

Effort Estimation using SBSE

Ioana Chelaru

Table of Contents



Introduction



The ATLM

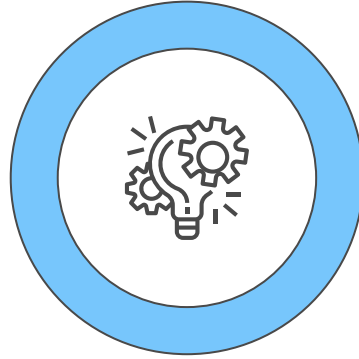


Optimized Learning



Conclusions





Software Effort Estimation

Inadequate or overfull funds for a project could cause a considerable waste of resource and time.

For example, NASA canceled its incomplete *Check-out Launch Control System* project after the initial \$200M estimate was exceeded by another \$200M [7].

...

Different approaches

Multiple linear regression

with appropriate transformations
[1]

Linear regression & ANNs

similar performance to MLR, but not always [6]

Artificial Neural Networks

outperformed MLR
[3]

Pareto ensemble of ANNs

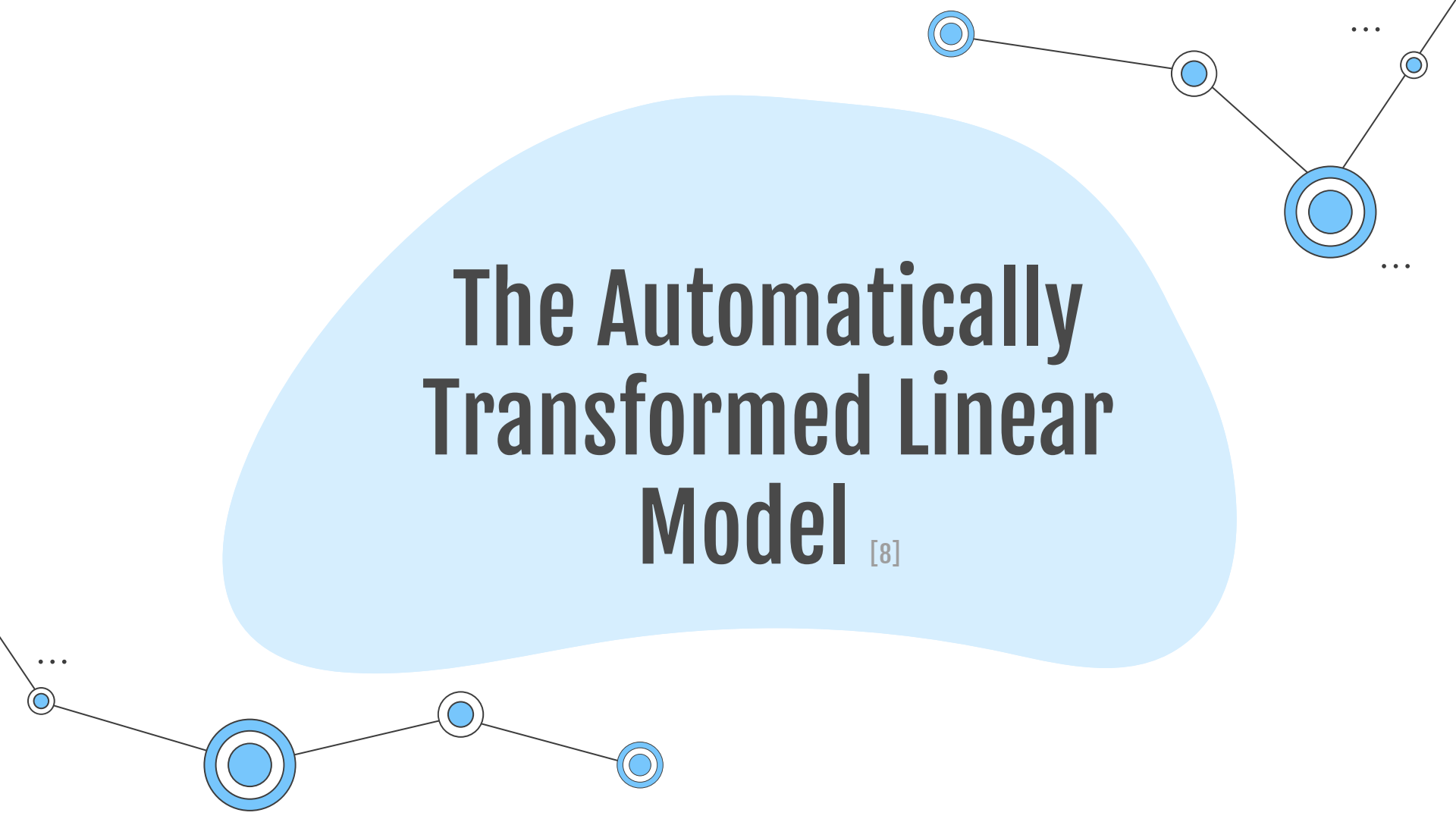
best performance compared with a variety of methods
[4]

Artificial Neural Networks & case-based reasoning

performed better than MLR
[2]

Analogy-based approaches

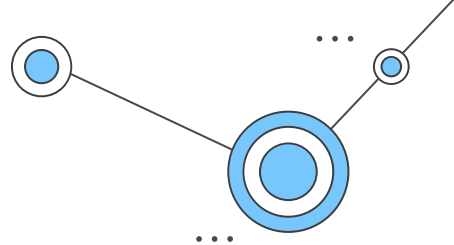
better results than MLR, ANNs, simple decision trees, and stepwise regression
[5]



The Automatically Transformed Linear Model ^[8]

$$y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{1i} + \beta_2 x_{2i} + \dots \beta_n x_{ni} + \varepsilon_i,$$

The ATLM

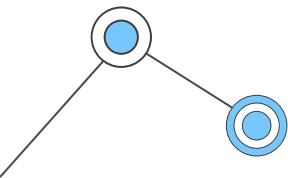


ALGORITHM 1: Linear Model Prediction

Input: formula, training, test

Output: Predictions for test data

```
transforms      ← calculate.transforms (training)  
trans.training ← apply.transforms (transforms, training)  
                  # Apply transformations  
trans.test     ← apply.transforms (transforms, test)  
lm.see         ← lm (formula, trans.training)  
                  # Determine linear model  
predictions    ← predict (lm.see, newdata = trans.test)  
                  # Predict response  
return (invert.predictions(transforms, predictions))  
                  # Return untransformed predictions
```



Optimized Learning ^[9]

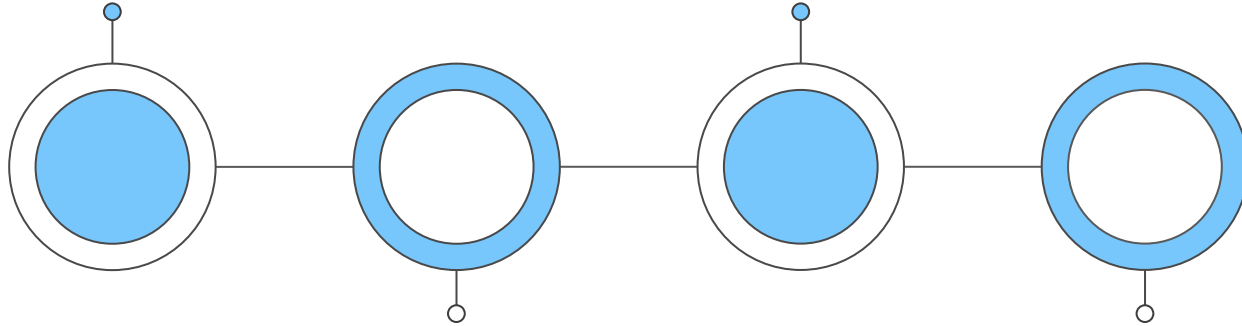
Optimized Learning

Python Scikit-Learn

Feature map of data
mining options

Utility algorithms

Evolutionary optimizer &
automatic mapper facility



Conclusions & future work



- SBSE has great potential
- the used method depends on the dataset
- consider your resources

1. K. Dejaeger, W. Verbeke, D. Martens, and B. Baesens. 2012. Data mining techniques for software effort estimation: A comparative study. *IEEE Trans. Softw. Engin.* 38, 375–397.
2. G. Wittig and G. Finnie. 1997. Estimating software development effort with connectionist models. *Inf. Softw. Technol.* 39, 469–476.
3. H. Park and S. Baek. 2008. An empirical validation of a neural network model for software effort estimation. *Expert Syst. Appl.* 35, 929–936.
4. L. Minku and X. Yao. 2013. Software effort estimation as a multiobjective learning problem. *ACM Trans. Softw. Engin. Methodol.* 22, 4.
5. N.-H. Chiu and S.-J. Huang. 2007. The adjusted analogy-based software effort estimation based on similarity distances. *J. Syst. Softw.* 80, 628–640.
6. A. Heiat. 2002. Comparison of artificial neural network and regression models for estimating software development effort. *Inf. Softw. Technol.* 44, 911–921.
7. K. Cowing. Nasa to shut down checkout & launch control system, 2002.
8. Whigham P.A., Owen C.A., and MacDonell S.G. A baseline model for software effort estimation. *ACM Transactions on Software Engineering and Methodology* 24(3), pp.1-11 (Article 20). doi:10.1145/2738037,2015.
9. Tianpei Xia, Jianfeng Chen, George Mathew, Xipeng Shen, and Tim Menzies. Why software effort estimation needs sbse. *SSBSE'18*, 2018
10. Federica Sarro, Alessio Petrozziello, and Mark Harman. Multi-objective software effort estimation. *IEEE/ACM 38th IEEE International Conference on Software Engineering*, May 2016.

Bibliography



Thanks!

Do you have any questions?

CREDITS: This presentation template was created by [Slidesgo](#), including icons by [Flaticon](#), infographics & images by [Freepik](#) and illustrations by [Stories](#)

Please keep this slide for attribution

