



IO Template Application Documenta- tion *Manual*

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Introduction

The Aviation Event Statistics (**IO-AVSTATS**) includes the following applications:

- **ae1982** - Aviation Event Analysis
- **pd1982** - IO-AVSTATS-DB Database Profiling
- **slara** - Association Rule Analysis

Requirements

The required software is listed below. Regarding the corresponding software versions, you will find the detailed information in the [Release Notes](#).

2.1 Operating System

Continuous delivery / integration (CD/CI) runs on Ubuntu and development is also done with macOS and Windows 10/11.

The installation of Homebrew is required for macOS. If necessary, Homebrew can be installed with the following command:

```
/bin/bash -c "$(curl -fsSL
https://raw.githubusercontent.com/Homebrew/install/HEAD/install.sh)"
```

For the Windows operating systems, only additional the functionality of the `make` tool must be made available, e.g. via [Make for Windows](#)

The command-line shells supported are:

Operating system	Command-line shell(s)
macOS	zsh
Ubuntu	bash
Windows 10/11	cmd and PowerShell

For macOS and Ubuntu, the end-of-line character and the execution authorization may need to be adjusted for the shell scripts. If the `dos2Unix` program is installed, the necessary adjustments can be made using the scripts `./scripts/run_prep_zsh_scripts.zsh` (macOS) or `./scripts/run_prep_bash_scripts.sh` (Ubuntu).

2.2 Python

This project utilizes Python 3.10, which introduces significant enhancements in type hinting and type annotations. These improvements provide a more robust and clear definition of function parameters, return types, and variable types, contributing to improved code readability and maintainability. The use of Python 3.10 ensures compatibility with these advanced typing features, offering a more structured and error-resistant development environment.

2.3 AWS Command Line Interface

The AWS CLI is employed in this project to facilitate access to private Python libraries hosted on

Amazon CodeArtifact, a fully managed artifact repository service. This integration allows for seamless retrieval and management of project dependencies, ensuring a streamlined and secure development workflow. Utilizing the AWS CLI ensures efficient and reliable access to the necessary Python libraries, enhancing the overall build and deployment process within the AWS ecosystem.

2.4 Docker Desktop

The project employs PostgreSQL for data storage and leverages Docker images provided by PostgreSQL to simplify the installation process. Docker Desktop is used for its ease of managing and running containerized applications, allowing for a consistent and isolated environment for PostgreSQL. This approach streamlines the setup, ensuring that the database environment is quickly replicable and maintainable across different development setups.

2.5 MS Access Database Engine

This Software consists of a set of components that facilitate the transfer of data between existing Microsoft Office files such as Microsoft Office Access (*.mdb and *.accdb) files and Microsoft Office Excel (*.xls, *.xlsx, and *.xlsb) files to other data sources. Connectivity to existing text files is also supported.

2.6 DBeaver Community - optional

DBeaver is recommended as the user interface for interacting with the PostgreSQL database due to its comprehensive and user-friendly features. It provides a flexible and intuitive platform for database management, supporting a wide range of database functionalities including SQL scripting, data visualization, and import/export capabilities. Additionally, the project includes predefined connection configurations for DBeaver, facilitating a hassle-free and streamlined setup process for users.

Installation

3.1 Python

The project repository contains a `scripts` directory that includes operating system-specific installation scripts for Python, ensuring a smooth setup across various environments.

- **macOS:** The `run_install_python.zsh` script is available for macOS users. This script is adapted for the Zsh shell, which is the standard shell on recent versions of macOS, and it streamlines the Python installation.
- **Ubuntu:** For users on Ubuntu, the `run_install_python.sh` script is provided. This Bash script is created to operate within the default shell environment of Ubuntu, facilitating the Python installation process.
- **Windows:** The `run_install_python.bat` script is tailored for users on Windows systems. It is designed to be run in the Command Prompt and automates the Python installation process on Windows.

These scripts are named according to the convention `run_install_python.<ext>`, where `<ext>` corresponds to the script extension appropriate for the target operating system and shell environment (e.g., `.bat` for Windows, `.sh` for Ubuntu Bash, `.zsh` for macOS Zsh). Users are recommended to execute the script matching their OS to ensure an efficient Python setup.

3.2 AWS Command Line Interface

Within the project's `scripts` directory, you will find a set of scripts specifically designed for the installation of the AWS Command Line Interface (AWS CLI). These scripts facilitate the installation process on different operating systems, ensuring a consistent and reliable setup.

- **macOS:** For macOS users, the `run_install_aws_cli.zsh` script is provided. Designed for the Zsh shell, this script streamlines the AWS CLI installation process on macOS by leveraging the Homebrew package manager.
- **Ubuntu:** Ubuntu users should utilize the `run_install_aws_cli.sh` script. This script is a Bash script that simplifies the AWS CLI installation on Ubuntu systems by setting up the necessary repositories and installing the CLI via `apt-get`.
- **Windows:** The `run_install_aws_cli.bat` script is intended for Windows users. It automates the process of downloading and installing the latest version of the AWS CLI in the Windows Command Prompt environment.

Each script is named following the pattern `run_install_aws_cli.<ext>`, with `<ext>` being the respective script extension suitable for the target operating system and shell environment (e.g., `.bat`

for Windows CMD, `.sh` for Ubuntu Bash, `.zsh` for macOS Zsh). Users are advised to execute the corresponding script for their operating system to achieve an optimal AWS CLI installation experience.

3.3 Docker Desktop

The `scripts` directory contains scripts that assist with installing Docker Desktop on macOS and Ubuntu, facilitating an automated and streamlined setup.

- **macOS:** The `run_install_docker.zsh` script is designed for macOS users. By utilizing this Zsh script, the installation of Docker Desktop on macOS is executed through a series of automated steps, which are managed by the script to ensure a smooth installation process.
- **Ubuntu:** The `run_install_docker.sh` script is available for Ubuntu users. This Bash script sets up Docker Desktop on Ubuntu systems by configuring the necessary repositories and managing the installation steps through the system's package manager.
- **Windows:** For Windows users, it is recommended to download and install Docker Desktop using the traditional installer available at [Docker Desktop for Windows](#). This approach guarantees the most stable version and is tailored to integrate seamlessly with Windows-specific features and configurations.

Please select and execute the appropriate script for your operating system from the `scripts` directory. Windows users should follow the provided link to obtain the official installer for a guided installation experience.

3.4 MS Access Database Engine

- **Windows:** The software can be downloaded from [here](#) and then installed according to the instructions provided.
- **Ubuntu Bash Shell:** The necessary software can be downloaded with the package manager `apt` as follows:

```
sudo apt-get update -y
sudo apt-get install -y unixodbc-dev
```

- **macOS Zsh Shell:** The necessary software can be downloaded with the package manager Homebrew as follows:

```
brew update
brew install unixodbc
```

3.5 DBeaver - optional

DBeaver is an optional but highly recommended tool for this software as it offers a user-friendly interface to gain insights into the database internals. The project provides convenient scripts for installing DBeaver on macOS and Ubuntu.

- **macOS:** The `run_install_dbeaver.zsh` script is crafted for macOS systems. By running this Zsh script, users can easily install DBeaver and quickly connect to the database for management and querying tasks.
- **Ubuntu:** For Ubuntu users, the `run_install_dbeaver.sh` script facilitates the installation of DBeaver. This Bash script automates the setup process, adding necessary repositories and handling the installation seamlessly.

- **Windows:** Windows users are advised to download and install DBeaver using the official installer from the DBeaver website at [DBeaver Download](#). The installer ensures that DBeaver is properly configured and optimized for Windows environments.

To install DBeaver, locate the appropriate script in the `scripts` directory for macOS or Ubuntu. If you're a Windows user, please use the provided link to access the official installer for an intuitive installation experience.

3.6 Python Libraries

The project's Python dependencies are managed partly through Conda and partly through pip/pipenv. To facilitate a straightforward installation process, a Makefile is provided at the root of the project.

- **Development Environment:** Run the command `make conda-dev` from the terminal to set up a development environment. This will install the necessary Python libraries using Conda and pip/pipenv as specified for development purposes.
- **Production Environment:** Execute the command `make conda-prod` for preparing a production environment. It ensures that all the required dependencies are installed following the configurations optimized for production deployment.

The Makefile targets abstract away the complexity of managing multiple package managers and streamline the environment setup. It is crucial to have both Conda and the appropriate pip tools available in your system's PATH to utilize the Makefile commands successfully.

Configuration IO-AVSTATS

For the administration of the configuration parameters of **IO-AVSTATS** the tool [dynaconf](#) is used. The file `settings.io_aero.toml` is available as the configuration file. The names of **IO-AVSTATS** related environment variables must include the prefix `IO_AERO`. Layered environments are supported. The `test` layer is used for the automated tests.

4.1 Available Parameters

Parameter	Description
<code>correction_work_dir</code>	file directory containing the files with the manual corrections
<code>database_commit_size</code>	number of rows processed before a progress message is created
<code>download_chunk_size</code>	chunk size for download from the NTSB website
<code>download_file_aviation_occurrence_categories_xlsx</code>	name of the file containing data of aviation occurrence categories
<code>download_file_countries_states_json</code>	name of the file containing data of countries and states
<code>download_file_faa_airports_xlsx</code>	name of the file containing data of airports
<code>download_file_faa_npas_xlsx</code>	name of the file containing National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems
<code>download_file_faa_runways_xlsx</code>	name of the file containing data of runways
<code>download_file_main_phases_of_flight_xlsx</code>	name of the file containing data of main phases of a flight
<code>download_file_sequence_of_events_xlsx</code>	name of the file containing data of sequence of events
<code>download_file_simplemaps_us_cities_xlsx</code>	simplemaps: name of the zipped US city file
<code>download_file_simplemaps_us_zips_xlsx</code>	simplemaps: name of the zipped US zip code file
<code>download_file_zip_codes_org_xls</code>	ZIP Code Database: name of the unzipped US zip code file
<code>download_timeout</code>	seconds to wait for the server to send data
<code>download_url_ntsb_prefix</code>	prefix of the download link for the NTSB data sets
<code>download_work_dir</code>	working directory for the processing of NTSB data sets

is_runtime_environment_local	local execution environment - unlike Docker
is_verbose	display progress messages for processing
max_deviation_latitude	maximum decimal deviation of the latitude in the database table even
max_deviation_longitude	maximum decimal deviation of the longitude in the database table even
odbc_connection_string	connection string for the MS Access ODBC driver
postgres_connection_port	database port number
postgres_container_name	container name
postgres_database_schema	database schema name
postgres_dbname	database name
postgres_dbname_admin	administration database name
postgres_host	database server hostname
postgres_password	database password
postgres_password_admin	administration database password
postgres_password_guest	guest database password
postgres_pgdata	file directory on the host for the database files
postgres_user	database username
postgres_user_admin	administration database username
postgres_user_guest	guest database username
postgres_version	requested PostgreSQL version from DockerHub
razorsql_jar_file_windows	name of the jar file (Windows version)
razorsql_java_path_windows	name of the Java file (Windows version)
razorsql_profile	name of the RazorSQL connection profile
razorsql_reference_dir	file directory of the database schema reference file
razorsql_reference_file	file name of the database schema reference file

4.2 Example

```
[default]
check_value = "default"
correction_work_dir = "data/correction"
database_commit_size = 10000
download_chunk_size = 524288
...

[test]
check_value = "test"
correction_work_dir = "data/correction_test"
download_work_dir = "data/download_test"
postgres_connection_port = 5433
postgres_container_name = "io_avstats_db_test"
postgres_password = "postgres_password"
postgres_password_admin = "postgres_password_admin"
postgres_pgdata = "data/postgres_test"
```

4.3 Notes

The configuration parameters in the configuration files can be overridden with corresponding environment variables, e.g. the environment variable `IO_AERO_IS_VERBOSE` overrides the configuration parameter `is_verbose`.

Configuration Logging

In **IO-AVSTATS** the Python standard module for logging is used - details can be found [here](#).

The file `logging_cfg.yaml` controls the logging behaviour of the application.

Default content:

```
version: 1

disable_existing_loggers: False

formatters:
  simple:
    format: "%(asctime)s [%(name)s] [%(module)s.py ] %(levelname)-5s
%(funcName)s:%(lineno)d %(message)s"
  extended:
    format: "%(asctime)s [%(name)s] [%(module)s.py ] %(levelname)-5s
%(funcName)s:%(lineno)d \n%(message)s"

handlers:
  console:
    class: logging.StreamHandler
    level: INFO
    formatter: simple
  file_handler:
    class: logging.FileHandler
    level: INFO
    filename: logging_io_aero.log
    formatter: extended

root:
  level: DEBUG
  handlers: [ console, file_handler ]
```

First Steps

To get started, you'll first need to clone the repository, which contains essential scripts for various operating systems. After cloning, you will use these scripts to install the necessary foundational software. Finally, you will complete the repository-specific installation to set up your environment correctly. Detailed instructions for each of these steps are provided below.

6.1 Cloning the Repository

Start by cloning the *io-avstats* repository. This repository contains essential scripts and configurations needed for the project.

```
git clone https://github.com/io-aero/io-avstats
```

6.2 Install Foundational Software

Once you have successfully cloned the repository, navigate to the cloned directory. Within the *scripts* folder, you will find scripts tailored for various operating systems. Proceed with the subsection that corresponds to your operating system for further instructions.

6.2.1 macOS

To set up the project on a macOS system, the following steps should be performed in a terminal window within the repository directory:

a. Grant Execute Permission to Installation Scripts

Provide execute permissions to the installation scripts:

```
chmod +x scripts/*.zsh
```

b. Install Python, pip, and pipenv

Run the script to install Python, pip, and pipenv:

```
./scripts/run_install_python.zsh
```

c. Install AWS Command Line Interface

Execute the script to install the AWS CLI:

```
./scripts/run_install_aws_cli.zsh
```

d. Install Miniconda and the Correct Python Version

Use the following script to install Miniconda and set the right Python version:

```
./scripts/run_install_miniconda.zsh
```

e. Install Docker Desktop

To install Docker Desktop, run:

```
./scripts/run_install_docker.zsh
```

f. Optionally Install DBeaver

If needed, install DBeaver using the following script:

```
./scripts/run_install_dbeaver.zsh
```

g. Close the Terminal Window

Once all installations are complete, close the terminal window.

6.2.2 Ubuntu

To set up the project on an Ubuntu system, the following steps should be performed in a terminal window within the repository directory:

a. Grant Execute Permission to Installation Scripts

Provide execute permissions to the installation scripts:

```
chmod +x scripts/*.sh
```

b. Install Python, pip, and pipenv

Run the script to install Python, pip, and pipenv:

```
./scripts/run_install_python.sh
```

c. Install AWS Command Line Interface

Execute the script to install the AWS CLI:

```
./scripts/run_install_aws_cli.sh
```

d. Install Miniconda and the Correct Python Version

Use the following script to install Miniconda and set the right Python version:

```
./scripts/run_install_miniconda.sh
```

e. Install Docker Desktop

To install Docker Desktop, run:

```
./scripts/run_install_docker.sh
```

f. Optionally Install DBeaver

If needed, install DBeaver using the following script:

```
./scripts/run_install_dbeaver.sh
```

g. Close the Terminal Window

Once all installations are complete, close the terminal window.

6.2.3 Windows 10/11

To set up the project on a Windows 10/11 system, the following steps should be performed in a command prompt (cmd) within the repository directory:

a. Install Python, pip, and pipenv

Run the script to install Python, pip, and pipenv:

```
scripts/run_install_python.bat
```

b. Install AWS Command Line Interface

Execute the script to install the AWS CLI:

```
scripts/run_install_aws_cli.bat
```

c. Install Miniconda and the Correct Python Version

Use the following script to install Miniconda and set the right Python version:

```
scripts/run_install_miniconda.bat
```

d. Close the Command Prompt

Once all installations are complete, close the command prompt.

e. Install Docker Desktop

To install Docker Desktop, download the software from here:

<https://www.docker.com/products/docker-desktop/>

and follow the installation instructions.

f. Optionally Install DBeaver

If needed, install DBeaver, download the software from here:

<https://dbeaver.io/>

and follow the installation instructions.

6.3 Repository-Specific Installation

After installing the basic software, you need to perform installation steps specific to the *io-avstats* repository. This involves setting up project-specific dependencies and environment configurations. To perform the repository-specific installation, the following steps should be performed in a command prompt or a terminal window (depending on the operating system) the repository directory.

6.3.1 Setting Up the Python Environment

To begin, you'll need to set up the Python environment using Miniconda and Pipenv, both of which are already pre-installed. You can use the provided Makefile for managing the environment.

a. For production use, run the following command:

```
make conda-prod
```

b. For software development, use the following command:

```
make conda-dev
```

These commands will create and configure a virtual environment for your Python project, ensuring a clean and reproducible development or production environment. The virtual environment is automatically activated by the Makefile, so you don't need to activate it manually.

6.3.2 System Testing with Unit Tests

If you have previously executed *make conda-dev*, you can now perform a system test to verify the installation using *make test*. Follow these steps:

a. Run the System Test:

Execute the system test using the following command:

```
make tests
```

This command will initiate the system tests using the previously installed components to verify the correctness of your installation.

b. Review the Test Results:

After the tests are completed, review the test results in the terminal. Ensure that all tests pass without errors.

If any tests fail, review the error messages to identify and resolve any issues with your installation.

Running system tests using *make tests* is a valuable step to ensure that your installation is working correctly, and your environment is properly configured for your project. It helps identify and address any potential problems early in the development process.

6.3.3 Downloading Database Files (Optional)

Database files can be downloaded from the IO-Aero Google Drive directory *io_aero_data/io-xpa/-database/io_xpa_db* to your local repository directory *data*. Before extracting, if a *postgres* directory exists within the *data* directory, it should be deleted.

Follow these steps to manage the database files:

a. Access the IO-Aero Google Drive Directory:

Navigate to the IO-Aero Google Drive and locate the directory *io_aero_data/io-xpa/database/io_xpa_db*.

b. Download Database Files:

Download the necessary database files from the specified directory to your local repository directory *data*.

c. Delete Existing *postgres* Directory (if present):

If a directory named *postgres* already exists within the *data* directory, you should delete it to avoid conflicts.

d. Extract Database Files:

The downloaded database files are in an archive format (ZIP) and should be extracted in the *data* directory. After completing these steps, the database files should reside in the *data* directory of your local repository and will be ready for use.

6.3.4 Creating the Docker Container with PostgreSQL DB

To create the Docker container with PostgreSQL database software, you can use the provided *run_io_avstats* script. Depending on your operating system, follow the relevant instructions below:

a. macOS (zsh):

```
./scripts/run_io_avstats.zsh s_d_c
```

b. Ubuntu (sh):

```
./scripts/run_io_avstats.sh s_d_c
```

c. Windows 10/11 (cmd):

```
scripts\run_io_avstats.cmd s_d_c
```

These commands will initiate the process of creating the Docker container with PostgreSQL database software.

Advanced Usage

The main tool for operating **IO-AVSTATS** is the `run_io_avstats` script. The script is available in a Windows command line version and in a Linux bash shell version.

7.1 Overview

The following tasks can be executed with this script:

Code	Task	Additional parameter(s)
a_o_c	Load aviation occurrence categories into PostgreSQL	
c_d_c	Run Docker Compose tasks - Cloud	clean, down, logs or up
c_d_i	Create or update an application Docker image	all or single Streamlit app
c_d_s	Create the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database schema	
c_f_z	Zip the files for the cloud	
c_l_l	Correct decimal US latitudes and longitudes	
c_p_d	Cleansing PostgreSQL data	
f_n_a	Find the nearest airports	
l_a_p	Load airport data into PostgreSQL	
l_c_d	Load data from a correction file into PostgreSQL	-e / -excel
l_c_s	Load country and state data into PostgreSQL	
l_n_a	Load NTSB MS Access database data into PostgreSQL	-m / -msaccess
l_s_d	Load simplemaps data into PostgreSQL	
l_s_e	Load sequence of events data into PostgreSQL	
l_z_d	Load ZIP Code Database data into PostgreSQL	
r_d_s	Refresh the PostgreSQL database schema	
r_s_a	Run a Streamlit application	single Streamlit app, e.g. ae1982
s_d_c	Set up the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database container	
u_d_s	Update the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database schema	
u_p_d	Complete processing of a modifying MS Access file	-m / -msaccess
v_n_d	Verify selected NTSB data	
version	Show the IO-AVSTATS version	

7.2 Detailed task list

7.2.1 a_o_c - Load aviation occurrence categories into PostgreSQL

Purpose

Load the definition of the valid CICTT codes.

Data Source

The data source can be found on the NTSB website here:

- [AVIATION OCCURRENCE CATEGORIES - DEFINITIONS AND USAGE NOTES](#)

The NTSB provides the data in a pdf file which must then be converted to MS Excel format `xlsx` before processing.

Implementation

```
CREATE TABLE public.io_aviation_occurrence_categories (  
    cictt_code varchar(10) NOT NULL,  
    identifier varchar(100) NOT NULL,  
    definition text NOT NULL,  
    first_processed timestamp NOT NULL,  
    last_processed timestamp NULL,  
    last_seen timestamp NULL,  
    CONSTRAINT io_aviation_occurrence_categories_pkey PRIMARY KEY (cictt_code)  
);
```

...

7.2.2 c_d_c - Run Docker Compose tasks - Cloud

Purpose

Manage the Docker containers needed in the cloud:

- **portainer**: container management
- **IO-AVSTATS-DB**: PostgreSQL database
- Application **ae1982**: Aircraft Events since 1982
- Application **pd1982**: Profiling Data since 1982
- Application **slara**: Association Rule Analysis
- **load_balancer**: load balancer NGINX

Processing Options

```
- clean - Remove all containers and images  
- down - Stop Docker Compose  
- logs - Fetch the logs of a container  
- up - Start Docker Compose
```

7.2.3 c_d_i - Create or update an application Docker image

Purpose

Create the application-specific Docker images and store them on DockerHub.

Processing Options

```

- all      - All Streamlit applications
- ael982   - Aircraft Accidents in the US since 1982
- pdl982   - Profiling Data for the US since 1982
- slara    - Association Rule Analysis

```

7.2.4 c_d_s - Create the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database schema

Purpose

Create the database schema including the following steps, among others:

1. creation of a new database user, and
2. creation of a new database, and
3. creation of database objects such as database tables and so on.

The following parameters are used when creating the database schema:

- *postgres_dbname_admin* - administration database name
- *postgres_password_admin* - administration database password
- *postgres_user_admin* - administration database username

Subsequently, the task *u_d_s* (Update the PostgreSQL database schema) is also executed.

7.2.5 c_f_z - Zip the files for the cloud

Purpose

Collect and zip the elements needed for the cloud to run the **IO-AVSTATS** application there. The result is contained in the file **cloud.zip**.

7.2.6 c_l_l - Correct decimal US latitudes and longitude

Purpose

An attempt is made to calculate missing decimal longitudes and latitudes using the database tables ``io_lat_lng`` and ``io_states``.

Implementation

1. In the database table ``events`` the values in the columns ``io_dec_lat_lng_actions``, ``io_dec_latitude``, ``io_dec_longitude`` and ``io_latlong_acq`` are deleted.

2.

All rows in the database table ``events`` are processed where at least one of the columns ``dec_latitude`` or ``dec_longitude`` is empty or 0 and the column ``ev_country`` has the content ``USA``.

- 2.1 An erroneous swapping of latitude and longitude is corrected.
- 2.2 An attempt is made to calculate a missing column ``dec_latitude`` from the column ``latitude`` and a missing column ``dec_longitude`` from the column ``longitude``.
- 2.3 An attempt is made to calculate a missing column ``dec_latitude`` or ``dec_longitude`` from the column ``ev_site_zipcode``.
- 2.4 It tries to calculate a missing column ``dec_latitude`` or ``dec_longitude`` from the column ``ev_city``.
- 2.5 An attempt is made to calculate a missing column ``dec_latitude`` or ``dec_longitude`` from the column ``ev_state``.
- 2.6 For a missing column ``dec_latitude`` resp. ``dec_longitude`` the center of the USA is assumed.

7.2.7 c_p_d - Cleansing PostgreSQL data

Purpose

Clean up data the abnormalities in the database. This includes the following activities:

- remove trailing whitespace in string data types (trimming),
- converting string data types that contain only whitespace to NULL (nullifying).

As a result, a much simplified processing of the data is possible, e.g. for comparisons.

On the one hand, the task can be executed explicitly with the ``run_io_avstats_db`` script (task ``c_p_d``) and, on the other hand, it always runs after loading NTSB MS Access data into the PostgreSQL database (task ``l_n_a`` and ``u_p_d``).

7.2.8 f_n_a - Find the nearest airports

- TODO

Purpose

7.2.9 l_a_p - Load airport data into PostgreSQL

- TODO

Purpose

Data Source

Implementation

7.2.10 l_c_d - Load data from a correction file into PostgreSQL

- TODO

Purpose

Data Source

Implementation

This task allows files containing aviation accident data to be downloaded from the NTSB download site. These files are there as MS Access databases in a compressed format. The following subtasks are executed:

1. A connection to the NTSB download page is established.
2. The selected file is downloaded to the local system in chunks.
3. The downloaded file is then unpacked.
4. A script with the database schema definition is created with RazorSQL from the downloaded database.
5. The newly created script is then compared with a reference script for matching.

7.2.11 l_c_s - Load country and state data into PostgreSQL

- TODO

Purpose

Data Source

Implementation

7.2.12 1_n_a - Load NTSB MS Access database data into PostgreSQL

Purpose

This task allows files containing aviation event data to be downloaded from the **NTSB** download site. These files are there as MS Access databases in a compressed format. The following subtasks are executed:

1. A connection to the **NTSB** download page is established.
2. The selected file is downloaded to the local system in chunks.
3. The downloaded file is then unpacked.
4. A script with the database schema definition is created with RazorSQL from the downloaded database.
5. The newly created script is then compared with a reference script for matching.

Subsequently, the downloaded data can be loaded into the PostgreSQL database with the task 1_n_a (Load NTSB MS Access database data into PostgreSQL).

Data Sources

- **Pre2008.zip**: data set for 1982 through 2007
- **avall.zip**: data set from 2008 to the present
- **upDDMON.zip**: monthly supplements on the 1st, 8th, 15th and 22nd

Implementation

The PostgreSQL database **IO-AVSTATS-DB** completely maps the database schema of the **NTSB** MS Access database.

7.2.13 1_s_d - Load simplemaps data into PostgreSQL

- TODO

Purpose

Data Source

Implementation

This task transfers the data from an NTSB MS Access database previously downloaded from the NTSB website to the PostgreSQL database. The same MS Access database can be processed several times with this task without any problems, since only the changes are newly transferred to the PostgreSQL database. The initial loading is done with both MS Access databases Pre2008 and avall. After that only the monthly updates are then transferred.

7.2.14 1_s_e - Load sequence of events data into PostgreSQL

- TODO

Purpose

Data Source

Implementation

7.2.15 1_z_d - Load ZIP Code Database data into PostgreSQL

- TODO

Purpose

Data Source

Implementation

This task transfers the data from an NTSB MS Access database previously downloaded from the NTSB website to the PostgreSQL database. The same MS Access database can be processed several times with this task without any problems, since only the changes are newly transferred to the PostgreSQL database. The initial loading is done with both MS Access databases Pre2008 and avall. After that only the monthly updates are then transferred.

7.2.16 `r_d_s` - Refresh the PostgreSQL database schema

- TODO

Hereby changes can be made to the database schema. The task can be executed several times without problems, since before a change is always first checked whether this has already been done.

1. Materialized database view

- `io_app_ae1982` - provides the data for processing the task `c_L_I` (Correct decimal US latitudes and longitudes).

Example protocol:

```
Progress update 2022-....:09.337180 : INFO.00.004 Start Launcher. Progress update
2022-....:09.342679 : INFO.00.001 The logger is configured and ready. Progress update
2022-....:09.352180 : INFO.00.005 Argument task='r_d_s'. Progress update 2022-....:09.352180 :
-----
: INFO.00.071 Refreshing the database schema. Progress update 2022-....:09.352180 :
-----
: INFO.00.069 Materialized database view is refreshed: io_app_ae1982. Progress update
2022-....:19.366370 : -----
update 2022-....:19.366370 : 10,187,690,800 ns - Total time launcher. Progress update
2022-....:19.366370 : INFO.00.006 End Launcher. Progress update 2022-....:19.366370 :
=====
```

7.2.17 `r_s_a` - Run the IO-AVSTATS application

- TODO

7.2.18 `s_d_c` - Set up the PostgreSQL database container

- TODO

7.2.19 `u_d_s` - Update the PostgreSQL database schema

- TODO

Hereby changes can be made to the database schema. The task can be executed several times without problems, since before a change is always first checked whether this has already been done.

1. New database tables:

- `io_countries`: contains latitude and longitude of selected countries.
- `io_lat_lng`: used to store the **simplemaps** and **United States Zip Codes.org** data.
- `io_states`: contains the identification, name, latitude and longitude of all US states.

2. Extensions for database tables:

2.1 Database table ``events``.

- The columns ``io_city``, ``io_country``, ``io_latitude``, ``io_longitude``, ``io_site_zipcode`` and ``io_state`` to store manual corrections.
- The columns ``io_deviating_dec_latitude``, ``io_deviating_dec_longitude``, ``io_invalid_latitude``, ``io_invalid_longitude``, ``io_invalid_us_city``, ``io_invalid_us_state`` and ``io_invalid_us_zipcode`` for documenting data plausibility (task ``v_n_d``).
- the columns ``io_dec_lat_lng_actions``, ``io_dec_latitude`` and ``io_dec_longitude`` to store corrected decimal latitude and longitude values.

3. New database views:

- ``io_lat_lng_issues`` - provides the data for processing the task ``c_l_l`` (Correct decimal US latitudes and longitudes).
- ``io_accidents_us_1982`` - provides event data for aviation accidents in the U.S. since 1982.

7.2.20 u_p_d - Complete processing of a modifying MS Access file

- TODO

7.2.21 v_n_d - Verify selected NTSB data

Purpose

This task can be used to perform a plausibility check for the following columns in the database table ``events``:

- ``dec_latitude``,
- ``dec_longitude``,
- ``ev_state``,
- ``ev_site_zipcode``,
- ``latitude``,
- ``longitude``,

and the combination of:

- ``ev_state`` and ``ev_city``,
- ``ev_state``, ``ev_city`` and ``ev_site_zipcode``.

The results of the check are stored in the following columns:

- ``io_deviating_dec_latitude`` (absolute difference),
- ``io_deviating_dec_longitude`` (absolute difference),
- ``io_invalid_latitude`` (true),
- ``io_invalid_longitude`` (true),
- ``io_invalid_us_city`` (true),
- ``io_invalid_us_city_zipcode`` (true),
- ``io_invalid_us_state`` (true),
- ``io_invalid_us_zipcode`` (true).

The tests are performed according to the following logic:

- ``io_deviating_dec_latitude``: Absolute difference between ``dec_latitude`` and ``latitude`` exceeding a given limit in ``max_deviation_latitude``.
- ``io_deviating_dec_longitude``: Absolute difference between ``dec_longitude`` and ``longitude`` exceeding a given limit ``max_deviation_longitude``.
- ``io_invalid_latitude``: Can the latitude in the ``latitude`` column be converted to its decimal equivalent?
- ``io_invalid_longitude``: Can the longitude in the ``longitude`` column be converted to its decimal equivalent?
- ``io_invalid_us_city``: For country *USA* and the given state, is the specified value in the ``ev_city`` column an existing city?
- ``io_invalid_us_city_zipcode``: For country *USA* and the given state, are the specified values in the ``ev_city`` column and in the ``ev_site_zipcode`` column an existing city?
- ``io_invalid_us_state``: For country *USA*, is the specified value in the ``ev_state`` column a valid state identifier?
- ``io_invalid_us_zipcode``: For country *USA*, is the specified value in the ``ev_site_zipcode`` column an existing zip code?

7.2.22 version - Show the ``IO-AVSTATS`` version

- TODO

7.3 First installation

The initial load in a fresh Windows environment requires the execution of the following tasks in the given order:

- ``c_d_s`` - Create the IO-AVSTATS-DB PostgreSQL database schema
- ``l_c_s`` - Load country and state data into PostgreSQL
- ``l_a_p`` - Load airport data into PostgreSQL
- ``a_o_c`` - Load aviation occurrence categories into PostgreSQL
- ``l_s_e`` - Load sequence of events data into PostgreSQL
- ``l_s_d`` - Load simplemaps data into PostgreSQL
- ``l_z_d`` - Load ZIP Code Database data into PostgreSQL
- ``u_p_d`` - Complete processing of a modifying MS Access file: ``Pre2008``

7.4 Regular updates

Every 1st of the month

1. Stop the Docker container ``IO-AVSTATS-DB``
2. Restore the current state of Pre2008
3. Start the Docker container ``IO-AVSTATS-DB``
4. Process the current ``avall`` file with code ``l_n_a``

Every 1st, 8th, 15th and 22nd

- Process the current ``upDDMON`` file with code ``u_p_d``

Data Sources

8.1 AVIATION OCCURRENCE CATEGORIES

The CICTT codes used in the `Aviation_Occurrence_Categories/aviation_occurrence_categories.xlsx` file is taken from [this document](#).

AVIATION OCCURRENCE CATEGORIES

DEFINITIONS AND USAGE NOTES

October 2013 (4.6)

Aviation Occurrence Categories


8.2 CICTT_SOE_MAP.csv

The content of the database table *io_sequence_of_events* is created based on this csv file.


eventsoe_no	meaning	QCTT_Code	QCTT_Description
0	Unknown or undetermined	UNK	Unknown
10	Aircraft loading event	RAMP	Ground Handling
20	Aircraft servicing event	RAMP	Ground Handling
30	Preflight or dispatch event		
40	Aircraft maintenance event		
50	Aircraft inspection event		
60	Attempted remediation/recovery		
70	Airport occurrence	ADRM	Aerodrome
80	Ground handling event	RAMP	Ground Handling
81	AC/prop/rotor contact w person	RAMP	Ground Handling
82	Prop/jet/rotor blast/suction	RAMP	Ground Handling
90	Abnormal runway contact	ARC	Abnormal Runway Contact
91	Tailstrike	ARC	Abnormal Runway Contact
92	Hard landing	ARC	Abnormal Runway Contact
93	Dragged wing/rotor/float/other	ARC	Abnormal Runway Contact
94	Landing gear collapse	ARC	Abnormal Runway Contact

8.3 FAA Airports

The FAA provides data on airports in the United States in the form of a csv file. This data is updated by the FAA at irregular intervals.

 Federal Aviation Administration

Airports

 **Private Member** ⓘ
Federal Aviation Administration - AIS


Summary


Airports of the United States, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands.


[View Full Details](#)


[Download](#)


Details


 **Dataset**
Feature Layer


 **23 February 2023**
Info Updated

 **23 February 2023**
Data Updated

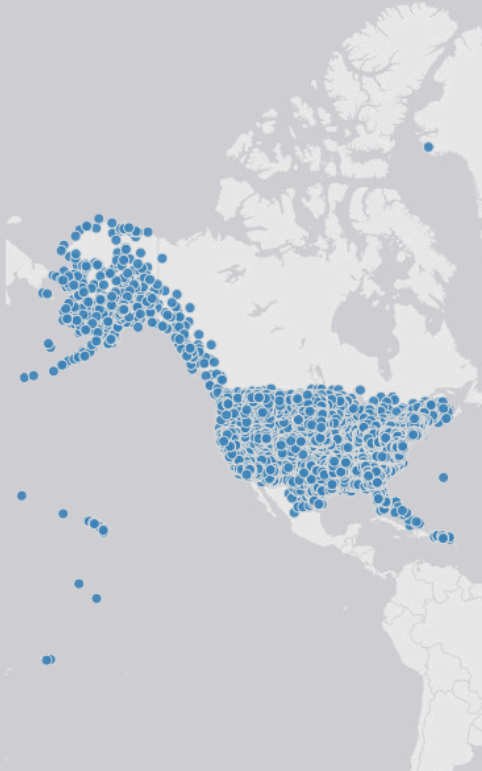
 **22 July 2016**
Published Date

 **20,096 Records**
[View data table](#)

 **Public**
Anyone can see this content


 **Custom License**
[View license details](#)

20,096 records




8.4 FAA Runways

The FAA provides data on runways in the United States in the form of a csv file. This data is updated by the FAA at irregular intervals.

 **Federal Aviation Administration**

Runways

23,998 records

 **Private Member** ⓘ
Federal Aviation Administration - AIS


Summary


Runways of the United States, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands.


[View Full Details](#)


[Download](#)


Details


 **Dataset**
Feature Layer


 **As Needed**
Info Updated: 23 February 2023

 **As Needed**
Data Updated: 23 February 2023

 **23 February 2023 at 10:41**
Published Date

 **23,998 Records**
[View data table](#)

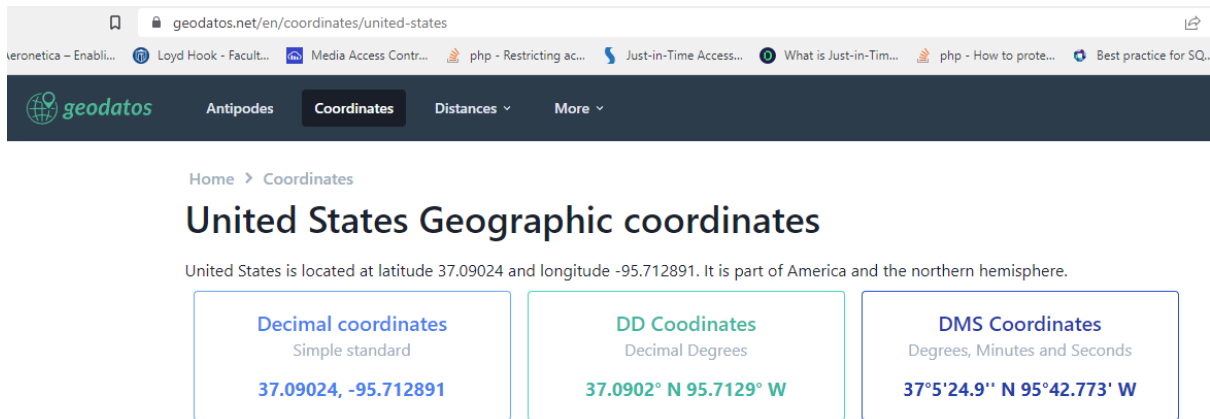
 **Public**
Anyone can see this content

 **Custom License**
[View license details](#)

8.5 geodatos

The decimal latitude and longitude for the USA used in the ``Countries_States/countries_states.json``

file is taken from the [geodatos website](https://geodatos.net/en/coordinates/united-states).



geodatos.net/en/coordinates/united-states

Home > Coordinates

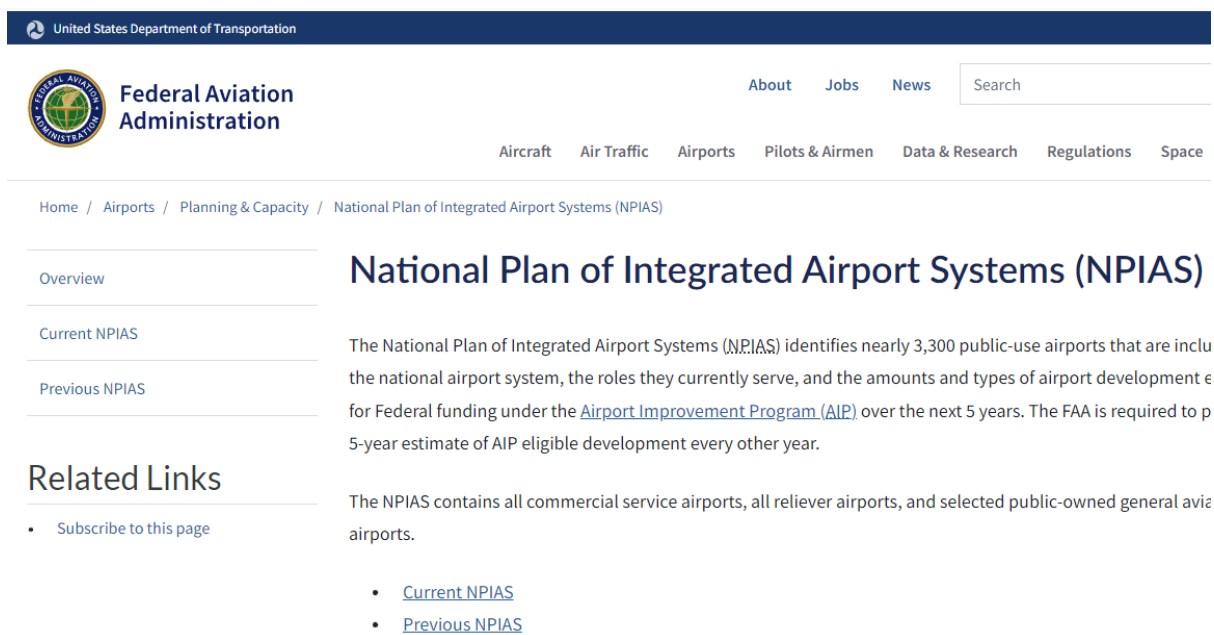
United States Geographic coordinates

United States is located at latitude 37.09024 and longitude -95.712891. It is part of America and the northern hemisphere.

Decimal coordinates	DD Coordinates	DMS Coordinates
Simple standard	Decimal Degrees	Degrees, Minutes and Seconds
37.09024, -95.712891	37.0902° N 95.7129° W	37°5'24.9" N 95°42.773' W

8.6 National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS)

The FAA provides data on preferred airports in the United States in the form of an MS Excel file. This data is updated by the FAA at irregular intervals.



United States Department of Transportation

Federal Aviation Administration

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Home / Airports / Planning & Capacity / National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS)

National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS)

The National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS) identifies nearly 3,300 public-use airports that are included in the national airport system, the roles they currently serve, and the amounts and types of airport development eligible for Federal funding under the [Airport Improvement Program \(AIP\)](#) over the next 5 years. The FAA is required to publish a 5-year estimate of AIP eligible development every other year.

The NPIAS contains all commercial service airports, all reliever airports, and selected public-owned general aviation airports.

- [Subscribe to this page](#)
- [Current NPIAS](#)
- [Previous NPIAS](#)

8.7 NTSB

The main data used in **IO-AVSTATS** is provided by the National Transportation Safety Board. On the accident data page is the link [Downloadable data sets](#), which contains the aviation accident data in MS Access format for free download.

File	Created (mm/dd/yyyy)	Description
<i>avall.zip</i>	current	Data from January 1, 2008 to today
<i>PRE1982.zip</i>	10/27/2020	unknown
<i>Pre2008.zip</i>	09/30/2020	Data from January 1, 1982 to December 31, 2007
<i>upDDMON.zip</i>	current	New additions and updates until DD day in the month MON

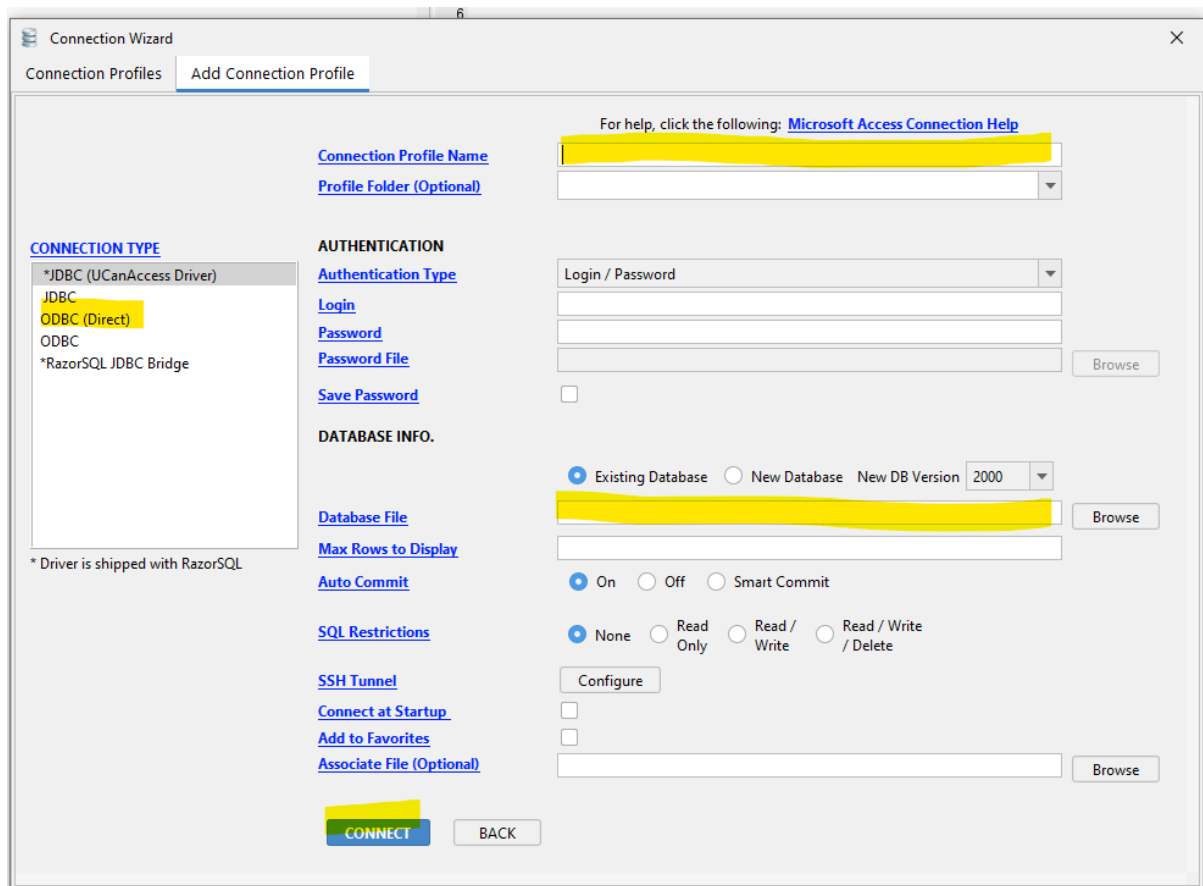
The schemas of the two databases *avall* and *Pre2008* are identical except for the two new optional columns *dec_latitude* and *dec_longitude* in the database table *events* of the database *avall*.

8.7.1 Database Schema Comparison

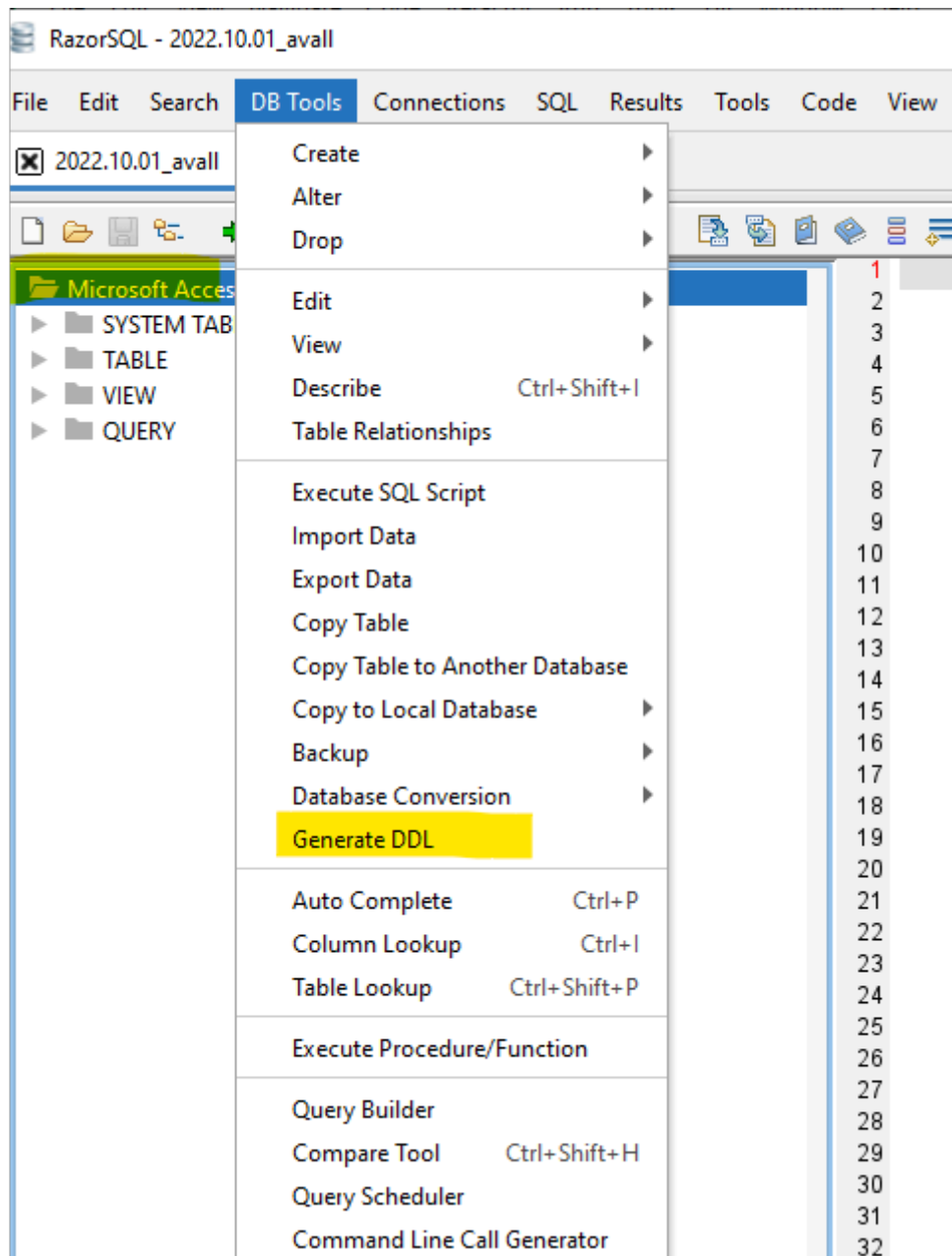
Before any new **NTSB** data set can be processed, the database schema of the new data set must first be compared with the database schema of the previous version of the **NTSB** data set *avall.mdb*.

Procedure:

- The RazorSQL program is started.
- Under 'Connections' select 'Add Connection Profile'.
- Select *MS Access* under *Add Connection Profile*.
- *Connection Type* is ODBC (Direct).
- In addition, an entry must be made at *Connection Profile Name* and *Database File*: - Connection Profile Name: IO-AVSTATS - Database File: IO-AVSTATS.mdb
- After pressing the *CONNECT* button you will be connected to the selected MS Access database.



- After opening the database, a SQL script with the DDL statements can be generated in the menu under *DB Tools* and *Generate DDL*.



- This SQL script can be saved as a file for further processing in the menu under *File* and *Save As*.

In case of any discrepancy, these must be implemented into the existing PostgreSQL database.

8.7.2 Table Processing Order

Based on the foreign keys (FK) present in the database schema, the following processing sequence results when creating the database schema and loading or updating the database tables:

Level 1 - without FK - events

Level 2 - FK: *ev_id* - aircraft - dt_events - NTSB_Admin

Level 3 - FK: *ev_id* & *Aircraft_Key* - dt_aircraft - engines - Events_Sequence - Findings - Flight_Crew - injury - narratives - Occurrences

Level 4 - FK: *ev_id* & *Aircraft_Key* & *crew_no* - dt_Flight_Crew - flight_time

Level 4 - FK: *ev_id* & *Aircraft_Key* & *Occurrence_No* - seq_of_events

8.7.3 Issues

The problem database tables listed below are not included in the PostgreSQL database schema.

Empty database tables

The following database tables are included in the Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD), but they do not contain any data in the database: - Occurrences - seq_of_events

Legacy database tables

The following database tables are included in the database but are missing from the ERD: - Country - ct_iaids - ct_seqevt - eADMS PUB_DataDictionary - states

Inconsistent database data - foreign key

- database table *ntsb_admin*: database table *event* has no row with *ev_id* = 20210527103155 (data source: *avall.zip*) - as a consequence, the foreign key to the events table had to be removed

Inconsistent database data - country USA and state

```
SELECT ev_state,
       count(*)
FROM events
WHERE ev_country = 'USA'
      AND NOT ev_state IN (SELECT state
                           FROM io_states ius)
GROUP BY ev_state
ORDER BY ev_state
```

ev_state	count
AO	17
CB	1
GM	45
GU	8
OF	14
PO	15
PR	112
UN	3
VI	6

Inconsistent database data - invalid USA latitude

```
SELECT count(*)
FROM io_lat_lng_issues
WHERE io_dec_lat_lng_actions LIKE '%ERROR.00.920%'
```

count
430

Inconsistent database data - invalid USA longitude

```
SELECT count(*)
FROM io_lat_lng_issues
WHERE io_dec_lat_lng_actions LIKE '%ERROR.00.921%'
```

count
462

8.8 opendatasoft

The decimal latitudes and longitudes for the US states used in the `Countries_States/countries_states.json` file are taken from the [opendatasoft website](https://public.opendatasoft.com/explore/dataset/us-state-boundaries/export/).

The screenshot shows the opendatasoft website interface for the 'US State Boundaries' dataset. The top navigation bar includes 'EXPLORE', 'MAP BUILDER', 'API', and 'CHART BUILDER'. The main content area displays '56 records' and 'No active filters'. A search bar is available for filtering records. The 'Filters' section shows a list of US states with their respective record counts: Alabama (1), Alaska (1), American Samoa (1), Arizona (1), Arkansas (1), and California (1). The 'Export' button is highlighted, showing options for 'Flat file formats' (CSV, JSON, Excel) and 'Geographic file formats' (GeoJSON, Shapefile, KML). Each format has a 'Whole dataset' download link.

8.9 simplemaps

In order to fill in the missing decimal latitudes and longitudes, free available data from **simplemaps** is used. simplemaps offers postal codes and cities with their latitude and longitude.

The [US Zip Codes Database](#) link provides latitude and longitude for selected US zip codes:

zip	lat	lng
00601	18.18027	-66.75266
00602	18.36075	-67.17541
00603	18.45744	-67.12225
00606	18.16585	-66.93716
00610	18.2911	-67.12243
00611	18.27698	-66.80688
00612	18.41283	-66.7051
00616	18.41878	-66.6679
00617	18.44598	-66.56006
00622	17.98892	-67.1566
00623	18.08429	-67.15336
00624	18.05905	-66.71932

The [United States Cities Database](#) link provides latitude and longitude for selected US cities:

city_ascii	state_id	state_name	county_fips	county_name	lat	lng
New York	NY	New York	36081	Queens	40.6943	-73.9249
Los Angeles	CA	California	06037	Los Angeles	34.1141	-118.4068
Chicago	IL	Illinois	17031	Cook	41.8375	-87.6866
Miami	FL	Florida	12086	Miami-Dade	25.784	-80.2101
Dallas	TX	Texas	48113	Dallas	32.7935	-96.7667
Houston	TX	Texas	48201	Harris	29.786	-95.3885
Philadelphia	PA	Pennsylvania	42101	Philadelphia	40.0077	-75.1339
Atlanta	GA	Georgia	13121	Fulton	33.7628	-84.422
Washington	DC	District of Columbia	11001	District of Columbia	38.9047	-77.0163
Boston	MA	Massachusetts	25025	Suffolk	42.3188	-71.0852
Phoenix	AZ	Arizona	04013	Maricopa	33.5722	-112.0892
Detroit	MI	Michigan	26163	Wayne	42.3834	-83.1024
San Francisco	CA	California	06075	San Francisco	37.7558	-122.4449
Seattle	WA	Washington	53033	King	47.6211	-122.3244
San Diego	CA	California	06073	San Diego	32.8313	-117.1222
Minneapolis	MN	Minnesota	27053	Hennepin	44.9635	-93.2678

8.10 United States Zip Codes.org

In order to fill in the missing decimal latitudes and longitudes, free available data from **United States Zip Codes.org** is used. **United States Zip Codes.org** offers more complete postal codes but only with estimated latitudes and longitudes.

zip	type	decommissioned	primary_city	acceptable_cities	state	country	latitude	longitude
00501	UNIQUE	0	Holtsville		NY	US	40.81	-73.04
00544	UNIQUE	0	Holtsville		NY	US	40.81	-73.04
00601	STANDARD	0	Adjuntas		PR	US	18.16	-66.72
00602	STANDARD	0	Aguada		PR	US	18.38	-67.18
00603	STANDARD	0	Aguadilla	Ramey	PR	US	18.43	-67.15
00604	PO BOX	0	Aguadilla	Ramey	PR	US	18.43	-67.15
00605	PO BOX	0	Aguadilla		PR	US	18.43	-67.15
00606	STANDARD	0	Maricao		PR	US	18.18	-66.98
00610	STANDARD	0	Anasco		PR	US	18.28	-67.14
00611	PO BOX	0	Angeles		PR	US	18.28	-66.79
00612	STANDARD	0	Arecibo		PR	US	18.45	-66.73
00613	PO BOX	0	Arecibo		PR	US	18.45	-66.73
00614	PO BOX	0	Arecibo		PR	US	18.45	-66.73
00616	STANDARD	0	Bajadero		PR	US	18.42	-66.67
00617	STANDARD	0	Barceloneta		PR	US	18.45	-66.56
00622	STANDARD	0	Boqueron		PR	US	17.99	-67.15
00623	STANDARD	0	Cabo Rojo		PR	US	18.08	-67.14

PostgreSQL Administration

IO-AVSTATS uses the [PostgreSQL DBMS](#) for data management. PostgreSQL is a very powerful relational database system where the SQL language can be extended by procedural add-ons like [PL/pgSQL](#) or [PL/Python](#).

IO-AVSTATS provides all the tools to import the data from the MS Access databases available on the ****NTSB**** website and the data from the basic flat files available on [simplemaps United States Cities Database](#) and [US Zip Codes Database](#) websites.

9.1 Docker

The PostgreSQL Docker community provides PostgreSQL images suitable for **IO-AVSTATS** on [DockerHub](#). The official image can be found [here](#). The `c_d_l` task available in the `run_io_avstats_db` script downloads a selected PostgreSQL DBMS image from DockerHub and creates, configures and starts a Docker container.

9.2 Parameterization

The parameters can be defined either via environment variables or in the `settings.io_aero.toml` file. Details can be found under *Configuration* and *IO-AVSTATS*.

The following parameters are used when downloading the Docker image and creating the Docker container:

- `postgres_connection_port` - the database IP address
- `postgres_container_name` - the container name
- `postgres_dbname_admin` - the administration database name
- `postgres_password_admin` - the administration database password
- `postgres_pgdata` - the file directory on the host for the database files
- `postgres_user_admin` - the administration database username
- `postgres_version` - the requested PostgreSQL version from DockerHub

When using environment variables, they must contain the prefix `IO_AERO_`, e.g., `IO_AERO_POSTGRES_USER`.

9.3 Backup & Restore

Since the **IO-AVSTATS** database contains only statistical data, it is subject to a relatively low

frequency of change. The following three events can lead to a change in the **IO-AVSTATS** database:

1. a new change file on the **NTSB** download site, or
2. an evolution of the database software or schema, or
3. a new PostgreSQL version that requires database migration.

This does not require sophisticated methods for backing up and restoring the **IO-AVSTATS** database, especially since the database contents reside in a dedicated local file directory. For data backup it is therefore sufficient to create a copy of the file directory with the **IO-AVSTATS** database before a change event. This copy can then replace the corrupted **IO-AVSTATS** database in the event of an error.

Very important: before any backup or restore, the PostgreSQL Docker container must be stopped first!

10.1 ioavstats package

10.1.1 Subpackages

ioavstats.pages package

Submodules

ioavstats.pages.Association_Rule_Analysis module

ioavstats.pages.Aviation_Event_Analysis module

ioavstats.pages.Database_Profiling module

Module contents

IO-AVSTATS Applications.

10.1.2 Submodules

10.1.3 ioavstats.Menu module

IO-Aero Menu.

10.1.4 ioavstats.avstats module

IO-AVSTATS interface.

`ioavstats.avstats.check_arg_msaccess (args: Namespace) → None`

Check the command line argument: -m / -msaccess.

Parameters `args` (`argparse.Namespace`) – Command line arguments.

`ioavstats.avstats.check_arg_msexcel (args: Namespace) → None`

Check the command line argument: -e / -msexcel.

Parameters `args` (`argparse.Namespace`) – Command line arguments.

`ioavstats.avstats.check_arg_task (args: Namespace) → None`

Check the command line argument: -t / -task.

Parameters `args` (`argparse.Namespace`) – Command line arguments.

`ioavstats.avstats.cleansing_postgres_data () → None`

`c_p_d`: Cleansing PostgreSQL data.

`ioavstats.avstats.correct_dec_lat_lng () → None`
 `c_l_l`: Correct US decimal latitudes and longitudes.

`ioavstats.avstats.create_db_schema () → None`
 `c_d_s`: Create the PostgreSQL database schema.

`ioavstats.avstats.download_ntsb_msaccess_file (msaccess: str) → None`
 `d_n_a`: Download a NTSB MS Access database file.
 Parameters `msaccess (str)` – The NTSB MS Access database file without file extension.

`ioavstats.avstats.find_nearest_airports () → None`
 `f_n_a`: Find the nearest airports.

`ioavstats.avstats.generate_sql () → None`
 Generate SQL statements: INSERT & UPDATE.

`ioavstats.avstats.get_args () → None`
 Load the command line arguments into the memory.

`ioavstats.avstats.initialise_logger () → None`
 Initialise the root logging functionality.

`ioavstats.avstats.load_airport_data () → None`
 `l_a_p`: Load airport data into PostgreSQL.

`ioavstats.avstats.load_aviation_occurrence_categories () → None`
 `a_o_c`: Load aviation occurrence categories into PostgreSQL.

`ioavstats.avstats.load_correction_data (filename: str) → None`
 `l_c_d`: Load data from a correction file into PostgreSQL.
 Parameters `filename (str)` – The filename of the correction file.

`ioavstats.avstats.load_country_state_data () → None`
 `l_c_s`: Load country and state data into PostgreSQL.

`ioavstats.avstats.load_ntsb_msaccess_data (msaccess: str) → None`
 `l_n_a`: Load NTSB MS Access database data into PostgreSQL.
 Parameters `msaccess (str)` – The NTSB MS Access database file without file extension.

`ioavstats.avstats.load_sequence_of_events () → None`
 `l_s_e`: Load sequence of events data into PostgreSQL.

`ioavstats.avstats.load_simplemaps_data () → None`
 `l_s_d`: Load simplemaps data into PostgreSQL.

`ioavstats.avstats.load_zip_code_db_data () → None`
 `l_z_d`: Load ZIP Code Database data into PostgreSQL.

`ioavstats.avstats.progress_msg (msg: str) → None`
 Create a progress message.
 Parameters `msg (str)` – Progress message

`ioavstats.avstats.progress_msg_time_elapsed (duration: int, event: str) → None`
 Create a time elapsed message.
 Parameters • `duration (int)` – Time elapsed in ns.

- **event** (*str*) – Event description.

`ioavstats.avstats.refresh_db_schema ()` → None
r_d_s: Refresh the PostgreSQL database schema.

`ioavstats.avstats.terminate_fatal (error_msg: str)` → None
 Terminate the application immediately.

Parameters *error_msg* (*str*) – Error message

`ioavstats.avstats.update_db_schema ()` → None
u_d_s: Update the PostgreSQL database schema.

`ioavstats.avstats.verify_ntsb_data ()` → None
v_n_d: Verify selected NTSB data.

`ioavstats.avstats.version ()` → str
 Return the version number of the IO-AVSTATS application.
Returns The version number of the IO-AVSTATS application
Return type str

10.1.5 ioavstats.code_generator module

IO-AVSTATS interface.

`ioavstats.code_generator.generate_sql ()` → None
 Generate SQL statements: INSERT & UPDATE.
 The underlying database structures originate from a DDL export of RazorSQL.

10.1.6 ioavstats.db_ddl_base module

Managing the database schema of the PostgreSQL database.

`ioavstats.db_ddl_base.create_db_schema ()` → None
 Create the database schema.

`ioavstats.db_ddl_base.refresh_db_schema ()` → None
 Refresh the database schema.

`ioavstats.db_ddl_base.update_db_schema ()` → None
 Update the database schema.

10.1.7 ioavstats.db_dml_base module

Managing the database schema of the PostgreSQL database.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.download_us_cities_file ()` → None
 Download a US zip code file.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.download_us_zips_file ()` → None
 Download a US zip code file.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.download_zip_code_db_file ()` → None
 Download the ZIP Code Database file.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.load_airport_data ()` → None
 Load airports.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.load_aviation_occurrence_categories () → None`
Load aviation occurrence categories.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.load_country_state_data () → None`
Load country and state data.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.load_sequence_of_events () → None`
Load sequence of events sequence data.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.load_simplemaps_data () → None`
Load simplemaps data.

`ioavstats.db_dml_base.load_zip_codes_org_data () → None`
Load ZIP Code Database data.

10.1.8 ioavstats.db_dml_corr module

Managing the database schema of the PostgreSQL database.

`ioavstats.db_dml_corr.ROW: list[OrderedDict]`

`ioavstats.db_dml_corr.cleansing_postgres_data () → None`
Cleansing PostgreSQL data.

`ioavstats.db_dml_corr.correct_dec_lat_lng () → None`
Correct decimal latitude and longitude.

`ioavstats.db_dml_corr.find_nearest_airports () → None`
Find the nearest airports.

`ioavstats.db_dml_corr.load_correction_data (filename: str) → None`
Load data from a correction file into the PostgreSQL database.

Parameters `filename` (*str*) – The MS Excel file.

`ioavstats.db_dml_corr.verify_ntsb_data () → None`
Verify selected NTSB data.

10.1.9 ioavstats.db_dml_msaccess module

Managing the database schema of the PostgreSQL database.

`ioavstats.db_dml_msaccess.download_ntsb_msaccess_file (msaccess: str) → None`
Download an MS Access database file.

Parameters `msaccess` (*str*) – The MS Access database file without file extension.

`ioavstats.db_dml_msaccess.load_ntsb_msaccess_data (msaccess: str) → None`
Load data from MS Access to the PostgreSQL database.

Parameters `msaccess` (*str*) – The MS Access database file without file extension.

10.1.10 ioavstats.glob module

Global constants and variables.

10.1.11 ioavstats.user_guide module

Creation of the user guide.

`ioavstats.user_guide.get_ae1982_app ()` → None
 ae1982 - Creates the user guide for the whole application.

`ioavstats.user_guide.get_ae1982_bar_chart (chart_id: str, chart_title: str)` → None
 ae1982 - Creates the user guide for bar charts.

`ioavstats.user_guide.get_pd1982_app ()` → None
 pd1982 - Creates the user guide for the whole application.

`ioavstats.user_guide.get_pd1982_data_profile ()` → None
 pd1982 - Creates the user guide for the 'Show data profile' task.

`ioavstats.user_guide.get_pd1982_details ()` → None
 pd1982 - Creates the user guide for the 'Show details' task.

10.1.12 ioavstats.utils module

Application Utilities.

`ioavstats.utils.get_args ()` → str
 Load the command line arguments into the memory.

`ioavstats.utils.get_engine (settings: LazySettings)` → Engine
 Create a simple user PostgreSQL database engine.

`ioavstats.utils.get_postgres_connection ()` → connection
 Create a PostgreSQL connection.

`ioavstats.utils.prepare_latitude (latitude_string: str)` → str
 Prepare a latitude structure.

Parameters `latitude_string (str)` – Latitude string.

Returns Latitude structure.

Return type str

`ioavstats.utils.prepare_longitude (longitude_string: str)` → str
 Prepare a longitude structure.

Parameters `longitude_string (str)` – longitude string.

Returns longitude structure.

Return type str

`ioavstats.utils.present_about (pg_conn: connection, app_id: str)` → None
 Present the 'about' information.

Parameters • `pg_conn (connection)` – Database connection.

• `app_id (str)` – Application name.

`ioavstats.utils.upd_io_processed_files (file_name: str, cur_pg: cursor)` → None
 Update the database table `io_processed_files`.

10.1.13 ioavstats.utils_msaccess module

Miscellaneous helper functions.

`ioavstats.utils_msaccess.get_msaccess_cursor (filename: str) → tuple[Connection, Cursor]`

Create an MS Access cursor.

Parameters `filename` (*str*) – MS Access filename.

Returns ODBC database connection and cursor.

Return type `tuple[pyodbc.Connection,pyodbc.Cursor]`

10.1.14 Module contents

IO-AVSTATS.

Release Notes

11.1 Version 24.01.22

Release Date: 22.01.2024

11.1.1 Applied Software

Software	Version	Remark	Status
AWS CLI	2.15.3		
Docker Desktop	4.26.1		
PostgreSQL	16.1		
Python	3.10.11		
RazorSQL	10.5.2		update

Windows-specific Software

Important: All software components should be installed in the 64 bit version!

Software	Version	Remark	Status
7-Zip	23.01		
The LLVM Compiler Infrastructure	17.0.6		
Make for Windows	3.81		
MS Access Database Engine 2016 Redistributable	8/11/2020		
Visual Studio Community 2022	2022		

Installation details

- Visual Studio core editor
- ▾ Desktop development with C++
 - ▾ Included
 - ✓ C++ core desktop features
 - ▾ Optional
 - ☒ MSVC v143 - VS 2022 C++ x64/x86 build t...
 - ☐ C++ ATL for latest v143 build tools (x86 &...
 - ☐ Windows 11 SDK (10.0.22000.0)
 - ☐ Security Issue Analysis
 - ☐ Just-In-Time debugger
 - ☐ C++ profiling tools
 - ☐ C++ CMake tools for Windows
 - ☐ Test Adapter for Boost.Test
 - ☐ Test Adapter for Google Test
 - ☐ Live Share
 - ☐ IntelliCode
 - ☐ C++ AddressSanitizer
 - ☐ vcpkg package manager
 - ☐ C++ MFC for latest v143 build tools (x86...
 - ☐ C++ Modules for v143 build tools (x64/x8...
 - ☐ Windows 11 SDK (10.0.22621.0)
 - ☐ C++/CLI support for v143 build tools (Late...
 - ☒ C++ Clang tools for Windows (15.0.1 - x64...
 - ☐ JavaScript diagnostics
 - ☐ Incredibuild - Build Acceleration
 - ☐ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.20348.0)
 - ☒ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.19041.0)
 - ☐ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.18362.0)
 - ☐ MSVC v142 - VS 2019 C++ x64/x86 build t...
 - ☐ MSVC v141 - VS 2017 C++ x64/x86 build t...
 - ☐ MSVC v140 - VS 2015 C++ build tools (v1...
 - ☐ Windows App SDK C++ Templates

11.1.2 Processed files

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11.2 Version 24.01.15

Release Date: 15.01.2024

11.2.1 New Features

- IO-AVSTATS includes IO-AVSTATS-DB

11.2.2 Modified Features

- new IO-TEMPLATE-APP version

11.2.3 Applied Software

Software	Version	Remark	Status
AWS CLI	2.15.3		
Docker Desktop	4.26.1		
PostgreSQL	16.1		
Python	3.10.11		
RazorSQL	10.5.1		

Windows-specific Software

Important: All software components should be installed in the 64 bit version!

Software	Version	Remark	Status
7-Zip	23.01		
The LLVM Compiler Infrastructure	17.0.6		
Make for Windows	3.81		
MS Access Database Engine 2016 Redis-tributable	8/11/2020		
Visual Studio Community 2022	2022		

Installation details

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 - ☐ MSVC v140 - VS 2015 C++ build tools (v1...
 - ☐ Windows App SDK C++ Templates

11.2.4 Processed files

NTSB - National Transport Safety Board

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11.3 Version 24.01.08

Release Date: 08.01.2024

11.3.1 Applied Software

Software	Version	Remark	Status
AWS CLI	2.15.3		update
Docker Desktop	4.26.1		
PostgreSQL	16.1		
Python	3.10.11		
RazorSQL	10.5.1		

Windows-specific Software

Important: All software components should be installed in the 64 bit version!

Software	Version	Remark	Status
7-Zip	23.01		
The LLVM Compiler Infrastructure	17.0.6		
Make for Windows	3.81		
MS Access Database Engine 2016 Redistributable	8/11/2020		
Visual Studio Community 2022	2022		

Installation details

- Visual Studio core editor
- ▾ Desktop development with C++
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 - ☐ Live Share
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 - ☐ vcpkg package manager
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 - ☐ Windows 11 SDK (10.0.22621.0)
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 - ☒ C++ Clang tools for Windows (15.0.1 - x64...
 - ☐ JavaScript diagnostics
 - ☐ Incredibuild - Build Acceleration
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 - ☒ Windows 10 SDK (10.0.19041.0)
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 - ☐ Windows App SDK C++ Templates

11.3.2 Processed files

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11.4 Version 24.01.01

Release Date: 01.01.2024

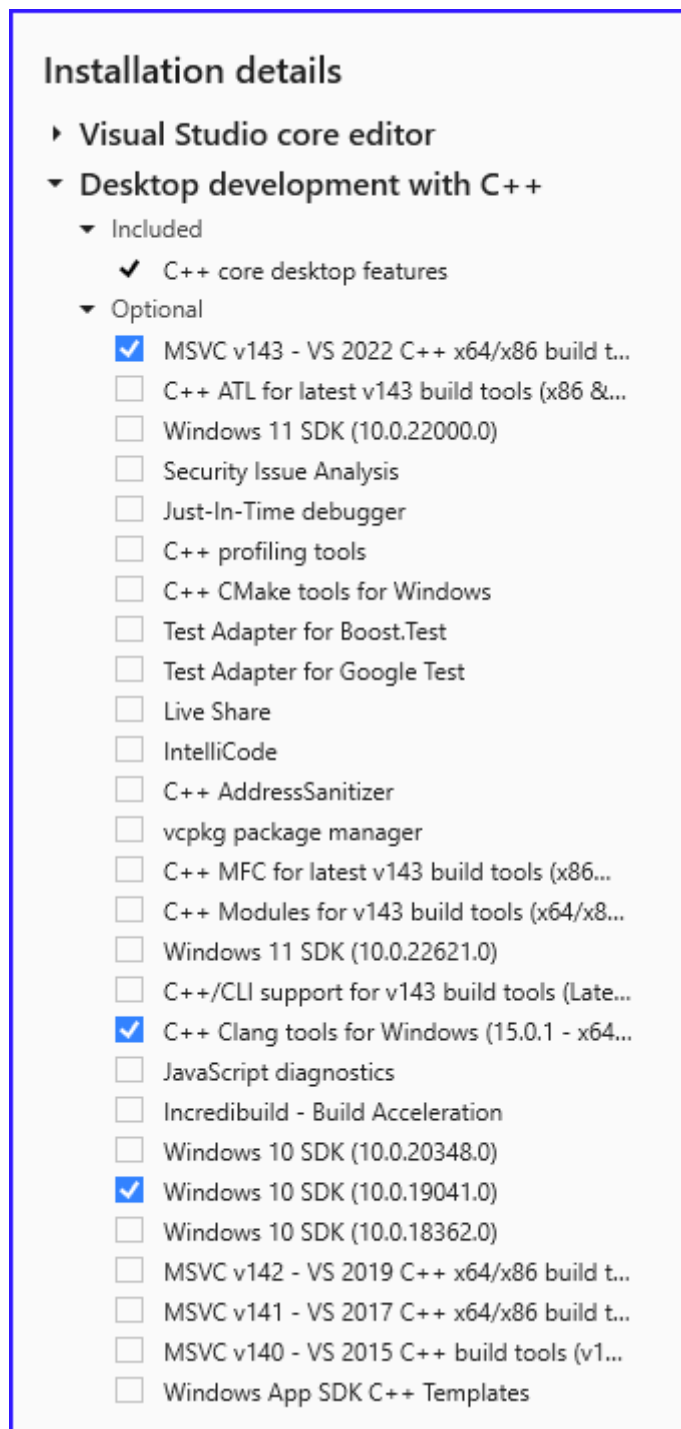
11.4.1 Applied Software

Software	Version	Remark	Status
AWS CLI	2.15.3		
Docker Desktop	4.26.1		
PostgreSQL	16.1		
Python	3.10.11		
RazorSQL	10.5.1		

Windows-specific Software

Important: All software components should be installed in the 64 bit version!

Software	Version	Remark	Status
7-Zip	23.01		
The LLVM Compiler Infrastructure	17.0.6		
Make for Windows	3.81		
MS Access Database Engine 2016 Redis-tributable	8/11/2020		
Visual Studio Community 2022	2022		



11.4.2 Processed files

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