

# IO Template Application Documentation

Manual

**IO-Aero Team** 

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## Introduction

The Aviation Event Statistics (  $\hbox{\bf IO-AVSTATS})$  includes the following applications:

- ae1982 Aviation Event Analysis
- pd1982 IO-AVSTATS-DB Database Profiling
- slara Association Rule Analysis

## Requirements

The required software is listed below. Regarding the corresponding software versions, you will find the detailed information in the Release Notes.

## 2.1 Operating System

Continuous delivery / integration (CD/CI) runs on Ubuntu and development is also done with macOS and Windows 10/11.

The installation of Homebrew is required for macOS. If necessary, Homebrew can be installed with the following command:

```
/bin/bash -c "$(curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/HEAD/install.sh)"
```

For the Windows operating systems, only additional the functionality of the make tool must be made available, e.g. via Make for Windows

The command-line shells supported are:

Operating system	Command-line shell(s)	
macOS	zsh	
Ubuntu	bash	
Windows 10/11	cmd and PowerShell	

For macOS and Ubuntu, the end-of-line character and the execution authorization may need to be adjusted for the shell scripts. If the dos2Unix program is installed, the necessary adjustments can be made using the scripts ./scripts/run\_prep\_zsh\_scripts.zsh (macOS) or ./scripts/run\_prep\_bash\_scripts.sh (Ubuntu).

## 2.2 Python

This project utilizes Python 3.10, which introduces significant enhancements in type hinting and type annotations. These improvements provide a more robust and clear definition of function parameters, return types, and variable types, contributing to improved code readability and maintainability. The use of Python 3.10 ensures compatibility with these advanced typing features, offering a more structured and error-resistant development environment.

#### 2.3 AWS Command Line Interface

The AWS CLI is employed in this project to facilitate access to private Python libraries hosted on

Amazon CodeArtifact, a fully managed artifact repository service. This integration allows for seamless retrieval and management of project dependencies, ensuring a streamlined and secure development workflow. Utilizing the AWS CLI ensures efficient and reliable access to the necessary Python libraries, enhancing the overall build and deployment process within the AWS ecosystem.

## 2.4 Docker Desktop

The project employs PostgreSQL for data storage and leverages Docker images provided by PostgreSQL to simplify the installation process. Docker Desktop is used for its ease of managing and running containerized applications, allowing for a consistent and isolated environment for PostgreSQL. This approach streamlines the setup, ensuring that the database environment is quickly replicable and maintainable across different development setups.

## 2.5 MS Access Database Engine

This Software consists of a set of components that facilitate the transfer of data between existing Microsoft Office files such as Microsoft Office Access (\*.mdb and \*.acdb) files and Microsoft Office Excel (\*.xls, \*.xlsx, and \*.xlsb) files to other data sources. Connectivity to existing text files is also supported.

## 2.6 DBeaver Community - optional

DBeaver is recommended as the user interface for interacting with the PostgreSQL database due to its comprehensive and user-friendly features. It provides a flexible and intuitive platform for database management, supporting a wide range of database functionalities including SQL scripting, data visualization, and import/export capabilities. Additionally, the project includes predefined connection configurations for DBeaver, facilitating a hassle-free and streamlined setup process for users.

#### Installation

## 3.1 Python

The project repository contains a scripts directory that includes operating system-specific installation scripts for Python, ensuring a smooth setup across various environments.

- macOS: The run\_install\_python.zsh script is available for macOS users. This script is adapted for the Zsh shell, which is the standard shell on recent versions of macOS, and it streamlines the Python installation.
- **Ubuntu**: For users on Ubuntu, the run\_install\_python.sh script is provided. This Bash script is created to operate within the default shell environment of Ubuntu, facilitating the Python installation process.
- Windows: The run\_install\_python.bat script is tailored for users on Windows systems. It is designed to be run in the Command Prompt and automates the Python installation process on Windows.

These scripts are named according to the convention run\_install\_python.<ext>, where <ext> corresponds to the script extension appropriate for the target operating system and shell environment (e.g., .bat for Windows, .sh for Ubuntu Bash, .zsh for macOS Zsh). Users are recommended to execute the script matching their OS to ensure an efficient Python setup.

#### 3.2 AWS Command Line Interface

Within the project's scripts directory, you will find a set of scripts specifically designed for the installation of the AWS Command Line Interface (AWS CLI). These scripts facilitate the installation process on different operating systems, ensuring a consistent and reliable setup.

- macOS: For macOS users, the run\_install\_aws\_cli.zsh script is provided. Designed for the Zsh shell, this script streamlines the AWS CLI installation process on macOS by leveraging the Homebrew package manager.
- **Ubuntu**: Ubuntu users should utilize the run\_install\_aws\_cli.sh script. This script is a Bash script that simplifies the AWS CLI installation on Ubuntu systems by setting up the necessary repositories and installing the CLI via apt-get.
- Windows: The run\_install\_aws\_cli.bat script is intended for Windows users. It automates the process of downloading and installing the latest version of the AWS CLI in the Windows Command Prompt environment.

Each script is named following the pattern run\_install\_aws\_cli.<ext>, with <ext> being the respective script extension suitable for the target operating system and shell environment (e.g., .bat

for Windows CMD, *.sh* for Ubuntu Bash, *.zsh* for macOS Zsh). Users are advised to execute the corresponding script for their operating system to achieve an optimal AWS CLI installation experience.

## 3.3 Docker Desktop

The scripts directory contains scripts that assist with installing Docker Desktop on macOS and Ubuntu, facilitating an automated and streamlined setup.

- macOS: The run\_install\_docker.zsh script is designed for macOS users. By utilizing this Zsh script, the installation of Docker Desktop on macOS is executed through a series of automated steps, which are managed by the script to ensure a smooth installation process.
- **Ubuntu**: The run\_install\_docker.sh script is available for Ubuntu users. This Bash script sets up Docker Desktop on Ubuntu systems by configuring the necessary repositories and managing the installation steps through the system's package manager.
- Windows: For Windows users, it is recommended to download and install Docker Desktop using the traditional installer available at Docker Desktop for Windows. This approach guarantees the most stable version and is tailored to integrate seamlessly with Windows-specific features and configurations.

Please select and execute the appropriate script for your operating system from the scripts directory. Windows users should follow the provided link to obtain the official installer for a guided installation experience.

## 3.4 MS Access Database Engine

- **Windows**: The software can be downloaded from here and then installed according to the instructions provided.
- **Ubuntu Bash Shell**: The necessary software can be downloaded with the package manager apt as follows:

```
sudo apt-get update -y
sudo apt-get install -y unixodbc-dev
```

• macOS Zsh Shell: The necessary software can be downloaded with the package manager Homebrew as follows:

```
brew update
brew install unixodbc
```

## 3.5 DBeaver - optional

DBeaver is an optional but highly recommended tool for this software as it offers a user-friendly interface to gain insights into the database internals. The project provides convenient scripts for installing DBeaver on macOS and Ubuntu.

- macOS: The run\_install\_dbeaver.zsh script is crafted for macOS systems. By running this Zsh script, users can easily install DBeaver and quickly connect to the database for management and querying tasks.
- **Ubuntu**: For Ubuntu users, the run\_install\_dbeaver.sh script facilitates the installation of DBeaver. This Bash script automates the setup process, adding necessary repositories and handling the installation seamlessly.

• Windows: Windows users are advised to download and install DBeaver using the official installer from the DBeaver website at DBeaver Download. The installer ensures that DBeaver is properly configured and optimized for Windows environments.

To install DBeaver, locate the appropriate script in the scripts directory for macOS or Ubuntu. If you're a Windows user, please use the provided link to access the official installer for an intuitive installation experience.

## 3.6 Python Libraries

The project's Python dependencies are managed partly through Conda and partly through pip/pipenv. To facilitate a straightforward installation process, a Makefile is provided at the root of the project.

- Development Environment: Run the command make conda-dev from the terminal to set up a development environment. This will install the necessary Python libraries using Conda and pip/pipenv as specified for development purposes.
- **Production Environment**: Execute the command make <code>conda-prod</code> for preparing a production environment. It ensures that all the required dependencies are installed following the configurations optimized for production deployment.

The Makefile targets abstract away the complexity of managing multiple package managers and streamline the environment setup. It is crucial to have both Conda and the appropriate pip tools available in your system's PATH to utilize the Makefile commands successfully.

## **Configuration IO-AVSTATS**

For the administration of the configuration parameters of **IO-AVSTATS** the tool dynaconf is used. The file settings.io\_aero.toml is available as the configuration file. The names of **IO-AVSTATS** related environment variables must include the prefix IO\_AERO. Layered environments are supported. The test layer is used for the automated tests.

## 4.1 Available Parameters

Parameter	Description	
correction_work_dir	file directory containing the files with the manual corrections	
database_commit_size	number of rows processed before a progress message is created	
download_chunk_size	chunk size for download from the NTSB website	
download_file_aviation_occurrence_categories_xlsx	name of the file containing data of aviation occurrence categories	
download_file_countries_states_json	name of the file containing data of countries and states	
download_file_faa_airports_xlsx	name of the file containing data of airports	
download_file_faa_npias_xlsx	name of the file containing National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems	
download_file_faa_runways_xlsx	name of the file containing data of runways	
download_file_main_phases_of_flight_xlsx	name of the file containing data of main phases of a flight	
download_file_sequence_of_events_xlsx	name of the file containing data of sequence of events	
download_file_simplemaps_us_cities_xlsx	simplemaps: name of the zipped US city file	
download_file_simplemaps_us_zips_xlsx	simplemaps: name of the zipped US zip code file	
download_file_zip_codes_org_xls	ZIP Code Database: name of the unzipped US zip code file	
download_timeout	seconds to wait for the server to send data	
download_url_ntsb_prefix	prefix of the download link for the <b>NTSB</b> data sets	
download_work_dir	working directory for the processing of NTSB data sets	

is_runtime_environment_local	local execution environment - unlike Docker
s_verbose display progress messages for proce	
max_deviation_latitude	maximum decimal deviation of the latitude in the database table even
max_deviation_longitude	maximum decimal deviation of the longitude in the database table even
odbc_connection_string	connection string for the MS Access ODBC driver
postgres_connection_port	database port number
postgres_container_name	container name
postgres_database_schema	database schema name
postgres_dbname	database name
postgres_dbname_admin	administration database name
postgres_host	database server hostname
postgres_password	database password
postgres_password_admin	administration database password
postgres_password_guest	guest database password
postgres_pgdata	file directory on the host for the database files
postgres_user	database username
postgres_user_admin	administration database username
postgres_user_guest	guest database username
postgres_version requested PostgreSQL version from erHub	
razorsql_jar_file_windows	name of the jar file (Windows version)
razorsql_java_path_windows	name of the Java file (Windows version)
razorsql_profile	name of the RazorSQL connection profile
razorsql_reference_dir	file directory of the database schema reference file
razorsql_reference_file file name of the database sche	

## 4.2 Example

```
[default]
check_value = "default"
correction_work_dir = "data/correction"
database_commit_size = 10000
download_chunk_size = 524288
...

[test]
check_value = "test"
correction_work_dir = "data/correction_test"
download_work_dir = "data/download_test"
postgres_connection_port = 5433
postgres_container_name = "io_avstats_db_test"
postgres_password = "postgres_password"
postgres_password_admin = "postgres_password_admin"
postgres_pgdata = "data/postgres_test"
```

## 4.3 Notes

The configuration parameters in the configuration files can be overridden with corresponding environment variables, e.g. the environment variable  $IO\_AERO\_IS\_VERBOSE$  overrides the configuration parameter  $is\_verbose$ .

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## **Configuration Logging**

In **IO-AVSTATS** the Python standard module for logging is used - details can be found here.

The file logging\_cfg.yaml controls the logging behaviour of the application.

#### Default content:

```
version: 1
disable_existing_loggers: False
formatters:
 simple:
   format: "%(asctime)s [%(name)s] [%(module)s.py ] %(levelname)-5s
%(funcName)s:%(lineno)d %(message)s"
   format: "%(asctime)s [%(name)s] [%(module)s.py ] %(levelname)-5s
%(funcName)s:%(lineno)d \n%(message)s"
handlers:
 console:
   class: logging.StreamHandler
   level: INFO
   formatter: simple
 file_handler:
   class: logging.FileHandler
   level: INFO
   filename: logging_io_aero.log
   formatter: extended
root:
 level: DEBUG
 handlers: [ console, file_handler ]
```

## **First Steps**

To get started, you'll first need to clone the repository, which contains essential scripts for various operating systems. After cloning, you will use these scripts to install the necessary foundational software. Finally, you will complete the repository-specific installation to set up your environment correctly. Detailed instructions for each of these steps are provided below.

## 6.1 Cloning the Repository

Start by cloning the *io-avstats* repository. This repository contains essential scripts and configurations needed for the project.

git clone https://github.com/io-aero/io-avstats

#### 6.2 Install Foundational Software

Once you have successfully cloned the repository, navigate to the cloned directory. Within the *scripts* folder, you will find scripts tailored for various operating systems. Proceed with the subsection that corresponds to your operating system for further instructions.

#### 6.2.1 macOS

To set up the project on a macOS system, the following steps should be performed in a terminal window within the repository directory:

#### a. Grant Execute Permission to Installation Scripts

Provide execute permissions to the installation scripts:

```
chmod +x scripts/*.zsh
```

#### b. Install Python, pip, and pipenv

Run the script to install Python, pip, and pipenv:

```
./scripts/run_install_python.zsh
```

#### c. Install AWS Command Line Interface

Execute the script to install the AWS CLI:

```
./scripts/run_install_aws_cli.zsh
```

#### d. Install Miniconda and the Correct Python Version

Use the following script to install Miniconda and set the right Python version:

```
./scripts/run_install_miniconda.zsh
```

#### e. Install Docker Desktop

To install Docker Desktop, run:

```
./scripts/run_install_docker.zsh
```

#### f. Optionally Install DBeaver

If needed, install DBeaver using the following script:

```
./scripts/run_install_dbeaver.zsh
```

#### g. Close the Terminal Window

Once all installations are complete, close the terminal window.

#### 6.2.2 Ubuntu

To set up the project on an Ubuntu system, the following steps should be performed in a terminal window within the repository directory:

#### a. Grant Execute Permission to Installation Scripts

Provide execute permissions to the installation scripts:

```
chmod +x scripts/*.sh
```

#### b. Install Python, pip, and pipenv

Run the script to install Python, pip, and pipenv:

```
./scripts/run_install_python.sh
```

#### c. Install AWS Command Line Interface

Execute the script to install the AWS CLI:

```
./scripts/run_install_aws_cli.sh
```

#### d. Install Miniconda and the Correct Python Version

Use the following script to install Miniconda and set the right Python version:

```
./scripts/run_install_miniconda.sh
```

#### e. Install Docker Desktop

To install Docker Desktop, run:

```
./scripts/run_install_docker.sh
```

#### f. Optionally Install DBeaver

If needed, install DBeaver using the following script:

```
./scripts/run_install_dbeaver.sh
```

#### g. Close the Terminal Window

Once all installations are complete, close the terminal window.

#### 6.2.3 Windows 10/11

To set up the project on a Windows 10/11 system, the following steps should be performed in a command prompt (cmd) within the repository directory:

#### a. Install Python, pip, and pipenv

Run the script to install Python, pip, and pipenv:

```
scripts/run_install_python.bat
```

#### b. Install AWS Command Line Interface

Execute the script to install the AWS CLI:

```
scripts/run_install_aws_cli.bat
```

#### c. Install Miniconda and the Correct Python Version

Use the following script to install Miniconda and set the right Python version:

```
scripts/run_install_miniconda.bat
```

#### d. Close the Command Prompt

Once all installations are complete, close the command prompt.

#### e. Install Docker Desktop

To install Docker Desktop, download the software from here:

https://www.docker.com/products/docker-desktop/

and follow the installation instructions.

#### f. Optionally Install DBeaver

If needed, install DBeaver, download the software from here:

https://dbeaver.io/

and follow the installation instructions.

## 6.3 Repository-Specific Installation

After installing the basic software, you need to perform installation steps specific to the *io-avstats* repository. This involves setting up project-specific dependencies and environment configurations. To perform the repository-specific installation, the following steps should be performed in a command prompt or a terminal window (depending on the operating system) the repository directory.

#### 6.3.1 Setting Up the Python Environment

To begin, you'll need to set up the Python environment using Miniconda and Pipenv, both of which are already pre-installed. You can use the provided Makefile for managing the environment.

#### a. For production use, run the following command:

make conda-prod

#### b. For software development, use the following command:

make conda-dev

These commands will create and configure a virtual environment for your Python project, ensuring a clean and reproducible development or production environment. The virtual environment is automatically activated by the Makefile, so you don't need to activate it manually.

#### 6.3.2 System Testing with Unit Tests

If you have previously executed *make conda-dev*, you can now perform a system test to verify the installation using *make test*. Follow these steps:

#### a. Run the System Test:

Execute the system test using the following command:

make tests

This command will initiate the system tests using the previously installed components to verify the correctness of your installation.

#### b. Review the Test Results:

After the tests are completed, review the test results in the terminal. Ensure that all tests pass without errors.

If any tests fail, review the error messages to identify and resolve any issues with your installation.

Running system tests using *make tests* is a valuable step to ensure that your installation is working correctly, and your environment is properly configured for your project. It helps identify and address any potential problems early in the development process.

#### 6.3.3 Downloading Database Files (Optional)

Database files can be downloaded from the IO-Aero Google Drive directory *io\_aero\_data/io-xpa/database/io\_xpa\_db* to your local repository directory *data*. Before extracting, if a *postgres* directory exists within the *data* directory, it should be deleted.

Follow these steps to manage the database files:

#### a. Access the IO-Aero Google Drive Directory:

Navigate to the IO-Aero Google Drive and locate the directory *io\_aero\_data/io-xpa/database/io\_xpa\_db*.

#### b. Download Database Files:

Download the necessary database files from the specified directory to your local repository directory *data*.

#### c. Delete Existing postgres Directory (if present):

If a directory named *postgres* already exists within the *data* directory, you should delete it to avoid conflicts.

#### d. Extract Database Files:

The downloaded database files are in an archive format (ZIP) and should be extracted in the *data* directory. After completing these steps, the database files should reside in the *data* directory of your local repository and will be ready for use.

#### 6.3.4 Creating the Docker Container with PostgreSQL DB

To create the Docker container with PostgreSQL database software, you can use the provided *run\_io\_avstats* script. Depending on your operating system, follow the relevant instructions below:

#### a. macOS (zsh):

./scripts/run\_io\_avstats.zsh s\_d\_c

#### b. Ubuntu (sh):

./scripts/run\_io\_avstats.sh s\_d\_c

#### c. Windows 10/11 (cmd):

scripts\run\_io\_avstats.cmd s\_d\_c

These commands will initiate the process of creating the Docker container with PostgreSQL database software.

## **Advanced Usage**

The main tool for operating <code>IO-AVSTATS</code> is the ``run\_io\_avstats`` script. The script is available in a Windows command line version and in a Linux bash shell version.

## 7.1 Overview

The following tasks can be executed with this script:

Code	Task	Additional parameter(s)
a_o_c	Load aviation occurrence categories into PostgreSQL	
c_d_c	Run Docker Compose tasks - Cloud	clean, down, logs or up
c_d_i	Create or update an application Docker image	all or single Streamlit app
c_d_s	Create the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database schema	
c_f_z	Zip the files for the cloud	
c_l_l	Correct decimal US latitudes and longitudes	
c_p_d	Cleansing PostgreSQL data	
f_n_a	Find the nearest airports	
l_a_p	Load airport data into PostgreSQL	
l_c_d	Load data from a correction file into PostgreSQL	-e / -excel
l_c_s	Load country and state data into PostgreSQL	
l_n_a	Load NTSB MS Access database data into PostgreSQL	-m / -msaccess
l_s_d	Load simplemaps data into PostgreSQL	
l_s_e	Load sequence of events data into PostgreSQL	
l_z_d	Load ZIP Code Database data into PostgreSQL	
r_d_s	Refresh the PostgreSQL database schema	
r_s_a	Run a Streamlit application	single Streamlit app, e.g. ae1982
s_d_c	Set up the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database container	
u_d_s	Update the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database schema	
u_p_d	Complete processing of a modifying MS Access file	-m / -msaccess
v_n_d	Verify selected NTSB data	
version	Show the <b>IO-AVSTATS</b> version	

#### 7.2 Detailed task list

#### 7.2.1 a\_o\_c - Load aviation occurrence categories into PostgreSQL

#### **Purpose**

Load the definition of the valid CICTT codes.

#### **Data Source**

The data source can be found on the NTSB website here:

• AVIATION OCCURRENCE CATEGORIES - DEFINITIONS AND USAGE NOTES

The NTSB provides the data in a pdf file which must then be converted to MS Excel format xlsx before processing.

#### Implementation

```
CREATE TABLE public.io_aviation_occurrence_categories (
    cictt_code varchar(10) NOT NULL,
    identifier varchar(100) NOT NULL,
    definition text NOT NULL,
    first_processed timestamp NOT NULL,
    last_processed timestamp NULL,
    last_seen timestamp NULL,
    CONSTRAINT io_aviation_occurrence_categories_pkey PRIMARY KEY (cictt_code)
);
```

. . .

#### 7.2.2 c d c - Run Docker Compose tasks - Cloud

#### Purpose

Manage the Docker containers needed in the cloud:

- portainer: container management
- IO-AVSTATS-DB: PostgreSQL database
- Application ae1982: Aircraft Events since 1982
- Application **pd1982**: Profiling Data since 1982
- Application slara: Association Rule Analysis
- load balancer: load balancer NGINX

#### **Processing Options**

```
- clean - Remove all containers and images
- down - Stop Docker Compose
- logs - Fetch the logs of a container
- up - Start Docker Compose
```

### 7.2.3 c\_d\_i - Create or update an application Docker image

#### **Purpose**

Create the application-specific Docker images and store them on DockerHub.

#### **Processing Options**

```
- all - All Streamlit applications

- ae1982 - Aircraft Accidents in the US since 1982

- pd1982 - Profiling Data for the US since 1982

- slara - Association Rule Analysis
```

#### 7.2.4 c\_d\_s - Create the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database schema

#### Purpose

Create the database schema including the following steps, among others:

- 1. creation of a new database user, and
- 2. creation of a new database, and
- 3. creation of database objects such as database tables and so on.

The following parameters are used when creating the database schema:

- postgres\_dbname\_admin administration database name
- postgres\_password\_admin administration database password
- postgres\_user\_admin administration database username

Subsequently, the task u\_d\_s (Update the PostgreSQL database schema) is also executed.

#### 7.2.5 c\_f\_z - Zip the files for the cloud

#### Purpose

Collect and zip the elements needed for the cloud to run the **IO-AVSTATS** application there. The result is contained in the file **cloud.zip**.

#### 7.2.6 c\_1\_1 - Correct decimal US latitudes and longitude

#### Purpose

An attempt is made to calculate missing decimal longitudes and latitudes using the database tables `io\_lat\_lng` and `io\_states`.

#### **Implementation**

- 1. In the database table **`events`** the values in the columns **`io\_dec\_lat\_lng\_actions`**, **`io\_dec\_latitude`**, **`io\_dec\_longitude`** and **`io\_latlong\_acq`** are deleted.
- 2.

All rows in the database table `events` are processed where at least one of the columns `dec\_latitude` or `dec\_longitude` is empty or 0 and the column `ev\_country` has the content `USA`.

- 2.1 An erroneous swapping of latitude and longitude is corrected.
- 2.2 An attempt is made to calculate a missing column `dec\_latitude` from the column `latitude` and a missing column `dec\_longitude` from the column `longitude`.
- 2.3 An attempt is made to calculate a missing column `dec\_latitude` or `dec\_longitude` from the column `ev\_site\_zipcode`.
- 2.4 It tries to calculate a missing column `dec\_latitude` or `dec\_longitude` from the column `ev\_city`.
- 2.5 An attempt is made to calculate a missing column `dec\_latitude` or `dec\_longitude` from the column `ev state`.
- 2.6 For a missing column `dec\_latitude` resp. `dec\_longitude` the center of the USA is assumed.

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### 7.2.7 c\_p\_d - Cleansing PostgreSQL data

#### Purpose

Clean up data the abnormalities in the database. This includes the following activities:

- remove trailing whitespace in string data types (trimming),
- converting string data types that contain only whitespace to NULL (nullifying).

As a result, a much simplified processing of the data is possible, e.g. for comparisons.

On the one hand, the task can be executed explicitly with the "run\_io\_avstats\_db" script (task " $c_p_d$ ") and, on the other hand, it always runs after loading NTSB MS Access data into the PostgreSQL database (task " $l_n_a$ " and " $u_p_d$ ").

#### 7.2.8 f\_n\_a - Find the nearest airports

• TODO

#### Purpose

#### 7.2.9 1 a p - Load airport data into PostgreSQL

• TODO

Purpose

**Data Source** 

Implementation

#### 7.2.10 1\_c\_d - Load data from a correction file into PostgreSQL

• TODO

#### **Purpose**

**Data Source** 

#### **Implementation**

This task allows files containing aviation accident data to be downloaded from the NTSB download site. These files are there as MS Access databases in a compressed format. The following subtasks are executed:

- 1. A connection to the NTSB download page is established.
- 2. The selected file is downloaded to the local system in chunks.
- 3. The downloaded file is then unpacked.
- 4. A script with the database schema definition is created with RazorSQL from the downloaded database.
- 5. The newly created script is then compared with a reference script for matching.

### 7.2.11 1\_c\_s - Load country and state data into PostgreSQL

• TODO

#### Purpose

**Data Source** 

#### Implementation

#### 7.2.12 1\_n\_a - Load NTSB MS Access database data into PostgreSQL

#### Purpose

This task allows files containing aviation event data to be downloaded from the **NTSB** download site. These files are there as MS Access databases in a compressed format. The following subtasks are executed:

- 1. A connection to the **NTSB** download page is established.
- 2. The selected file is downloaded to the local system in chunks.
- 3. The downloaded file is then unpacked.
- 4. A script with the database schema definition is created with RazorSQL from the downloaded database.
- 5. The newly created script is then compared with a reference script for matching.

Subsequently, the downloaded data can be loaded into the PostgreSQL database with the task  $l_n_a$  (Load NTSB MS Access database data into PostgreSQL).

#### **Data Sources**

- **Pre2008.zip**: data set for 1982 through 2007
- avall.zip: data set from 2008 to the present
- upDDMON.zip: monthly supplements on the 1st, 8th, 15th and 22nd

#### **Implementation**

The PostgreSQL database IO-AVSTATS-DB completely maps the database schema of the NTSB MS Access database.

#### 7.2.13 1\_s\_d - Load simplemaps data into PostgreSQL

• TODO

#### Purpose

#### **Data Source**

#### **Implementation**

This task transfers the data from an NTSB MS Access database previously downloaded from the NTSB website to the PostgreSQL database. The same MS Access database can be processed several times with this task without any problems, since only the changes are newly transferred to the PostgreSQL database. The initial loading is done with both MS Access databases Pre2008 ubd avall. After that only the monthly updates are then transferred.

#### 7.2.14 1\_s\_e - Load sequence of events data into PostgreSQL

• TODO

#### **Purpose**

#### **Data Source**

#### **Implementation**

#### 7.2.15 1\_z\_d - Load ZIP Code Database data into PostgreSQL

• TODO

7.2. Detailed task list 25

#### Purpose

#### **Data Source**

#### Implementation

This task transfers the data from an NTSB MS Access database previously downloaded from the NTSB website to the PostgreSQL database. The same MS Access database can be processed several times with this task without any problems, since only the changes are newly transferred to the PostgreSQL database. The initial loading is done with both MS Access databases Pre2008 ubd avall. After that only the monthly updates are then transferred.

#### 7.2.16 r\_d\_s - Refresh the PostgreSQL database schema

• TODO

Hereby changes can be made to the database schema. The task can be executed several times without problems, since before a change is always first checked whether this has already been done.

- 1. Materialized database view
- ``io\_app\_ae1982`` provides the data for processing the task ``c\_l\_l`` (Correct decimal US latitudes and longitudes).

#### Example protocol:

#### 7.2.17 r\_s\_a - Run the IO-AVSTATS application

• TODO

### 7.2.18 s\_d\_c - Set up the PostgreSQL database container

• TODO

#### 7.2.19 u\_d\_s - Update the PostgreSQL database schema

• TODO

Hereby changes can be made to the database schema. The task can be executed several times without problems, since before a change is always first checked whether this has already been done.

- 1. New database tables:
- ``io\_countries``: contains latitude and longitude of selected countries.
- "io\_lat\_lng": used to store the simplemaps and United States Zip Codes.org data.
- "io\_states": contains the identification, name, latitude and longitude of all US states.

#### 2. Extensions for database tables:

#### 2.1 Database table "events".

- The columns ``io\_city``, ``io\_country``, ``io\_latitude``, ``io\_longitude``, ``io\_site\_zipcode`` and ``io\_state`` to store manual corrections.
- The columns ``io\_deviating\_dec\_latitude``, ``io\_deviating\_dec\_longitude``, ``io\_invalid\_latitude``, ``io\_invalid\_longitude``, ``io\_invalid\_us\_city``, ``io\_invalid\_us\_state`` and , ``io\_invalid\_us\_zipcode`` for documenting data plausibility (task ``v\_n\_d``).
- the columns ``io\_dec\_lat\_lng\_actions``, ``io\_dec\_latitude`` and ``io\_dec\_longitude`` to store corrected decimal latitude and longitude values.

#### 3. New database views:

- ``io\_lat\_lng\_issues`` provides the data for processing the task ``c\_l\_l`` (Correct decimal US latitudes and longitudes).
- "io\_accidents\_us\_1982" provides event data for aviation accidents in the U.S. since 1982.

#### 7.2.20 u\_p\_d - Complete processing of a modifying MS Access file

• TODO

### 7.2.21 v\_n\_d - Verify selected NTSB data

#### **Purpose**

This task can be used to perform a plausibility check for the following columns in the database table `events`:

- `dec\_latitude`,
- `dec\_longitude`,
- `ev\_state`,
- `ev\_site\_zipcode`,
- `latitude`,
- `longitude`,

and the combination of:

- `ev\_state` and `ev\_city`,
- 'ev\_state', 'ev\_city' and 'ev\_site\_zipcode'.

The results of the check are stored in the following columns:

- `io\_deviating\_dec\_latitude` (absolute difference),
- `io\_deviating\_dec\_longitude` (absolute difference),
- `io\_invalid\_latitude` (true),
- `io\_invalid\_longitude` (true),
- `io\_invalid\_us\_city` (true),
- `io\_invalid\_us\_city\_zipcode` (true),
- `io\_invalid\_us\_state` (true),
- `io\_invalid\_us\_zipcode` (true).

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The tests are performed according to the following logic:

- `io\_deviating\_dec\_latitude`: Absolute difference between `dec\_latitude` and `latitude` exceeding a given limit in `max\_deviation\_latitude`.
- `io\_deviating\_dec\_longitude`: Absolute difference between `dec\_longitude` and `longitude` exceeding a given limit `max\_deviation\_longitude`.
- `io\_invalid\_latitude`: Can the latitude in the `latitude` column be converted to its decimal equivalent?
- `io\_invalid\_longitude`: Can the longitude in the `longitude` column be converted to its decimal equivalent?
- `io\_invalid\_us\_city`: For country *USA* and the given state, is the specified value in the `ev\_city` column an existing city?
- `io\_invalid\_us\_city\_zipcode`: For country *USA* and the given state, are the specified values in the `ev\_city` column and in the `ev\_site\_zipcode` column an existing city?
- `io\_invalid\_us\_state`: For country *USA*, is the specified value in the `ev\_state` column a valid state identifier?
- `io\_invalid\_us\_zipcode`: For country *USA*, is the specified value in the `ev\_site\_zipcode` column an existing zip code?

#### 7.2.22 version - Show the "IO-AVSTATS" version

• TODO

#### 7.3 First installation

The initial load in a fresh Windows environment requires the execution of the following tasks in the given order:

- $\bullet$  ``c\_d\_s`` Create the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database schema
- ``l\_c\_s`` Load country and state data into PostgreSQL
- ``l\_a\_p`` Load airport data into PostgreSQL
- ``a\_o\_c`` Load aviation occurrence categories into PostgreSQL
- ``l\_s\_e`` Load sequence of events data into PostgreSQL
- ``l\_s\_d`` Load simplemaps data into PostgreSQL
- ``l\_z\_d`` Load ZIP Code Database data into PostgreSQL
- "u\_p\_d" Complete processing of a modifying MS Access file: "Pre2008"

## 7.4 Regular updates

### Every 1st of the month

- 1. Stop the Docker container "IO-AVSTATS-DB"
- 2. Restore the current state of Pre2008
- 3. Start the Docker container "IO-AVSTATS-DB"
- 4. Process the current "avall" file with code "l\_n\_a"

### Every 1st, 8th, 15th and 22nd

 $\bullet$  Process the current ``upDDMON`` file with code ``u\_p\_d``

### **Data Sources**

### **8.1 AVIATION OCCURRENCE CATEGORIES**

The CICTT codes used in the `Aviation\_Occurrence\_Categories/aviation\_occurrence\_categories.xlsx` file is taken from this document.

# **AVIATION OCCURRENCE CATEGORIES**

# **DEFINITIONS AND USAGE NOTES**

October 2013 (4.6)

a Aviation Sac

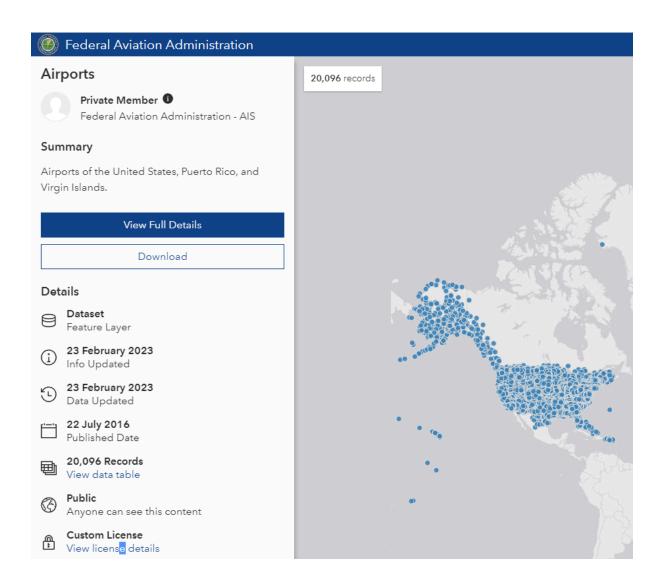
## 8.2 CICTT\_SOE\_MAP.csv

The content of the database table *io\_sequence\_of\_events* is created based on this csv file.

CCTT_Code	CICTT_Description
UNK	Unknown
RAMP	Ground Handling
RAMP	Ground Handling
ADRM	Aerodrome
RAMP	Ground Handling
RAMP	Ground Handling
RAMP	Ground Handling
ARC	Abnormal Runway Contact
	ADRM RAMP RAMP RAMP RAMP RAMP RAMP RAMP ARC ARC ARC ARC

## 8.3 FAA Airports

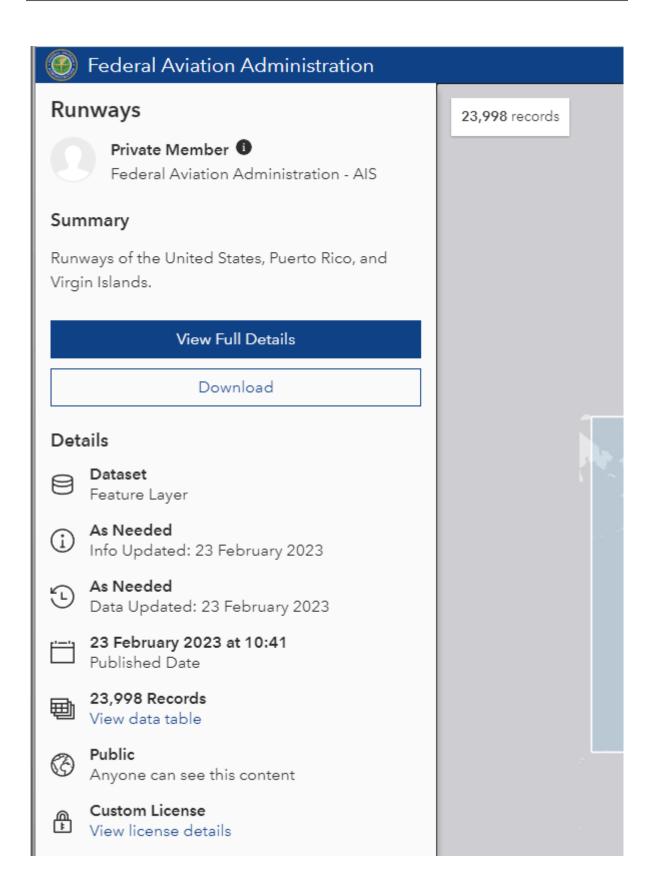
The FAA provides data on airports in the United States in the form of a csv file. This data is updated by the FAA at irregular intervals.



# 8.4 FAA Runways

The FAA provides data on runways in the United States in the form of a csv file. This data is updated by the FAA at irregular intervals.

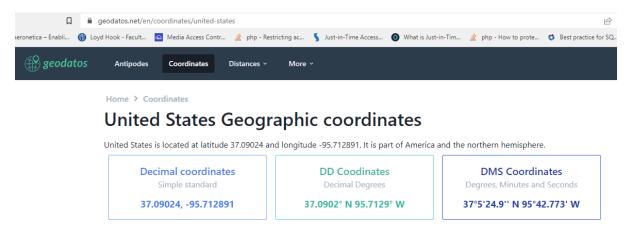
8.4. FAA Runways 33



# 8.5 geodatos

The decimal latitude and longitude for the USA used in the `Countries\_States/countries\_states.json`

file is taken from the geodatos website.



## 8.6 National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS)

The FAA provides data on preferred airports in the United States in the form of an MS Excel file. This data is updated by the FAA at irregular intervals.



#### **8.7 NTSB**

The main data used in **IO-AVSTATS** is provided by the National Transportation Safety Board. On the accident data page is the link Downloadable data sets, which contains the aviation accident data in MS Access format for free download.

File	Created (mm/dd/yyyy)	Description
avall.zip	current	Data from January 1, 2008 to today
PRE1982.zip	10/27/2020	unknown
Pre2008.zip	09/30/2020	Data from January 1, 1982 to December 31, 2007
upDDMON.zip	current	New additions and updates until DD day in the month MON

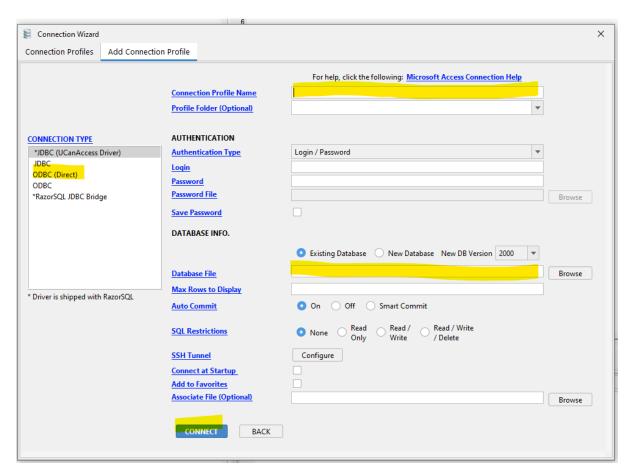
The schemas of the two databases *avall* and *Pre2008* are identical except for the two new optional columns *dec\_latitude* and *dec\_longitude* in the database table *events* of the database *avall*.

## 8.7.1 Database Schema Comparison

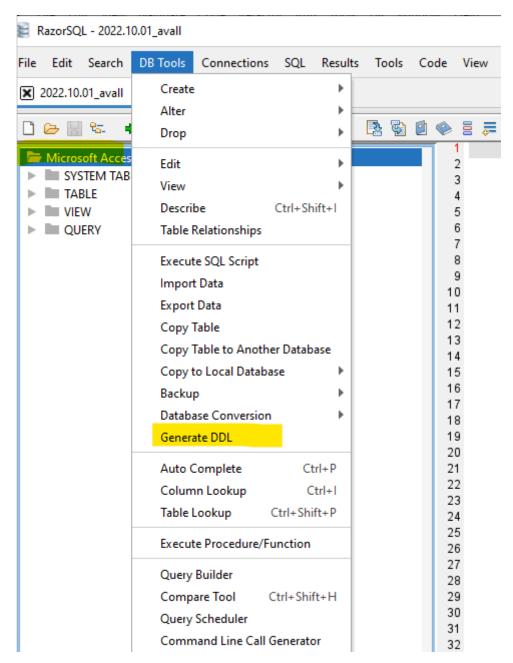
Before any new **NTSB** data set can be processed, the database schema of the new data set must first be compared with the database schema of the previous version of the **NTSB** data set *avall.mdb*.

#### Procedure:

- The RazorSQL program is started.
- Under 'Connections' select 'Add Connection Profile'.
- Select MS Access under Add Connection Profile.
- Connection Type is ODBC (Direct).
- In addition, an entry must be made at *Connection Profile Name* and *Database File*: Connection Profile Name: IO-AVSTATS Database File: IO-AVSTATS.mdb
- After pressing the CONNECT button you will be connected to the selected MS Access database.



• After opening the database, a SQL script with the DDL statements can be generated in the menu under *DB Tools* and *Generate DDL*.



• This SQL script can be saved as a file for further processing in the menu under *File* and *Save As*.

In case of any discrepancy, these must be implemented into the existing PostgreSQL database.

#### 8.7.2 Table Processing Order

Based on the foreign keys (FK) present in the database schema, the following processing sequence results when creating the database schema and loading or updating the database tables:

Level 1 - without FK - events

Level 2 - FK: ev\_id - aircraft - dt\_events - NTSB\_Admin

Level 3 - FK: *ev\_id* & *Aircraft\_Key* - dt\_aircraft - engines - Events\_Sequence - Findings - Flight\_Crew - injury - narratives - Occurrences

Level 4 - FK: ev\_id & Aircraft\_Key & crew\_no - dt\_Flight\_Crew - flight\_time

Level 4 - FK: ev\_id & Aircraft\_Key & Occurrence\_No - seq\_of\_events

8.7. NTSB 37

#### **8.7.3 Issues**

The problem database tables listed below are not included in the PostgreSQL database schema.

#### **Empty database tables**

The following database tables are included in the Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD), but they do not contain any data in the database: - Occurrences - seq\_of\_events

#### Legacy database tables

The following database tables are included in the database but are missing from the ERD: - Country - ct\_iaids - ct\_seqevt - eADMSPUB\_DataDictionary - states

#### Inconsistent database data - foreign key

• database table *ntsb\_admin*: database table *event* has no row with *ev\_id* = 20210527103155 (data source: *avall.zip*) - as a consequence, the foreign key to the events table had to be removed

### Inconsistent database data - country USA and state

ev_state	count
AO	17
СВ	1
GM	45
GU	8
OF	14
PO	15
PR	112
UN	3
VI	6

#### Inconsistent database data - invalid USA latitude

```
SELECT count(*)
  FROM io_lat_lng_issues
WHERE io_dec_lat_lng_actions LIKE '%ERROR.00.920%'
```

count 430

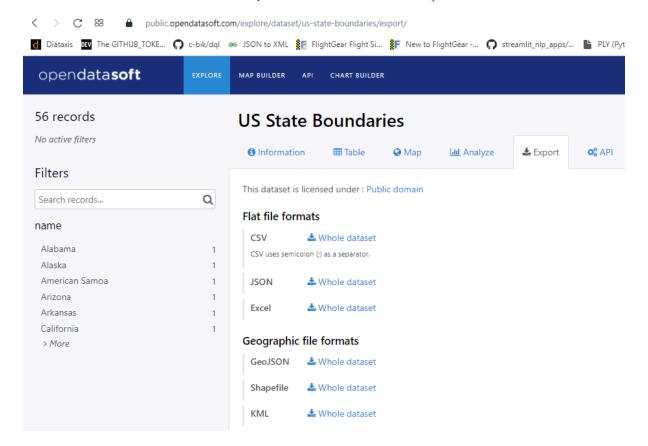
#### Inconsistent database data - invalid USA longitude

```
SELECT count(*)
  FROM io_lat_lng_issues
WHERE io_dec_lat_lng_actions LIKE '%ERROR.00.921%'
```

count 462

## 8.8 opendatasoft

The decimal latitudes and longitudes for the US states used in the `Countries\_States.json` file are taken from the opendatasoft website.



# 8.9 simplemaps

In order to fill in the missing decimal latitudes and longitudes, free available data from **simplemaps** is used. simplemaps offers postal codes and cities with their latitude and longitude.

The US Zip Codes Database link provides latitude and longitude for selected US zip codes:

8.8. opendatasoft

	zip	lat	Ing
	00601	18.18027	-66.75266
	00602	18.36075	-67.17541
	00603	18.45744	-67.12225
	00606	18.16585	-66.93716
	00610	18.2911	-67.12243
	00611	18.27698	-66.80688
	00612	18.41283	-66.7051
	00616	18.41878	-66.6679
)	00617	18.44598	-66.56006
	00622	17.98892	-67.1566
!	00623	18.08429	-67.15336
1	00624	18.05905	-66.71932

The United States Cities Database link provides latitude and longitude for selected US cities:

		-				
city_ascii	state_id	state_name	county_tips	county_name	lat	Ing
New York	NY	New York	36081	Queens	40.6943	-73.9249
Los Angeles	CA	California	06037	Los Angeles	34.1141	-118.4068
Chicago	IL	Illinois	17031	Cook	41.8375	-87.6866
Miami	FL	Florida	12086	Miami-Dade	25.784	-80.2101
Dallas	TX	Texas	48113	Dallas	32.7935	-96.7667
Houston	TX	Texas	48201	Harris	29.786	-95.3885
Philadelphia	PA	Pennsylvania	42101	Philadelphia	40.0077	-75.1339
Atlanta	GA	Georgia	13121	Fulton	33.7628	-84.422
Washington	DC	District of Columbia	11001	District of Columbia	38.9047	-77.0163
Boston	MA	Massachusetts	25025	Suffolk	42.3188	-71.0852
Phoenix	AZ	Arizona	04013	Maricopa	33.5722	-112.0892
Detroit	MI	Michigan	26163	Wayne	42.3834	-83.1024
San Francisco	CA	California	06075	San Francisco	37.7558	-122.4449
Seattle	WA	Washington	53033	King	47.6211	-122.3244
San Diego	CA	California	06073	San Diego	32.8313	-117.1222
Minneapolis	MN	Minnesota	27053	Hennepin	44.9635	-93.2678

# 8.10 United States Zip Codes.org

In order to fill in the missing decimal latitudes and longitudes, free available data from **United States Zip Codes.org** is used. **United States Zip Codes.org** offers more complete postal codes but only with estimated latitudes and longitudes.

zip	type	decommissioned	primary_city	acceptable_cities	state	country	latitude	longitude	
00501	UNIQUE	0	Holtsville		NY	US	40.81	-73.04	
00544	UNIQUE	0	Holtsville		NY	US	40.81	-73.04	
00601	STANDARD	0	Adjuntas		PR	US	18.16	-66.72	
00602	STANDARD	0	Aguada		PR	US	18.38	-67.18	
00603	STANDARD	0	Aguadilla	Ramey	PR	US	18.43	-67.15	
00604	PO BOX	0	Aguadilla	Ramey	PR	US	18.43	-67.15	
00605	PO BOX	0	Aguadilla		PR	US	18.43	-67.15	
00606	STANDARD	0	Maricao		PR	US	18.18	-66.98	
00610	STANDARD	0	Anasco		PR	US	18.28	-67.14	
00611	PO BOX	0	Angeles		PR	US	18.28	-66.79	
00612	STANDARD	0	Arecibo		PR	US	18.45	-66.73	
00613	PO BOX	0	Arecibo		PR	US	18.45	-66.73	
00614	PO BOX	0	Arecibo		PR	US	18.45	-66.73	
00616	STANDARD	0	Bajadero		PR	US	18.42	-66.67	
00617	STANDARD	0	Barceloneta		PR	US	18.45	-66.56	
00622	STANDARD	0	Boqueron		PR	US	17.99	-67.15	
00623	STANDARD	0	Cabo Rojo		PR	US	18.08	-67.14	

## **PostgreSQL Administration**

**IO-AVSTATS** uses the PostgreSQL DBMS for data management. PostgreSQL is a very powerful relational database system where the SQL language can be extended by procedural add-ons like PL/pgSQL or PL/Python.

**IO-AVSTATS** provides all the tools to import the data from the MS Access databases available on the \*\*NTSB\*\* website and the data from the basic flat files available on **simplemaps** United States Cities Database and US Zip Codes Database websites.

#### 9.1 Docker

The PostgreSQL Docker community provides PostgreSQL images suitable for **IO-AVSTATS** on DockerHub. The official image can be found here. The  $c\_d\_l$  task available in the  $run\_io\_avstats\_db$  script downloads a selected PostgreSQL DBMS image from DockerHub and creates, configures and starts a Docker container.

### 9.2 Parameterization

The parameters can be defined either via environment variables or in the *settings.io\_aero.toml* file. Details can be found under *Configuration* and *IO-AVSTATS*.

The following parameters are used when downloading the Docker image and creating the Docker container:

- $\bullet$  postgres\_connection\_port the database IP address
- postgres\_container\_name the container name
- postgres\_dbname\_admin the administration database name
- postgres\_password\_admin the administration database password
- postgres\_pgdata the file directory on the host for the database files
- postgres\_user\_admin the administration database username
- $\bullet \ {\tt postgres\_version} \ \hbox{--} \ {\tt the} \ {\tt requested} \ {\tt PostgreSQL} \ {\tt version} \ {\tt from} \ {\tt DockerHub} \\$

When using environment variables, they must contain the prefix  $IO\_AERO\_$ , e.g.,  $IO\_AERO\_POSTGRES\_USER$ .

# 9.3 Backup & Restore

Since the IO-AVSTATS database contains only statistical data, it is subject to a relatively low

frequency of change. The following three events can lead to a change in the **IO-AVSTATS** database:

- 1. a new change file on the NTSB download site, or
- 2. an evolution of the database software or schema, or
- 3. a new PostgreSQL version that requires database migration.

This does not require sophisticated methods for backing up and restoring the **IO-AVSTATS** database, especially since the database contents reside in a dedicated local file directory. For data backup it is therefore sufficient to create a copy of the file directory with the **IO-AVSTATS** database before a change event. This copy can then replace the corrupted **IO-AVSTATS** database in the event of an error.

Very important: before any backup or restore, the PostgreSQL Docker container must be stopped first!

## ioavstats

# 10.1 ioavstats package

## 10.1.1 Subpackages

#### ioavstats.pages package

Submodules

ioavstats.pages.Association\_Rule\_Analysis module ioavstats.pages.Aviation\_Event\_Analysis module ioavstats.pages.Database\_Profiling module Module contents

IO-AVSTATS Applications.

#### 10.1.2 Submodules

#### 10.1.3 ioavstats.Menu module

IO-Aero Menu.

### 10.1.4 ioavstats.avstats module

IO-AVSTATS interface.

ioavstats.avstats.check\_arg\_msaccess ( args: Namespace )  $\rightarrow$  None Check the command line argument: -m / -msaccess.

Parameters args (argparse. Namespace) – Command line arguments.

ioavstats.avstats.check\_arg\_msexcel ( args: Namespace )  $\rightarrow$  None Check the command line argument: -e / -msexcel.

Parameters args (argparse. Namespace) – Command line arguments.

ioavstats.avstats.check\_arg\_task ( args: Namespace )  $\rightarrow$  None Check the command line argument: -t / -task.

Parameters args (argparse.Namespace) – Command line arguments.

ioavstats.avstats.cleansing\_postgres\_data ( )  $\rightarrow$  None c\_p\_d: Cleansing PostgreSQL data.

```
ioavstats.avstats.correct_dec_lat_lng() \rightarrow None
    c_l_l: Correct US decimal latitudes and longitudes.
ioavstats.avstats.create_db_schema() \rightarrow None
    c_d_s: Create the PostgreSQL database schema.
ioavstats.avstats.download_ntsb_msaccess_file (msaccess: str) \rightarrow None
    d_n_a: Download a NTSB MS Access database file.
    Parameters msaccess (str) – The NTSB MS Access database file without file extension.
ioavstats.avstats.find_nearest_airports() → None
    f_n_a: Find the nearest airports.
ioavstats.avstats.generate_sql() \rightarrow None
    Generate SQL statements: INSERT & UPDATE.
ioavstats.avstats.get_args() \rightarrow None
    Load the command line arguments into the memory.
ioavstats.avstats.initialise_logger() \rightarrow None
    Initialise the root logging functionality.
ioavstats.avstats.load_airport_data() \rightarrow None
    l_a_p: Load airport data into PostgreSQL.
ioavstats.avstats.load_aviation_occurrence_categories() \rightarrow None
    a_o_c: Load aviation occurrence categories into PostgreSQL.
ioavstats.avstats.load_correction_data (filename: str) \rightarrow None
    l_c_d: Load data from a correction file into PostgreSQL.
    Parameters filename (str) – The filename of the correction file.
ioavstats.avstats.load_country_state_data() \rightarrow None
    l_c_s: Load country and state data into PostgreSQL.
ioavstats.avstats.load_ntsb_msaccess_data ( msaccess: str ) \rightarrow None
    l_n_a: Load NTSB MS Access database data into PostgreSQL.
    Parameters msaccess (str) - The NTSB MS Access database file without file extension.
ioavstats.avstats.load_sequence_of_events() → None
    l_s_e: Load sequence of events data into PostgreSQL.
ioavstats.avstats.load_simplemaps_data() \rightarrow None
    l_s_d: Load simplemaps data into PostgreSQL.
ioavstats.avstats.load_zip_code_db_data() → None
    l_z_d: Load ZIP Code Database data into PostgreSQL.
ioavstats.avstats.progress_msg (msg:str) \rightarrow None
    Create a progress message.
    Parameters msg (str) – Progress message
ioavstats.avstats.progress_msg_time_elapsed (duration: int, event: str) \rightarrow None
    Create a time elapsed message.
    Parameters
                  • duration (int) - Time elapsed in ns.
```

• event (str) – Event description.

```
ioavstats.avstats.refresh_db_schema ( ) \rightarrow None r_d_s: Refresh the PostgreSQL database schema.
```

ioavstats.avstats.terminate\_fatal (  $error\_msg: str$  )  $\rightarrow$  None Terminate the application immediately.

Parameters error\_msg (str) - Error message

ioavstats.avstats.update\_db\_schema ( )  $\rightarrow$  None u\_d\_s: Update the PostgreSQL database schema.

ioavstats.avstats.verify\_ntsb\_data()  $\rightarrow$  None v\_n\_d: Verify selected NTSB data.

ioavstats.avstats.version()  $\rightarrow$  str

Return the version number of the IO-AVSTATS application.

**Returns** The version number of the IO-AVSTATS application **Return type** str

### 10.1.5 ioavstats.code\_generator module

IO-AVSTATS interface.

```
ioavstats.code_generator.generate_sql ( ) → None
Generate SQL statements: INSERT & UPDATE.
The underlying database structures originate from a DDL export of RazorSQL.
```

#### 10.1.6 ioavstats.db\_ddl\_base module

Managing the database schema of the PostgreSQL database.

```
ioavstats.db_ddl_base.create_db_schema ( ) \rightarrow None Create the database schema.
```

```
ioavstats.db_ddl_base.refresh_db_schema ( ) \rightarrow None Refresh the database schema.
```

ioavstats.db\_ddl\_base.update\_db\_schema ( )  $\rightarrow$  None Update the database schema.

### 10.1.7 ioavstats.db dml base module

Managing the database schema of the PostgreSQL database.

```
ioavstats.db_dml_base.download_us_cities_file ( ) \rightarrow None Download a US zip code file.
```

```
ioavstats.db_dml_base.download_us_zips_file ( ) \rightarrow None Download a US zip code file.
```

```
ioavstats.db_dml_base.download_zip_code_db_file ( ) \rightarrow None Download the ZIP Code Database file.
```

ioavstats.db\_dml\_base.load\_airport\_data() 
$$\rightarrow$$
 None Load airports.

- ioavstats.db\_dml\_base.load\_aviation\_occurrence\_categories ( )  $\rightarrow$  None Load aviation occurrence categories.
- ioavstats.db\_dml\_base.load\_country\_state\_data()  $\rightarrow$  None Load country and state data.
- ioavstats.db\_dml\_base.load\_sequence\_of\_events()  $\rightarrow$  None Load sequence of events sequence data.
- ioavstats.db\_dml\_base.load\_simplemaps\_data()  $\rightarrow$  None Load simplemaps data.
- ioavstats.db\_dml\_base.load\_zip\_codes\_org\_data()  $\rightarrow$  None Load ZIP Code Database data.

### 10.1.8 ioavstats.db\_dml\_corr module

Managing the database schema of the PostgreSQL database.

```
ioavstats.db_dml_corr.ROW: list[OrderedDict]
```

- ioavstats.db\_dml\_corr.cleansing\_postgres\_data ( )  $\rightarrow$  None Cleansing PostgreSQL data.
- ioavstats.db\_dml\_corr.correct\_dec\_lat\_lng()  $\rightarrow$  None Correct decimal latitude and longitude.
- ioavstats.db\_dml\_corr.find\_nearest\_airports ( )  $\rightarrow$  None Find the nearest airports.
- ioavstats.db\_dml\_corr.load\_correction\_data ( filename: str )  $\rightarrow$  None Load data from a correction file into the PostgreSQL database.

Parameters filename (str) - The MS Excel file.

ioavstats.db\_dml\_corr.verify\_ntsb\_data ( )  $\rightarrow$  None Verify selected NTSB data.

#### 10.1.9 ioavstats.db dml msaccess module

Managing the database schema of the PostgreSQL database.

ioavstats.db\_dml\_msaccess.download\_ntsb\_msaccess\_file ( msaccess: str )  $\rightarrow$  None Download an MS Access database file.

**Parameters msaccess** (str) – The MS Access database file without file extension.

ioavstats.db\_dml\_msaccess.load\_ntsb\_msaccess\_data ( msaccess: str )  $\rightarrow$  None Load data from MS Access to the PostgreSQL database.

**Parameters msaccess** (str) – The MS Access database file without file extension.

## 10.1.10 ioavstats.glob module

Global constants and variables.

#### 10.1.11 ioavstats.user\_guide module

Creation of the user guide.

```
ioavstats.user_guide.get_ae1982_app ( ) \rightarrow None
    ae1982 - Creates the user guide for the whole application.
ioavstats.user_guide.get_ae1982_bar_chart ( chart_id: str, chart_title: str) \rightarrow None
    ae1982 - Creates the user guide for bar charts.
ioavstats.user_guide.get_pd1982_app ( ) \rightarrow None
    pd1982 - Creates the user guide for the whole application.
ioavstats.user_guide.get_pd1982_data_profile() \rightarrow None
    pd1982 - Creates the user guide for the 'Show data profile' task.
ioavstats.user_guide.get_pd1982_details() \rightarrow None
    pd1982 - Creates the user guide for the 'Show details' task.
10.1.12 joavstats.utils module
Application Utilities.
ioavstats.utils.get_args() \rightarrow str
    Load the command line arguments into the memory.
ioavstats.utils.get_engine (settings: LazySettings) → Engine
    Create a simple user PostgreSQL database engine.
ioavstats.utils.get_postgres_connection ( ) \rightarrow connection
    Create a PostgreSQL connection.
ioavstats.utils.prepare_latitude ( latitude_string: str ) → str
    Prepare a latitude structure.
    Parameters latitude_string(str) - Latitude string.
    Returns
                Latitude structure.
    Return type str
ioavstats.utils.prepare_longitude ( longitude_string: str ) → str
    Prepare a longitude structure.
    Parameters longitude_string (str) – longitude string.
                longitude structure.
    Returns
    Return type str
ioavstats.utils.present_about (pg\_conn: connection, app\_id: str) \rightarrow None
    Present the 'about' information.
    Parameters
                   • pg_conn (connection) - Database connection.
                   • app_id (str) – Application name.
ioavstats.utils.upd_io_processed_files (file_name: str, cur_pg: cursor) → None
```

#### 10.1.13 ioavstats.utils msaccess module

Update the database table io\_processed\_files.

Miscellaneous helper functions.

ioavstats.utils\_msaccess.get\_msaccess\_cursor ( filename: str )  $\rightarrow$  tuple[Connection, Cursor]

Create an MS Access cursor.

**Parameters** filename (str) – MS Access filename.

**Returns** ODBC database connection and cursor.

**Return type** tuple[pyodbc.Connection,pyodbc.Cursor]

## 10.1.14 Module contents

IO-AVSTATS.

## **Release Notes**

## 11.1 Version 1.0.0

Release Date: dd.mm.2024

## 11.1.1 1 New Features

• TODO

## 11.1.2 2 Modified Features

• TODO

## 11.1.3 3 Deleted Features

• TODO

# 11.1.4 4 Applied Software

Software	Version	Remark	Status
AWS CLI	2.15.3		update
Docker Desktop	4.26.1		
PostgreSQL	16.1		
Python	3.10.11		
RazorSQL	10.5.1		

## Windows-specific Software

**Important**: All software components should be installed in the 64 bit version!

Software	Version	Remark	Status
7-Zip	23.01		
The LLVM Compiler Infrastructure	17.0.6		
Make for Windows	3.81		
MS Access Database Engine 2016 Redistributable	8/11/2020		
Visual Studio Community 2022	2022		

Minimal Requirements Visual Studio Community 2022

Installation details				
Visual Studio core editor				
<ul> <li>Desktop development with C++</li> </ul>				
▼ Included				
✓ C++ core desktop features				
▼ Optional				
✓ MSVC v143 - VS 2022 C++ x64/x86 build t				
C++ ATL for latest v143 build tools (x86 &				
Windows 11 SDK (10.0.22000.0)				
Security Issue Analysis				
Just-In-Time debugger				
C++ profiling tools				
C++ CMake tools for Windows				
Test Adapter for Boost.Test				
Test Adapter for Google Test				
Live Share				
IntelliCode				
C++ AddressSanitizer				
vcpkg package manager				
C++ MFC for latest v143 build tools (x86				
C++ Modules for v143 build tools (x64/x8				
Windows 11 SDK (10.0.22621.0)				
C++/CLI support for v143 build tools (Late				
C++ Clang tools for Windows (15.0.1 - x64				
JavaScript diagnostics				
Incredibuild - Build Acceleration				
Windows 10 SDK (10.0.20348.0)				
✓ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.19041.0)				
Windows 10 SDK (10.0.18362.0)				
MSVC v142 - VS 2019 C++ x64/x86 build t				
MSVC v141 - VS 2017 C++ x64/x86 build t				
MSVC v140 - VS 2015 C++ build tools (v1				
☐ Windows App SDK C++ Templates				

# **11.1.5 5 Open Issues**

• TODO

# 11.1.6 Detailed Open Issues

• TODO

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- modindex

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