

13 $X_1 \dots X_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$

\bar{X} , $S^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2$ 为 λ 无偏估计 还有别的无偏估计吗?

$$E\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n EX_i = \frac{1}{n} \cdot n\lambda = \lambda$$

$$ES^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n E(X_i - \bar{X})^2 = \text{Var}(X_i) = \lambda$$

有其他无偏估计, 如 $\frac{1}{2}\bar{X} + \frac{1}{2(n-1)} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2$. #

吕洋 2000010793
17W3

15 $X_1 \dots X_n \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$ 求 λ^2 的无偏估计

$$\begin{aligned} \text{可取 } S &= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i^2 - X_i)}{n} & ES &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n EX_i^2 - \lambda \\ & & &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (\text{Var } X_i + (EX_i)^2) - \lambda \\ & & &= \frac{1}{n} \cdot n \cdot (\lambda + \lambda^2) - \lambda = \lambda^2. \end{aligned}$$

#

17. $X_1 \dots X_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} f(x; \theta) = \begin{cases} \frac{\theta}{(1+x)^{\theta+1}}, & 0 \leq x < +\infty \\ 0, & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$

$\theta \in (1, +\infty)$ 求出 θ^{-1} 无偏估计

$$L(X_1, \dots, X_n; \theta) = \frac{\theta^n}{(1+X_1)^{\theta+1} \dots (1+X_n)^{\theta+1}}$$

$$\log L(X_1, \dots, X_n; \theta) = n \log \theta - (\theta+1) \log[(1+X_1) \dots (1+X_n)]$$

$$0 = \frac{\partial \log L(X; \theta)}{\partial \theta} = \frac{n}{\theta} - \log[(1+X_1) \dots (1+X_n)]$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^n \log(1+X_i)}$$

$$\text{取 } T = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \log(1+X_i)}{n}$$

$$ET = E \log(1+X) = \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\log(1+x) \theta}{(1+x)^{\theta+1}} dx = - \int_0^{+\infty} \log(1+x) d \frac{1}{(1+x)^\theta}$$

$$= -\log(1+x) \frac{1}{(1+x)^\theta} \Big|_0^{+\infty} + \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{1}{(1+x)^{\theta+1}} dx = \frac{1}{\theta}$$

故 T 为 θ^{-1} 的无偏估计 #

18. $x_1, \dots, x_n \text{ i.i.d. } f(x; \theta) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{1}{\theta}x} & x \geq 0 \\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$

$\theta > 0$. 找出 θ 无偏估计方差尽可能大的下界

根据 Cramér-Rao bound

$$I(\theta) = E_0 \left[\left(\frac{\partial \ell(X; \theta)}{\partial \theta} \right)^2 \right] = \int_0^{+\infty} \left(\frac{x}{\theta^2} - \frac{1}{\theta} \right)^2 \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-\frac{1}{\theta}x} dx = \frac{1}{\theta^2}$$

且满足条件

$$\text{故 } \text{Var}(\hat{\theta}) \geq \frac{1}{n I(\theta)} = \frac{\theta^2}{n}$$

考虑 $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n}$ $E\bar{X} = \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{x}{\theta} e^{-\frac{x}{\theta}} dx = \theta$

$$\text{Var}(\bar{X}) = \frac{1}{n^2} \sum \text{Var}(x_i) = \frac{1}{n} \text{Var}(X) = \frac{\theta^2}{n}$$

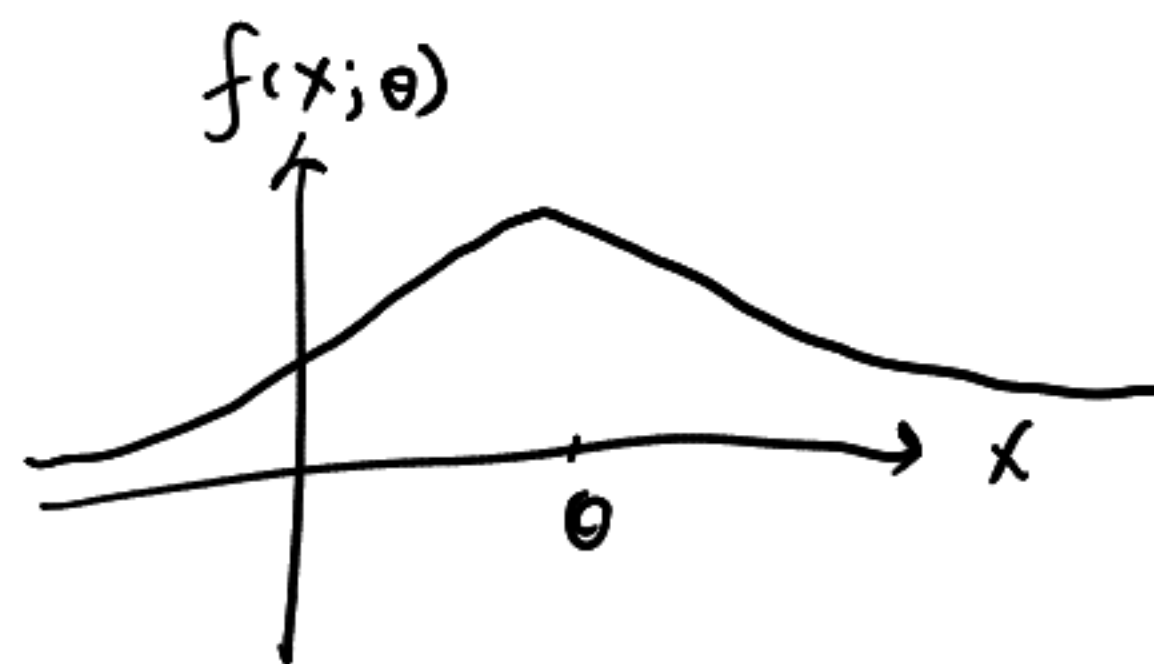
故最大下界为 $\frac{\theta^2}{n}$. #

19. $x_1, \dots, x_n \sim f(x; \theta) = \frac{1}{\pi(1+(x-\theta)^2)}$ $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$ 找出 θ 合适的估计

由于 Cauchy 分布没有 finite moments, 因此不宜用 \bar{X}, S^2 等

分布关于 θ 对称, 在 θ 处最大

可取 $x = \text{Median}(x_1, \dots, x_n)$ 作为估计 #



22. $X_1, \dots, X_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Poisson}(\lambda), \lambda > 0$ \bar{X} 为 λ 强相估计

由 SLLN,

$$\bar{X}_n \xrightarrow{a.s.} \lambda$$

即 $P_r(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \bar{X}_n = \lambda) = 1$ \bar{X} 为 λ 强相估计 #

$$20. P_\theta(X=x) = \begin{cases} \theta^x (1-\theta)^{1-x} & \theta \text{ rational} \\ \theta^{1-x} (1-\theta)^x & \theta \text{ irrational} \end{cases}$$

$\theta \in (0,1)$ MLE $\hat{\theta}_n$ is not consistent.

$$L(X_1, \dots, X_n; \theta) = \begin{cases} \theta^{\sum x_i} (1-\theta)^{n-\sum x_i} & \theta \text{ rational} \\ \theta^{n-\sum x_i} (1-\theta)^{\sum x_i} & \theta \text{ irrational} \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} / 1 - \frac{\sum x_i}{n}$$

$$\text{有 } \hat{\theta}_n = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} \quad (\text{MLE estimator})$$

但 $\theta \notin \mathbb{Q}$ 时 $P_\theta(X=1) = 1-\theta, P_\theta(X=0) = \theta$

$$\text{若 } \hat{\theta}_n = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} \xrightarrow{P} 1-\theta \neq \theta \quad \text{故 } \hat{\theta}_n \text{ 不相合} \#$$

14. $X_1, \dots, X_n \sim B(m, \theta)$ 求 θ^2 无偏估计

$$EX = m\theta \quad \text{Var}(X) = m\theta - m\theta^2$$

$$\theta^2 = \frac{1}{m} (EX - \text{Var} X)$$

$$\text{取 } T = \frac{1}{m} \left(\bar{X} - \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 \right)$$

即可 #