Midterm Review Recitation 6 (Fall 2018) CS1520

Q.1) Consider the following code:

```
* 1 <!DOCTYPE html>
* 2
     <html>
* 3
     <head>
        <title>Midterm</title>
* 4
* 5
        <script type="text/javascript">
* 6
            function a1() { alert('Alert1'); }
* 7
            function a2() { alert('Alert2'); }
            function a3() { alert('Alert3'); }
* 8
* 9
            function a4() { alert('Alert4'); }
* 10
        </script>
*11 </head>
* 12
     <body>
*13
        * 14
* 15
               *16
                   f00
* 17
                   bar
*18
               * 19
               *20
                   baz
*21
                   fuz
*22
               *23
            *24
        * 25
        <script>
*26
            var actionTable = document.getElementById("action-table");
*27
            var actionBody = document.getElementById("action-body");
*28
            var actionRow = document.getElementById("action-row");
*29
            var actionEntry = document.getElementById("action-entry");
*30
            actionTable.addEventListener('click', a1, false);
*31
*32
            actionBody.addEventListener('click', a2, true);
            actionEntry.addEventListener('click', a3, true);
*33
*34
*35
            // YOUR CODE GOES HERE
*36
*37
        </script>
*38
     </body>
*39 </html>
```

a) What alerts will be produced (and in what order) if a user clicks on `fuz`? What is the `target` and `currentTarget` of each alert?

b)	What alerts will be produced (and in what order) if a user clicks on `baz`? What is the `target` and `currentTarget` of each alert?
c)	If possible, write Javascript to replace the comment in the source code (`// YOUR CODE GOES HERE`) such that clicking on `foo` will cause `Alert4` to be produced as the first alert. If this is not possible, explain why not.

Q.2) Consider the following JS code:
10 == "10ne" - "0ne";
Write down the final evaluation on each side of "==" and the final result.
Q.3) What is the value of z after executing the following code:
if (4=="4") {z="zebra";} else {z="ziggy";}
Q.4) What is the value of z after executing the following code:
if (4==="4") {z="zebra";} else {z="ziggy";}
Q. 5) Check all of the following that are evaluate to "true" in JavaScript
□ null
□ 3
☐ 3 ☐ "Ouch!"
□ 3
 □ 3 □ "Ouch!" □ 0 □ NaN □ {shape: "round"}
□ 3□ "Ouch!"□ 0□ NaN
 □ 3 □ "Ouch!" □ 0 □ NaN □ {shape: "round"} □ -1 □ "" // i.e. the empty string
 □ 3 □ "Ouch!" □ 0 □ NaN □ {shape: "round"} □ -1
☐ 3 ☐ "Ouch!" ☐ 0 ☐ NaN ☐ {shape: "round"} ☐ -1 ☐ ""
☐ 3 ☐ "Ouch!" ☐ 0 ☐ NaN ☐ {shape: "round"} ☐ -1 ☐ "" // i.e. the empty string Q.6) What is the value of x after executing the following JavaScript?

Q.7) What is the result of the following in JS:

```
a. 3=="3"
b. 3==3
c. 3==="3"
d. 3===3
e. 3!="3"
f. 3!=="3"
```

Q.8) What is the result of the following in JS:

```
a. 433+1
b. "433"+1
c. "433" + "1"
d. Number("443") + 1
e. "hello" + "bye"
```

Q.9) Take the following function, make it a method named "inc" of an object named "z" so that "z.inc(4)" would return 5.

```
function(y) {return ++y};
```

Q.10) Consider the following code. What is the final value of y?

```
function makeAdder(amount) {
    return function(number) {
        return number + amount;
    };
}
var x = makeAdder(5)
var y = x(3)
y = x(2)
```