

```
35
     * enum, define, etc.
36
37
     * @sa For the C++ interface see rdkafkacpp.h
38
39
     * @tableofcontents
40
41
42
43
   /* @cond NO DOC */
44
   #pragma once
45
46 #include <stdio.h>
47 #include <inttypes.h>
48 #include <sys/types.h>
49
50 #ifdef __cplusplus
51 extern "C" {
52 #if 0
53 } /* Restore indent */
54 #endif
55 #endif
56
57 #ifdef MSC VER
58 #include <basetsd.h>
59 #ifndef WIN32 MEAN AND LEAN
60 #define WIN32_MEAN_AND_LEAN
61 #endif
62 #include <Winsock2.h> /* for sockaddr, .. */
63 typedef SSIZE_T ssize_t;
64 #define RD UNUSED
65 #define RD INLINE inline
66 #define RD_DEPRECATED __declspec(deprecated)
67 #undef RD_EXPORT
68 #ifdef LIBRDKAFKA_STATICLIB
69 #define RD_EXPORT
70 #else
71 #ifdef LIBRDKAFKA_EXPORTS
72 #define RD_EXPORT __declspec(dllexport)
73 #else
74 #define RD_EXPORT __declspec(dllimport)
75 #endif
76 #ifndef LIBRDKAFKA_TYPECHECKS
77 #define LIBRDKAFKA_TYPECHECKS 0
78 #endif
79
    #endif
80
81
   #else
82 #include <sys/socket.h> /* for sockaddr, .. */
83
84 #define RD_UNUSED __attribute__((unused))
85 #define RD_INLINE inline
86 #define RD_EXPORT
87 #define RD_DEPRECATED __attribute__((deprecated))
88
89 #ifndef LIBRDKAFKA_TYPECHECKS
90 #define LIBRDKAFKA_TYPECHECKS 1
91 #endif
92
   #endif
93
94
95
```

```
* @brief Type-checking macros
97
      * Compile-time checking that \p ARG is of type \p TYPE.
98
99
    #if LIBRDKAFKA_TYPECHECKS
100
    #define _LRK_TYPECHECK(RET, TYPE, ARG)
101
102
            ({ if (0) { TYPE __t RD_UNUSED = (ARG); } RET; })
103
104
     #define LRK TYPECHECK2(RET,TYPE,ARG,TYPE2,ARG2)
105
106
                    if (0) {
107
                           TYPE __t RD_UNUSED = (ARG);
108
                           TYPE2 __t2 RD_UNUSED = (ARG2); \
109
110
                    RET; })
111 #else
    #define LRK TYPECHECK(RET, TYPE, ARG) (RET)
112
113
    #define LRK TYPECHECK2(RET, TYPE, ARG, TYPE2, ARG2) (RET)
114 #endif
115
116
     /* @endcond */
117
118
119
120
      * @name librdkafka version
121
122
123
124
125
126
127
      * @brief librdkafka version
128
129
      * Interpreted as hex \c MM.mm.rr.xx:
130
      * - MM = Major
131
      * - mm = minor
132
      * - rr = revision
133
      * - xx = pre-release id (0xff is the final release)
134
      * E.g.: \c 0x000801ff = 0.8.1
135
136
137
      * @remark This value should only be used during compile time,
138
      * for runtime checks of version use rd_kafka_version()
139
140
     #define RD_KAFKA_VERSION 0x000b00ff
141
142
143
      * @brief Returns the librdkafka version as integer.
144
145
      * @returns Version integer.
146
147
      * @sa See RD_KAFKA_VERSION for how to parse the integer format.
148
      * @sa Use rd_kafka_version_str() to retreive the version as a string.
149
150
    RD EXPORT
151
    int rd_kafka_version(void);
152
153
154
      * @brief Returns the Librdkafka version as string.
155
      * @returns Version string
```

```
157 */
158 RD EXPORT
    const char *rd kafka version str (void);
159
160
161
     /**@}*/
162
163
164
165
     * @name Constants, errors, types
166
167
168
169
170
171
172
173
     * @enum rd kafka type t
174
175
     * @brief rd_kafka_t handle type.
176
177
     * @sa rd_kafka_new()
178
179 typedef enum rd_kafka_type_t {
     RD KAFKA PRODUCER, /**< Producer client */
180
181 RD KAFKA CONSUMER /**< Consumer client */
182
    } rd_kafka_type_t;
183
184
185
186
      * @enum Timestamp types
187
188
     * @sa rd kafka message timestamp()
189
190 | typedef enum rd_kafka_timestamp_type_t {
191 RD_KAFKA_TIMESTAMP_NOT_AVAILABLE, /**< Timestamp not available */
192
     RD_KAFKA_TIMESTAMP_CREATE_TIME, /**< Message creation time */
193
     RD_KAFKA_TIMESTAMP_LOG_APPEND_TIME /**< Log append time */
194
     } rd_kafka_timestamp_type_t;
195
196
197
198
199
      * @brief Retrieve supported debug contexts for use with the \c \"debug\"
200
             configuration property. (runtime)
201
202
     * @returns Comma-separated list of available debugging contexts.
     */
203
204 RD EXPORT
    const char *rd_kafka_get_debug_contexts(void);
205
206
207
208
      * @brief Supported debug contexts. (compile time)
209
      * @deprecated This compile time value may be outdated at runtime due to
210
                  linking another version of the library.
211
212
                   Use rd_kafka_get_debug_contexts() instead.
213
214 #define RD_KAFKA_DEBUG_CONTEXTS \
215
         "all,generic,broker,topic,metadata,queue,msg,protocol,cgrp,security,fetch,feature"
216
217
```

```
218 /* @cond NO DOC */
219 /* Private types to provide ABI compatibility */
220 typedef struct rd kafka s rd kafka t;
221 typedef struct rd_kafka_topic_s rd_kafka_topic_t;
222 typedef struct rd_kafka_conf_s rd_kafka_conf_t;
223 typedef struct rd_kafka_topic_conf_s rd_kafka_topic_conf_t;
224 typedef struct rd_kafka_queue_s rd_kafka_queue_t;
225
     /* @endcond */
226
227
228
229
      * @enum rd_kafka_resp_err_t
230
      * @brief Error codes.
231
232
      * The negative error codes delimited by two underscores
233
      * (\c RD KAFKA RESP ERR ..) denotes errors internal to librdkafka and are
234
      * displayed as \c \"Local: \<error string..\>\", while the error codes
235
      * delimited by a single underscore (\c RD KAFKA RESP ERR ..) denote broker
236
      * errors and are displayed as \c \"Broker: \<error string..\>\".
237
238
      * @sa Use rd_kafka_err2str() to translate an error code a human readable string
239
240
    typedef enum {
241
        /* Internal errors to rdkafka: */
242
        /** Begin internal error codes */
     RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__BEGIN = -200,
243
244
        /** Received message is incorrect */
245
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__BAD_MSG = -199,
246
        /** Bad/unknown compression */
247
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR BAD COMPRESSION = -198,
248
         /** Broker is going away */
249
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR DESTROY = -197,
250
        /** Generic failure */
251
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__FAIL = -196,
252
        /** Broker transport failure */
253
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR TRANSPORT = -195,
254
        /** Critical system resource */
255
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR CRIT SYS RESOURCE = -194,
256
        /** Failed to resolve broker */
257
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR RESOLVE = -193,
258
         /** Produced message timed out*/
259
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__MSG_TIMED_OUT = -192,
260
        /** Reached the end of the topic+partition queue on
261
       * the broker. Not really an error. */
262
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR PARTITION EOF = -191,
263
        /** Permanent: Partition does not exist in cluster. */
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__UNKNOWN_PARTITION = -190,
264
265
        /** File or filesystem error */
266
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_FS = -189,
267
         /** Permanent: Topic does not exist in cluster. */
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__UNKNOWN_TOPIC = -188,
268
269
        /** All broker connections are down. */
270
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR ALL BROKERS DOWN = -187,
271
         /** Invalid argument, or invalid configuration */
272
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID ARG = -186,
273
        /** Operation timed out */
274
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__TIMED_OUT = -185,
275
        /** Queue is full */
276
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__QUEUE_FULL = -184,
277
        /** ISR count < required.acks */
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__ISR_INSUFF = -183,
278
```

```
279
         /** Broker node update */
280
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR NODE UPDATE = -182,
281
         /** SSL error */
282
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__SSL = -181,
283
        /** Waiting for coordinator to become available. */
284
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__WAIT_COORD = -180,
285
        /** Unknown client group */
286
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNKNOWN GROUP = -179,
287
         /** Operation in progress */
288
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR IN PROGRESS = -178,
289
         /** Previous operation in progress, wait for it to finish. */
290
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__PREV_IN_PROGRESS = -177,
291
         /** This operation would interfere with an existing subscription */
292
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__EXISTING_SUBSCRIPTION = -176,
293
         /** Assigned partitions (rebalance cb) */
294
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__ASSIGN_PARTITIONS = -175,
295
         /** Revoked partitions (rebalance cb) */
296
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR REVOKE PARTITIONS = -174,
297
        /** Conflicting use */
298
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__CONFLICT = -173,
299
         /** Wrong state */
300
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__STATE = -172,
301
        /** Unknown protocol */
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__UNKNOWN_PROTOCOL = -171,
302
303
         /** Not implemented */
304
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__NOT_IMPLEMENTED = -170,
305
         /** Authentication failure*/
306
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__AUTHENTICATION = -169,
307
        /** No stored offset */
308
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__NO_OFFSET = -168,
309
         /** Outdated */
310
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR OUTDATED = -167,
311
        /** Timed out in queue */
312
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__TIMED_OUT_QUEUE = -166,
313
            /** Feature not supported by broker */
314
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__UNSUPPORTED_FEATURE = -165,
315
            /** Awaiting cache update */
316
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__WAIT_CACHE = -164,
317
            /** Operation interrupted (e.g., due to yield)) */
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__INTR = -163,
318
319
             /** Key serialization error */
320
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__KEY_SERIALIZATION = -162,
321
            /** Value serialization error */
322
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__VALUE_SERIALIZATION = -161,
323
             /** Key deserialization error */
324
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR KEY DESERIALIZATION = -160,
325
             /** Value deserialization error */
326
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__VALUE_DESERIALIZATION = -159,
327
328
         /** End internal error codes */
329
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__END = -100,
330
331
         /* Kafka broker errors: */
332
         /** Unknown broker error */
333
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_UNKNOWN = -1,
334
        /** Success */
335
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR = 0,
336
        /** Offset out of range */
337
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_OFFSET_OUT_OF_RANGE = 1,
338
         /** Invalid message */
339
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_INVALID_MSG = 2,
```

```
340
         /** Unknown topic or partition */
341
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNKNOWN TOPIC OR PART = 3,
         /** Invalid message size */
342
343
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_INVALID_MSG_SIZE = 4,
344
        /** Leader not available */
345
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_LEADER_NOT_AVAILABLE = 5,
346
        /** Not leader for partition */
347
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR NOT LEADER FOR PARTITION = 6,
348
         /** Request timed out */
349
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR REQUEST TIMED OUT = 7,
350
        /** Broker not available */
351
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_BROKER_NOT_AVAILABLE = 8,
352
         /** Replica not available */
353
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_REPLICA_NOT_AVAILABLE = 9,
354
        /** Message size too Large */
355
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR MSG SIZE TOO LARGE = 10,
356
         /** StaleControllerEpochCode */
357
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_STALE_CTRL_EPOCH = 11,
358
        /** Offset metadata string too large */
359
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_OFFSET_METADATA_TOO_LARGE = 12,
360
        /** Broker disconnected before response received */
      RD KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NETWORK_EXCEPTION = 13,
361
362
        /** Group coordinator load in progress */
363
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR GROUP LOAD IN PROGRESS = 14,
364
         /** Group coordinator not available */
365
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_GROUP_COORDINATOR_NOT_AVAILABLE = 15,
366
         /** Not coordinator for group */
367
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NOT_COORDINATOR_FOR_GROUP = 16,
368
         /** Invalid topic */
369
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR TOPIC EXCEPTION = 17,
370
         /** Message batch Larger than configured server segment size */
371
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR RECORD LIST TOO LARGE = 18,
372
         /** Not enough in-sync replicas */
373
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NOT_ENOUGH_REPLICAS = 19,
374
         /** Message(s) written to insufficient number of in-sync replicas */
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NOT_ENOUGH_REPLICAS_AFTER_APPEND = 20,
375
376
        /** Invalid required acks value */
377
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID REQUIRED ACKS = 21,
378
         /** Specified group generation id is not valid */
379
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_ILLEGAL_GENERATION = 22,
380
        /** Inconsistent group protocol */
381
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_INCONSISTENT_GROUP_PROTOCOL = 23,
382
         /** Invalid group.id */
383
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_INVALID_GROUP_ID = 24,
384
         /** Unknown member */
385
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNKNOWN MEMBER ID = 25,
386
        /** Invalid session timeout */
387
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID SESSION TIMEOUT = 26,
388
         /** Group rebalance in progress */
389
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_REBALANCE_IN_PROGRESS = 27,
390
        /** Commit offset data size is not valid */
391
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_INVALID_COMMIT_OFFSET_SIZE = 28,
392
         /** Topic authorization failed */
393
             RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_TOPIC_AUTHORIZATION_FAILED = 29,
394
         /** Group authorization failed */
395
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR GROUP AUTHORIZATION FAILED = 30,
396
         /** Cluster authorization failed */
397
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_CLUSTER_AUTHORIZATION_FAILED = 31,
398
         /** Invalid timestamp */
399
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID TIMESTAMP = 32,
400
         /** Unsupported SASL mechanism */
```

```
RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNSUPPORTED SASL MECHANISM = 33,
402
        /** Illegal SASL state */
     RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_ILLEGAL_SASL_STATE = 34,
403
404
         /** Unuspported version */
405
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNSUPPORTED VERSION = 35,
406
        /** Topic already exists */
407
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR TOPIC ALREADY EXISTS = 36,
408
         /** Invalid number of partitions */
409
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID PARTITIONS = 37,
410
        /** Invalid replication factor */
411
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID REPLICATION FACTOR = 38,
412
        /** Invalid replica assignment */
413
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_INVALID_REPLICA_ASSIGNMENT = 39,
414
        /** Invalid config */
415
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID CONFIG = 40,
416
        /** Not controller for cluster */
417
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR NOT CONTROLLER = 41,
418
         /** Invalid request */
419
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID REQUEST = 42,
420
        /** Message format on broker does not support request */
421
      RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNSUPPORTED FOR MESSAGE FORMAT = 43,
422
             /** Isolation policy volation */
423
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR POLICY VIOLATION = 44,
424
            /** Broker received an out of order sequence number */
425
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR OUT OF ORDER SEQUENCE NUMBER = 45,
426
            /** Broker received a duplicate sequence number */
427
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_DUPLICATE_SEQUENCE_NUMBER = 46,
428
            /** Producer attempted an operation with an old epoch */
429
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID PRODUCER EPOCH = 47,
430
            /** Producer attempted a transactional operation in an invalid state */
431
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID TXN STATE = 48,
432
            /** Producer attempted to use a producer id which is not
433
             * currently assigned to its transactional id */
434
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_INVALID_PRODUCER_ID_MAPPING = 49,
435
            /** Transaction timeout is larger than the maximum
436
              * value allowed by the broker's max.transaction.timeout.ms */
437
             RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID TRANSACTION TIMEOUT = 50,
438
            /** Producer attempted to update a transaction while another
439
             * concurrent operation on the same transaction was ongoing */
440
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR CONCURRENT TRANSACTIONS = 51,
441
             /** Indicates that the transaction coordinator sending a
442
             * WriteTxnMarker is no longer the current coordinator for a
443
             * given producer */
444
            RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_TRANSACTION_COORDINATOR_FENCED = 52,
445
             /** Transactional Id authorization failed */
446
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR TRANSACTIONAL ID AUTHORIZATION FAILED = 53,
447
            /** Security features are disabled */
448
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR SECURITY DISABLED = 54,
449
            /** Operation not attempted */
450
            RD KAFKA RESP ERR OPERATION NOT ATTEMPTED = 55,
451
452
      RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_END_ALL,
453
    } rd kafka resp err t;
454
455
456
457
      * @brief Error code value, name and description.
458
               Typically for use with language bindings to automatically expose
459
               the full set of librdkafka error codes.
460
461 | struct rd_kafka_err_desc {
```

```
462
         rd_kafka_resp_err_t code;/**< Error code */</pre>
463
         const char *name;
                               /**< Error name, same as code enum sans prefix */
464
         const char *desc;
                               /**< Human readable error description. */
465
466
467
468
469
      * @brief Returns the full list of error codes.
470
    RD_EXPORT
471
472
    void rd kafka get err descs (const struct rd kafka err desc **errdescs,
473
                     size_t *cntp);
474
475
476
477
478
479
      * @brief Returns a human readable representation of a kafka error.
480
481
      * @param err Error code to translate
482
483
484
     const char *rd_kafka_err2str (rd_kafka_resp_err_t err);
485
486
487
488
489
      * @brief Returns the error code name (enum name).
490
491
      * @param err Error code to translate
492
    RD_EXPORT
493
     const char *rd_kafka_err2name (rd_kafka_resp_err_t err);
494
495
496
497
498
      * @brief Returns the Last error code generated by a Legacy API call
499
              in the current thread.
500
501
      * The legacy APIs are the ones using errno to propagate error value, namely:
502
      * - rd_kafka_topic_new()
503
      * - rd_kafka_consume_start()
504
      * - rd_kafka_consume_stop()
      * - rd_kafka_consume()
505
506
      * - rd_kafka_consume_batch()
507
      * - rd kafka consume callback()
508
      * - rd_kafka_consume_queue()
509
      * - rd_kafka_produce()
510
511
      * The main use for this function is to avoid converting system \p errno
512
      * values to rd_kafka_resp_err_t codes for legacy APIs.
513
514
      * @remark The last error is stored per-thread, if multiple rd kafka t handles
515
               are used in the same application thread the developer needs to
516
               make sure rd_kafka_last_error() is called immediately after
517
               a failed API call.
518
519
      * @remark errno propagation from librdkafka is not safe on Windows
520
               and should not be used, use rd_kafka_last_error() instead.
521
522 RD_EXPORT
```

```
523 rd kafka resp err t rd kafka last error (void);
524
525
526
527
      * @brief Converts the system errno value \p errnox to a rd_kafka_resp_err_t
528
              error code upon failure from the following functions:
529
      * - rd_kafka_topic_new()
530
      * - rd kafka consume start()
     * - rd kafka consume stop()
532
      * - rd kafka consume()
533 * - rd kafka consume batch()
534
      * - rd_kafka_consume_callback()
535
      * - rd_kafka_consume_queue()
536
      * - rd_kafka_produce()
537
538
      * @param errnox System errno value to convert
539
540
      * @returns Appropriate error code for \p errnox
541
542
      * @remark A better alternative is to call rd_kafka_last_error() immediately
543
               after any of the above functions return -1 or NULL.
544
545
      * @deprecated Use rd_kafka_last_error() to retrieve the last error code
546
                   set by the legacy librdkafka APIs.
547
548
      * @sa rd_kafka_last_error()
549
550 RD_EXPORT RD_DEPRECATED
551 rd_kafka_resp_err_t rd_kafka_errno2err(int errnox);
552
553
554
555
      * @brief Returns the thread-local system errno
556
557
      * On most platforms this is the same as \p errno but in case of different
558
      * runtimes between library and application (e.g., Windows static DLLs)
559
      * this provides a means for exposing the errno librdkafka uses.
560
561
      * @remark The value is local to the current calling thread.
562
563
      * @deprecated Use rd_kafka_last_error() to retrieve the last error code
564
                  set by the legacy librdkafka APIs.
565
566 RD_EXPORT RD_DEPRECATED
567
     int rd kafka errno (void);
568
569
570
571
572
      * @brief Topic+Partition place holder
573
574
      * Generic place holder for a Topic+Partition and its related information
575
      * used for multiple purposes:
576
      * - consumer offset (see rd_kafka_commit(), et.al.)
577
      * - group rebalancing callback (rd_kafka_conf_set_rebalance_cb())
578
      * - offset commit result callback (rd_kafka_conf_set_offset_commit_cb())
579
580
581
582
      * @brief Generic place holder for a specific Topic+Partition.
583
```

```
584
      * @sa rd kafka topic partition list new()
585
586
     typedef struct rd kafka topic partition s {
587
                        *topic;
                                            /**< Topic name */
            char
588
            int32_t
                         partition;
                                            /**< Partition */
589
         int64_t
                     offset;
                                        /**< Offset */
590
             void
                         *metadata;
                                            /**< Metadata */
591
            size t
                         metadata size; /**< Metadata size */
592
             void
                         *opaque;
                                            /**< Application opaque */
593
            rd kafka resp err t err;
                                            /**< Error code, depending on use. */
594
                        * private;
                                            /**< INTERNAL USE ONLY,
            void
595
                                             * INITIALIZE TO ZERO, DO NOT TOUCH */
596
     } rd_kafka_topic_partition_t;
597
598
599
600
      * @brief Destroy a rd kafka topic partition t.
601
      * @remark This must not be called for elements in a topic partition list.
602
      */
603 RD EXPORT
604
     void rd_kafka_topic_partition_destroy (rd_kafka_topic_partition_t *rktpar);
605
606
607
608
      * @brief A growable list of Topic+Partitions.
609
610
611
     typedef struct rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_s {
612
             int cnt;
                                   /**< Current number of elements */
613
                                  /**< Current allocated size */
614
             rd kafka topic partition t *elems; /**< Element array[] */
615
     } rd kafka topic partition list t;
616
617
618
619
      * @brief Create a new list/vector Topic+Partition container.
620
621
      * @param size Initial allocated size used when the expected number of
622
                     elements is known or can be estimated.
623
                    Avoids reallocation and possibly relocation of the
624
                    elems array.
625
626
      * @returns A newly allocated Topic+Partition list.
627
628
      * @remark Use rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_destroy() to free all resources
629
               in use by a list and the list itself.
630
      * @sa
               rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_add()
631
      */
632 RD_EXPORT
633
     rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_new (int size);
634
635
636
637
      * @brief Free all resources used by the list and the list itself.
638
639 RD EXPORT
640 void
641
    rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_destroy (rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *rkparlist);
642
643
      * @brief Add topic+partition to list
```

```
645
646
      * @param rktparlist List to extend
647
      * @param topic Topic name (copied)
648
      * @param partition Partition id
649
      * @returns The object which can be used to fill in additionals fields.
650
651
652 RD EXPORT
    rd kafka topic partition t *
     rd kafka topic partition list add (rd kafka topic partition list t *rktparlist,
655
                                       const char *topic, int32 t partition);
656
657
658
659
      * @brief Add range of partitions from \p start to \p stop inclusive.
660
661
      * @param rktparlist List to extend
662
      * @param topic
                        Topic name (copied)
663
      * @param start
                         Start partition of range
664
      * @param stop
                         Last partition of range (inclusive)
665
666 RD EXPORT
667
     rd kafka topic partition list add range (rd kafka topic partition list t
669
                                             *rktparlist,
670
                                             const char *topic,
671
                                             int32_t start, int32_t stop);
672
673
674
675
676
      * @brief Delete partition from list.
677
678
      * @param rktparlist List to modify
679
      * @param topic Topic name to match
680
      * @param partition Partition to match
681
682
      * @returns 1 if partition was found (and removed), else 0.
683
684
      * @remark Any held indices to elems[] are unusable after this call returns 1.
685
686
    RD EXPORT
687
    int
     rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_del (rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *rktparlist,
688
689
                       const char *topic, int32 t partition);
690
691
692
693
      * @brief Delete partition from list by elems[] index.
694
695
      * @returns 1 if partition was found (and removed), else 0.
696
697
      * @sa rd kafka topic partition list del()
698
699 RD EXPORT
700
    rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_del_by_idx (
701
702
        rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *rktparlist,
703
        int idx);
704
705
```

```
706
707
      * @brief Make a copy of an existing list.
708
709
      * @param src The existing list to copy.
710
      * @returns A new list fully populated to be identical to \p src
711
712
713 RD EXPORT
714 rd kafka topic partition list t *
    rd kafka topic partition list copy (const rd kafka topic partition list t *src);
716
717
718
719
720
721
      * @brief Set offset to \p offset for \p topic and \p partition
722
723
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or
                RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__UNKNOWN_PARTITION if \p partition was not found
724
725
                in the list.
726
727 RD EXPORT
728
    rd kafka resp err t rd kafka topic partition list set offset (
729
         rd kafka topic partition list t *rktparlist,
730
         const char *topic, int32 t partition, int64 t offset);
731
732
733
734
735
     * @brief Find element by \p topic and \p partition.
736
737 * @returns a pointer to the first matching element, or NULL if not found.
738 */
739 RD_EXPORT
740 rd_kafka_topic_partition_t *
741
    rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_find (rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *rktparlist,
742
                        const char *topic, int32_t partition);
743
744
745
746
      * @brief Sort list using comparator \p cmp.
747
748
      * If \p cmp is NULL the default comparator will be used that
749
      * sorts by ascending topic name and partition.
750
751
    RD EXPORT void
752
    rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_sort (rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *rktparlist,
753
754
                                        int (*cmp) (const void *a, const void *b,
755
                                                    void *opaque),
756
                                        void *opaque);
757
758
759
      /**@}*/
760
761
762
763
764
      * @name Var-arg tag types
765
     * @{
766
```

```
767
768
769
770
      * @enum rd_kafka_vtype_t
771
772
      * @brief Var-arg tag types
773
774
      * @sa rd kafka producev()
775
776
     typedef enum rd_kafka_vtype_t {
777
             RD KAFKA VTYPE END,
                                       /**< va-arg sentinel */
778
             RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_TOPIC,
                                      /**< (const char *) Topic name */
779
             RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_RKT,
                                       /**< (rd_kafka_topic_t *) Topic handle */</pre>
             RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_PARTITION, /**< (int32_t) Partition */
780
781
             RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_VALUE,
                                       /**< (void *, size_t) Message value (payload)*/</pre>
782
             RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_KEY,
                                       /**< (void *, size_t) Message key */
783
             RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_OPAQUE, /**< (void *) Application opaque */
             RD KAFKA VTYPE MSGFLAGS, /**< (int) RD KAFKA MSG F .. flags */
784
785
             RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_TIMESTAMP, /**< (int64_t) Milliseconds since epoch UTC */
786
     } rd_kafka_vtype_t;
787
788
789
790
      * @brief Convenience macros for rd_kafka_vtype_t that takes the
791
               correct arguments for each vtype.
792
793
794
795
      * va-arg end sentinel used to terminate the variable argument list
796
797
     #define RD_KAFKA_V_END RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_END
798
799
800
      * Topic name (const char *)
801
802
     #define RD_KAFKA_V_TOPIC(topic)
             _LRK_TYPECHECK(RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_TOPIC, const char *, topic),
803
804
             (const char *)topic
805
806
      * Topic object (rd_kafka_topic_t *)
807
808
     #define RD_KAFKA_V_RKT(rkt)
809
             _LRK_TYPECHECK(RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_RKT, rd_kafka_topic_t *, rkt), \
810
            (rd_kafka_topic_t *)rkt
811
812
      * Partition (int32_t)
813
814
     #define RD_KAFKA_V_PARTITION(partition)
815
             _LRK_TYPECHECK(RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_PARTITION, int32_t, partition), \
816
             (int32_t)partition
817
      * Message value/payload pointer and length (void *, size_t)
818
819
820
     #define RD_KAFKA_V_VALUE(VALUE,LEN)
821
             _LRK_TYPECHECK2(RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_VALUE, void *, VALUE, size_t, LEN), \
822
             (void *)VALUE, (size_t)LEN
823
824
      * Message key pointer and length (const void *, size_t)
825
     #define RD_KAFKA_V_KEY(KEY,LEN)
827
             _LRK_TYPECHECK2(RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_KEY, const void *, KEY, size_t, LEN), \
```

```
828
            (void *)KEY, (size t)LEN
829
830
      * Opaque pointer (void *)
831
832
    #define RD_KAFKA_V_OPAQUE(opaque)
             _LRK_TYPECHECK(RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_OPAQUE, void *, opaque), \
833
834
            (void *)opaque
835
836
      * Message flags (int)
837
      * @sa RD KAFKA MSG F COPY, et.al.
838
      */
839
    #define RD_KAFKA_V_MSGFLAGS(msgflags)
            _LRK_TYPECHECK(RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_MSGFLAGS, int, msgflags),
840
841
            (int)msgflags
842
843
      * Timestamp (int64_t)
844
     #define RD KAFKA V TIMESTAMP(timestamp)
845
846
            _LRK_TYPECHECK(RD_KAFKA_VTYPE_TIMESTAMP, int64_t, timestamp), \
847
            (int64_t)timestamp
848
849
      /**@}*/
850
851
852
853
      * @name Kafka messages
854
855
856
857
858
859
860
     // FIXME: This doesn't show up in docs for some reason
861
     // "Compound rd_kafka_message_t is not documented."
862
863
      * @brief A Kafka message as returned by the \c rd_kafka_consume*() family
864
865
              of functions as well as provided to the Producer \c dr_msg_cb().
866
867
      * For the consumer this object has two purposes:
868
      * - provide the application with a consumed message. (\c err == \theta)
869
      * - report per-topic+partition consumer errors (\c err != 0)
870
871
      * The application must check \c err to decide what action to take.
872
873
      * When the application is finished with a message it must call
874
      * rd_kafka_message_destroy() unless otherwise noted.
875
876
     typedef struct rd_kafka_message_s {
877
        rd_kafka_resp_err_t err; /**< Non-zero for error signaling. */</pre>
        rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt;  /**< Topic */</pre>
878
879
        int32_t partition;
                                   /**< Partition */
880
                                   /**< Producer: original message payload.
881
               * Consumer: Depends on the value of \c err:
882
               * - \c err==0: Message payload.
883
               * - \c err!=0: Error string */
884
                                   /**< Depends on the value of \c err :
        size_t len;
885
               * - \c err==0: Message payload length
886
               * - \c err!=0: Error string length */
887
                                   /**< Depends on the value of \c err :
888
              * - \c err==0: Optional message key */
```

```
889
         size t key len;
                                  /**< Depends on the value of \c err :
890
              * - \c err==0: Optional message key length*/
                                  /**< Consume:
891
        int64 t offset;
892
                                        * - Message offset (or offset for error
893
               * if \c err!=0 if applicable).
894
                                        * - dr_msg_cb:
895
                                       * Message offset assigned by broker.
896
                                       * If \c produce.offset.report is set then
897
                                       * each message will have this field set,
898
                                        * otherwise only the last message in
899
                                        * each produced internal batch will
                                        ^{st} have this field set, otherwise 0. ^{st}/
900
                                  /**< Consume:
901
        void *_private;
902
              * - rdkafka private pointer: DO NOT MODIFY
903
                 * - dr msg cb:
904
                                           msg_opaque from produce() call */
905
     } rd kafka message t;
906
907
908
909
      * @brief Frees resources for \p rkmessage and hands ownership back to rdkafka.
910
911
   RD EXPORT
912
     void rd_kafka_message_destroy(rd_kafka_message_t *rkmessage);
913
914
915
916
917
918
      * @brief Returns the error string for an errored rd_kafka_message_t or NULL if
919
              there was no error.
920
921
      * @remark This function MUST NOT be used with the producer.
922
923
    static RD_INLINE const char *
924
    RD UNUSED
    rd_kafka_message_errstr(const rd_kafka_message_t *rkmessage) {
925
926
        if (!rkmessage->err)
927
            return NULL;
928
929
        if (rkmessage->payload)
930
            return (const char *)rkmessage->payload;
931
932
        return rd_kafka_err2str(rkmessage->err);
933
934
935
936
937
938
      st @brief Returns the message timestamp for a consumed message.
939
940
      * The timestamp is the number of milliseconds since the epoch (UTC).
941
942
      * \p tstype (if not NULL) is updated to indicate the type of timestamp.
943
944
      * @returns message timestamp, or -1 if not available.
945
946
      st @remark Message timestamps require broker version 0.10.0 or later.
947
948 RD EXPORT
    int64_t rd_kafka_message_timestamp (const rd_kafka_message_t *rkmessage,
```

```
950
                         rd_kafka_timestamp_type_t *tstype);
951
952
953
954
955
      * @brief Returns the Latency for a produced message measured from
956
              the produce() call.
957
958
      * @returns the latency in microseconds, or -1 if not available.
959
960 RD_EXPORT
961 int64_t rd_kafka_message_latency (const rd_kafka_message_t *rkmessage);
962
963
964
      /**@}*/
965
966
967
968
      * @name Configuration interface
969
      * @{
970
971
      * @brief Main/global configuration property interface
972
973
974
975
976
      * @enum rd_kafka_conf_res_t
977
      * @brief Configuration result type
978
979 typedef enum {
980
      RD KAFKA CONF UNKNOWN = -2, /**< Unknown configuration name. */
      RD KAFKA CONF INVALID = -1, /**< Invalid configuration value. */
981
                                 /**< Configuration okay */
982
      RD_KAFKA_CONF_OK = 0
983
     } rd_kafka_conf_res_t;
984
985
986
987
      * @brief Create configuration object.
988
989
      * When providing your own configuration to the \c rd_kafka_*_new_*() calls
990
      * the rd_kafka_conf_t objects needs to be created with this function
991
      * which will set up the defaults.
992
      * I.e.:
993
      * @code
994
      * rd_kafka_conf_t *myconf;
995
      * rd_kafka_conf_res_t res;
996
997
      * myconf = rd_kafka_conf_new();
998
      * res = rd_kafka_conf_set(myconf, "socket.timeout.ms", "600",
999
                                 errstr, sizeof(errstr));
      * if (res != RD_KAFKA_CONF_OK)
1000
1001
      * die("%s\n", errstr);
1002
1003
      * rk = rd_kafka_new(..., myconf);
1004
      * @endcode
1005
1006
      * Please see CONFIGURATION.md for the default settings or use
      * rd_kafka_conf_properties_show() to provide the information at runtime.
1007
1008
      * The properties are identical to the Apache Kafka configuration properties
1010
      * whenever possible.
```

```
1011
1012
      * @returns A new rd kafka conf t object with defaults set.
1013
1014 * @sa rd_kafka_conf_set(), rd_kafka_conf_destroy()
1015 */
1016 RD EXPORT
1017 rd_kafka_conf_t *rd_kafka_conf_new(void);
1019
1020
1021
      * @brief Destroys a conf object.
1022 */
1023 RD EXPORT
1024 void rd kafka_conf_destroy(rd_kafka_conf_t *conf);
1025
1026
1027
1028
      * @brief Creates a copy/duplicate of configuration object \p conf
1029
1030
      * @remark Interceptors are NOT copied to the new configuration object.
1031
      * @sa rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_conf_dup
1032
1033 RD EXPORT
1034 rd kafka conf t *rd kafka conf dup(const rd kafka conf t *conf);
1035
1036
1037
1038 * @brief Same as rd_kafka_conf_dup() but with an array of property name
1039
              prefixes to filter out (ignore) when copying.
1040 */
1041 RD EXPORT
1042 rd kafka conf t *rd kafka conf dup filter (const rd kafka conf t *conf,
1043
                                               size t filter cnt,
                                               const char **filter);
1044
1045
1046
1047
1048
1049
      * @brief Sets a configuration property.
1050
1051
      * \p conf must have been previously created with rd_kafka_conf_new().
1052
1053
      * Fallthrough:
1054 * Topic-level configuration properties may be set using this interface
      * in which case they are applied on the \c default topic conf.
      * If no \c default topic conf has been set one will be created.
      * Any sub-sequent rd_kafka_conf_set_default_topic_conf() calls will
1058 * replace the current default topic configuration.
1059
1060
      * @returns \c rd_kafka_conf_res_t to indicate success or failure.
      * In case of failure \p errstr is updated to contain a human readable
1061
1062
      * error string.
1063
1064 RD EXPORT
1065 rd_kafka_conf_res_t rd_kafka_conf_set(rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1066
                            const char *name,
1067
                            const char *value,
1068
                            char *errstr, size_t errstr_size);
1069
1070
1071
```

```
* @brief Enable event sourcing.
1073 * \p events is a bitmask of \c RD KAFKA EVENT * of events to enable
1074
      * for consumption by `rd kafka queue poll()`.
1075
1076 RD EXPORT
1077 void rd_kafka_conf_set_events(rd_kafka_conf_t *conf, int events);
1078
1079
1080
1081
      @deprecated See rd kafka conf set dr msq cb()
1082
1083 RD EXPORT
1084 void rd_kafka_conf_set_dr_cb(rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1085
                      void (*dr cb) (rd kafka t *rk,
1086
                              void *payload, size t len,
1087
                              rd kafka resp err t err,
1088
                              void *opaque, void *msg opaque));
1089
1090
      * @brief \b Producer: Set delivery report callback in provided \p conf object.
1091
1092
1093
      * The delivery report callback will be called once for each message
      * accepted by rd kafka produce() (et.al) with \p err set to indicate
1095
      * the result of the produce request.
1096
1097
      * The callback is called when a message is succesfully produced or
      * if librdkafka encountered a permanent failure, or the retry counter for
1098
1099
      * temporary errors has been exhausted.
1100
1101
      * An application must call rd kafka poll() at regular intervals to
1102
      * serve queued delivery report callbacks.
1103
      */
1104 RD EXPORT
1105 void rd_kafka_conf_set_dr_msg_cb(rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1106
                                       void (*dr_msg_cb) (rd_kafka_t *rk,
1107
                                                          const rd_kafka_message_t *
1108
                                                          rkmessage,
1109
                                                          void *opaque));
1110
1111
1112
1113 * @brief \b Consumer: Set consume callback for use with rd_kafka_consumer_poll()
1114
1115 */
1116 RD EXPORT
1117 void rd kafka conf set consume cb (rd kafka conf t *conf,
1118
                                        void (*consume_cb) (rd_kafka_message_t *
1119
                                                           rkmessage,
1120
                                                           void *opaque));
1121
1122
      * @brief \b Consumer: Set rebalance callback for use with
1123
1124
                            coordinated consumer group balancing.
1125
1126
      * The \p err field is set to either RD KAFKA RESP ERR ASSIGN PARTITIONS
1127 * or RD KAFKA RESP ERR REVOKE PARTITIONS and 'partitions'
1128
      * contains the full partition set that was either assigned or revoked.
1129
      * Registering a \p rebalance_cb turns off librdkafka's automatic
1130
      * partition assignment/revocation and instead delegates that responsibility
      * to the application's \p rebalance_cb.
```

```
1133
1134
       * The rebalance callback is responsible for updating librdkafka's
       * assignment set based on the two events: RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__ASSIGN_PARTITIONS
1135
1136
       * and RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__REVOKE_PARTITIONS but should also be able to handle
1137
       * arbitrary rebalancing failures where \p err is neither of those.
1138
       * @remark In this latter case (arbitrary error), the application must
1139
                call rd_kafka_assign(rk, NULL) to synchronize state.
1140
       * Without a rebalance callback this is done automatically by librdkafka
1142
       * but registering a rebalance callback gives the application flexibility
       * in performing other operations along with the assinging/revocation,
1143
1144
       * such as fetching offsets from an alternate location (on assign)
       * or manually committing offsets (on revoke).
1145
1146
1147
       * @remark The \p partitions list is destroyed by librdkafka on return
1148
                return from the rebalance cb and must not be freed or
1149
                saved by the application.
1150
1151
       * The following example shows the application's responsibilities:
1152
1153
           static void rebalance_cb (rd_kafka_t *rk, rd_kafka_resp_err_t err,
1154
                                     rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *partitions,
1155
                                     void *opaque) {
1156
1157
               switch (err)
1158
                 case RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__ASSIGN_PARTITIONS:
1159
1160
                    // application may load offets from arbitrary external
1161
                    // storage here and update \p partitions
1162
1163
                    rd kafka assign(rk, partitions);
1164
                    break;
1165
                 case RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__REVOKE_PARTITIONS:
1166
1167
                    if (manual_commits) // Optional explicit manual commit
1168
                        rd_kafka_commit(rk, partitions, 0); // sync commit
1169
1170
                    rd_kafka_assign(rk, NULL);
1171
                    break;
1172
1173
                  default:
1174
                    handle_unlikely_error(err);
1175
                    rd_kafka_assign(rk, NULL); // sync state
1176
1177
1178
1179
       * @endcode
1180
1181 RD_EXPORT
1182 void rd_kafka_conf_set_rebalance_cb (
             rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1183
             void (*rebalance_cb) (rd_kafka_t *rk,
1184
1185
                                   rd kafka resp err t err,
1186
                                   rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *partitions,
1187
                                   void *opaque));
1188
1189
1190
1191
       * @brief \b Consumer: Set offset commit callback for use with consumer groups.
1193
```

```
1194 * The results of automatic or manual offset commits will be scheduled
1195 * for this callback and is served by rd kafka consumer poll().
1196
1197
      * If no partitions had valid offsets to commit this callback will be called
1198 * with \p err == RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO OFFSET which is not to be considered
1199
      * an error.
1200
1201 * The \p offsets list contains per-partition information:
1202 * - \c offset: committed offset (attempted)
1203 * - \c err: commit error
1204 */
1205 RD EXPORT
1206 void rd_kafka_conf_set_offset_commit_cb (
1207
             rd kafka conf t *conf,
1208
             void (*offset commit cb) (rd kafka t *rk,
1209
                                      rd kafka resp err t err,
1210
                                      rd kafka topic partition list t *offsets,
1211
                                      void *opaque));
1212
1213
1214
1215
      * @brief Set error callback in provided conf object.
1216
      * The error callback is used by librdkafka to signal critical errors
1218
      * back to the application.
1219
1220
      * If no \p error_cb is registered then the errors will be logged instead.
1221 */
1222 RD EXPORT
1223 void rd_kafka_conf_set_error_cb(rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1224
                     void (*error cb) (rd kafka t *rk, int err,
1225
                                const char *reason,
1226
                                void *opaque));
1227
1228 /**
1229
      * @brief Set throttle callback.
1230
1231
      * The throttle callback is used to forward broker throttle times to the
1232 * application for Produce and Fetch (consume) requests.
1233
      * Callbacks are triggered whenever a non-zero throttle time is returned by
1234
1235 * the broker, or when the throttle time drops back to zero.
1236
      * An application must call rd_kafka_poll() or rd_kafka_consumer_poll() at
1237
1238
      * regular intervals to serve queued callbacks.
1239
1240
      * @remark Requires broker version 0.9.0 or later.
1241 */
1242 RD_EXPORT
1243 void rd_kafka_conf_set_throttle_cb (rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
                        void (*throttle_cb) (
1244
1245
                            rd_kafka_t *rk,
1246
                            const char *broker name,
1247
                            int32_t broker_id,
1248
                            int throttle_time_ms,
1249
                            void *opaque));
1250
1251
1252
1253
      * @brief Set logger callback.
1254
```

```
* The default is to print to stderr, but a syslog logger is also available,
1256 * see rd kafka log print and rd kafka log syslog for the builtin alternatives.
1257 * Alternatively the application may provide its own logger callback.
1258 * Or pass \p func as NULL to disable logging.
1259
      * This is the configuration alternative to the deprecated rd_kafka_set_logger()
1260
1261
1262
      * @remark The log cb will be called spontaneously from librdkafka's internal
1263
                threads unless logs have been forwarded to a poll queue through
1264
                \c rd kafka set Log queue().
1265
                An application MUST NOT call any librdkafka APIs or do any prolonged
1266
                work in a non-forwarded \c log_cb.
1267
      */
1268 RD EXPORT
1269 void rd kafka conf set log cb(rd kafka conf t *conf,
1270
                   void (*log cb) (const rd kafka t *rk, int level,
1271
                                              const char *fac, const char *buf));
1272
1273
1274
1275
      * @brief Set statistics callback in provided conf object.
1276
      * The statistics callback is triggered from rd kafka poll() every
1278 * \c statistics.interval.ms (needs to be configured separately).
1279 * Function arguments:
1280 * - \p rk - Kafka handle
1281 * - \p json - String containing the statistics data in JSON format
1282 * - \p json_len - Length of \p json string.
1283 * - \p opaque - Application-provided opaque.
1284
1285
      * If the application wishes to hold on to the \p json pointer and free
1286 * it at a later time it must return 1 from the \p stats cb.
1287 * If the application returns 0 from the \p stats_cb then librdkafka
1288 * will immediately free the \p json pointer.
1289
1290 RD EXPORT
1291 void rd_kafka_conf_set_stats_cb(rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1292
                      int (*stats cb) (rd kafka t *rk,
1293
                               char *json,
1294
                               size_t json_len,
1295
                               void *opaque));
1296
1297
1298
1299
1300
      * @brief Set socket callback.
1301
1302 * The socket callback is responsible for opening a socket
1303 * according to the supplied \p domain, \p type and \p protocol.
1304
      * The socket shall be created with \c CLOEXEC set in a racefree fashion, if
1305 * possible.
1306
1307 * Default:
1308
      * - on linux: racefree CLOEXEC
1309
      * - others : non-racefree CLOEXEC
1310
1311 * @remark The callback will be called from an internal librdkafka thread.
1312 */
1313 RD EXPORT
1314 void rd kafka conf set socket cb(rd kafka conf t *conf,
1315
                                      int (*socket_cb) (int domain, int type,
```

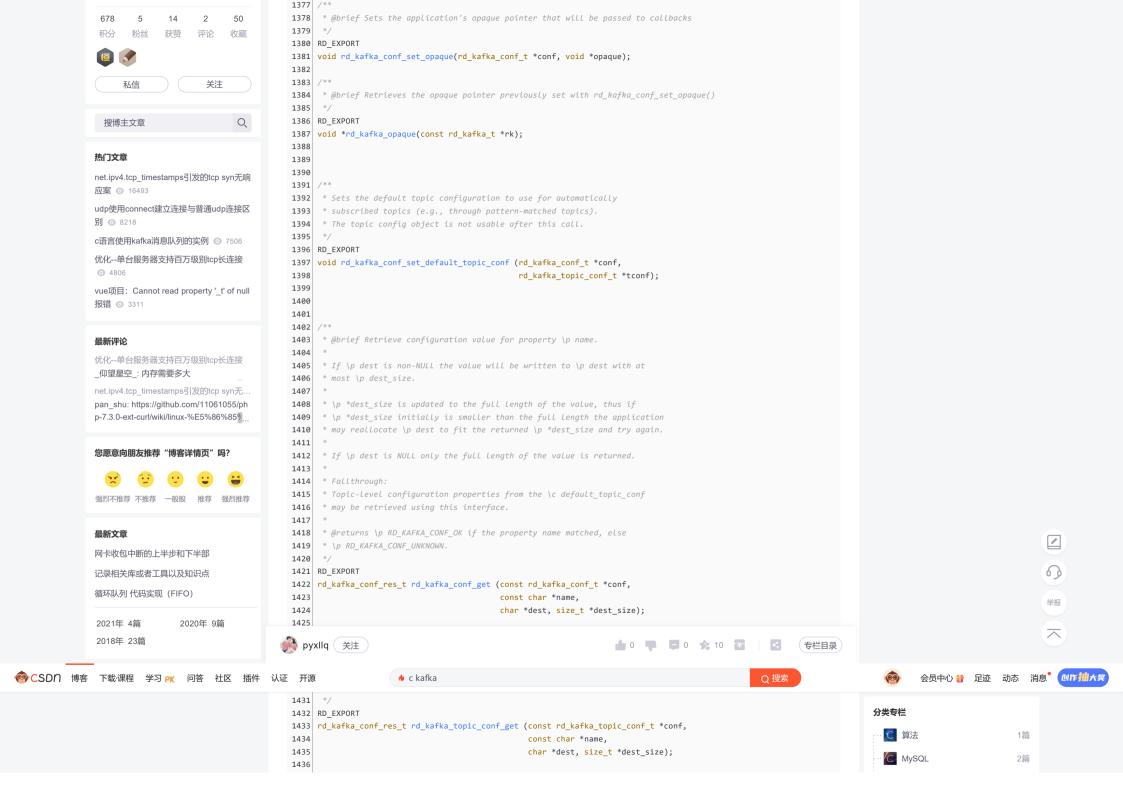
```
1316
                                                        int protocol,
1317
                                                        void *opaque));
1318
1319
1320
1321
1322
      * @brief Set connect callback.
1323
      * The connect callback is responsible for connecting socket \p sockfd
1325
      * to peer address \p addr.
1326
      * The \p id field contains the broker identifier.
1327
1328
      * \p connect_cb shall return 0 on success (socket connected) or an error
1329
      * number (errno) on error.
1330
      * @remark The callback will be called from an internal librdkafka thread.
1332
1333 RD EXPORT void
1334 rd_kafka_conf_set_connect_cb (rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1335
                                  int (*connect_cb) (int sockfd,
1336
                                                     const struct sockaddr *addr,
1337
                                                     int addrlen,
1338
                                                     const char *id,
1339
                                                     void *opaque));
1340
1341
1342
      * @brief Set close socket callback.
1343
1344
      * Close a socket (optionally opened with socket_cb()).
1345
1346
      * @remark The callback will be called from an internal librdkafka thread.
1347
      */
1348 RD EXPORT void
1349 rd_kafka_conf_set_closesocket_cb (rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1350
                                      int (*closesocket_cb) (int sockfd,
1351
                                                             void *opaque));
1352
1353
1354
1355 #ifndef _MSC_VER
1356
1357 * @brief Set open callback.
1358
1359 * The open callback is responsible for opening the file specified by
      * pathname, flags and mode.
1361
      * The file shall be opened with \c CLOEXEC set in a racefree fashion, if
1362
      * possible.
1363
1364 * Default:
1365
      * - on linux: racefree CLOEXEC
1366 * - others : non-racefree CLOEXEC
1367
      * @remark The callback will be called from an internal librdkafka thread.
1369
1370 RD EXPORT
1371 void rd_kafka_conf_set_open_cb (rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1372
                                    int (*open_cb) (const char *pathname,
1373
                                                    int flags, mode_t mode,
1374
                                                    void *opaque));
1375 #endif
1376
```

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周排名 总排名 访问

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```
1437
1438 /**
1439 * @brief Dump the configuration properties and values of \p conf to an array
1440
           with \"key\", \"value\" pairs.
1441
1442
      * The number of entries in the array is returned in \p *cntp.
1443
1444
      * The dump must be freed with `rd kafka conf dump free()`.
1445
1446 RD EXPORT
1447 const char **rd_kafka_conf_dump(rd_kafka_conf_t *conf, size_t *cntp);
1448
1449
1450 /**
1451
      * @brief Dump the topic configuration properties and values of \p conf
1452 * to an array with \"key\", \"value\" pairs.
1453
1454
      * The number of entries in the array is returned in \p *cntp.
1455
1456 * The dump must be freed with `rd_kafka_conf_dump_free()`.
1457 */
1458 RD EXPORT
1459 const char **rd_kafka_topic_conf_dump(rd_kafka_topic_conf_t *conf,
1460
                           size t *cntp);
1461
1462 /**
1463 * @brief Frees a configuration dump returned from `rd_kafka_conf_dump()` or
1464 * `rd_kafka_topic_conf_dump().
1465 */
1467 void rd kafka conf dump free(const char **arr, size t cnt);
1468
1469 /**
1470 * @brief Prints a table to \p fp of all supported configuration properties,
1471
      * their default values as well as a description.
1472 */
1473 RD EXPORT
1474 void rd kafka conf properties show(FILE *fp);
1475
1476 /**@}*/
1477
1478
1479 /**
1480 * @name Topic configuration
1481
      * @{
1482
1483 * @brief Topic configuration property interface
1484
1485
1486
1487
1488
1489 * @brief Create topic configuration object
1490
1491 * @sa Same semantics as for rd_kafka_conf_new().
1492 */
1493 RD_EXPORT
1494 rd_kafka_topic_conf_t *rd_kafka_topic_conf_new(void);
1495
1496
1497 /**
```

C DPDK 1篇 Vue开发 1篇 **企** 编程 11篇 python 2篇 **mysql常用命令** 2篇 10 归档 5篇 ○ 分布式 2篇 linux 7篇

```
* @brief Creates a copy/duplicate of topic configuration object \p conf.
1499 */
1500 RD EXPORT
1501 rd_kafka_topic_conf_t *rd_kafka_topic_conf_dup(const rd_kafka_topic_conf_t
1502
                   * c o n f );
1503
1504
1505
1506
      * @brief Destroys a topic conf object.
1507 */
1508 RD EXPORT
1509 void rd_kafka_topic_conf_destroy(rd_kafka_topic_conf_t *topic_conf);
1510
1511
1512
1513 * @brief Sets a single rd kafka topic conf t value by property name.
1514
1515
      * \p topic conf should have been previously set up
1516 * with `rd_kafka_topic_conf_new()`.
1517
1518 * @returns rd_kafka_conf_res_t to indicate success or failure.
1519
1520 RD EXPORT
1521 rd kafka conf res t rd kafka topic conf set(rd kafka topic conf t *conf,
1522
                             const char *name,
1523
                             const char *value,
1524
                             char *errstr, size_t errstr_size);
1525
1526
     * @brief Sets the application's opaque pointer that will be passed to all topic
      * callbacks as the \c rkt opaque argument.
1529
      */
1530 RD EXPORT
1531 void rd_kafka_topic_conf_set_opaque(rd_kafka_topic_conf_t *conf, void *opaque);
1532
1533
1534 /**
1535
      * @brief \b Producer: Set partitioner callback in provided topic conf object.
1536
     * The partitioner may be called in any thread at any time,
1537
1538
      * it may be called multiple times for the same message/key.
1539
1540
     * Partitioner function constraints:
1541 * - MUST NOT call any rd_kafka_*() functions except:
1542 * rd kafka topic partition available()
1543 * - MUST NOT block or execute for prolonged periods of time.
1544 * - MUST return a value between 0 and partition_cnt-1, or the
1545
      * special \c RD_KAFKA_PARTITION_UA value if partitioning
1546
      * could not be performed.
1547
      */
1548 RD_EXPORT
1549 void
1550 rd kafka topic conf set partitioner cb (rd kafka topic conf t *topic conf,
1551
                        int32_t (*partitioner) (
1552
                            const rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt,
1553
                            const void *keydata,
1554
                            size_t keylen,
1555
                            int32_t partition_cnt,
1556
                            void *rkt_opaque,
1557
                            void *msg opaque));
1558
```

```
1559
      * @brief Check if partition is available (has a leader broker).
1561
1562
      * @returns 1 if the partition is available, else 0.
1563
      * @warning This function must only be called from inside a partitioner function
1564
1565
1566 RD EXPORT
1567 int rd kafka topic partition available(const rd kafka topic t *rkt,
1568
                        int32 t partition);
1569
1570
1571
1572
1573
      * Partitioners provided by rdkafka
1574
      1575
1576
1577 /**
      * @brief Random partitioner.
1578
1579
1580
      * Will try not to return unavailable partitions.
1581
      * @returns a random partition between 0 and \p partition cnt - 1.
1583
1584
1585 RD EXPORT
1586 int32_t rd_kafka_msg_partitioner_random(const rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt,
                         const void *key, size_t keylen,
1587
1588
                         int32_t partition_cnt,
1589
                         void *opaque, void *msg opaque);
1590
1591
1592
      * @brief Consistent partitioner.
1593
1594
      * Uses consistent hashing to map identical keys onto identical partitions.
1595
1596
      * @returns a \"random\" partition between 0 and \p partition cnt - 1 based on
1597
               the CRC value of the key
1598
1599 RD EXPORT
1600 int32_t rd_kafka_msg_partitioner_consistent (const rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt,
1601
                         const void *key, size_t keylen,
1602
                         int32_t partition_cnt,
1603
                         void *opaque, void *msg_opaque);
1604
1605
1606
      * @brief Consistent-Random partitioner.
1607
1608
      * This is the default partitioner.
      * Uses consistent hashing to map identical keys onto identical partitions, and
1609
      * messages without keys will be assigned via the random partitioner.
1610
1611
1612
      * @returns \ a \ "random \ " partition between 0 and \ p partition_cnt - 1 based on
1613
                the CRC value of the key (if provided)
1614 */
1615 RD_EXPORT
1616 int32_t rd_kafka_msg_partitioner_consistent_random (const rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt,
               const void *key, size_t keylen,
1617
1618
               int32 t partition cnt,
1619
               void *opaque, void *msg_opaque);
```

```
1620
1621
1622
      /**@}*/
1623
1624
1625
1626
1627
      * @name Main Kafka and Topic object handles
1628
1629
1630
1631
1632
1633
1634
1635
1636
1637
      * @brief Creates a new Kafka handle and starts its operation according to the
1638
               specified \p type (\p RD_KAFKA_CONSUMER or \p RD_KAFKA_PRODUCER).
1639
1640
      * \p conf is an optional struct created with `rd_kafka_conf_new()` that will
1641
      * be used instead of the default configuration.
      * The \p conf object is freed by this function on success and must not be used
1643
      * or destroyed by the application sub-sequently.
1644
      * See `rd kafka conf set()` et.al for more information.
1645
1646
      * \p errstr must be a pointer to memory of at least size \p errstr_size where
1647
      * `rd_kafka_new()` may write a human readable error message in case the
1648
      * creation of a new handle fails. In which case the function returns NULL.
1649
1650
      * @remark \b RD KAFKA CONSUMER: When a new \p RD KAFKA CONSUMER
1651
                  rd kafka t handle is created it may either operate in the
1652
                  legacy simple consumer mode using the rd_kafka_consume_start()
1653
                  interface, or the High-level KafkaConsumer API.
1654
      * @remark An application must only use one of these groups of APIs on a given
                rd kafka_t RD_KAFKA_CONSUMER handle.
1655
1656
1657
1658
      * @returns The Kafka handle on success or NULL on error (see \p errstr)
1659
1660
      * @sa To destroy the Kafka handle, use rd_kafka_destroy().
1661
      */
1662 RD EXPORT
1663 rd_kafka_t *rd_kafka_new(rd_kafka_type_t type, rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
1664
                   char *errstr, size t errstr size);
1665
1666
1667
1668
      * @brief Destroy Kafka handle.
1669
      * @remark This is a blocking operation.
1670
1671
1672 RD EXPORT
1673 void
                 rd_kafka_destroy(rd_kafka_t *rk);
1674
1675
1676
1677
1678
      * @brief Returns Kafka handle name.
1679
1680 RD_EXPORT
```

```
1681 const char *rd_kafka_name(const rd_kafka_t *rk);
1682
1683
1684
1685 * @brief Returns Kafka handle type.
1686
1687 RD EXPORT
1688 rd kafka type t rd kafka type(const rd kafka t *rk);
1689
1690
1691
1692
      * @brief Returns this client's broker-assigned group member id
1693
1694
      * @remark This currently requires the high-level KafkaConsumer
1695
1696
      * @returns An allocated string containing the current broker-assigned group
1697
                 member id, or NULL if not available.
                 The application must free the string with \p free() or
1698
1699
                 rd_kafka_mem_free()
1700
1701 RD EXPORT
1702 char *rd kafka memberid (const rd kafka t *rk);
1703
1704
1705
1706
1707
      * @brief Returns the ClusterId as reported in broker metadata.
1708
1709
      * @param timeout ms If there is no cached value from metadata retrieval
1710
                          then this specifies the maximum amount of time
1711
                          (in milliseconds) the call will block waiting
1712
                          for metadata to be retrieved.
1713
                         Use 0 for non-blocking calls.
1714
1715
      * @remark Requires broker version >=0.10.0 and api.version.request=true.
1716
      * @remark The application must free the returned pointer
1717
1718
                using rd kafka mem free().
1719
1720 * @returns a newly allocated string containing the ClusterId, or NULL
1721
                 if no ClusterId could be retrieved in the allotted timespan.
1722 */
1723 RD EXPORT
1724 char *rd_kafka_clusterid (rd_kafka_t *rk, int timeout_ms);
1725
1726
1727 /**
1728 * @brief Creates a new topic handle for topic named \p topic.
1729
1730 * \p conf is an optional configuration for the topic created with
1731 * `rd_kafka_topic_conf_new()` that will be used instead of the default
      * topic configuration.
1732
1733 * The \p conf object is freed by this function and must not be used or
1734 * destroyed by the application sub-sequently.
1735
      * See `rd_kafka_topic_conf_set()` et.al for more information.
1736
1737 * Topic handles are refcounted internally and calling rd_kafka_topic_new()
1738 * again with the same topic name will return the previous topic handle
      * without updating the original handle's configuration.
1739
1740 * Applications must eventually call rd kafka topic destroy() for each
1741
      * succesfull call to rd_kafka_topic_new() to clear up resources.
```

```
1742
1743
     * @returns the new topic handle or NULL on error (use rd kafka errno2err()
1744
               to convert system \p errno to an rd kafka resp err t error code.
1745
1746 * @sa rd_kafka_topic_destroy()
1747 */
1748 RD EXPORT
1749 rd kafka topic t *rd kafka topic new(rd kafka t *rk, const char *topic,
1750
                          rd kafka topic conf t *conf);
1751
1752
1753
1754
1755 * @brief Loose application's topic handle refcount as previously created
1756
              with `rd kafka topic new()`.
1757 *
1758 * @remark Since topic objects are refcounted (both internally and for the app)
1759
               the topic object might not actually be destroyed by this call,
1760 *
               but the application must consider the object destroyed.
1761 */
1762 RD EXPORT
1763 void rd kafka topic destroy(rd kafka topic t *rkt);
1764
1765
1766
1767 * @brief Returns the topic name.
1768 */
1769 RD EXPORT
1770 const char *rd kafka topic name(const rd kafka topic t *rkt);
1771
1772
1773 /**
1774 * @brief Get the \p rkt_opaque pointer that was set in the topic configuration.
1775 */
1776 RD EXPORT
1777 void *rd_kafka_topic_opaque (const rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt);
1778
1779
1780
1781
      * @brief Unassigned partition.
1782
     * The unassigned partition is used by the producer API for messages
* that should be partitioned using the configured or default partitioner.
1785
1786 #define RD KAFKA PARTITION UA ((int32 t)-1)
1787
1788
1789
1790
      * @brief Polls the provided kafka handle for events.
1791
1792 * Events will cause application provided callbacks to be called.
1793
1794 * The \p timeout ms argument specifies the maximum amount of time
1795 * (in milliseconds) that the call will block waiting for events.
1796
      * For non-blocking calls, provide 0 as \p timeout_ms.
1797 * To wait indefinately for an event, provide -1.
1798
1799
      * @remark An application should make sure to call poll() at regular
1800
                intervals to serve any queued callbacks waiting to be called.
1801
1802
      * Events:
```

```
* - delivery report callbacks (if dr cb/dr msq cb is configured) [producer]
1804 * - error callbacks (rd kafka conf set error cb()) [all]
      * - stats callbacks (rd kafka conf set stats cb()) [all]
1806
      * - throttle callbacks (rd_kafka_conf_set_throttle_cb()) [all]
1807
1808
      * @returns the number of events served.
1809
1810 RD EXPORT
1811 int rd kafka poll(rd kafka t *rk, int timeout ms);
1812
1813
1814
1815
      * @brief Cancels the current callback dispatcher (rd_kafka_poll(),
1816
              rd_kafka_consume_callback(), etc).
1817
1818 * A callback may use this to force an immediate return to the calling
1819
      * code (caller of e.g. rd kafka poll()) without processing any further
1820
      * events.
1821
1822 * @remark This function MUST ONLY be called from within a librdkafka callback.
1823 */
1824 RD EXPORT
1825 void rd kafka yield (rd kafka t *rk);
1826
1827
1828
1829
1830 /**
1831
      * @brief Pause producing or consumption for the provided list of partitions.
1832
1833
      * Success or error is returned per-partition \p err in the \p partitions list.
1834
1835
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR
1836 */
1837 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
1838 rd_kafka_pause_partitions (rd_kafka_t *rk,
1839
                   rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *partitions);
1840
1841
1842
1843
1844 * @brief Resume producing consumption for the provided list of partitions.
1845
1846
      * Success or error is returned per-partition \p err in the \p partitions list.
1847
1848
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR
1849 */
1850 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
1851 rd_kafka_resume_partitions (rd_kafka_t *rk,
1852
                    rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *partitions);
1853
1854
1855
1856
1857
1858
      * @brief Query broker for low (oldest/beginning) and high (newest/end) offsets
1859
              for partition.
1860
1861
      * Offsets are returned in \p *low and \p *high respectively.
1862
1863
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success or an error code on failure.
```

```
1864
1865 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
1866 rd kafka query watermark offsets (rd kafka t *rk,
1867
                   const char *topic, int32_t partition,
1868
                   int64_t *low, int64_t *high, int timeout_ms);
1869
1870
1871
      * @brief Get Last known Low (oldest/beginning) and high (newest/end) offsets
1873
              for partition.
1874
1875
      * The low offset is updated periodically (if statistics.interval.ms is set)
      * while the high offset is updated on each fetched message set from the broker.
1876
1877
1878
      * If there is no cached offset (either low or high, or both) then
      * RD KAFKA OFFSET INVALID will be returned for the respective offset.
1880
1881
      * Offsets are returned in \p *low and \p *high respectively.
1882
1883
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or an error code on failure.
1884
1885
      * @remark Shall only be used with an active consumer instance.
1886
1887 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
1888
     rd kafka get watermark offsets (rd kafka t *rk,
1889
                     const char *topic, int32_t partition,
1890
                     int64_t *low, int64_t *high);
1891
1892
1893
1894
1895
      * @brief Look up the offsets for the given partitions by timestamp.
1896
      * The returned offset for each partition is the earliest offset whose
1897
1898
      * timestamp is greater than or equal to the given timestamp in the
1899
       * corresponding partition.
1900
1901
      * The timestamps to query are represented as \c offset in \p offsets
1902
      * on input, and \c offset will contain the offset on output.
1903
1904
      * The function will block for at most \p timeout ms milliseconds.
1905
1906
      * @remark Duplicate Topic+Partitions are not supported.
       * @remark Per-partition errors may be returned in \c rd_kafka_topic_partition_t.err
1907
1908
1909
      * @returns an error code for general errors, else RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR
1910
                 in which case per-partition errors might be set.
1911
1912 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
1913
     rd_kafka_offsets_for_times (rd_kafka_t *rk,
                                 rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *offsets,
1914
1915
                                 int timeout_ms);
1916
1917
1918
1919
      * @brief Free pointer returned by librdkafka
1920
1921
      * This is typically an abstraction for the free(3) call and makes sure
1922
      * the application can use the same memory allocator as librdkafka for
1923
      * freeing pointers returned by librdkafka.
1924
```

```
* In standard setups it is usually not necessary to use this interface
      * rather than the free(3) functione.
1927
1928
      * @remark rd_kafka_mem_free() must only be used for pointers returned by APIs
1929
                that explicitly mention using this function for freeing.
      */
1930
1931 RD EXPORT
1932 void rd kafka mem free (rd kafka t *rk, void *ptr);
1933
1934
1935
      /**@}*/
1936
1937
1938
1939
1940
1941
1942
      * @name Queue API
1943
      * @{
1944
1945
      * Message queues allows the application to re-route consumed messages
1946
      * from multiple topic+partitions into one single queue point.
      * This queue point containing messages from a number of topic+partitions
      * may then be served by a single rd kafka consume* queue() call,
      * rather than one call per topic+partition combination.
1949
1950
1951
1952
1953
      * @brief Create a new message queue.
1955
1956
      * See rd kafka consume start queue(), rd kafka consume queue(), et.al.
1957 */
1958 RD_EXPORT
1959 rd_kafka_queue_t *rd_kafka_queue_new(rd_kafka_t *rk);
1960
1961
1962
      * Destroy a queue, purging all of its enqueued messages.
1963
1964 RD EXPORT
1965 void rd_kafka_queue_destroy(rd_kafka_queue_t *rkqu);
1966
1967
1968
1969
      * @returns a reference to the main librdkafka event queue.
1970
      * This is the queue served by rd kafka poll().
1971
1972 * Use rd_kafka_queue_destroy() to loose the reference.
1973 */
1974 RD EXPORT
1975 rd_kafka_queue_t *rd_kafka_queue_get_main (rd_kafka_t *rk);
1976
1977
1978
1979
      * @returns a reference to the librdkafka consumer queue.
1980
      * This is the queue served by rd_kafka_consumer_poll().
1981
1982
      * Use rd_kafka_queue_destroy() to loose the reference.
1983
1984
      * @remark rd kafka queue destroy() MUST be called on this queue
1985
      * prior to calling rd_kafka_consumer_close().
```

```
1986 */
1987 RD EXPORT
1988 rd kafka queue t *rd kafka queue get consumer (rd kafka t *rk);
1989
1990
1991
      * @returns a reference to the partition's queue, or NULL if
                partition is invalid.
1992
1993
1994
      * Use rd kafka queue destroy() to loose the reference.
1995
      * @remark rd kafka queue destroy() MUST be called on this queue
1996
1997
1998
      * @remark This function only works on consumers.
1999
2000 RD EXPORT
2001 rd kafka queue t *rd kafka queue get partition (rd kafka t *rk,
2002
                                                    const char *topic,
2003
                                                    int32 t partition);
2004
2005
2006
      * @brief Forward/re-route queue \p src to \p dst.
2007
      * If \p dst is \c NULL the forwarding is removed.
2008
2009
      * The internal refcounts for both queues are increased.
2010
2011
      * @remark Regardless of whether \p dst is NULL or not, after calling this
2012
                function, \p src will not forward it's fetch queue to the consumer
2013
                aueue.
2014 */
2016 void rd kafka queue forward (rd kafka queue t *src, rd kafka queue t *dst);
2017
2018
      * @brief Forward Librdkafka Logs (and debug) to the specified queue
2019
2020
               for serving with one of the ..poll() calls.
2021
               This allows an application to serve log callbacks (\c log_cb)
2022
2023
               in its thread of choice.
2024
2025
      * @param rkqu Queue to forward logs to. If the value is NULL the logs
               are forwarded to the main queue.
2026
2027
2028
      * @remark The configuration property \c Log.queue MUST also be set to true.
2029
2030
      * @remark librdkafka maintains its own reference to the provided queue.
2031
2032
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success or an error code on error.
2033 */
2034 RD EXPORT
2035 rd_kafka_resp_err_t rd_kafka_set_log_queue (rd_kafka_t *rk,
2036
                                                rd_kafka_queue_t *rkqu);
2037
2038
2039
      * @returns the current number of elements in queue.
2040
2041 */
2042 RD EXPORT
2043 size_t rd_kafka_queue_length (rd_kafka_queue_t *rkqu);
2044
2045
2046
```

```
* @brief Enable IO event triggering for queue.
2048
2049
      * To ease integration with IO based polling loops this API
2050
      * allows an application to create a separate file-descriptor
2051
      * that librdkafka will write \p payload (of size \p size) to
2052
      * whenever a new element is enqueued on a previously empty queue.
2053
2054
      * To remove event triggering call with p fd = -1.
2055
2056
      * librdkafka will maintain a copy of the \p payload.
2057
2058
      * @remark When using forwarded queues the IO event must only be enabled
2059
               on the final forwarded-to (destination) queue.
2060
     */
2061 RD EXPORT
2062 void rd kafka queue io event enable (rd kafka queue t *rkqu, int fd,
2063
                         const void *payload, size t size);
2064
2065 /**@}*/
2066
2067
2068
2069
      * @name Simple Consumer API (legacy)
2070
2071
2072
2073
2074
2075 #define RD KAFKA OFFSET BEGINNING -2 /**< Start consuming from beginning of
2076
                  * kafka partition queue: oldest msg */
2077 #define RD KAFKA OFFSET END -1 /**< Start consuming from end of kafka
2078
                  * partition queue: next msq */
2079 #define RD_KAFKA_OFFSET_STORED -1000 /**< Start consuming from offset retrieved
2080
                   * from offset store */
2081 #define RD_KAFKA_OFFSET_INVALID -1001 /**< Invalid offset */
2082
2083
2084 /** @cond NO DOC */
2085 #define RD KAFKA OFFSET TAIL BASE -2000 /* internal: do not use */
2086 /** @endcond */
2087
2088
2089
      * @brief Start consuming \p CNT messages from topic's current end offset.
2090
2091
      * That is, if current end offset is 12345 and \p CNT is 200, it will start
     * consuming from offset \c 12345-200 = \c 12145. */
2093 #define RD KAFKA OFFSET TAIL(CNT) (RD KAFKA OFFSET TAIL BASE - (CNT))
2094
2095 /**
2096
      * @brief Start consuming messages for topic \p rkt and \p partition
2097 * at offset \p offset which may either be an absolute \c (0..N)
2098
      * or one of the logical offsets:
2099 * - RD KAFKA OFFSET BEGINNING
2100 * - RD KAFKA OFFSET END
2101
     * - RD KAFKA OFFSET STORED
2102 * - RD KAFKA OFFSET TAIL
2103
2104 * rdkafka will attempt to keep \c queued.min.messages (config property)
      * messages in the local queue by repeatedly fetching batches of messages
2105
2106
      * from the broker until the threshold is reached.
2107
```

```
* The application shall use one of the `rd kafka consume*()` functions
      * to consume messages from the local queue, each kafka message being
2110
      * represented as a `rd kafka message t *` object.
2111
2112 * `rd kafka consume start()` must not be called multiple times for the same
2113 * topic and partition without stopping consumption first with
2114 * `rd kafka consume stop()`.
2115
2116 * @returns 0 on success or -1 on error in which case errno is set accordingly:
2117 * - EBUSY - Conflicts with an existing or previous subscription
2118 *
                     (RD KAFKA RESP ERR CONFLICT)
2119 * - EINVAL - Invalid offset, or incomplete configuration (lacking group.id)
2120
                     (RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__INVALID_ARG)
2121 * - ESRCH - requested \p partition is invalid.
2122
                     (RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNKNOWN PARTITION)
2123 * - ENOENT - topic is unknown in the Kafka cluster.
2124
                     (RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNKNOWN TOPIC)
2125
2126 * Use `rd_kafka_errno2err()` to convert sytem \c errno to `rd_kafka_resp_err_t`
2127 */
2128 RD_EXPORT
2129 int rd kafka consume start(rd kafka topic t *rkt, int32 t partition,
                    int64 t offset);
2131
2132 /**
2133 * @brief Same as rd_kafka_consume_start() but re-routes incoming messages to
2134 * the provided queue \p rkqu (which must have been previously allocated
2135 * with `rd_kafka_queue_new()`.
2136
2137 * The application must use one of the `rd kafka consume * queue()` functions
2138 * to receive fetched messages.
2139
2140 * `rd_kafka_consume_start_queue()` must not be called multiple times for the
2141 * same topic and partition without stopping consumption first with
2142 * `rd_kafka_consume_stop()`.
* `rd_kafka_consume_start()` and `rd_kafka_consume_start_queue()` must not
* be combined for the same topic and partition.
2145 */
2146 RD EXPORT
2147 int rd_kafka_consume_start_queue(rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt, int32_t partition,
2148
                      int64 t offset, rd kafka queue t *rkqu);
2149
2150
2151 * @brief Stop consuming messages for topic \p rkt and \p partition, purging
2152
      * all messages currently in the local queue.
2153
2154
     * NOTE: To enforce synchronisation this call will block until the internal
2155
             fetcher has terminated and offsets are committed to configured
2156
              storage method.
2157
2158 * The application needs to be stop all consumers before calling
      * `rd_kafka_destroy()` on the main object handle.
2159
2160
2161
     * @returns 0 on success or -1 on error (see `errno`).
2162
     */
2163 RD EXPORT
2164 int rd_kafka_consume_stop(rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt, int32_t partition);
2165
2166
2167
2168
```

```
* @brief Seek consumer for topic+partition to \p offset which is either an
2170
               absolute or logical offset.
2171
2172 * If \p timeout_ms is not 0 the call will wait this long for the
2173 * seek to be performed. If the timeout is reached the internal state
* will be unknown and this function returns `RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__TIMED_OUT`.
2175 * If \p timeout ms is 0 it will initiate the seek but return
2176
      * immediately without any error reporting (e.g., async).
2177
2178
      * This call triggers a fetch queue barrier flush.
2179
2180
      * @returns `RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR` on success else an error code.
2181
2182 RD EXPORT
2183 rd kafka resp err t rd kafka seek (rd kafka topic t *rkt,
2184
                                       int32 t partition,
2185
                                       int64 t offset,
2186
                                       int timeout ms);
2187
2188
2189
2190
      * @brief Consume a single message from topic \p rkt and \p partition
2191
      * \p timeout ms is maximum amount of time to wait for a message to be received.
2193
     * Consumer must have been previously started with `rd kafka consume start()`.
2194
      * @returns a message object on success or \c NULL on error.
2195
2196
      * The message object must be destroyed with `rd_kafka_message_destroy()`
2197
      * when the application is done with it.
2198
2199
      * Errors (when returning NULL):
2200
      * - ETIMEDOUT - \p timeout ms was reached with no new messages fetched.
2201 * - ENOENT - \p rkt + \p partition is unknown.
2202
                       (no prior `rd_kafka_consume_start()` call)
2203
2204
      * NOTE: The returned message's \c ...>err must be checked for errors.
      * NOTE: \c ...->err \c == \c RD KAFKA RESP ERR PARTITION EOF signals that the
2205
2206
              end of the partition has been reached, which should typically not be
2207
              considered an error. The application should handle this case
2208
              (e.g., ignore).
2209
2210 * @remark on_consume() interceptors may be called from this function prior to
2211
                passing message to application.
2212 */
2213 RD EXPORT
2214 rd kafka message t *rd kafka consume(rd kafka topic t *rkt, int32 t partition,
2215
                           int timeout ms);
2216
2217
2218
2219 /**
      * @brief Consume up to \p rkmessages_size from topic \p rkt and \p partition
2220
2221
               putting a pointer to each message in the application provided
2222
               array \p rkmessages (of size \p rkmessages_size entries).
2223
2224 * `rd kafka consume batch()` provides higher throughput performance
2225
      * than `rd_kafka_consume()`.
2226
2227
      * \p timeout_ms is the maximum amount of time to wait for all of
     * \p rkmessages size messages to be put into \p rkmessages.
      * If no messages were available within the timeout period this function
```

```
2230 * returns 0 and \p rkmessages remains untouched.
2231 * This differs somewhat from `rd kafka consume()`.
2232
2233 * The message objects must be destroyed with `rd_kafka_message_destroy()
2234 * when the application is done with it.
2235
2236 * @returns the number of rkmessages added in \p rkmessages,
2237
      * or -1 on error (same error codes as for `rd kafka consume()`.
2238
2239
      * @sa rd kafka consume()
2240
* @remark on_consume() interceptors may be called from this function prior to
2242
               passing message to application.
2243 */
2244 RD EXPORT
2245 ssize_t rd_kafka_consume_batch(rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt, int32_t partition,
2246
                    int timeout ms,
                    rd kafka message t **rkmessages,
2247
2248
                    size_t rkmessages_size);
2249
2250
2251
2252 /**
2253 * @brief Consumes messages from topic \p rkt and \p partition, calling
2254 * the provided callback for each consumed messsage.
2255 *
2256 * `rd_kafka_consume_callback()` provides higher throughput performance
2257 * than both `rd_kafka_consume()` and `rd_kafka_consume_batch()`.
2258
2259 * \p timeout ms is the maximum amount of time to wait for one or more messages
2260
2261
2262 * The provided \p consume_cb function is called for each message,
2263 * the application \b MUST \b NOT call `rd_kafka_message_destroy()` on the
2264 * provided \p rkmessage.
2265
2266 * The \p opaque argument is passed to the 'consume_cb' as \p opaque.
2267
2268 * @returns the number of messages processed or -1 on error.
2269
2270
      * @sa rd kafka consume()
2271
2272 * @remark on_consume() interceptors may be called from this function prior to
               passing message to application.
2273
2274 */
2275 RD EXPORT
2276 int rd_kafka_consume_callback(rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt, int32_t partition,
2277
                       int timeout ms,
2278
                       void (*consume_cb) (rd_kafka_message_t
                      *rkmessage,
2279
                               void *opaque),
2280
2281
                       void *opaque);
2282
2283
2284
2285 * @name Simple Consumer API (legacy): Queue consumers
2286 * @{
2287
      * The following `..._queue()` functions are analogue to the functions above
2288
     * but reads messages from the provided queue \p rkqu instead.
      * \p rkqu must have been previously created with `rd_kafka_queue_new()`
```

```
* and the topic consumer must have been started with
2292 * `rd kafka consume start queue()` utilising the the same queue.
2293
2294
2295 /**
2296
      * @brief Consume from queue
2297
2298
      * @sa rd kafka consume()
2299
      */
2300 RD EXPORT
2301 rd kafka message t *rd kafka consume queue(rd kafka queue t *rkqu,
2302
                            int timeout_ms);
2303
2304
2305
      * @brief Consume batch of messages from queue
2306
2307
      * @sa rd kafka consume batch()
2308
      */
2309 RD EXPORT
2310 ssize_t rd_kafka_consume_batch_queue(rd_kafka_queue_t *rkqu,
2311
                          int timeout_ms,
2312
                          rd_kafka_message_t **rkmessages,
2313
                          size_t rkmessages_size);
2314
2315
2316
      * @brief Consume multiple messages from queue with callback
2317
2318 * @sa rd_kafka_consume_callback()
2319 */
2320 RD EXPORT
2321 int rd_kafka_consume_callback_queue(rd_kafka_queue_t *rkqu,
2322
                         int timeout ms,
2323
                         void (*consume_cb) (rd_kafka_message_t
                      *rkmessage,
2324
2325
                                 void *opaque),
                         void *opaque);
2326
2327
2328
2329
     /**@}*/
2330
2331
2332
2333
2334 /**
2335
     * @name Simple Consumer API (legacy): Topic+partition offset store.
2336 * @{
2337 *
2338 * If \c auto.commit.enable is true the offset is stored automatically prior to
2339 * returning of the message(s) in each of the rd_kafka_consume*() functions
2340
      * above.
2341
2342
2343
2344
2345
      * @brief Store offset \p offset for topic \p rkt partition \p partition.
2346
2347
      * The offset will be committed (written) to the offset store according
      * to \c `auto.commit.interval.ms` or manual offset-less commit()
2348
2349
      * @remark \c `enable.auto.offset.store` must be set to "false" when using this API.
2351
```

```
2352 * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or an error code on error.
2353 */
2354 RD EXPORT
2355 rd_kafka_resp_err_t rd_kafka_offset_store(rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt,
2356
                           int32_t partition, int64_t offset);
2357
2358
2359 /**
2360 * @brief Store offsets for one or more partitions.
2361
2362 * The offset will be committed (written) to the offset store according
2363 * to \c `auto.commit.interval.ms` or manual offset-less commit().
2364
2365 * Per-partition success/error status propagated through each partition's
      * \c .err field.
2366
2367
2368
      * @remark \c `enable.auto.offset.store` must be set to "false" when using this API.
2369
2370 * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success or an error code if
2371
               none of the offsets could be stored.
2372 */
2373 RD EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
2374 rd kafka offsets store(rd kafka t *rk,
2375
                           rd kafka topic partition list t *offsets);
2376 /**@}*/
2377
2378
2379
2380
2381 /**
2382 * @name KafkaConsumer (C)
2383 * @{
2384 * @brief High-level KafkaConsumer C API
2385
2386
2387
2388
2389
2390 /**
2391 * @brief Subscribe to topic set using balanced consumer groups.
2392
2393 * Wildcard (regex) topics are supported by the librdkafka assignor:
* any topic name in the \p topics list that is prefixed with \c \"^\" will
2395 * be regex-matched to the full list of topics in the cluster and matching
2396
      * topics will be added to the subscription list.
2397
2398
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success or
2399
                RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__INVALID_ARG if list is empty, contains invalid
2400
                topics or regexes.
2401
2402 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
2403 rd_kafka_subscribe (rd_kafka_t *rk,
2404
                        const rd kafka topic partition list t *topics);
2405
2406
2407
2408 * @brief Unsubscribe from the current subscription set.
2409 */
2410 RD EXPORT
2411 rd kafka resp err t rd kafka unsubscribe (rd kafka t *rk);
2412
```

```
2413
2414
      * @brief Returns the current topic subscription
2415
2416
2417
      * @returns An error code on failure, otherwise \p topic is updated
2418
                 to point to a newly allocated topic list (possibly empty).
2419
2420
      * @remark The application is responsible for calling
2421
                rd kafka topic partition list destroy on the returned list.
2422
     */
2423 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
2424 rd_kafka_subscription (rd_kafka_t *rk,
2425
                            rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t **topics);
2426
2427
2428
2429
2430
      * @brief Poll the consumer for messages or events.
2431
2432
      * Will block for at most \p timeout_ms milliseconds.
2433
2434
      * @remark An application should make sure to call consumer poll() at regular
2435
                 intervals, even if no messages are expected, to serve any
2436
                 queued callbacks waiting to be called. This is especially
2437
                 important when a rebalance cb has been registered as it needs
2438
                 to be called and handled properly to synchronize internal
2439
                 consumer state.
2440
2441
      * @returns A message object which is a proper message if \p ->err is
2442
                 RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR, or an event or error for any other
2443
2444
2445
      * @remark on_consume() interceptors may be called from this function prior to
2446
                passing message to application.
2447
2448
      * @sa rd kafka message t
2449 */
2450 RD_EXPORT
2451 rd kafka message t *rd kafka consumer poll (rd kafka t *rk, int timeout ms);
2452
2453
2454 * @brief Close down the KafkaConsumer.
2455
      * @remark This call will block until the consumer has revoked its assignment,
2456
2457
                calling the \c rebalance cb if it is configured, committed offsets
2458
                to broker, and left the consumer group.
2459
                The maximum blocking time is roughly limited to session.timeout.ms.
2460
2461
      * @returns An error code indicating if the consumer close was succesful
2462
                 or not.
2463
      * @remark The application still needs to call rd_kafka_destroy() after
2464
2465
                this call finishes to clean up the underlying handle resources.
2466
2467
2468 RD EXPORT
2469 rd_kafka_resp_err_t rd_kafka_consumer_close (rd_kafka_t *rk);
2470
2471
2472
2473
```

```
* @brief Atomic assignment of partitions to consume.
2475
2476
      * The new \p partitions will replace the existing assignment.
2477
2478
     * When used from a rebalance callback the application shall pass the
2479
      * partition list passed to the callback (or a copy of it) (even if the list
2480
      * is empty) rather than NULL to maintain internal join state.
2481
     * A zero-length \p partitions will treat the partitions as a valid,
2483
      * albeit empty, assignment, and maintain internal state, while a \c NULL
2484 * value for \p partitions will reset and clear the internal state.
2485 */
2486 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
2487 rd kafka assign (rd kafka t *rk,
2488
                      const rd kafka topic partition list t *partitions);
2489
2490
      * @brief Returns the current partition assignment
2491
2492
2493
      * @returns An error code on failure, otherwise \p partitions is updated
2494
                to point to a newly allocated partition list (possibly empty).
2495
2496
      * @remark The application is responsible for calling
2497
               rd kafka topic partition list destroy on the returned list.
2498 */
2499 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
2500 rd_kafka_assignment (rd_kafka_t *rk,
2501
                         rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t **partitions);
2502
2503
2504
2505
2506
2507 * @brief Commit offsets on broker for the provided list of partitions.
2508
2509
     * \p offsets should contain \c topic, \c partition, \c offset and possibly
2510 * \c metadata.
2511 * If \p offsets is NULL the current partition assignment will be used instead.
2512
2513 * If \p async is false this operation will block until the broker offset commit
2514 * is done, returning the resulting success or error code.
2515
2516 * If a rd_kafka_conf_set_offset_commit_cb() offset commit callback has been
2517 * configured the callback will be enqueued for a future call to
2518
      * rd kafka poll(), rd kafka consumer poll() or similar.
2519 */
2520 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
2521 rd_kafka_commit (rd_kafka_t *rk, const rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *offsets,
2522
                     int async);
2523
2524
2525
2526 * @brief Commit message's offset on broker for the message's partition.
2527
2528
     * @sa rd_kafka_commit
2529 */
2530 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
2531 rd_kafka_commit_message (rd_kafka_t *rk, const rd_kafka_message_t *rkmessage,
2532
                              int async);
2533
2534
```

```
2535
     * @brief Commit offsets on broker for the provided list of partitions.
2537
2538
      * See rd_kafka_commit for \p offsets semantics.
2539
2540
      * The result of the offset commit will be posted on the provided \p rkqu queue.
2541
2542
      * If the application uses one of the poll APIs (rd kafka poll(),
      * rd kafka consumer poll(), rd kafka queue poll(), ..) to serve the queue
2544
      * the \p cb callback is required. \p opaque is passed to the callback.
2545
2546 * If using the event API the callback is ignored and the offset commit result
      * will be returned as an RD_KAFKA_EVENT_COMMIT event. The \p opaque
2547
2548 * value will be available with rd kafka event opaque()
2549
2550 * If \p rkqu is NULL a temporary queue will be created and the callback will
2551
      * be served by this call.
2552
2553 * @sa rd_kafka_commit()
2554 * @sa rd_kafka_conf_set_offset_commit_cb()
2555 */
2556 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
2557 rd kafka commit queue (rd kafka t *rk,
2558
                    const rd kafka topic partition list t *offsets,
2559
                    rd kafka queue t *rkqu,
                    void (*cb) (rd_kafka_t *rk,
2560
2561
                        rd_kafka_resp_err_t err,
2562
                        rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *offsets,
2563
                        void *opaque),
2564
                    void *opaque);
2565
2566
2567 /**
      * @brief Retrieve committed offsets for topics+partitions.
2568
2569
2570
      * The \p offset field of each requested partition will either be set to
     * stored offset or to RD_KAFKA_OFFSET_INVALID in case there was no stored
2571
2572
      * offset for that partition.
2573
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success in which case the
2574
2575
                 \p offset or \p err field of each \p partitions' element is filled
2576
                 in with the stored offset, or a partition specific error.
2577
                 Else returns an error code.
2578 */
2579 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
2580
     rd kafka committed (rd kafka t *rk,
2581
                 rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *partitions,
2582
                 int timeout ms);
2583
2584
2585
2586
2587
      * @brief Retrieve current positions (offsets) for topics+partitions.
2588
2589
      * The \p offset field of each requested partition will be set to the offset
2590
      * of the last consumed message + 1, or RD KAFKA OFFSET INVALID in case there was
2591
      * no previous message.
2592
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success in which case the
2593
2594
                 \p offset or \p err field of each \p partitions' element is filled
2595
                in with the stored offset, or a partition specific error.
```

```
2596
                 Else returns an error code.
2597
2598 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
2599 rd_kafka_position (rd_kafka_t *rk,
2600
               rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *partitions);
2601
2602
2603
      **@}*/
2604
2605
2606
2607
2608
      * @name Producer API
2609
2610
2611
2612
2613
2614
2615
2616
      * @brief Producer message flags
2617
2618 #define RD KAFKA MSG F FREE 0x1 /**< Delegate freeing of payload to rdkafka. */
     #define RD KAFKA MSG F COPY 0x2 /**< rdkafka will make a copy of the payload. */
     #define RD KAFKA MSG F BLOCK 0x4 /**< Block produce*() on message queue full.
2620
2621
                 WARNING: If a delivery report callback
2622
                            is used the application MUST
2623
                           call rd_kafka_poll() (or equiv.)
2624
                            to make sure delivered messages
2625
                            are drained from the internal
2626
                            delivery report queue.
2627
                            Failure to do so will result
2628
                            in indefinately blocking on
2629
                            the produce() call when the
2630
                            message queue is full.
2631
2632
2633
2634
2635
2636
      * @brief Produce and send a single message to broker.
2637
2638
      * \p rkt is the target topic which must have been previously created with
2639
      * `rd_kafka_topic_new()`.
2640
2641
      * `rd kafka produce()` is an asynch non-blocking API.
2642
2643
      * \p partition is the target partition, either:
2644
      * - RD_KAFKA_PARTITION_UA (unassigned) for
2645
         automatic partitioning using the topic's partitioner function, or
2646
      * - a fixed partition (0..N)
2647
2648
      * \p msqflags is zero or more of the following flags OR:ed together:
2649
          RD_KAFKA_MSG_F_BLOCK - block \p produce*() call if
2650
                                 \p queue.buffering.max.messages or
2651
                                 \p queue.buffering.max.kbytes are exceeded.
2652
                                 Messages are considered in-queue from the point they
2653
                                 are accepted by produce() until their corresponding
2654
                                 delivery report callback/event returns.
2655
                                 It is thus a requirement to call
2656
                                 rd_kafka_poll() (or equiv.) from a separate
```

```
2657
                                  thread when F BLOCK is used.
2658
                                  See WARNING on \c RD KAFKA MSG F BLOCK above.
2659
2660
           RD_KAFKA_MSG_F_FREE - rdkafka will free(3) \p payload when it is done
2661
                                 with it.
           RD_KAFKA_MSG_F_COPY - the \p payload data will be copied and the
2662
2663
                                 \p payload pointer will not be used by rdkafka
2664
                                 after the call returns.
2665
2666
           .. F FREE and .. F COPY are mutually exclusive.
2667
2668
           If the function returns -1 and RD KAFKA MSG F FREE was specified, then
2669
           the memory associated with the payload is still the caller's
2670
           responsibility.
2671
      * \p payload is the message payload of size \p len bytes.
2673
2674
      * \p key is an optional message key of size \p keylen bytes, if non-NULL it
      * will be passed to the topic partitioner as well as be sent with the
2675
      * message to the broker and passed on to the consumer.
2676
2677
2678
      * \p msq opaque is an optional application-provided per-message opaque
      * pointer that will provided in the delivery report callback (`dr cb`) for
2680
      * referencing this message.
2681
2682
      * @remark on_send() and on_acknowledgement() interceptors may be called
2683
                from this function. on_acknowledgement() will only be called if the
2684
                message fails partitioning.
2685
      * @returns 0 on success or -1 on error in which case errno is set accordingly:
2687
      * - ENOBUFS - maximum number of outstanding messages has been reached:
2688
                      "queue.buffering.max.messages"
                      (RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__QUEUE_FULL)
2689
      * - EMSGSIZE - message is larger than configured max size:
2690
2691
                      "messages.max.bytes".
2692
                      (RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_MSG_SIZE_TOO_LARGE)
2693
                    - requested \p partition is unknown in the Kafka cluster.
2694
                      (RD KAFKA RESP ERR UNKNOWN PARTITION)
2695
      * - ENOENT
                    - topic is unknown in the Kafka cluster.
                      (RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__UNKNOWN_TOPIC)
2696
2697
2698 * @sa Use rd_kafka_errno2err() to convert `errno` to rdkafka error code.
2699
2700 RD EXPORT
2701
     int rd kafka produce(rd kafka topic t *rkt, int32 t partition,
2702
                   int msgflags,
2703
                   void *payload, size_t len,
2704
                   const void *key, size_t keylen,
2705
                   void *msg_opaque);
2706
2707
2708
2709
      * @brief Produce and send a single message to broker.
2710
2711
      * The message is defined by a va-arg list using \c rd_kafka_vtype_t
2712
      * tag tuples which must be terminated with a single \c RD KAFKA V END.
2713
2714
      * @returns \c RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success, else an error code.
2715
2716
      * @sa rd kafka produce, RD KAFKA V END
2717
```

```
2718 RD EXPORT
2719 rd kafka resp err t rd kafka producev (rd kafka t *rk, ...);
2720
2721
2722 /**
2723 * @brief Produce multiple messages.
* If partition is RD KAFKA PARTITION UA the configured partitioner will
* be run for each message (slower), otherwise the messages will be enqueued
2727 * to the specified partition directly (faster).
2728 *
2729 * The messages are provided in the array \p rkmessages of count \p message_cnt
2730 * elements.
2731 * The \p partition and \p msaflags are used for all provided messages.
2732 *
2733 * Honoured \p rkmessages[] fields are:
2734 * - payload, len Message payload and length
2735 * - key, key len Optional message key
2736 * - private
                         Message opaque pointer (msg_opaque)
2737 * - err
                        Will be set according to success or failure.
2738 *
                        Application only needs to check for errors if
2739
                        return value != \p message cnt.
2740
2741 * @returns the number of messages succesfully enqueued for producing.
2742 */
2743 RD EXPORT
2744 int rd_kafka_produce_batch(rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt, int32_t partition,
2745
                               int msgflags,
2746
                               rd kafka message t *rkmessages, int message cnt);
2747
2748
2749
2750
2751 /**
2752 * @brief Wait until all outstanding produce requests, et.al, are completed.
               This should typically be done prior to destroying a producer instance
2753
2754
               to make sure all queued and in-flight produce requests are completed
2755
              before terminating.
2756
2757 * @remark This function will call rd_kafka_poll() and thus trigger callbacks.
2758
2759 * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__TIMED_OUT if \p timeout_ms was reached before all
2760
                outstanding requests were completed, else RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR
2761 */
2762 RD EXPORT
2763 rd kafka resp err t rd kafka flush (rd kafka t *rk, int timeout ms);
2764
2765
2766 /**@}*/
2767
2768
2769 /**
2770 * @name Metadata API
2771 * @{
2772 *
2773 *
2774 */
2775
2776
2777 /**
2778 * @brief Broker information
```

```
2779
2780 typedef struct rd_kafka_metadata_broker {
2781
             int32 t
                         id;
                                         /**< Broker Id */
2782
             char
                        *host;
                                         /**< Broker hostname */
2783
             int
                                         /**< Broker Listening port */</pre>
                         port;
2784 } rd_kafka_metadata_broker_t;
2785
2786
2787
      * @brief Partition information
2788
2789 typedef struct rd kafka metadata partition {
2790
             int32_t
                       id;
                                         /**< Partition Id */
2791
                                         /**< Partition error reported by broker */
             rd_kafka_resp_err_t err;
             int32_t
2792
                         leader;
                                         /**< Leader broker */
2793
             int
                         replica cnt;
                                         /**< Number of brokers in \p replicas */
2794
             int32 t
                        *replicas;
                                         /**< Replica brokers */
2795
             int
                         isr cnt;
                                         /**< Number of ISR brokers in \p isrs */
2796
             int32 t *isrs;
                                         /**< In-Sync-Replica brokers */
2797 } rd_kafka_metadata_partition_t;
2798
2799
2800
      * @brief Topic information
2801
2802
     typedef struct rd kafka metadata topic {
2803
                        *topic;
                                         /**< Topic name */
2804
             int
                         partition_cnt; /**< Number of partitions in \p partitions*/</pre>
2805
             struct rd_kafka_metadata_partition *partitions; /**< Partitions */</pre>
2806
             rd_kafka_resp_err_t err;  /**< Topic error reported by broker */</pre>
2807
       rd_kafka_metadata_topic_t;
2808
2809
2810
2811
      * @brief Metadata container
2812
2813
     typedef struct rd_kafka_metadata {
2814
                         broker_cnt;
                                         /**< Number of brokers in \p brokers */
             struct rd_kafka_metadata_broker *brokers; /**< Brokers */</pre>
2815
2816
2817
             int
                         topic cnt;
                                         /**< Number of topics in \p topics */
2818
             struct rd_kafka_metadata_topic *topics;  /**< Topics */</pre>
2819
2820
             int32_t
                         orig_broker_id; /**< Broker originating this metadata */</pre>
2821
             char
                        *orig_broker_name; /**< Name of originating broker */
2822
       rd_kafka_metadata_t;
2823
2824
2825
2826
      * @brief Request Metadata from broker.
2827
2828
      * Parameters:
2829
      * - \p all_topics if non-zero: request info about all topics in cluster,
2830
                          if zero: only request info about locally known topics.
      * - \p only rkt
                         only request info about this topic
2832
      * - \p metadatap pointer to hold metadata result.
2833
                          The \p *metadatap pointer must be released
2834
                          with rd_kafka_metadata_destroy().
2835
      * - \p timeout_ms maximum response time before failing.
2836
      * Returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success (in which case *metadatap)
2837
      * will be set, else RD KAFKA RESP ERR TIMED OUT on timeout or
      * other error code on error.
```

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```
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                                                      2842 rd kafka resp err t
                                                      2843 rd_kafka_metadata (rd_kafka_t *rk, int all_topics,
               热门文章
                                                      2844
                                                                            rd_kafka_topic_t *only_rkt,
               net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps引发的tcp syn无响
                                                      2845
                                                                            const struct rd_kafka_metadata **metadatap,
               应案 ⊙ 16493
                                                      2846
                                                                            int timeout_ms);
                                                      2847
               udp使用connect建立连接与普通udp连接区
                                                      2848
               别 ① 8218
                                                      2849
                                                            * @brief Release metadata memory.
               c语言使用kafka消息队列的实例 ⊙ 7506
                                                      2850
                                                      2851 RD EXPORT
               优化--单台服务器支持百万级别tcp长连接
                                                      2852 void rd_kafka_metadata_destroy(const struct rd_kafka_metadata *metadata);
               4806
                                                      2853
               vue项目: Cannot read property '_t' of null
                                                      2854
               报错 ① 3311
                                                      2855
                                                            /**@}*/
                                                      2856
                                                      2857
               最新评论
                                                      2858
                                                      2859
               优化--单台服务器支持百万级别tcp长连接
                                                      2860
                                                           * @name Client group information
               仰望星空:内存需要多大
                                                      2861
               net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps引发的tcp syn无..
                                                      2862
               pan shu: https://github.com/11061055/ph
                                                      2863
               p-7.3.0-ext-curl/wiki/linux-%E5%86%85%
                                                      2864
                                                      2865
                                                      2866
               您愿意向朋友推荐"博客详情页"吗?
                                                      2867
                                                      2868
                                                            * @brief Group member information
                                                      2869
               强烈不推荐 不推荐 一般般
                                  推荐
                                                      2870
                                                            * For more information on \p member metadata format, see
                                                      2871
                                                            * https://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/KAFKA/A+Guide+To+The+Kafka+Protocol#AGuideToTheKafkaProtocol-Grou
                                                      2872
               最新文章
                                                      2873
                                                            */
                                                      2874 struct rd_kafka_group_member_info {
               网卡收包中断的上半步和下半部
                                                      2875
                                                                  char *member_id;
                                                                                            /**< Member id (generated by broker) */
               记录相关库或者工具以及知识点
                                                                                            /**< Client's \p client.id */
                                                      2876
                                                                  char *client_id;
                                                      2877
                                                                  char *client host;
                                                                                            /**< Client's hostname */
               循环队列 代码实现 (FIFO)
                                                      2878
                                                                  void *member metadata;
                                                                                            /**< Member metadata (binary),</pre>
                                                      2879
                                                                                             * format depends on \p protocol_type. */
               2021年 4篇
                                2020年 9篇
               2018年 23篇
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                                                                                                                                                                                 会员中心 😭 足迹 动态 消息
                                                      2886
                                                                                                                                                                        分类专栏
                                                      2887
                                                            * @brief Group information
                                                      2888
                                                                                                                                                                          算法
                                                                                                                                                                                                    1篇
                                                      2889
                                                           struct rd_kafka_group_info {
                                                      2890
                                                                  struct rd_kafka_metadata_broker broker; /**< Originating broker info */</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                          MySQL
                                                                                                                                                                                                    2篇
                                                      2891
                                                                  char *group;
                                                                                                       /**< Group name */
                                                                                                                                                                          DPDK
                                                                                                                                                                                                    1篇
                                                      2892
                                                                  rd_kafka_resp_err_t err;
                                                                                                       /**< Broker-originated error */
                                                      2893
                                                                  char *state;
                                                                                                       /**< Group state */
                                                                                                                                                                          Vue开发
                                                                                                                                                                                                    1篇
                                                      2894
                                                                  char *protocol_type;
                                                                                                      /**< Group protocol type */
                                                      2895
                                                                  char *protocol;
                                                                                                       /**< Group protocol */
                                                                                                                                                                                                   11篇
                                                      2896
                                                                  struct rd_kafka_group_member_info *members; /**< Group members */</pre>
                                                      2897
                                                                  int member_cnt;
                                                                                                       /**< Group member count */
                                                                                                                                                                          python
                                                                                                                                                                                                    2篇
                                                      2898 };
                                                      2899
                                                                                                                                                                          mysql常用命令
                                                                                                                                                                                                    2篇
                                                      2900
```

2840

```
2901 * @brief List of groups
2902
2903
      * @sa rd_kafka_group_list_destroy() to release list memory.
2904
2905 struct rd kafka group list {
             struct rd_kafka_group_info *groups; /**< Groups */</pre>
2906
2907
             int group cnt;
                                                  /**< Group count */
2908 };
2909
2910
2911
2912
      * @brief List and describe client groups in cluster.
2913
2914
      * \p group is an optional group name to describe, otherwise (\p NULL) all
2915
      * groups are returned.
2916
2917
      * \p timeout_ms is the (approximate) maximum time to wait for response
2918
      * from brokers and must be a positive value.
2919
2920
      * @returns \p RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__NO_ERROR on success and \p grplistp is
2921
                  updated to point to a newly allocated list of groups.
                 Else returns an error code on failure and \p grplistp remains
2922
2923
                  untouched.
2924
2925
     * @sa Use rd_kafka_group_list_destroy() to release list memory.
2926
2927 RD EXPORT
2928 rd kafka resp err t
2929 rd kafka list groups (rd kafka t *rk, const char *group,
                           const struct rd_kafka_group_list **grplistp,
2930
2931
                           int timeout ms);
2932
2933
2934 * @brief Release list memory
2935
2936 RD EXPORT
2937 void rd_kafka_group_list_destroy (const struct rd_kafka_group_list *grplist);
2938
2939
2940
      /**@}*/
2941
2942
2943
2944
2945
      * @name Miscellaneous APIs
2946
      * @{
2947
2948
2949
2950
2951
2952
      * @brief Adds one or more brokers to the kafka handle's list of initial
2953
               bootstrap brokers.
2954
      * Additional brokers will be discovered automatically as soon as rdkafka
2955
      * connects to a broker by querying the broker metadata.
2956
2957
2958
      * If a broker name resolves to multiple addresses (and possibly
2959
      * address families) all will be used for connection attempts in
2960
      * round-robin fashion.
2961
```

5篇 分布式 2篇 linux 7篇

```
* \p brokerlist is a ,-separated list of brokers in the format:
2963 * \c \<broker1\>,\<broker2\>,..
2964 * Where each broker is in either the host or URL based format:
2965 * \c\<host\>[:\<port\>]
2966 * \c \<proto\>://\<host\>[:port]
2967 * \c \<proto\> is either \c PLAINTEXT, \c SSL, \c SASL, \c SASL_PLAINTEXT
2968 * The two formats can be mixed but ultimately the value of the
2969
      * `security.protocol` confiq property decides what brokers are allowed.
2970
2971
     * Example:
2972
      * brokerlist = "broker1:10000,broker2"
2973
      * brokerlist = "SSL://broker3:9000,ssl://broker2"
2974
2975 * @returns the number of brokers successfully added.
2976
2977 * @remark Brokers may also be defined with the \c metadata.broker.list or
2978
               \c bootstrap.servers configuration property (preferred method).
2979
      */
2980 RD EXPORT
2981 int rd_kafka_brokers_add(rd_kafka_t *rk, const char *brokerlist);
2982
2983
2984
2985
2986
2987
      * @brief Set logger function.
2988
2989
      * The default is to print to stderr, but a syslog logger is also available,
2990 * see rd kafka log (print/syslog) for the builtin alternatives.
2991 * Alternatively the application may provide its own logger callback.
2992
      * Or pass 'func' as NULL to disable logging.
2993
2994
      * @deprecated Use rd_kafka_conf_set_log_cb()
2995
2996
      * @remark \p rk may be passed as NULL in the callback.
2997
2998 RD EXPORT RD DEPRECATED
2999 void rd kafka set logger(rd kafka t *rk,
3000
                  void (*func) (const rd kafka t *rk, int level,
3001
                        const char *fac, const char *buf));
3002
3003
3004
3005
      * @brief Specifies the maximum logging level produced by
3006
              internal kafka logging and debugging.
3007
      * If the \p \"debug\" configuration property is set the level is automatically
3009 * adjusted to \c LOG DEBUG (7).
3010 */
3011 RD EXPORT
3012 void rd_kafka_set_log_level(rd_kafka_t *rk, int level);
3013
3014
3015
3016 * @brief Builtin (default) log sink: print to stderr
3017 */
3018 RD EXPORT
3019 void rd_kafka_log_print(const rd_kafka_t *rk, int level,
3020
                  const char *fac, const char *buf);
3021
3022
```

```
3024 * @brief Builtin log sink: print to syslog.
3025 */
3026 RD EXPORT
3027 void rd_kafka_log_syslog(const rd_kafka_t *rk, int level,
                   const char *fac, const char *buf);
3028
3029
3030
3031
3032 * @brief Returns the current out queue length.
3033
* The out queue contains messages waiting to be sent to, or acknowledged by,
3035
     * the broker.
3036
3037 * An application should wait for this queue to reach zero before terminating
3038 * to make sure outstanding requests (such as offset commits) are fully
3039
      * processed.
3040
3041 * @returns number of messages in the out queue.
3042
3043 RD EXPORT
3044 int
                rd_kafka_outq_len(rd_kafka_t *rk);
3045
3046
3047
3048
3049
      * @brief Dumps rdkafka's internal state for handle \p rk to stream \p fp
3050
* This is only useful for debugging rdkafka, showing state and statistics
3052 * for brokers, topics, partitions, etc.
3053
3054 RD_EXPORT
3055 void rd_kafka_dump(FILE *fp, rd_kafka_t *rk);
3056
3057
3058
3059 /**
3060
      * @brief Retrieve the current number of threads in use by librdkafka.
3061
3062
      * Used by regression tests.
3063
3064 RD EXPORT
3065 int rd_kafka_thread_cnt(void);
3066
3067
3068
3069
      * @brief Wait for all rd_kafka_t objects to be destroyed.
3070
3071
     * Returns 0 if all kafka objects are now destroyed, or -1 if the
3072
      * timeout was reached.
3073
3074 * @remark This function is deprecated.
3075 */
3076 RD_EXPORT
3077 int rd_kafka_wait_destroyed(int timeout_ms);
3078
3079
3080
3081
      * @brief Run librdkafka's built-in unit-tests.
3082
3083
      * @returns the number of failures, or 0 if all tests passed.
```

```
3084
3085 RD EXPORT
3086 int rd kafka unittest (void);
3087
3088
3089 /**@}*/
3090
3091
3092
3093
3094 /**
3095
      * @name Experimental APIs
3096
3097
3098
3099
3100
      * @brief Redirect the main (rd kafka poll()) queue to the KafkaConsumer's
3101
               queue (rd kafka consumer poll()).
3102
3103
      * @warning It is not permitted to call rd_kafka_poll() after directing the
3104
                main queue with rd_kafka_poll_set_consumer().
3105
      */
3106 RD EXPORT
3107 rd kafka resp err t rd kafka poll set consumer (rd kafka t *rk);
3108
3109
3110
      /**@}*/
3111
3112 /**
3113 * @name Event interface
3114
3115 * @brief The event API provides an alternative pollable non-callback interface
3116
              to librdkafka's message and event queues.
3117
3118
      * @{
3119
3120
3121
3122
3123
      * @brief Event types
3124
3125 typedef int rd_kafka_event_type_t;
3126 #define RD_KAFKA_EVENT_NONE
                                         0x0
3127 #define RD_KAFKA_EVENT_DR
                                         0x1 /**< Producer Delivery report batch */
3128 #define RD_KAFKA_EVENT_FETCH
                                         0x2 /**< Fetched message (consumer) */
3129 #define RD KAFKA EVENT LOG
                                         0x4 /**< Log message */
3130 #define RD_KAFKA_EVENT_ERROR
                                        0x8 /**< Error */
3131 #define RD_KAFKA_EVENT_REBALANCE
                                        0x10 /**< Group rebalance (consumer) */
3132 #define RD_KAFKA_EVENT_OFFSET_COMMIT 0x20 /**< Offset commit result */
3133 #define RD_KAFKA_EVENT_STATS
                                         0x40 /**< Stats */
3134
3135
3136 typedef struct rd kafka op s rd kafka event t;
3137
3138
3139
3140
      * @returns the event type for the given event.
3141
3142
      * @remark As a convenience it is okay to pass \p rkev as NULL in which case
3143
               RD KAFKA EVENT NONE is returned.
3144
```

```
3145 RD EXPORT
3146 rd_kafka_event_type_t rd_kafka_event_type (const rd_kafka_event_t *rkev);
3147
3148
3149
      * @returns the event type's name for the given event.
3150
3151 * @remark As a convenience it is okay to pass \p rkev as NULL in which case
3152
              the name for RD KAFKA EVENT NONE is returned.
3153 */
3154 RD EXPORT
3155 const char *rd kafka event name (const rd kafka event t *rkev);
3156
3157
3158 /**
3159
      * @brief Destroy an event.
3160
3161
     * @remark Any references to this event, such as extracted messages,
3162
              will not be usable after this call.
3163
3164 * @remark As a convenience it is okay to pass \p rkev as NULL in which case
3165
      * no action is performed.
3166
      */
3167 RD EXPORT
3168 void rd kafka event destroy (rd kafka event t *rkev);
3169
3170
3171 /**
3172 * @returns the next message from an event.
3173
3174 * Call repeatedly until it returns NULL.
3175
3176 * Event types:
3177 * - RD_KAFKA_EVENT_FETCH (1 message)
3178 * - RD_KAFKA_EVENT_DR (>=1 message(s))
3179
3180
      * @remark The returned message(s) MUST NOT be
               freed with rd_kafka_message_destroy().
3181
3182
3183 * @remark on consume() interceptor may be called
      * from this function prior to passing message to application.
3184
3185 */
3186 RD_EXPORT
3187 const rd_kafka_message_t *rd_kafka_event_message_next (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev);
3188
3189
3190
3191 * @brief Extacts \p size message(s) from the event into the
3192 * pre-allocated array \p rkmessages.
3193
3194 * Event types:
3195 * - RD_KAFKA_EVENT_FETCH (1 message)
      * - RD_KAFKA_EVENT_DR (>=1 message(s))
3196
3197
3198
      * @returns the number of messages extracted.
3199
3200
     * @remark on_consume() interceptor may be called
3201
      * from this function prior to passing message to application.
3202 */
3203 RD EXPORT
3204 size_t rd_kafka_event_message_array (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev,
3205
            const rd_kafka_message_t **rkmessages,
```

```
3206
                        size t size);
3207
3208
3209
3210 * @returns the number of remaining messages in the event.
3211
3212 * Event types:
3213 * - RD KAFKA EVENT FETCH (1 message)
3214 * - RD_KAFKA_EVENT_DR (>=1 message(s))
3215 */
3216 RD EXPORT
3217 size_t rd_kafka_event_message_count (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev);
3219
3220
3221 * @returns the error code for the event.
3222
3223 * Event types:
3224 * - all
3225 */
3226 RD_EXPORT
3227 rd_kafka_resp_err_t rd_kafka_event_error (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev);
3229
3230 /**
3231 * @returns the error string (if any).
3232 *
             An application should check that rd_kafka_event_error() returns
3233 *
               non-zero before calling this function.
3234
3235 * Event types:
3236 * - all
3237 */
3238 RD_EXPORT
3239 const char *rd_kafka_event_error_string (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev);
3240
3241
3242
3243
3244 * @returns the user opaque (if any)
3245
3246 * Event types:
3247 * - RD_KAFKA_OFFSET_COMMIT
3248 */
3249 RD_EXPORT
3250 void *rd_kafka_event_opaque (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev);
3251
3252
3253 /**
3254 * @brief Extract Log message from the event.
3255
3256 * Event types:
3257 * - RD_KAFKA_EVENT_LOG
3258
3259
     * @returns 0 on success or -1 if unsupported event type.
3260
3261 RD_EXPORT
3262 int rd_kafka_event_log (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev,
3263
                const char **fac, const char **str, int *level);
3264
3265
3266
```

```
* @brief Extract stats from the event.
3268
3269 * Event types:
3270 * - RD KAFKA EVENT STATS
3271 *
3272 * @returns stats json string.
3273
3274
      * @remark the returned string will be freed automatically along with the event object
3275
3276 */
3277 RD EXPORT
3278 const char *rd_kafka_event_stats (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev);
3279
3280
3281
3282 * @returns the topic partition list from the event.
3283
3284 * @remark The list MUST NOT be freed with rd kafka topic partition list destroy()
3285
3286 * Event types:
3287 * - RD_KAFKA_EVENT_REBALANCE
3288
      * - RD KAFKA EVENT OFFSET COMMIT
3289 */
3290 RD EXPORT rd kafka topic partition list t *
3291 rd kafka event topic partition list (rd kafka event t *rkev);
3292
3293
3294 /**
3295
      * @returns a newly allocated topic_partition container, if applicable for the event type,
             else NULL.
3297
3298 * @remark The returned pointer MUST be freed with rd kafka topic partition destroy().
3299
3300 * Event types:
3301 * RD_KAFKA_EVENT_ERROR (for partition level errors)
3302 */
3303 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_topic_partition_t *
3304 rd_kafka_event_topic_partition (rd_kafka_event_t *rkev);
3305
3306
3307 /**
3308 * @brief Poll a queue for an event for max \p timeout_ms.
3309
3310 * @returns an event, or NULL.
3311
3312 * @remark Use rd kafka event destroy() to free the event.
3313 */
3314 RD EXPORT
3315 rd_kafka_event_t *rd_kafka_queue_poll (rd_kafka_queue_t *rkqu, int timeout_ms);
3316
3317 /**
3318 * @brief Poll a queue for events served through callbacks for max \p timeout_ms.
3319
3320
     * @returns the number of events served.
3321
3322 * @remark This API must only be used for queues with callbacks registered
3323 *
              for all expected event types. E.g., not a message queue.
3324 */
3325 RD EXPORT
3326 int rd kafka queue poll callback (rd kafka queue t *rkqu, int timeout ms);
3327
```

```
3328
3329
      /**@}*/
3330
3331
3332 /**
3333
      * @name Plugin interface
3334
3335
      * @brief A plugin interface that allows external runtime-loaded libraries
3336
               to integrate with a client instance without modifications to
3337
               the application code.
3338
3339
               Plugins are loaded when referenced through the `plugin.library.paths`
3340
               configuration property and operates on the \c rd_kafka_conf_t
3341
               object prior \c rd_kafka_t instance creation.
3342
3343
      * @warning Plugins require the application to link librdkafka dynamically
3344
                 and not statically. Failure to do so will lead to missing symbols
                 or finding symbols in another librdkafka library than the
3345
3346
                 application was linked with.
3347
3348
3349
3350
3351
      * @brief Plugin's configuration initializer method called each time the
3352
               library is referenced from configuration (even if previously loaded by
3353
               another client instance).
3354
3355
      * @remark This method MUST be implemented by plugins and have the symbol name
3356
                \c conf init
3357
3358
      * @param conf Configuration set up to this point.
3359
      * @param plug opaquep Plugin can set this pointer to a per-configuration
3360
                            opaque pointer.
3361
      * @param errstr String buffer of size \p errstr_size where plugin must write
3362
                     a human readable error string in the case the initializer
3363
                      fails (returns non-zero).
3364
3365
      * @remark A plugin may add an on conf destroy() interceptor to clean up
3366
                plugin-specific resources created in the plugin's conf init() method.
3367
3368
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or an error code on error.
3369 */
3370 typedef rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3371 (rd_kafka_plugin_f_conf_init_t) (rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
3372
                                      void **plug opaquep,
3373
                                      char *errstr, size t errstr size);
3374
3375 /**@}*/
3376
3377
3378
3379
3380
      * @name Interceptors
3381
3382
      * @{
3383
3384
      * @brief A callback interface that allows message interception for both
               producer and consumer data pipelines.
3385
3386
      * Except for the on_new(), on_conf_set(), on_conf_dup() and on_conf_destroy()
3388
      * interceptors, interceptors are added to the
```

```
* be added from on new() and MUST NOT be added after rd kafka new() returns.
3391
3392
      * The on_new(), on_conf_set(), on_conf_dup() and on_conf_destroy() interceptors
3393
      * are added to the configuration object which is later passed to
3394
      * rd_kafka_new() where on_new() is called to allow addition of
3395
      * other interceptors.
3396
3397
      * Each interceptor reference consists of a display name (ic name),
3398
      * a callback function, and an application-specified opaque value that is
3399
      * passed as-is to the callback.
3400
      * The ic name must be unique for the interceptor implementation and is used
      * to reject duplicate interceptor methods.
3401
3402
3403
      * Any number of interceptors can be added and they are called in the order
3404
      * they were added, unless otherwise noted.
3405
      * The list of registered interceptor methods are referred to as
3406
      * interceptor chains.
3407
3408
      * @remark Contrary to the Java client the librdkafka interceptor interface
3409
                does not support message modification. Message mutability is
3410
                discouraged in the Java client and the combination of
3411
                serializers and headers cover most use-cases.
3412
3413
      * @remark Interceptors are NOT copied to the new configuration on
                rd kafka conf dup() since it would be hard for interceptors to
3414
3415
                track usage of the interceptor's opaque value.
3416
                An interceptor should rely on the plugin, which will be copied
3417
                in rd kafka conf conf dup(), to set up the initial interceptors.
3418
                An interceptor should implement the on conf dup() method
3419
                to manually set up its internal configuration on the newly created
3420
                configuration object that is being copied-to based on the
3421
                interceptor-specific configuration properties.
3422
                conf_dup() should thus be treated the same as conf_init().
3423
3424
      * @remark Interceptors are keyed by the interceptor type (on ..()), the
                interceptor name (ic name) and the interceptor method function.
3425
3426
                Duplicates are not allowed and the .. add on ..() method will
3427
                return RD KAFKA RESP ERR CONFLICT if attempting to add a duplicate
3428
                method.
3429
                The only exception is on conf destroy() which may be added multiple
3430
                times by the same interceptor to allow proper cleanup of
3431
                interceptor configuration state.
3432
3433
3434
3435
3436
      * @brief on conf set() is called from rd kafka * conf set() in the order
3437
               the interceptors were added.
3438
3439
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
       * @param name The configuration property to set.
3440
3441
      * @param val The configuration value to set, or NULL for reverting to default
3442
                   in which case the previous value should be freed.
      * @param errstr A human readable error string in case the interceptor fails.
3443
3444
      * @param errstr size Maximum space (including \0) in \p errstr.
3445
3446
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_CONF_RES_OK if the property was known and successfully
3447
                 handled by the interceptor, RD KAFKA CONF RES INVALID if the
3448
                 property was handled by the interceptor but the value was invalid,
3449
                 or RD_KAFKA_CONF_RES_UNKNOWN if the interceptor did not handle
```

* newly created rd kafka t client instance. These interceptors MUST only

```
3450
                 this property, in which case the property is passed on on the
3451
                 interceptor in the chain, finally ending up at the built-in
3452
                 configuration handler.
3453
3454 typedef rd kafka conf res t
3455 (rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_conf_set_t) (rd_kafka_conf_t *conf,
3456
                                             const char *name, const char *val,
3457
                                             char *errstr, size t errstr size,
3458
                                             void *ic opaque);
3459
3460
3461
3462
      * @brief on_conf_dup() is called from rd_kafka_conf_dup() in the
3463
               order the interceptors were added and is used to let
3464
               an interceptor re-register its conf interceptors with a new
3465
               opaque value.
3466
               The on conf dup() method is called prior to the configuration from
3467
               \p old conf being copied to \p new conf.
3468
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
3469
3470
3471
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or an error code
3472
                 on failure (which is logged but otherwise ignored).
3473
3474
      * @remark No on conf * interceptors are copied to the new configuration
                object on rd_kafka_conf_dup().
3475
3476
3477 typedef rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3478 (rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_conf_dup_t) (rd_kafka_conf_t *new_conf,
3479
                                             const rd kafka conf t *old conf,
3480
                                             size t filter cnt,
3481
                                             const char **filter,
3482
                                             void *ic_opaque);
3483
3484
3485
      * @brief on_conf_destroy() is called from rd_kafka_*_conf_destroy() in the
3486
3487
               order the interceptors were added.
3488
3489
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
3490
3491 typedef rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3492 (rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_conf_destroy_t) (void *ic_opaque);
3493
3494
3495
3496
      * @brief on_new() is called from rd_kafka_new() prior toreturning
3497
               the newly created client instance to the application.
3498
3499
      * @param rk The client instance.
      * @param conf The client instance's final configuration.
3500
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
3501
3502
      * @param errstr A human readable error string in case the interceptor fails.
3503
      * @param errstr_size Maximum space (including \0) in \p errstr.
3504
3505
      * @returns an error code on failure, the error is logged but otherwise ignored.
3506
      * @warning The \p rk client instance will not be fully set up when this
3507
3508
                 interceptor is called and the interceptor MUST NOT call any
3509
                 other rk-specific APIs than rd kafka interceptor add..().
3510
```

```
3511 */
3512 typedef rd kafka resp err t
3513 (rd kafka interceptor f on new t) (rd kafka t *rk, const rd kafka conf t *conf,
3514
                                        void *ic_opaque,
3515
                                        char *errstr, size_t errstr_size);
3516
3517
3518
      * @brief on destroy() is called from rd kafka destroy() or (rd kafka new()
3520
             if rd kafka new() fails during initialization).
3521
3522 * @param rk The client instance.
3523
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
3524 */
3525 typedef rd kafka resp err t
3526 (rd kafka interceptor f on destroy t) (rd kafka t *rk, void *ic opaque);
3527
3528
3529
3530
3531 /**
3532
      * @brief on_send() is called from rd_kafka_produce*() (et.al) prior to
            the partitioner being called.
3534
3535 * @param rk The client instance.
3536
      * @param rkmessage The message being produced. Immutable.
3537
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
3538
3539
      * @remark This interceptor is only used by producer instances.
3540
3541
      * @remark The \p rkmessage object is NOT mutable and MUST NOT be modified
3542
                by the interceptor.
3543
3544
      * @remark If the partitioner fails or an unknown partition was specified,
3545
                the on_acknowledgement() interceptor chain will be called from
3546
                within the rd_kafka_produce*() call to maintain send-acknowledgement
3547
                symmetry.
3548
      * @returns an error code on failure, the error is logged but otherwise ignored.
3550
3551 typedef rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3552 (rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_send_t) (rd_kafka_t *rk,
3553
                                        rd_kafka_message_t *rkmessage,
3554
                                         void *ic_opaque);
3555
3556
3557
      * @brief on_acknowledgement() is called to inform interceptors that a message
3558
               was succesfully delivered or permanently failed delivery.
3559
               The interceptor chain is called from internal librdkafka background
3560
               threads, or rd_kafka_produce*() if the partitioner failed.
3561
3562
      * @param rk The client instance.
3563
      * @param rkmessage The message being produced. Immutable.
3564
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
3565
      st @remark This interceptor is only used by producer instances.
3566
3567
3568
      * @remark The \p rkmessage object is NOT mutable and MUST NOT be modified
3569
                by the interceptor.
3570
      * @warning The on_acknowledgement() method may be called from internal
```

```
3572
                librdkafka threads. An on_acknowledgement() interceptor MUST NOT
3573
                call any librdkafka API's associated with the \p rk, or perform
3574
                any blocking or prolonged work.
3575
3576 * @returns an error code on failure, the error is logged but otherwise ignored.
3577 */
3578 typedef rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3579 (rd kafka interceptor f on acknowledgement t) (rd kafka t *rk,
3580
                                                    rd kafka message t *rkmessage,
3581
                                                    void *ic opaque);
3582
3583
3584
3585
      * @brief on_consume() is called just prior to passing the message to the
3586
               application in rd kafka consumer poll(), rd kafka consume*(),
3587
               the event interface, etc.
3588
3589
      * @param rk The client instance.
      * @param rkmessage The message being consumed. Immutable.
3590
3591
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
3592
3593
      * @remark This interceptor is only used by consumer instances.
3594
3595
      * @remark The \p rkmessage object is NOT mutable and MUST NOT be modified
3596
                by the interceptor.
3597
      * @returns an error code on failure, the error is logged but otherwise ignored.
3598
3599
3600 typedef rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3601 (rd kafka interceptor f on consume t) (rd kafka t *rk,
3602
                                            rd kafka message t *rkmessage,
3603
                                            void *ic opaque);
3604
3605
3606
      * @brief on_commit() is called on completed or failed offset commit.
3607
               It is called from internal librdkafka threads.
3608
3609
      * @param rk The client instance.
3610
      * @param offsets List of topic+partition+offset+error that were committed.
3611
                       The error message of each partition should be checked for
3612
                       error.
3613
      * @param ic_opaque The interceptor's opaque pointer specified in ..add..().
3614
3615
      * @remark This interceptor is only used by consumer instances.
3616
3617
      * @warning The on commit() interceptor is called from internal
3618
                 librdkafka threads. An on_commit() interceptor MUST NOT
3619
                 call any librdkafka API's associated with the \p rk, or perform
3620
                 any blocking or prolonged work.
3621
3622
3623
      * @returns an error code on failure, the error is logged but otherwise ignored.
3624
3625 typedef rd_kafka_resp_err_t
     (rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_commit_t) (
3626
3627
             rd kafka t *rk,
3628
             const rd_kafka_topic_partition_list_t *offsets,
3629
             rd_kafka_resp_err_t err, void *ic_opaque);
3630
3631
3632
```

```
3633
3634
      * @brief Append an on conf set() interceptor.
3635
3636
      * @param conf Configuration object.
3637
      * @param ic_name Interceptor name, used in logging.
3638
      * @param on_conf_set Function pointer.
3639
      * @param ic opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3640
3641
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or RD KAFKA RESP ERR CONFLICT
3642
                 if an existing intercepted with the same \p ic name and function
                 has already been added to \p conf.
3643
3644
3645 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3646 rd kafka_conf_interceptor_add_on_conf_set (
3647
             rd kafka conf t *conf, const char *ic name,
3648
             rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_conf_set_t *on_conf_set,
3649
             void *ic opaque);
3650
3651
3652
3653
      * @brief Append an on_conf_dup() interceptor.
3654
3655
      * @param conf Configuration object.
3656
      * @param ic name Interceptor name, used in logging.
3657
      * @param on conf dup Function pointer.
      * @param ic_opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3658
3659
3660
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success or RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__CONFLICT
3661
                 if an existing intercepted with the same \p ic name and function
3662
                 has already been added to \p conf.
3663
3664 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
3665 rd_kafka_conf_interceptor_add_on_conf_dup (
3666
             rd_kafka_conf_t *conf, const char *ic_name,
3667
             rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_conf_dup_t *on_conf_dup,
3668
             void *ic_opaque);
3669
3670
3671
      * @brief Append an on conf destroy() interceptor.
3672
3673
      * @param conf Configuration object.
3674
      * @param ic_name Interceptor name, used in logging.
3675
      * @param on_conf_destroy Function pointer.
3676
      * @param ic_opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3677
3678
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR
3679
      * @remark Multiple on_conf_destroy() interceptors are allowed to be added
3680
3681
                to the same configuration object.
3682
3683 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3684 rd_kafka_conf_interceptor_add_on_conf_destroy (
3685
             rd kafka conf t *conf, const char *ic name,
3686
             rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_conf_destroy_t *on_conf_destroy,
             void *ic_opaque);
3687
3688
3689
3690
3691
      * @brief Append an on_new() interceptor.
3692
3693
      * @param conf Configuration object.
```

```
* @param ic name Interceptor name, used in Logging.
3695
      * @param on send Function pointer.
3696
      * @param ic opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3697
3698
      * @remark Since the on_new() interceptor is added to the configuration object
3699
                it may be copied by rd_kafka_conf_dup().
3700
                An interceptor implementation must thus be able to handle
3701
                the same interceptor, ic opaque tuple to be used by multiple
3702
                client instances.
3703
3704
      * @remark An interceptor plugin should check the return value to make sure it
3705
                has not already been added.
3706
3707
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or RD KAFKA RESP ERR CONFLICT
3708
                 if an existing intercepted with the same \p ic name and function
3709
                 has already been added to \p conf.
3710
3711 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
3712 rd_kafka_conf_interceptor_add_on_new (
3713
             rd_kafka_conf_t *conf, const char *ic_name,
3714
             rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_new_t *on_new,
3715
             void *ic_opaque);
3716
3717
3718
3719
3720
      * @brief Append an on_destroy() interceptor.
3721
3722
      * @param rk Client instance.
3723
      * @param ic_name Interceptor name, used in logging.
3724
      * @param on destroy Function pointer.
3725
      * @param ic opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3726
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success or RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__CONFLICT
3727
3728
                if an existing intercepted with the same \p ic_name and function
3729
                 has already been added to \p conf.
3730
3731 RD EXPORT rd kafka resp err t
3732 rd kafka interceptor add on destroy (
3733
             rd_kafka_t *rk, const char *ic_name,
3734
             rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_destroy_t *on_destroy,
3735
             void *ic_opaque);
3736
3737
3738
3739
      * @brief Append an on send() interceptor.
3740
3741 * @param rk Client instance.
3742
      * @param ic_name Interceptor name, used in logging.
3743
      * @param on_send Function pointer.
3744
      * @param ic_opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3745
3746
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or RD KAFKA RESP ERR CONFLICT
3747
                 if an existing intercepted with the same \p ic_name and function
3748
                 has already been added to \p conf.
3749
3750 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3751 rd_kafka_interceptor_add_on_send (
             rd_kafka_t *rk, const char *ic_name,
3752
3753
             rd kafka interceptor f on send t *on send,
3754
             void *ic_opaque);
```

```
3755
3756
3757
      * @brief Append an on acknowledgement() interceptor.
3758
3759
      * @param rk Client instance.
3760
      * @param ic_name Interceptor name, used in logging.
3761
      * @param on_acknowledgement Function pointer.
3762
       * @param ic opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3763
3764
      * @returns RD KAFKA RESP ERR NO ERROR on success or RD KAFKA RESP ERR CONFLICT
3765
                 if an existing intercepted with the same \p ic name and function
3766
                 has already been added to \p conf.
3767
3768 RD EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3769 rd kafka interceptor add on acknowledgement (
3770
             rd_kafka_t *rk, const char *ic_name,
3771
             rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_acknowledgement_t *on_acknowledgement,
3772
             void *ic opaque);
3773
3774
3775
3776
      * @brief Append an on_consume() interceptor.
3777
3778
      * @param rk Client instance.
3779
      * @param ic name Interceptor name, used in logging.
3780
      * @param on_consume Function pointer.
3781
      * @param ic_opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3782
3783
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success or RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__CONFLICT
3784
                 if an existing intercepted with the same \p ic_name and function
3785
                 has already been added to \p conf.
3786
3787 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3788 rd_kafka_interceptor_add_on_consume (
3789
             rd_kafka_t *rk, const char *ic_name,
3790
             rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_consume_t *on_consume,
3791
             void *ic_opaque);
3792
3793
3794
3795
      * @brief Append an on_commit() interceptor.
3796
3797
      * @param rk Client instance.
3798
      * @param ic_name Interceptor name, used in logging.
3799
       * @param on_commit() Function pointer.
3800
      * @param ic opaque Opaque value that will be passed to the function.
3801
3802
      * @returns RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_NO_ERROR on success or RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__CONFLICT
3803
                 if an existing intercepted with the same \p ic_name and function
3804
                 has already been added to \p conf.
3805
3806 RD_EXPORT rd_kafka_resp_err_t
3807
     rd kafka interceptor add on commit (
3808
             rd_kafka_t *rk, const char *ic_name,
3809
             rd_kafka_interceptor_f_on_commit_t *on_commit,
3810
             void *ic_opaque);
3811
3812
3813
3814
3815 /**@}*/
```

```
3816

3817

3818 #ifdef __cplusplus

3819 }

3820 #endif
```

3. 收发消息接口等实现

```
1 /*
    * librdkafka - Apache Kafka C library
 3
 4
    * Copyright (c) 2012, Magnus Edenhill
 5
    * All rights reserved.
 6
 7
     * Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without
    * modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:
 9
10
    * 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice,
    * this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
11
12
    * 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice,
    * this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation
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14
         and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
15
    * THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS"
17 * AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE
18 * IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE
19
    * ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE
20 * LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR
21
    * CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF
22 * SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS
23 * INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN
24 * CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE)
    * ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE
25
26
    * POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
27
28
29
30
    * Apache Kafka consumer & producer example programs
    * using the Kafka driver from librdkafka
    * (https://github.com/edenhill/librdkafka)
32
33
34
35 | #include <ctype.h>
36 | #include <signal.h>
37 #include <string.h>
38 | #include <unistd.h>
39 | #include <stdlib.h>
40 //#include <syslog.h>
41 #include <time.h>
42 | #include <sys/time.h>
43 #include <getopt.h>
44
45 /* Typical include path would be brdkafka/rdkafka.h>, but this program
46 * is builtin from within the librdkafka source tree and thus differs. */
47 #include "rdkafka.h" /* for Kafka driver */
48
49
50 | static int run = 1;
51 static rd kafka t *rk;
52 | static int exit eof = 0;
```

```
53 | static int quiet = 0;
54 static enum {
55 OUTPUT HEXDUMP,
56
     OUTPUT_RAW,
57 } output = OUTPUT_HEXDUMP;
58
59 static void stop (int sig) {
     run = 0;
60
61
        fclose(stdin); /* abort fgets() */
62
63
64
65
    static void hexdump (FILE *fp, const char *name, const void *ptr, size_t len) {
66
        const char *p = (const char *)ptr;
67
        size t of = 0;
68
69
70
        if (name)
71
            fprintf(fp, "%s hexdump (%zd bytes):\n", name, len);
72
73
        for (of = 0; of < len; of += 16) {
74
            char hexen[16*3+1];
75
            char charen[16+1];
76
            int hof = 0;
77
78
            int cof = 0;
79
            int i;
80
81
            for (i = of ; i < (int)of + 16 && i < (int)len ; i++) {
82
          h o f + = sprintf(hexen+hof, "%02x ", p[i] & 0xff);
83
          c o f + = sprintf(charen+cof, "%c",
84
                          isprint((int)p[i]) ? p[i] : '.');
85
86
            fprintf(fp, "%08zx: %-48s %-16s\n",
87
        of, hexen, charen);
88
89
90
91
92
     * Kafka logger callback (optional)
93
94
    static void logger (const rd_kafka_t *rk, int level,
95
               const char *fac, const char *buf) {
96
        struct timeval tv;
97
        gettimeofday(&tv, NULL);
98
        fprintf(stderr, "%u.%03u RDKAFKA-%i-%s: %s: %s\n",
99
            (int)tv.tv_sec, (int)(tv.tv_usec / 1000),
100
       level, fac, rk ? rd_kafka_name(rk) : NULL, buf);
101 }
102
103
104
     * Message delivery report callback.
     * Called once for each message.
106
     * See rdkafka.h for more information.
107
108
    static void msg_delivered (rd_kafka_t *rk,
109
                  void *payload, size_t len,
110
                  rd_kafka_resp_err_t error_code,
111
                  void *opaque, void *msg_opaque) {
112
113
        if (error_code)
```

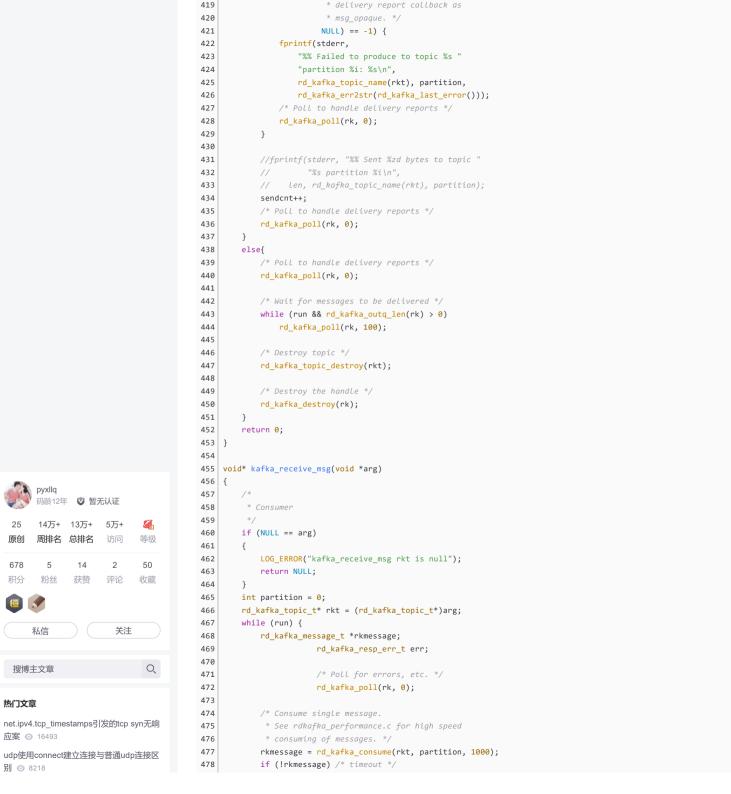
```
114
             fprintf(stderr, "%% Message delivery failed: %s\n",
115
                rd kafka err2str(error code));
116
         //else if (!quiet)
117
        // fprintf(stderr, "%% Message delivered (%zd bytes): %.*s\n", len,
118
        // (int)len, (const char *)payload);
119 }
120
121
122
     * Message delivery report callback using the richer rd kafka message t object.
123
124
    static void msg delivered2 (rd kafka t *rk,
125
                                const rd_kafka_message_t *rkmessage, void *opaque) {
126
        printf("del: %s: offset %"PRId64"\n",
127
               rd_kafka_err2str(rkmessage->err), rkmessage->offset);
128
            if (rkmessage->err)
129
             fprintf(stderr, "%% Message delivery failed: %s\n",
130
                            rd kafka err2str(rkmessage->err));
131
         else if (!quiet)
132
            fprintf(stderr,
133
                            "%% Message delivered (%zd bytes, offset %"PRId64", "
134
                            "partition %"PRId32"): %.*s\n",
135
                            rkmessage->len, rkmessage->offset,
136
         rkmessage->partition,
137
                (int)rkmessage->len, (const char *)rkmessage->payload);
138
139
140
141
    static void msg_consume (rd_kafka_message_t *rkmessage,
142
                 void *opaque) {
143
         if (rkmessage->err) {
144
            if (rkmessage->err == RD KAFKA RESP ERR PARTITION EOF) {
145
                //fprintf(stderr,
                // "%% Consumer reached end of %s [%"PRId32"] "
146
147
                         "message queue at offset %"PRId64"\n",
148
                         rd_kafka_topic_name(rkmessage->rkt),
149
                         rkmessage->partition, rkmessage->offset);
150
151
                if (exit eof)
152
              run = 0;
153
154
                return;
155
156
157
             fprintf(stderr, "%% Consume error for topic \"%s\" [%"PRId32"] "
158
                   "offset %"PRId64": %s\n",
159
                   rd kafka topic name(rkmessage->rkt),
160
               rkmessage->partition,
161
               rkmessage->offset,
162
                   rd_kafka_message_errstr(rkmessage));
163
                    if (rkmessage->err == RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__UNKNOWN_PARTITION ||
164
165
                        rkmessage->err == RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR__UNKNOWN_TOPIC)
166
                            run = 0;
167
             return;
168
169 #if 0
170
        if (!quiet) {
171
            rd_kafka_timestamp_type_t tstype;
172
            int64_t timestamp;
173
             fprintf(stdout, "%% Message (offset %"PRId64", %zd bytes):\n",
174
        rkmessage->offset, rkmessage->len);
```

```
175
176
       timestamp = rd kafka message timestamp(rkmessage, &tstype);
177
            if (tstype != RD KAFKA TIMESTAMP NOT AVAILABLE) {
178
                const char *tsname = "?";
179
                if (tstype == RD_KAFKA_TIMESTAMP_CREATE_TIME)
180
            t s n a m e = "create time";
181
                else if (tstype == RD_KAFKA_TIMESTAMP_LOG_APPEND_TIME)
182
            t s n a m e = "log append time";
183
184
                fprintf(stdout, "%% Message timestamp: %s %"PRId64
185
                    " (%ds ago)\n",
186
          tsname, timestamp,
187
           !timestamp ? 0:
188
                    (int)time(NULL) - (int)(timestamp/1000));
189
190
        }
191
192
        if (rkmessage->key len) {
193
            if (output == OUTPUT_HEXDUMP)
194
                hexdump(stdout, "Message Key",
195
         rkmessage->key, rkmessage->key_len);
196
197
                printf("Key: %.*s\n",
198
                       (int)rkmessage->key len, (char *)rkmessage->key);
199
200
201
        if (output == OUTPUT_HEXDUMP)
202
            hexdump(stdout, "Message Payload",
203
        rkmessage->payload, rkmessage->len);
204
205
             printf("%.*s\n",
206
                   (int)rkmessage->len, (char *)rkmessage->payload);
207
    #endif
208
    #ifdef COMSUME/*process_balance_msg为自己的消息接收处理函数*/
209
        process_balance_msg((sint8*)(rkmessage->payload), rkmessage->len);
210
     #endif
211 }
212
213
214
     static void metadata_print (const char *topic,
215
                                const struct rd_kafka_metadata *metadata) {
216
            int i, j, k;
217
218
            printf("Metadata for %s (from broker %"PRId32": %s):\n",
219
                   topic ? : "all topics",
220
                   metadata->orig broker id,
221
                   metadata->orig_broker_name);
222
223
224
            /* Iterate brokers */
225
            printf(" %i brokers:\n", metadata->broker_cnt);
226
             for (i = 0 ; i < metadata->broker_cnt ; i++)
227
                    printf(" broker %"PRId32" at %s:%i\n",
228
                           metadata->brokers[i].id,
229
                           metadata->brokers[i].host,
230
                           metadata->brokers[i].port);
231
232
            /* Iterate topics */
233
             printf(" %i topics:\n", metadata->topic_cnt);
234
             for (i = 0 ; i < metadata->topic cnt ; i++) {
235
                    const struct rd_kafka_metadata_topic *t = &metadata->topics[i];
```

```
236
                    printf(" topic \"%s\" with %i partitions:",
237
                           t->topic,
238
                           t->partition cnt);
239
                    if (t->err) {
240
                            printf(" %s", rd_kafka_err2str(t->err));
                            if (t->err == RD_KAFKA_RESP_ERR_LEADER_NOT_AVAILABLE)
241
                                    printf(" (try again)");
242
243
244
                    printf("\n");
245
246
                    /* Iterate topic's partitions */
247
                    for (j = 0 ; j < t->partition_cnt ; j++) {
248
                            const struct rd_kafka_metadata_partition *p;
249
                            p = &t->partitions[j];
250
                            printf(" partition %"PRId32", "
251
                                   "leader %"PRId32", replicas: ",
252
                                   p->id, p->leader);
253
254
                            /* Iterate partition's replicas */
255
                            for (k = 0 ; k < p->replica_cnt ; k++)
256
                                   printf("%s%"PRId32,
257
                                           k > 0 ? ",":"", p->replicas[k]);
258
259
                            /* Iterate partition's ISRs */
260
                            printf(", isrs: ");
                            for (k = 0; k 
261
262
                                   printf("%s%"PRId32,
263
                                           k > 0 ? ",":"", p->isrs[k]);
264
                            if (p->err)
265
                                    printf(", %s\n", rd_kafka_err2str(p->err));
266
                            else
267
                                    printf("\n");
268
269
270 }
271
272
273
    static void sig usr1 (int sig) {
274
        rd kafka dump(stdout, rk);
275
276
277 int kafka_init(char mode, char* topic, int partion, char* brokers,
278
        rd_kafka_topic_conf_t **topic_conf, rd_kafka_topic_t **rkt)
279
280
        int opt;
281
        char errstr[512];
282
        rd_kafka_conf_t *conf;
283
        int64_t start_offset = 0;
284
        int report_offsets = 0;
285
        int do_conf_dump = 0;
286
        char tmp[16];
287
288
        if (mode != 'C' && mode != 'P') {
289
            fprintf(stderr, "mode err mode=%c\n", mode);
290
            return -1;
291
292
        if (NULL == topic || NULL == brokers || partion < 0){</pre>
293
            fprintf(stderr, "input para err\n");
294
            return -1;
295
296
            /* Kafka configuration */
```

```
297
        conf = rd kafka conf new();
298
299
        /* Set Logger */
300
        rd_kafka_conf_set_log_cb(conf, logger);
301
302
        /* Quick termination */
303
        snprintf(tmp, sizeof(tmp), "%i", SIGIO);
304
        rd kafka conf set(conf, "internal.termination.signal", tmp, NULL, 0);
305
306
        /* Topic configuration */
307
         *topic conf = rd kafka topic conf new();
308
309
        signal(SIGINT, stop);
310
        signal(SIGUSR1, sig_usr1);
311
312
        if (mode == 'P') {
313
314
             * Producer
315
             */
316
            char buf[4096];
317
            int sendcnt = 0;
318
319
            /* Set up a message delivery report callback.
320
             * It will be called once for each message, either on successful
321
             * delivery to broker, or upon failure to deliver to broker. */
322
323
                    /* If offset reporting (-o report) is enabled, use the
324
                     * richer dr_msg_cb instead. */
325
                    if (report_offsets) {
326
                            rd_kafka_topic_conf_set(*topic_conf,
327
                                                    "produce.offset.report",
328
                                                    "true", errstr, sizeof(errstr));
329
                            rd_kafka_conf_set_dr_msg_cb(conf, msg_delivered2);
330
                    } else
331
                            rd_kafka_conf_set_dr_cb(conf, msg_delivered);
332
333
            /* Create Kafka handle */
334
            if (!(rk = rd_kafka_new(RD_KAFKA_PRODUCER, conf,
335
                        errstr, sizeof(errstr)))) {
336
                fprintf(stderr,
                    "%% Failed to create new producer: %s\n",
337
338
                    errstr);
339
                return -1;
340
            }
341
342
            /* Add brokers */
343
            if (rd_kafka_brokers_add(rk, brokers) == 0) {
344
                fprintf(stderr, "%% No valid brokers specified\n");
345
                return -1;
346
            }
347
348
            /* Create topic */
349
            *rkt = rd_kafka_topic_new(rk, topic, *topic_conf);
350
            *topic_conf = NULL; /* Now owned by topic */
351
        }else if (mode == 'C') {
352
            /*
353
         * Consumer
354
355
356
            /* Create Kafka handle */
357
            if (!(rk = rd_kafka_new(RD_KAFKA_CONSUMER, conf,
```

```
358
               e r r s t r , sizeof(errstr)))) {
359
                fprintf(stderr,
                    "%% Failed to create new consumer: %s\n",
360
361
             errstr);
362
                return -1;
363
364
365
            /* Add brokers */
366
            if (rd kafka brokers add(rk, brokers) == 0) {
367
                fprintf(stderr, "%% No valid brokers specified\n");
368
                return -1;
369
            }
370
371
372
            /* Create topic */
373
        * r k t = rd_kafka_topic_new(rk, topic, *topic_conf);
374
             *topic conf = NULL; /* Now owned by topic */
375
376
            /* Start consuming */
377
            if (rd_kafka_consume_start(*rkt, partion, -1/*start_offset*/) == -1){
378
                rd_kafka_resp_err_t err = rd_kafka_last_error();
379
                fprintf(stderr, "%% Failed to start consuming: %s\n",
380
                    rd kafka err2str(err));
381
                            if (err == RD KAFKA RESP ERR INVALID ARG)
382
                                    fprintf(stderr,
383
                                            "%% Broker based offset storage "
384
                                            "requires a group.id, "
385
                                            "add: -X group.id=yourGroup\n");
386
                return -1;
387
388
389
        return 0;
390
391
392
    int kafka_send_msg(rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt, rd_kafka_topic_conf_t *topic_conf, char* data, int len)
393
394
        /*
395
         * Producer
396
         */
397
        LOG_ERROR("kafka_send_msg len=%d",len);
398
        int sendcnt = 0;
399
        int partition = 0;
400
        if (NULL == rkt){
401
            LOG_ERROR("rkt is null");
402
            return -1;
403
404
        if (NULL == data || 0 == len){
405
            LOG_ERROR("send msg is null or length is 0");
406
            return 0;
407
        }
408
409
        if (run) {
410
411
            /* Send/Produce message. */
412
            if (rd_kafka_produce(rkt, partition,
413
                         RD_KAFKA_MSG_F_COPY,
414
                         /* Payload and Length */
415
                         data, len,
416
                         /* Optional key and its length */
417
                         NULL, 0,
418
                         /* Message opaque, provided in
```



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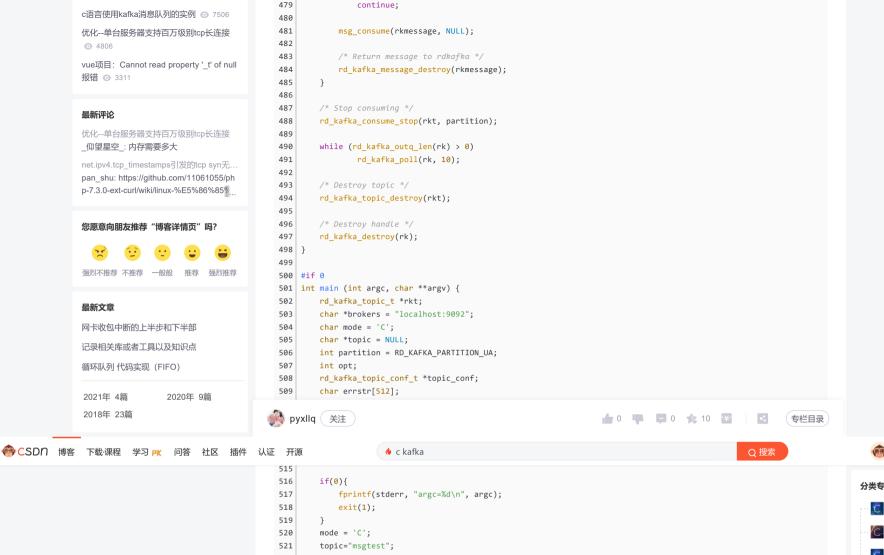
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热门文章

原创

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528 529

530

531

532

533

534

535

536 } 537 #endif

if (NULL == rkt){

exit(1);

char data[4096];

return 0;

kafka_receive_msg(rkt);

fprintf(stderr, "kafka_init rkt is null\n");

分类专栏 6 算法 1篇 MySQL 2篇 **DPDK** 1篇 522 partition=0; 523 brokers="169.0.1.198:9092"; Vue开发 1篇 524 525 if (kafka_init(mode,topic,partition,brokers,&topic_conf,&rkt) == -1){ C 编程 11篇 526 exit(1); 527 } 2篇

python mysql常用命令 2篇 0 归档 5篇 分布式 2篇 linux 7篇 举报

 $\overline{}$

会员中心 计 足迹 动态 消息 创作 抽大奖

上面的main是一个测试例子,消费侧的,即获取消息的例子,下面则是生产者例子,只需要把上面的main替换成下面的代码即可

```
1 int main (int argc, char **argv) {
2
           rd_kafka_topic_t *rkt;
3
           char *brokers = "localhost:9092";
           char mode = 'C';
           char *topic = NULL;
           int partition = RD_KAFKA_PARTITION_UA;
           int opt;
           rd_kafka_topic_conf_t *topic_conf;
9
           char errstr[512];
10
           int64_t start_offset = 0;
11
           int report_offsets = 0;
12
           int do_conf_dump = 0;
13
           char tmp[16];
14
15
16
           if(0){
17
               fprintf(stderr, "argc=%d\n", argc);
18
               exit(1);
19
           }
20
        mode = 'P';
21
        topic="msgtest";
22
        partition=0;
23
        brokers="169.0.1.198:9092";
24
25
        if (kafka_init(mode,topic,partition,brokers,&topic_conf,&rkt) == -1){
26
           exit(1);
27
        }
28
29
       if (NULL == rkt){
30
           fprintf(stderr, "kafka_init rkt is null\n");
31
               exit(1);
32
33
       char data[4096];
34
        while(1){
35
            fgets(data, sizeof(data), stdin);
36
                           size_t len = strlen(data);
37
                           if (data[len-1] == '\n')
38
                                   data[--len] = '\0';
39
            kafka_send_msg(rkt,topic_conf,data,len);
40
41
           return 0;
42 }
```

要测试还需下一个librdkafka.a文件,仅供参考,记录之

Kafka的简单介绍-刘宇

刘宇的博客 ① 200

作者:刘宇。一、消息队列的介绍1、什么是消息队列2、消息队列的分类2.1、点对点(Peer-to-Peer)2.2、发布订阅(Pub/Sub)3、P2P和发布订阅的区别4...

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现象Mean message/sec: 3kPeak Messages/5Min: 130wMean Bytes in /sec: 600KB/s从Kafka Eagle页面观测, 5分钟粒度消息数曲线在达到峰值130w条...





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可以看出比v0版本的<mark>消息</mark>仅多了一个timestamp字段用于表明<mark>消息</mark>的生产(或添加到broker日志的时间),方便用户通过指定时间去获取<mark>消息。</mark>为了方便查看用...

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jar --help usage: tabula [-a <AREA>] [-b <DIRECTORY>] [-c <COLUMNS>] [-f <FORMAT>] [-g] [-h] [-i] [-i] [Kafka的一些常用功能点 01-07 自己写的一些...

【Flink】 producer attempted to use a producer id which is not currently assigned to its transaction 最新发布

l而口 🙃 27/

1.场景1 1.1 概述 我是 cancel savepoint 之后重启不行,直接启动又没事 cancel savepoint 之后重启不行 指定了 从savepoint, -s 指定了 地址 就是要 恢复...

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文章源地址: https://github.com/edenhill/librdkafka/blob/master/INTRODUCTION.md librdkafka 是Apache Kafka 客户端C语言的高性能实现,能够提供...

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在Kafka的场景下毒丸是:针对Kafka主题生产推入的记录,无论尝试多少次,消费者使用都会失败。因此,毒丸可以有不同的形式:记录已损坏(我自己从..

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Kafka 原生API交互的Code代表 使用client 与 kafka 交互时,会返回错误代码,官方给出了,代码表示的具体含义 官网地址 https://kafka.apache.org/prot....

Kafka在消费者反序列化时出现问题

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