\rightarrow \frac{15x - 120x + 8x = 72 - 2400}{24}$ 

2.- Resuelve paso a paso cada una de las siguientes ecuaciones de segundo grado.

$$f) x^{2} - 8x + 15 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 1 \\ b = -8 \\ c = 15 \end{cases} \quad \Rightarrow \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2} - 4 \cdot a \cdot c}}{2 \cdot a} \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad x = \frac{-(-8) \pm \sqrt{(-8)^{2} - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 15}}{2 \cdot a} \quad \Rightarrow \quad x = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{64 - 60}}{2 \cdot 1} = \frac{8 \pm \sqrt{4}}{2} = \frac{8 \pm 2}{2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \begin{cases} x_{1} = \frac{8 + 2}{4} \\ x_{2} = \frac{8 - 2}{4} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \begin{cases} x_{1} = \frac{10}{4} \\ x_{2} = \frac{6}{4} \end{cases} \quad \Rightarrow \quad x_{1} = \frac{5}{2} \quad x_{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$g) 5x^{2} + 1 = 6x \rightarrow 5x^{2} - 6x + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 5 \\ b = -6 \rightarrow x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2} - 4 \cdot a \cdot c}}{2 \cdot a} \rightarrow \\ c = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^{2} - 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 1}}{2 \cdot 5} \rightarrow x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 20}}{10} = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{16}}{10} = \frac{6 \pm 4}{10} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_{1} = \frac{10}{10} \\ x_{2} = \frac{6 - 4}{10} \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_{1} = \frac{10}{10} \\ x_{2} = \frac{2}{10} \end{cases} \rightarrow x_{1} = 1 \qquad x_{2} = \frac{1}{5}$$

h) 
$$4z^2 - 16 = 0$$
  $\rightarrow$   $4z^2 = 16$   $\rightarrow$   $z^2 = \frac{16}{4} = 4$   $\rightarrow$   $z = \pm \sqrt{4}$   $\rightarrow$  
$$\begin{cases} z_1 = -2 \\ z_2 = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$i) 1 - \frac{\kappa^{2}}{3} - \frac{3\kappa + 2}{3} = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad -\frac{\kappa^{2}}{3} - \frac{3\kappa + 2}{3} = 1 - 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad -\frac{\kappa^{2}}{3} - \frac{3\kappa + 2}{3} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad -\kappa^{2} - 3\kappa - 2 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \kappa^{2} + 3\kappa + 2 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \begin{cases} a = 1 \\ b = 3 \\ c = 2 \end{cases} \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2} - 4 \cdot a \cdot c}}{2 \cdot a}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \kappa = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^{2} - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 2}}{2 \cdot 1} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \kappa = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 8}}{2} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{1}}{2} = \frac{-3 \pm 1}{2} \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} \kappa_{1} = \frac{-3 + 1}{2} \\ \kappa_{2} = \frac{-3 - 1}{20} \end{cases} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \begin{cases} \kappa_{1} = \frac{10}{10} \\ \kappa_{2} = \frac{2}{10} \end{cases} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \kappa_{1} = 1 \quad \kappa_{2} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$j) (x-3)\cdot(x+1) + x(x+3) = (x-1)^{2} \rightarrow x^{2} + x - 3x - 3 + x^{2} + 3x = x^{2} - 2x + 1 \rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow x^{2} + 3x - 4 = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 1 \\ b = 3 \\ c = -4 \end{cases} \rightarrow x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2} - 4 \cdot a \cdot c}}{2 \cdot a}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^{2} - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-4)}}{2 \cdot 1} \rightarrow x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 + 16}}{2} = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{25}}{2} = \frac{-3 \pm 5}{2} \rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_{1} = \frac{-3 + 5}{2} \\ x_{2} = \frac{-3 - 5}{2} \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_{1} = \frac{2}{2} \\ x_{2} = \frac{-8}{2} \end{cases} \rightarrow x_{1} = 1 \qquad x_{2} = -4$$

B) 
$$(x+1)\cdot \left[\frac{3}{2}-2\cdot(1-x)\right] = 3x^2 + \frac{11\cdot(x-1)}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+1)\cdot \left[\frac{3}{2}-2+2x\right] = 3x^2 + \frac{11x-11}{2} \Rightarrow (x+1)\cdot \left[\frac{3}{2}-2$$

Transponemos 
$$4x^{2} + 3x - 1 - 6x^{2} - 11x + 11 = 0$$
  $\rightarrow$   $-2x^{2} - 8x + 10 = 0$   $\rightarrow$ 

Simplificamos  $+ x^{2} + 4x - 5 = 0$   $\rightarrow$ 

$$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{(4)^{2} - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-5)}}{2 \cdot 1}$$
  $\rightarrow$ 

$$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{(4)^{2} - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot (-5)}}{2 \cdot 1}$$
  $\rightarrow$ 

$$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 20}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{36}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm 6}{2}$$
  $\rightarrow$ 

$$x = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 20}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{36}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm 6}{2}$$
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  $\rightarrow$ 

$$x = \frac{-10}{2} = \frac{-10}{2}$$