

Q. Type Casting problem

Get an integer as input and convert it to float via long data type.

Output Values:

1. Integer type
2. Long Type
3. Float Data type

Source Code

```
import java.util.*;  
public class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
        int a=sc.nextInt();  
        long b=a;  
        float c=a;  
        System.out.println("Int value "+a);  
        System.out.println("Long value "+b);  
        System.out.println("Float value "+c);  
    }  
}
```

Sample Input

5212

Sample Output

Int value 5212
Long value 5212
Float value 5212.0

Result

Thus, Program " **Type Casting problem** " has been successfully executed

Q. Date

Write a Java program to convert minutes into a number of years and days.

Test Data

Input the number of minutes: 3456789

Expected Output :

3456789 minutes is approximately 6 years and 210 days

Input:

3456789

output:

6

210

Source Code

```
import java.util.*;  
public class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
        int a=sc.nextInt();  
        int b=a/525600;  
        int c=(a%525600)/1440;  
        System.out.println(b);  
        System.out.println(c);  
    }  
}
```

Sample Input

3456789

Sample Output

6

210

Result

Thus, Program " **Date** " has been successfully executed

Q. Even or Odd using division '/' operator

Program to check number is even or odd by using division "/" operator

Source Code

```
import java.util.*;  
public class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
        int a=sc.nextInt();  
        if((a/2)*2==a)  
            System.out.println("Even");  
        else  
            System.out.println("Odd");  
    }  
}
```

Sample Input

46

Sample Output

Even

Result

Thus, Program " **Even or Odd using division '/' operator** " has been successfully executed

Q. Binary sum

Write a Java program to add two binary numbers.

Source Code

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class TestClass {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        String s1=sc.next();
        String s2=sc.next();
        int a=Integer.parseInt(s1,2);
        int b=Integer.parseInt(s2,2);
        System.out.println(Integer.toBinaryString(a+b));
    }
}
```

Sample Input

10
11

Sample Output

101

Result

Thus, Program " **Binary sum** " has been successfully executed

Q. conversion from double to float

Java Program to convert from double to float

Source Code

```
import java.util.*;  
public class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
        double a=sc.nextDouble();  
        float b=(float)a;  
        System.out.println(b);  
    }  
}
```

Sample Input

12.123456789

Sample Output

12.123457

Result

Thus, Program " **conversion from double to float** " has been successfully executed

Q. Conversion from Octal to hexadecimal

Java Program to convert from octal to hexadecimal number

Source Code

```
import java.util.*;  
public class TestClass {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
        String oct,dec;  
        int decnum;  
        oct=sc.next();  
        decnum=Integer.parseInt(oct,8);  
        dec=Integer.toHexString(decnum);  
        System.out.println(dec);  
  
    }  
}
```

Sample Input

15

Sample Output

d

Result

Thus, Program " **Conversion from Octal to hexadecimal** " has been successfully executed

Q. Strong Number

Java Program to check for strong number

Sample Input:
Input : n = 145
Output : Yes
Sum of digit factorials = $1! + 4! + 5!$
= $1 + 24 + 120$
= 145

Source Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class TestClass {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        int tot=0;
        int m=n;
        while(n!=0)
        {
            int i=1;
            int fact=1;
            int l=n%10;
            while(i<=l)
            {
                fact=fact*i;
                i++;
            }
            tot=tot+fact;
            n=n/10;
        }
        if(tot==m)
            System.out.println("Yes");
        else
            System.out.println("No");
    }
}
```

Sample Input

10

Sample Output

No

Result

Thus, Program " **Strong Number** " has been successfully executed

Q. Menu driven calculator

Menu driven calculator

The menu options are as follows:

1. Addition
2. Subtraction
3. Division
4. Multiplication
5. Modulo

The menu driven is followed by number of inputs

Source Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class TestClass {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int ch=sc.nextInt();
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        int b=sc.nextInt();
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:
                System.out.println(a+b);
                break;
            case 2:
                System.out.println(a-b);
                break;
            case 3:
                System.out.println(a/b);
                break;
            case 4:
                System.out.println(a*b);
                break;
            case 5:
                System.out.println(a%b);
                break;
            default:
                System.out.println("Invalid choice");
        }
    }
}
```

Sample Input

```
1
12
25
```

Sample Output

```
37
```

Result

Thus, Program " **Menu driven calculator** " has been successfully executed