- Title: Iris Plants Database Updated Sept 21 by C.Blake - Added discrepency information
- 2. Sources:
 - (a) Creator: R.A. Fisher
 - (b) Donor: Michael Marshall (MARSHALL%PLU@io.arc.nasa.gov)
 - (c) Date: July, 1988
- 3. Past Usage:
 - Publications: too many to mention!!! Here are a few.
 - 1. Fisher,R.A. "The use of multiple measurements in taxonomic problems" Annual Eugenics, 7, Part II, 179-188 (1936); also in "Contributions to Mathematical Statistics" (John Wiley, NY, 1950).
 - 2. Duda,R.O., & Hart,P.E. (1973) Pattern Classification and Scene Analysis. (Q327.D83) John Wiley & Sons. ISBN 0-471-22361-1. See page 218.
 - 3. Dasarathy, B.V. (1980) "Nosing Around the Neighborhood: A New System Structure and Classification Rule for Recognition in Partially Exposed Environments". IEEE Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence, Vol. PAMI-2, No. 1, 67-71.
 - -- Results:
 - -- very low misclassification rates (0% for the setosa class)
 - 4. Gates, G.W. (1972) "The Reduced Nearest Neighbor Rule". IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, May 1972, 431-433. -- Results:
 - -- very low misclassification rates again
 - 5. See also: 1988 MLC Proceedings, 54-64. Cheeseman et al's AUTOCLASS II conceptual clustering system finds 3 classes in the data.
- 4. Relevant Information:
 - --- This is perhaps the best known database to be found in the pattern recognition literature. Fisher's paper is a classic in the field and is referenced frequently to this day. (See Duda & Hart, for example.) The data set contains 3 classes of 50 instances each, where each class refers to a type of iris plant. One class is linearly separable from the other 2; the latter are NOT linearly separable from each other.
 - --- Predicted attribute: class of iris plant.
 - --- This is an exceedingly simple domain.
 - --- This data differs from the data presented in Fishers article (identified by Steve Chadwick, spchadwick@espeedaz.net)
 The 35th sample should be: 4.9,3.1,1.5,0.2,"Iris-setosa" where the error is in the fourth feature.
 The 38th sample: 4.9,3.6,1.4,0.1,"Iris-setosa" where the errors are in the second and third features.
- 5. Number of Instances: 150 (50 in each of three classes)
- 6. Number of Attributes: 4 numeric, predictive attributes and the class
- 7. Attribute Information:
 - 1. sepal length in cm
 - 2. sepal width in cm
 - 3. petal length in cm
 - 4. petal width in cm
 - 5. class:
 - -- Iris Setosa
 - -- Iris Versicolour
 - -- Iris Virginica

8. Missing Attribute Values: None

Summary Statistics:

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Min Max
                       Mean
                               SD
                                    Class Correlation
sepal length: 4.3 7.9
                       5.84
                             0.83
                                     0.7826
sepal width: 2.0 4.4
                       3.05
                             0.43
                                    -0.4194
petal length: 1.0 6.9
                       3.76 1.76
                                     0.9490
                                             (high!)
petal width: 0.1 2.5
                       1.20 0.76
                                     0.9565
                                            (high!)
```

9. Class Distribution: 33.3% for each of 3 classes.

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