File Commands

Is [-I] [FILE/DIR]: List information about the FILE/DIRECTORY (the current directory by default).

 Is I...
 Is the contents of the parent directory.

 cd [DIR]: Change the working directory (to the home folder by default).

 cd...
 go to the parent directory.

 cat FILE: Display the contents of FILE.

 cat shopping_list.txt
 displays the file shopping_list.txt

 mkdir NAME: Create a directory named NAME.

 mkdir lab1
 create a directory named lab1 inside the current directory

 cp SOURCE DEST: Copy SOURCE to DEST.

 cp list.txt ./list_copy.txt
 create a copy of list.txt in the parent folder, named list_copy.txt

rm [-r] FILE/DIR: Delete the FILE/DIRECTORY. For directories you will need the -r option to recursively delete their contents.

• chmod MODE FILE: Change the permissions (file mode bits) of the given file.

: delete the directory lab1 and all its contents

Redirect Input-Output

- < FILE, opens the specified FILE as the standard input.
 - ./a.out < input.txt

rm -r lab1

- > FILE, opens the specified FILE as the standard output.
 - ./a.out > output.txt