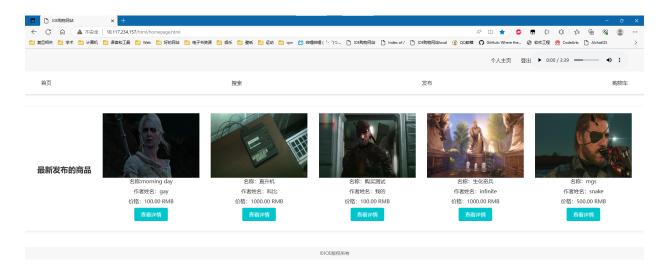
#### 卓越软件开发基础 Project

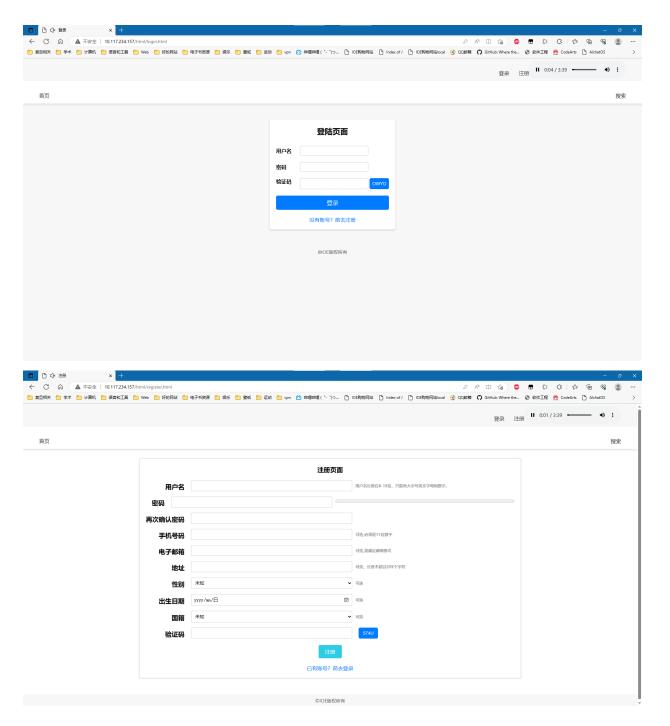
施鸿翔 20300290020

#### 各个页面截图如下

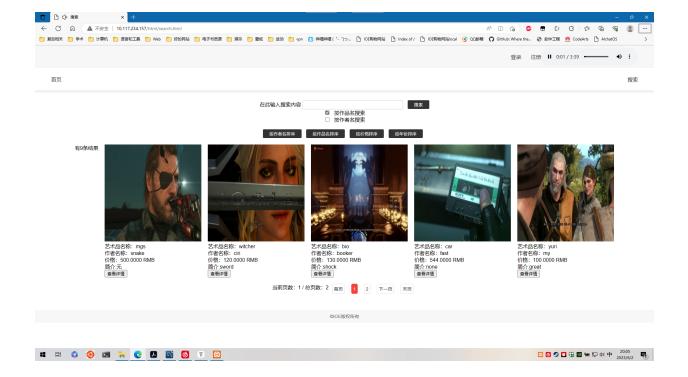
## 网站首页



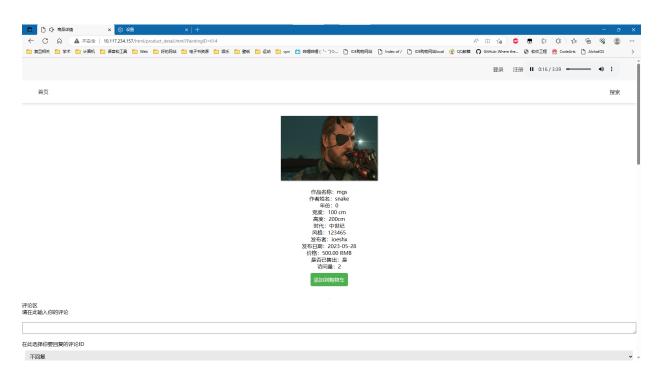
## 登录和注册



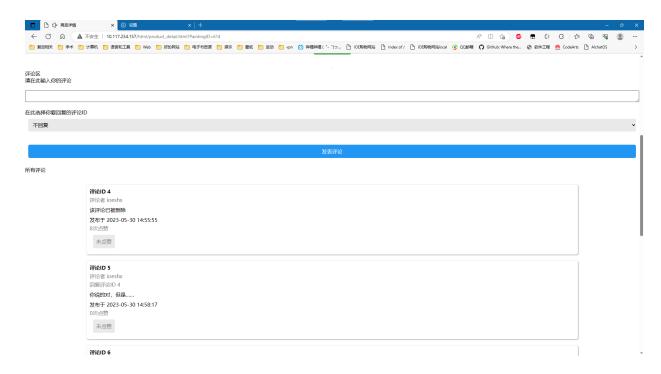
# 搜索



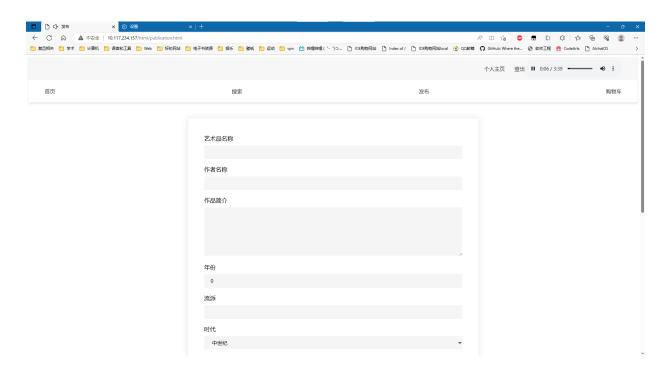
## 查看商品详情



## 评论区



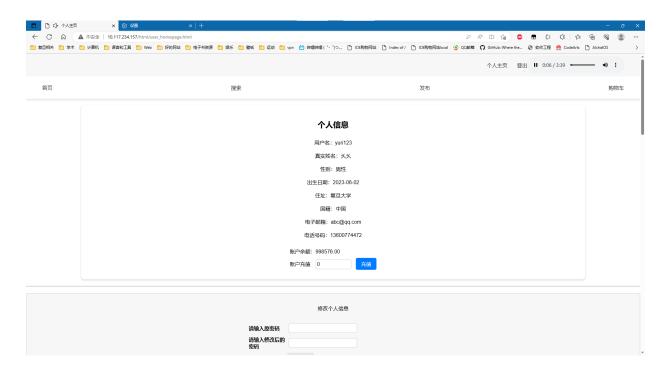
# 发布



#### 购物车



## 个人主页



#### 必做和选做的小文档

完成的选做有

- ✓ 部署
- ✓ 个人信息维护
- ✓ BGM
- ✓ 点赞
- ✓ 点击过快
- ✓ 访问量
- ✓ 其他页面
- ✓ lighthouse
- ✓ 页面美观程度

#### 1. 部署

使用apache服务器在本地windows电脑上部署,可通过电脑的局域网ip访问到。

步骤:配置apache的httpd.config,修改DocumentRoot项。并且修改项目html和js文件中的路径

```
#
# DocumentRoot: The directory out of which you will serve your
# documents. By default, all requests are taken from this directory, but
# symbolic links and aliases may be used to point to other locations.
#
DocumentRoot "D:\cs\web\osw"
<Directory "D:\cs\web\osw">
```

#### 2. 防止SQL注入

在用户提供输入的地方。前端js中使用正则表达式进行检查,后端php使用了prepare()和 bind\_param()方法防止sql注入。一个登录时示例如下:

```
//前端js检查用户输入

const usernameRegEX = new RegExp("^[a-zA-z0-9]{6,15}$");

const passwordRegEx = new RegExp(/^[a-zA-z\d]{8,20}$/);

if(username ==="" || password===""){
    alert("用户名、密码或验证码为空,请填写")
    return false;
}else if(!usernameRegEX.test(username)){
    alert("用户名不合法");
    return false;
}else if(!passwordRegEx.test(password)){
    alert("密码不合法");
    return false;
}
```

```
//后端 login.php防止sql注入
if($result_1->num_rows === 1){
    $row = $result_1->fetch_assoc();
   $hashPassword = hash('sha256',$password . $row['Salt']);
   if($hashPassword === $row['Pass']){
      //返回用户ID
     $stmt_2 = $conn->prepare("SELECT CustomerID FROM customerlogon WHERE Username
= ? ");
      $stmt_2->bind_param("s", $username);
      $stmt_2->execute();
      $result_2 = $stmt_2->get_result();
      $userID = $result_2->fetch_assoc()["CustomerID"];
     http_response_code(200);
     echo json_encode(['message' => '登录成功', 'userID' => $userID]);
     exit();
   }else{
     http_response_code(401);
     echo json_encode(['message' => '密码错误']);
     exit();
   }
}else{
   http_response_code(400);
   echo json_encode(['message' => '用户不存在']);
   exit();
}
```

#### 3. 点击过快

在用户点击按钮之后,会把按钮禁用一段时间(0.5s),禁用期间用户无法点击按钮。以下是示例代码 此外,登录注册的结果都用会alert弹出,用户在alert弹出后无法再点击页面,也能起到防止用户点击过快的 效果。

```
var loginButton = document.getElementById('login_button');
var isButtonDisabled = false;
var waitingTime = 500; // 设置等待时间为 0.5 秒
document.getElementById("login_form").onsubmit = function(event){
 event.preventDefault();
 if (isButtonDisabled) {
   alert('请勿频繁点击按钮!');
   return;
 }
 isButtonDisabled = true;
 loginButton.setAttribute('disabled', true);
 setTimeout(function() {
   isButtonDisabled = false;
   loginButton.removeAttribute('disabled');
 }, waitingTime);
   //剩余代码.....
}
```