

Method of characteristics

$$(1) \begin{cases} \partial_t u + 2t \partial_x u = 0 & x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) = e^{-x^2} \end{cases}$$

$$v(t) = u(x(t), t) \quad v_t = u_x \dot{x}(t) + u_t = u_x (\dot{x}(t) - 2t) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(t) = t^2 + C$$

$$u(t^2 + C, t) = u(C, 0) = e^{-C^2}$$

$$u(x, t) = e^{-(x-t^2)^2}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0$$

$$(2) \begin{cases} \partial_t u + \partial_t v + 3\partial_x u + 2\partial_x v = 0 \\ -\partial_t u + \partial_t v + 5\partial_x u + 2\partial_x v = 0, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) = \sin x, \quad v(x, 0) = e^x, \quad x \in \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{let } V = [u, v]$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \partial_x V + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \partial_t V = 0$$

$$\frac{dV}{ds} = -4 \cos(s+x_0)$$

$$v(x_0) = e^{x_0}$$

$$v(s) = -4 \sin(s+x_0) + e^{x_0} + 4 \sin x_0$$

$$v(2s+x_0, s) = -4 \sin(s+x_0) + e^{x_0} + 4 \sin x_0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \partial_x V + \partial_t V = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \partial_x V + \partial_t V = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u_x \\ v_x \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} u_t \\ v_t \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$-u_x + u_t = 0$$

$$4u_x + 2v_x + v_t = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x, t) = \sin(x-t)$$

$$2v_x + v_t = -4 \cos(x-t)$$

$$\text{let } x = x(s), \quad t = t(s) \quad v = v(s)$$

$$\frac{dx}{ds} = 2 \quad \frac{dt}{ds} = 1 \quad \frac{dv}{ds} = -4 \cos(x(s) - t(s))$$

$$\text{let } t = s \quad x = 2s + x_0$$

$$v(x, t) = -4 \sin(x-t) + e^{x-2t} + 4 \sin(x-2t)$$

$$(3) \begin{cases} \partial_t u + x \partial_x u = u \\ u(x, 0) = u_0 \end{cases}$$

$$u(x_0 e^s, s) = u_0(x_0) e^s$$

$$\text{let } \begin{cases} \frac{dx}{ds} = x & (1) \\ \frac{dt}{ds} = 1 & (2) \end{cases}$$

$$u(x, t) = u_0\left(\frac{x}{e^t}\right) e^t$$

$$\text{then } \frac{du}{ds} = u_x \cdot x + u_t = u \quad (3)$$

$$\text{let } x(0) = x_0 \quad t(0) = 0$$

$$\text{then } \underline{x(s) = x_0 e^s} \quad \underline{t(s) = s}$$

$$\text{let } u(0) = u_0(x_0)$$

$$\text{then } \underline{u(s) = u_0(x_0) e^s}$$

$$(4) \begin{cases} \partial_t^2 u - a^2 \partial_x^2 u = f(x, t), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, t > 0 \\ u(x, 0) = g(x), \quad \partial_t u(x, 0) = h(x) \end{cases}$$

$$a > 0$$

我们证明 D'Alembert 公式

$$u(x, t) = \frac{1}{2} [g(x+at) + g(x-at)] + \frac{1}{2a} \int_{x-at}^{x+at} h(\xi) d\xi \\ + \frac{1}{2a} \int_0^t d\tau \int_{x-a(t-\tau)}^{x+a(t-\tau)} f(\xi, \tau) d\xi$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{dt} - a \frac{d}{dx}\right) \left(\frac{d}{dt} + a \frac{d}{dx}\right) u = f(x, t)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{du}{dt} + a \frac{du}{dx} = v \\ \frac{dv}{dt} - a \frac{dv}{dx} = f(x, t) \end{cases}$$

$$u(x, 0) = g(x)$$

$$v(x, 0) = h(x) + a g'(x)$$

$$v(x, t) = \int_0^t f(x+at-as, s) ds + h(x+at) + a g'(x+at)$$

$$\text{if } x = x_0 + ar \quad t=r$$

$$\frac{d}{dr} u = u_t + au_x = v(x_0 + ar, r)$$

$$u = \int_0^t v(x-at+ar, r) dr + u(x-at, 0)$$

$$u(x, t) = \int_0^t \int_0^r f(x-at+2ar-os, s) ds dr + \int_0^t h(x-at+2ar) dr$$

$$+ a \int_0^t g'(x-at+2ar) dr$$

$$= \frac{1}{2a} \int_{x-at}^{x+at} h(\xi) d\xi + \frac{1}{2} [g(x+at) + g(x-at)]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2a} \int_0^t d\tau \int_{x-a(t-\tau)}^{x+a(t-\tau)} f(\xi, \tau) d\xi$$