Python Cheat Sheet - Classes

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	Description		Example	
Classes	A class encapsulates data and functionality - data as attributes, and functionality as methods. It is a blueprint to create concrete instances in the memory.		<pre>class Dog: """ Blueprint of a dog """ # class variable shared by all instances</pre>	
	Attributes name state color Methods command(x) bark(freq)	name = "Alice" state = "sleeping" color = "grey" name = "Bello" age = "wag tail" color = "black"	<pre>species = ["canis lupus"] definit(self, name, color): self.name = name self.state = "sleeping" self.color = color def command(self, x): if x == self.name: self.bark(2)</pre>	
Instance	You are an instance of the class human. An instance is a concrete implementation of a class: all attributes of an instance have a fixed value. Your hair is blond, brown, or black - but never unspecified.		elif x == "sit": self.state = "sit" else: self.state = "wag tail"	
	Each instance has its own attributes independent of other instances. Yet, class variables are different. These are data values associated with the class, not the instances. Hence, all instance share the same class variable species in the example.		<pre>def bark(self, freq): for i in range(freq): print("[" + self.name</pre>	
Self	The first argument when defining any method is always the self argument. This argument specifies the instance on which you call the method.		<pre>Bello = Dog("bello", "black") Alice = Dog("alice", "white") print(Bello.color) # black</pre>	
	self gives the Python interpreter the information about the concrete instance. To define a method, you use self to modify the instance attributes. But to call an instance method, you do not need to specify self.		<pre>print(Alice.color) # white Bello.bark(1) # [bello]: Woof! Alice.command("sit")</pre>	
Creation	You can create classes "on the fly" and use them as logical units to store complex data types.		<pre>print("[alice]: " + Alice.state) # [alice]: sit</pre>	
	<pre>class Employee(): pass Alice = Employee() Alice.salary = 122000 Alice.firstname = "alice" Alice.lastname = "wonderland" print(Alice.firstname + " "</pre>		<pre>Bello.command("no") print("[bello]: " + Bello.state) # [bello]: wag tail</pre>	
			Alice.command("alice") # [alice]: Woof! # [alice]: Woof!	
			<pre>Bello.species += ["wulf"] print(len(Bello.species)</pre>	

