# PERCEPTIONS OF IOT AND POSSIBILITIES FOR ENGAGING 'USERS'

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## Study aims

Complementary qualitative data

Inform design of IoT-based monitoring

Anticipate human interface issues



## Why is this kind of study important?

Social acceptance of IoT

 Consumer anxiety about how data is used and shared

Reactions - Glasgow Uni



#### What is necessary for...

Acceptance

□ Trust

Awareness

'Successful' projects, equal benefit



#### Three areas of questioning

General awareness and concerns

Experience of issues with the building

Data collection and use



#### **Obstacles**

- Unknowns communication gaps
- Fear / worry
- Personal privacy and data privacy
- Physical intrusiveness
- Open-ended data collection
- Opt-in
- Security

Key issue: Management culture – what decisions are being made by whom with what data, and how will they affect me?

\*\*Reassurance\*\*



#### **Opportunities**

- Transparency making data easily understandable and accessible
- Communication new stories
- Improve awareness e.g. of building use
- Engage building users
- New sources of creativity and ideas
- Improve user experience and facility management



#### Data visualisation



# Can visualisation support transparency and participation?

- What people 'see' cleaners, Skype calls, 'empty' rooms in morning and evening
- What people want to see if meetings start late, if people book rooms and don't use them, if temp correlated to aspect of room
- What people ask why is only one chair occupied, how does outside temp / light affect room temp / light, why is there door movement at odd times of day
- Reassurance about what data is being collected
- □ Identifying gaps e.g. AV equipment

