

jl-mason2014

October 21, 2024

```
[185]: using ForwardDiff, Plots, NLSolve
```

Neglect electrostatic.

Use the parameter values from Mason 2014 paper.

Take  $\phi = 0.6$ .

```
[186]: alpha = 0.74  # Shear effect parameter
sigma = 9.8e-3  # Surface tension in J/m²
k_B = 1.38e-23  # Boltzmann constant in J/K
T = 298  # Temperature in K
a = 530e-9  # Droplet radius in meters
xi = 0.14  # Coupling parameter
phi_c = 0.625  # Critical volume fraction
```

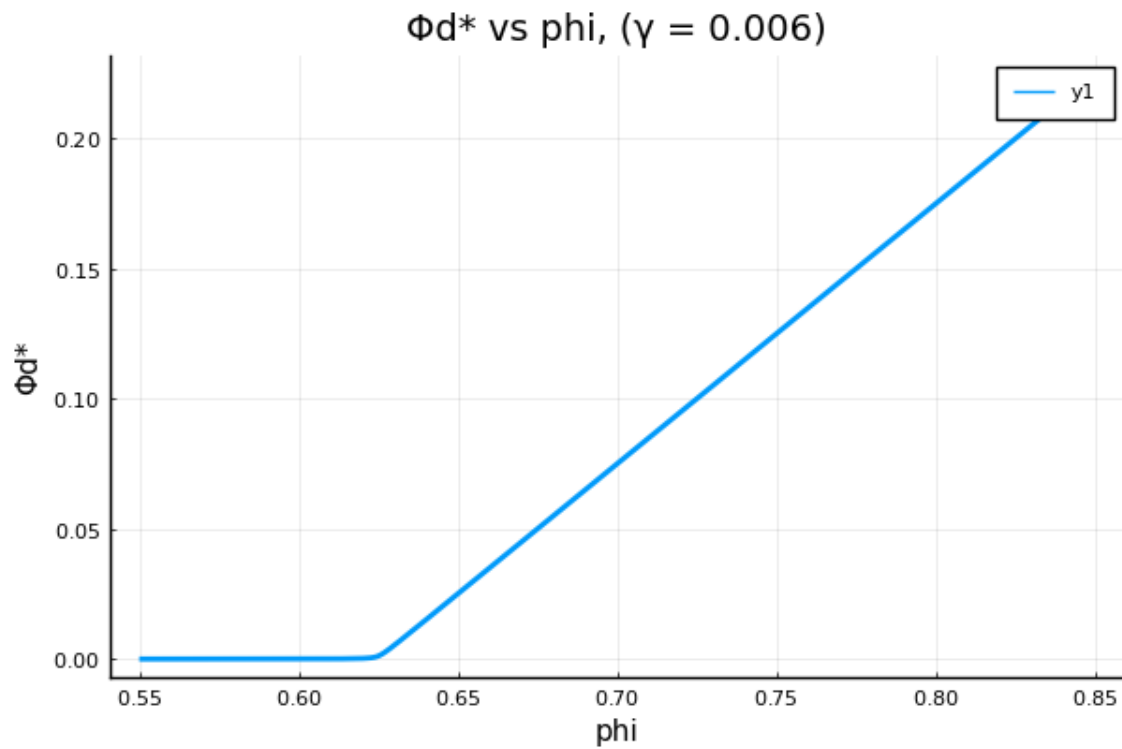
0.625

```
[187]: phi_T_squared = (3 * k_B * T / a^3) / (2 * pi * xi * sigma / a)

function phid_star(phi, gamma)
    term1 = phi - (phi_c - alpha * gamma^2)
    return 0.5 * (term1 + sqrt(term1^2 + phi_T_squared))
end
```

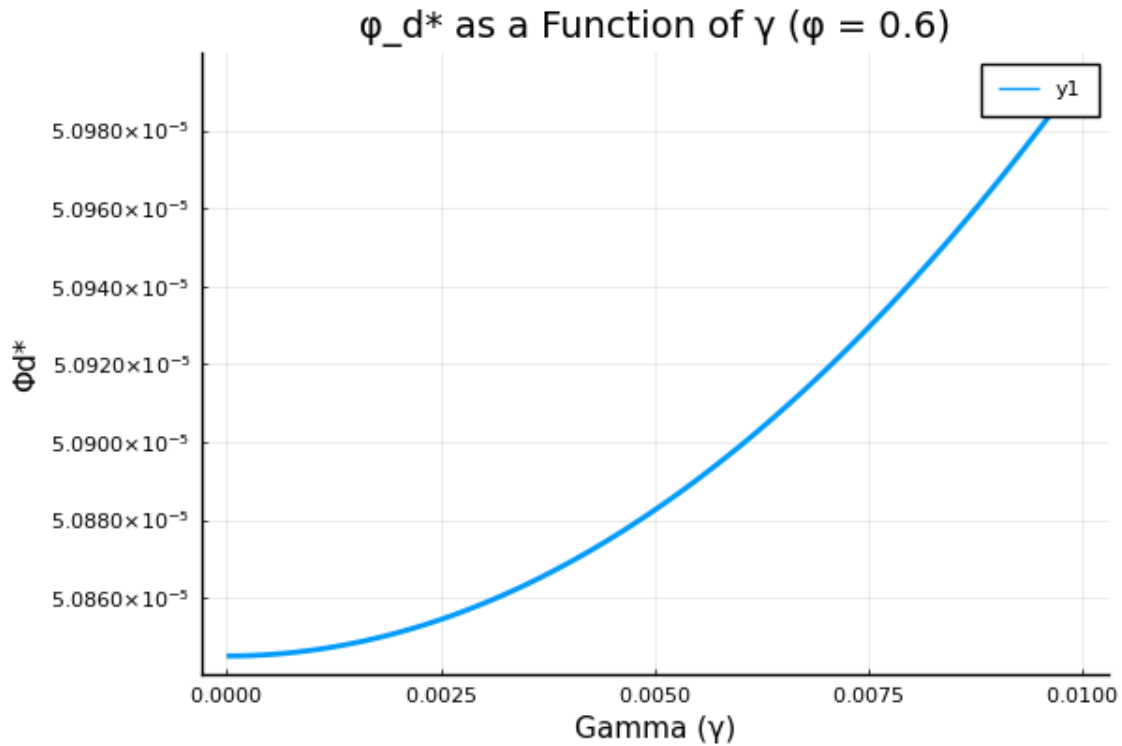
phid\_star (generic function with 1 method)

```
[188]: phi_values = 0.55:0.0003:0.85
gamma_fixed = 0.006
phid_star_values = phid_star.(phi_values, gamma_fixed)
plot(phi_values, phid_star_values, xlabel="phi", ylabel="Φd*", title="Φd* vs φ",
     lw=2)
```



```
[189]: gamma_values = 0:0.0001:0.01
phi_fixed = 0.6
phid_star_values = phid_star(phi_fixed, gamma_values)

plot(gamma_values, phid_star_values, xlabel="Gamma ( )", ylabel="Φd*",
      title="_d* as a Function of ( = $phi_fixed)", lw=2)
```

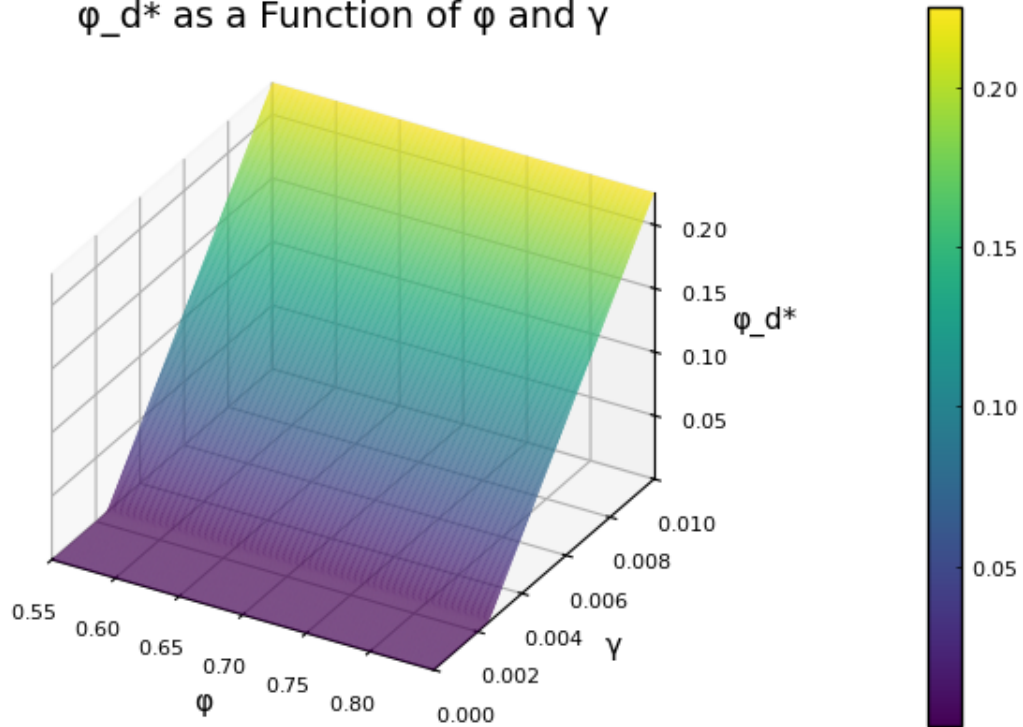


```
[190]: phi_values = range(0.55, 0.85, length=300)
gamma_values = range(0.0, 0.01, length=300)

phid_star_matrix = [phid_star(phi, gamma) for phi in phi_values, gamma in
    ↪gamma_values]

# Plotting _d* as a 3D surface plot as a function of  and
surface(phi_values, gamma_values, phid_star_matrix, xlabel="", ylabel="",
    ↪zlabel="_d*", title="_d* as a Function of  and ", c=:viridis)
```

$\phi_d^*$  as a Function of  $\phi$  and  $\gamma$



```
[191]: function F(phi, gamma)
        return 4 * * a^2 * sigma * xi * phid_star(phi,gamma)^2 - 3 * k_B * T *
        ↪ log(phi_c + phid_star(phi,gamma) - phi - alpha * gamma^2)
    end
```

F (generic function with 2 methods)

```
[192]: function osmotic_pressure(phi)
        dF_dphi = ForwardDiff.derivative(g -> F(g, 0), phi)
        return (phi^2 / ((4 / 3) * * a^3)) * dF_dphi
    end
```

osmotic\_pressure (generic function with 1 method)

```
[193]: phi_values = range(0.55, 0.85, length=300)
        pi_values = [osmotic_pressure(phi) for phi in phi_values]
```

300-element Vector{Float64}:

```
0.07977488659952206
0.08115135498816604
0.08256618512910183
0.08402097954537907
0.0855174312559691
0.08705733025353747
0.08864257054656678
```

```

0.0902751578240229
0.09195721780771027
0.09369100536537384

```

```

2389.1532394887586
2405.9245976851535
2422.755497618538
2439.646033398989
2456.5962991369543
2473.6063889432507
2490.6763969290423
2507.806417205848
2524.9965438855315

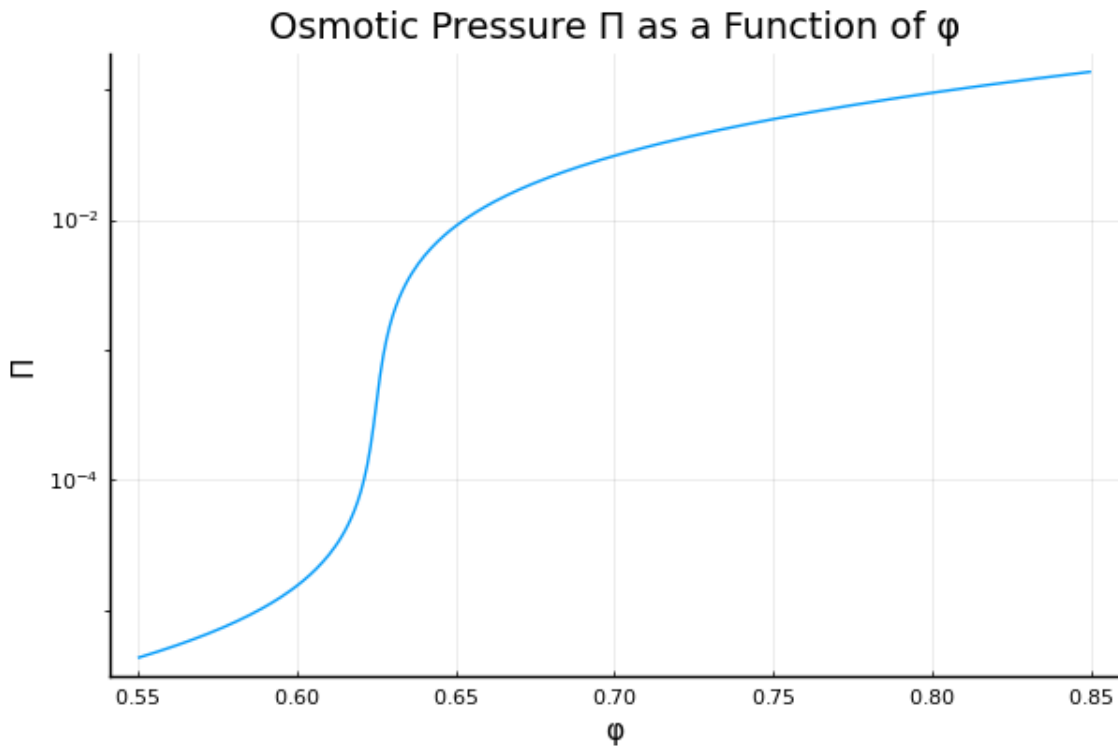
```

```

[194]: plot(phi_values, (pi_values / sigma * a) , xlabel=" ", ylabel="Π",
↳title="Osmotic Pressure Π as a Function of ", legend=false, yscale=:log)

```

Warning: scale log is unsupported with Plots.PyPlotBackend().  
Choose from: [:identity, :ln, :log10, :log2]  
@ Plots /Users/fanwei/.julia/packages/Plots/kLeqV/src/args.jl:1584



```

[195]: # function phid_star(gamma)
#       term1 = phi - (phi_c - alpha * gamma^2)
#       return 0.5 * (term1 + sqrt(term1^2 + phi_T_squared))

```

```

# end

# gavec = 0:0.0001:0.01
# fvec = f.(gavec)
# dfvec = [ForwardDiff.derivative(ga -> f(ga),g) for g in gavec];

# p1 = plot(gavec, fvec)
# p2 = plot(gavec, dfvec)
# plot(p1,p2, layout = (1,2))

```

```

[196]: function F(phi_d, phi, gamma)
    term = phi_c + phi_d - phi - alpha * gamma^2
    if term <= 0
        return Inf # Return a large value to avoid invalid log
    end
    return 4 * a^2 * sigma * xi * phi_d^2 - 3 * k_B * T * log(term)
end

function find_phid_star(phi, gamma)
    f_prime(phi_d_vec) = ForwardDiff.derivative(phi_d -> F(phi_d, phi, gamma),
    phi_d_vec[1])

    result = nlsolve(f_prime, [1e-15]; inplace=false) # Initial guess without
    bounds
    phi_d_star = result.zero[1]

    boundary_condition = phi_c - phi - alpha * gamma^2

    if boundary_condition > 0
        lower_bound = 0
    else
        lower_bound = phi + alpha * gamma^2 - phi_c
    end

    if phi_d_star < lower_bound
        return lower_bound
    end
    return phi_d_star
end

phi_values = range(0.55, 0.85, length=100)
gamma_values = range(0.0, 0.01, length=100)

phid_star_matrix = [find_phid_star(phi, gamma) for phi in phi_values, gamma in
    gamma_values]

# Plotting _d* as a 3D surface plot as a function of and

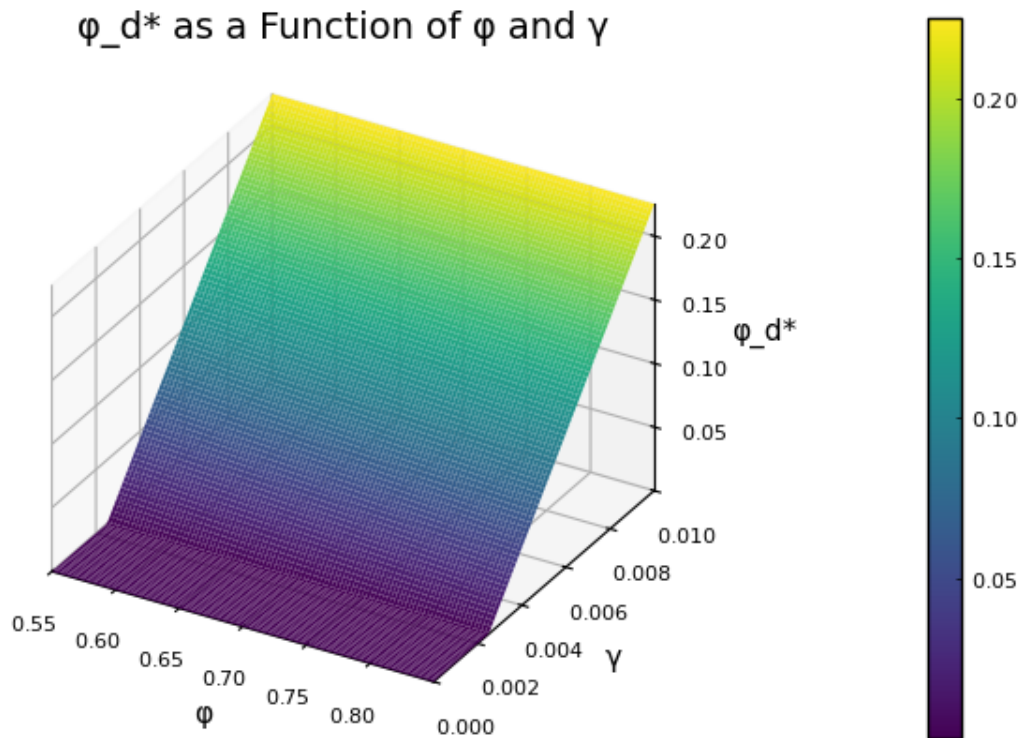
```

```

surface(phi_values, gamma_values, phid_star_matrix, xlabel=" ", ylabel=" ",
        zlabel="_d*", title="_d* as a Function of  and ", c=:viridis)

# Display the plot
plot!()

```



```
[197]: find_phid_star(0.625, 0.001)
```

```
7.400000000545859e-7
```

```

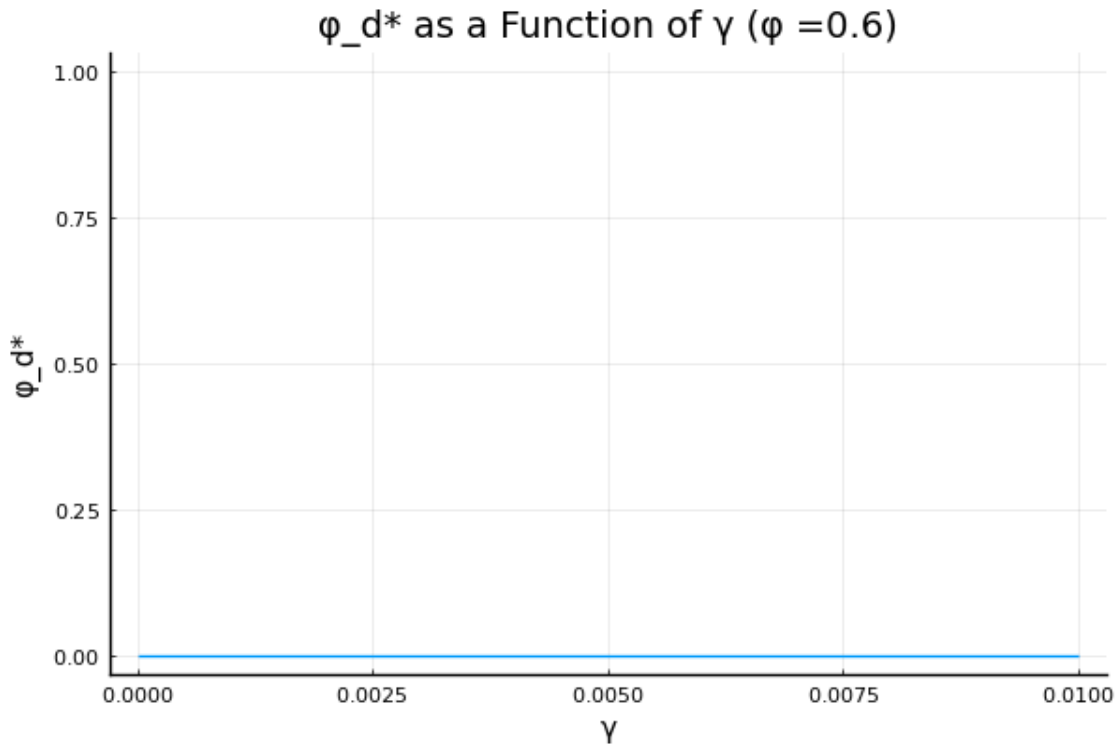
[198]: gamma_values = range(0.0, 0.01, length=50)
        phi_fixed = 0.6

        phid_star_values = [find_phid_star(phi_fixed, gamma) for gamma in gamma_values]

        plot(gamma_values, phid_star_values, xlabel=" ", ylabel="_d*", title="_d* as a
        ↪Function of (=$phi_fixed)", legend=false)

        plot!()

```



```
[217]: function target_eqn(phi_d, phi, gamma)
        return 4 * a^2 * sigma * xi * phi_d^2 - 3 * k_B * T * log(phi_c + phi_d)
        + phi - alpha * gamma^2
    end

    function find_min_phi_d(phi, gamma)
        boundary_condition = phi_c - phi - alpha * gamma^2

        if boundary_condition > 0
            lower_bound = 0
        else
            lower_bound = phi + alpha * gamma^2 - phi_c
        end

        min_phi_d = lower_bound
        min_value = target_eqn(min_phi_d, phi, gamma)

        for phi_d in range(lower_bound, 0.35, length=50)
            current_value = target_eqn(phi_d, phi, gamma)
            if current_value < min_value
                min_value = current_value
                min_phi_d = phi_d
            end
        end
    end
```



```

end

return min_phi_d, min_value
end

phi_values = range(0.55, 0.85, length=50)
gamma_values = range(0, 0.01, length=50)

phi_d_values = zeros(length(phi_values), length(gamma_values))

for i in 1:length(phi_values)
    for j in 1:length(gamma_values)
        phi = phi_values[i]
        gamma = gamma_values[j]
        phi_d, _ = find_min_phi_d(phi, gamma)
        phi_d_values[i, j] = phi_d
    end
end

phi_grid = repeat(phi_values', 1, length(gamma_values))
gamma_grid = repeat(gamma_values, 1, length(phi_values))
surface(phi_grid, gamma_grid, phi_d_values', xlabel="", ylabel="",
    ↪zlabel="_d", title="_d as a Function of  and ")

```

attempt to save state beyond implementation limit  
 attempt to save state beyond implementation limit  
 attempt to save state beyond implementation limit

```

[212]: gamma_fixed = 0.01

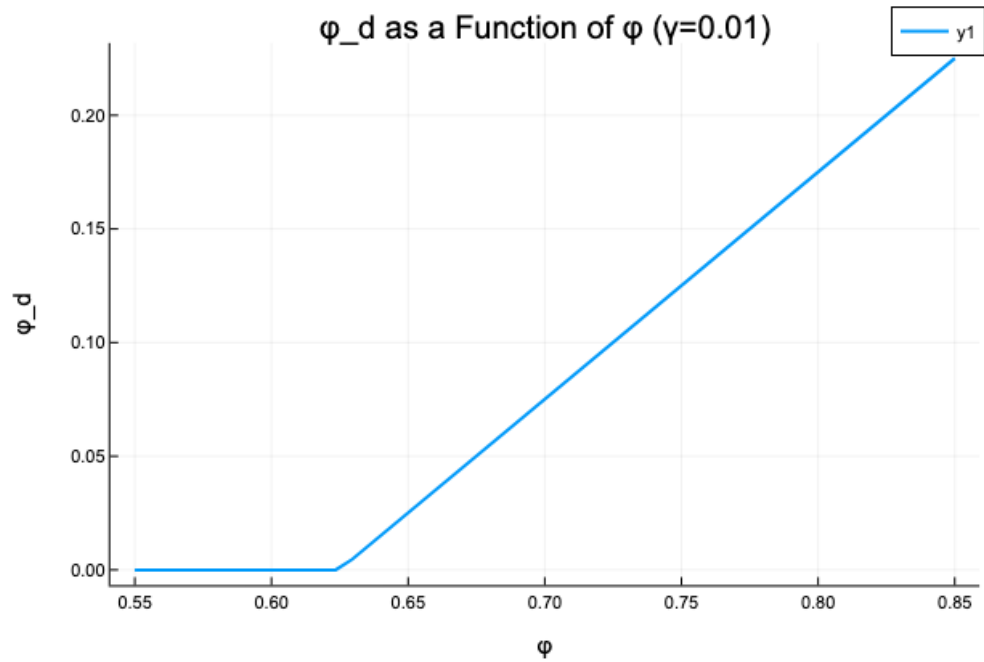
phi_values = range(0.55, 0.85, length=50)

phi_d_values = zeros(length(phi_values))

for i in 1:length(phi_values)
    phi = phi_values[i]
    phi_d, _ = find_min_phi_d(phi, gamma_fixed)
    phi_d_values[i] = phi_d
end

plot(phi_values, phi_d_values, xlabel="", ylabel="_d", title="_d as a
    ↪Function of (=$gamma_fixed)", lw=2)

```



```
[202]: phi_fixed = 0.625

gamma_values = range(0, 0.01, length=50)

phi_d_values = zeros(length(gamma_values))

for i in 1:length(gamma_values)
    gamma = gamma_values[i]
    phi_d, _ = find_min_phi_d(phi_fixed, gamma)
    phi_d_values[i] = phi_d
end

plot(gamma_values, phi_d_values, xlabel=" ", ylabel="_d", title="_d as a
↳Function of (=$phi_fixed)", lw=2)
```

