
실전 프로그램 개발

- 콘텐츠 편집 기능 -

(Bookmark, Blog 앱)

애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ 화면 설계

Django - Python Web Programming Home Bookmark Blog Photo Add ▾ Change ▾ Util ▾ global search shkim ▾

Post Create/Update - Post 메뉴 클릭

This is a creation or update form for your post.

TITLE:

SLUG: auto-filling-do-not-input one word for title alias.

DESCRIPTION: simple description text

CONTENT:

Tags: A comma-separated list of tags.

Submit

Bookmark

Post

Album

Photo

post_form.html 화면

CreateView 내부적으로 만든 모델품을 사용함

애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ 화면 설계

Django - Python Web Programming Home Bookmark Blog Photo Add Change Util global search shkim

Post Change - shkim

Post 메뉴 클릭

Bookmark

Post

post_change_list.html 화면

Title	Description	Album	Photo	Owner	Update	Delete
"또 한번 역사 봤다"...세계 외산물 일거수 일투족 생중계	트럼프, 북쪽 앞 밝은 최초 미 현직 대통령			shkim	Update	Delete
DjangoCon US 2019 Returns to San Diego	Posted by Rebecca Kindschi and Jeff Triplett on 3월 25, 2019			shkim	Update	Delete
The first PyCon Africa	2019.8.6 ~ 8.10, Accra, Ghana.			shkim	Update	Delete

변경 대상 리스트를 테이블 모양으로 보여줌

애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ 화면 설계

Django - Python Web Programming Home Bookmark Blog Photo Add ▾ Change ▾ Util ▾ shkim ▾

Post Create/Update - shkim

This is a creation or update form for your post.

TITLE:

SLUG:

one word for title alias

DESCRIPTION:

simple description text

CONTENT:

In just a few weeks, from the 6th to 10th of August, the first ever pan-African PyCon will take place in Accra, Ghana.

PyCon Africa 2019 is an amazing step for the rapidly growing Python community in Africa.

Django will be well represented with a Django Girls workshop, several talks, and many members of the Django Software Foundation in attendance.

Numerous DSF members have attended Python events in Africa in the past, and we're excited to see the conference come to fruition. May it be the first of many!

The DSF is one of PyCon Africa's sponsors, passing on some of the donations it has received to help with its goals of supporting community development across the world.

Tags:

A comma-separated list of tags

post_form.html 화면

CreateView 내부적으로 만든 모델품을 사용함

애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ 화면 설계



애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ 모델 설계

- Bookmark 모델 클래스

필드명	타입	제약 조건	설명
Id	Integer	PK, Auto Increment	기본 키
Title	CharField(100)	Blank, Null	북마크 제목
url	URLField	Unique	북마크 URL
owner	ForeignKey(User)	Null	북마크 소유자

애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ 모델 설계

○ Post 모델 클래스

필드명	타입	제약 조건	설명
Id	Integer	PK, Auto Increment	기본 키
title	CharField(50)		포스트 제목
slug	SlugField(50)	Unique	포스트 제목 별칭
description	CharField(100)	Blank	포스트 내용 한 줄 설명
content	TextField		포스트 내용 기록
create_date	DateTimeField	auto_now_add	포스트를 생성한 날짜
modify_date	DateTimeField	auto_now	포스트를 수정한 날짜
owner	ForeignKey(User)	Null	포스트 소유자

애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ Bookmark URL 설계

URL 패턴	뷰 이름	템플릿 파일명
/bookmark/	BookmarkLV(ListView)	bookmark_list.html
/bookmark/99/	BookmarkDV(DetailView)	bookmark_detail.html
/bookmark/add/ *	BookmarkCreateView(CreateView)	bookmark_form.html
/bookmark/change/	BookmarkChangeLV(ListView)	bookmark_change_list.html
/bookmark/99/update/ *	BookmarkUpdateView(UpdateView)	bookmark_form.html
/bookmark/99/delete/	BookmarkDeleteView(DeleteView)	bookmark_confirm_delete.html

애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ Blog URL 설계

URL 패턴	뷰 이름	템플릿 파일명
/blog/	PostLV(ListView)	post_all.html
/blog/post/	PostLV(ListView)	post_all.html
/blog/post/django-example/	PostDV(DetailView)	post_detail.html
/blog/archive/	PostAV(ArchiveIndexView)	post_archive.html
/blog/2012/	PostYAV(YearArchiveView)	post_archive_year.html
/blog/2012/nov/	PostMAV(MonthArchiveView)	post_archive_month.html
/blog/2012/nov/10/	PostDAV(DayArchiveView)	post_archive_day.html
/blog/today/	PostTAV(TodayArchiveView)	post_archive_day.html
/blog/add/ *	PostCreateView(CreateView)	post_form.html
/blog/change/	PostChangeLV(ListView)	post_change_list.html
/blog/99/update/ *	PostUpdateView(UpdateView)	post_form.html
/blog/99/delete/	PostDeleteView>DeleteView)	post_confirm_delete.html

애플리케이션 설계하기

❖ 작업 순서

작업 순서	관련 명령/파일	필요한 작업 내용
뼈대 만들기	startproject	(2장에서 이미 완료했으므로 생략)
	settings.py	
	migrate	
	createsuperuser	
	startapp	(변경 사항 없음)
	settings.py	
모델 코딩하기	models.py	owner 필드 추가
	admin.py	(변경 사항 없음)
	makemigrations	변경 사항을 데이터베이스에 반영
	migrate	
URLconf 코딩하기	urls.py	URL 정의
뷰 코딩하기	views.py	뷰 로직 및 OwnerOnlyMixin 작성
템플릿 코딩하기	templates 디렉터리	템플릿 파일 및 403.html 작성
그 외 코딩하기	-	(없음)

개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/models.py

```
from django.db import models
from django.contrib.auth.models import User

class Bookmark(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField('TITLE', max_length=100, blank=True)
    url = models.URLField('URL', unique=True)

    owner = models.ForeignKey(User, on_delete=models.CASCADE, blank=True,
                              null=True)

    def __str__(self):
        return self.title
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/models.py

```
from django.db import models
from django.urls import reverse
from taggit.managers import TaggableManager
from django.contrib.auth.models import User
from django.utils.text import slugify

class Post(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(verbose_name='TITLE', max_length=50)
    slug = models.SlugField('SLUG', unique=True, allow_unicode=True,
                           help_text='one word for title alias.')
    description = models.CharField('DESCRIPTION', max_length=100, blank=True,
                                   help_text='simple description text.')
    content = models.TextField('CONTENT')
    create_dt = models.DateTimeField('CREATE DATE', auto_now_add=True)
    modify_dt = models.DateTimeField('MODIFY DATE', auto_now=True)
    tags = TaggableManager(blank=True)

    owner = models.ForeignKey(User, on_delete=models.CASCADE,
                              verbose_name='OWNER', blank=True, null=True)
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/models.py

```
class Meta:
    verbose_name = 'post'
    verbose_name_plural = 'posts'
    db_table = 'blog_posts'
    ordering = ('-modify_dt',)

def __str__(self):
    return self.title

def get_absolute_url(self):
    return reverse('blog:post_detail', args=(self.slug,))

def get_previous(self):
    return self.get_previous_by_modify_dt()

def get_next(self):
    return self.get_next_by_modify_dt()

def save(self, *args, **kwargs):
    self.slug = slugify(self.title, allow_unicode=True)
    super().save(*args, **kwargs)
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ 데이터베이스 반영

```
$ python manage.py makemigrations  
$ python manage.py migrate
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ mysite/views.py

```
:
from django.contrib.auth.mixins import AccessMixin
from django.views.defaults import permission_denied

:

class OwnerOnlyMixin(AccessMixin):
    raise_exception = True
    permission_denied_message = "Owner only can update/delete the object"

    def get(self, request, *args, **kwargs):
        self.object = self.get_object()
        if self.request.user != self.object.owner:
            self.handle_no_permission()
        return super().get(request, *args, **kwargs)
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/views.py

```
from django.views.generic import ListView, DetailView
from bookmark.models import Bookmark
from django.views.generic import CreateView, UpdateView, DeleteView
from django.contrib.auth.mixins import LoginRequiredMixin
from django.urls import reverse_lazy
from mysite.views import OwnerOnlyMixin

:

class BookmarkCreateView(LoginRequiredMixin, CreateView):
    model = Bookmark
    fields = ['title', 'url']
    success_url = reverse_lazy('bookmark:index')

    def form_valid(self, form):
        form.instance.owner = self.request.user
        return super().form_valid(form)
```


개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/views.py

```
class BookmarkChangeLV(LoginRequiredMixin, ListView):
    template_name = 'bookmark/bookmark_change_list.html'

    def get_queryset(self):
        return Bookmark.objects.filter(owner=self.request.user)

class BookmarkUpdateView(OwnerOnlyMixin, UpdateView):
    model = Bookmark
    fields = ['title', 'url']
    success_url = reverse_lazy('bookmark:index')

class BookmarkDeleteView(OwnerOnlyMixin, DeleteView):
    model = Bookmark
    success_url = reverse_lazy('bookmark:index')
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/urls.py

```
from django.urls import path
# from bookmark.views import BookmarkLV, BookmarkDV
from bookmark import views

app_name = 'bookmark'
urlpatterns = [
    :
    # Example: /bookmark/add/
    path('add/', views.BookmarkCreateView.as_view(), name="add"),

    # Example: /bookmark/change/
    path('change/', views.BookmarkChangeLV.as_view(), name="change"),

    # Example: /bookmark/99/update/
    path('<int:pk>/update/', views.BookmarkUpdateView.as_view(), name="update"),

    # Example: /bookmark/99/delete/
    path('<int:pk>/delete/', views.BookmarkDeleteView.as_view(), name="delete"),

]
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/views.py

```
:
from django.views.generic import CreateView, UpdateView, DeleteView
from django.contrib.auth.mixins import LoginRequiredMixin
from django.urls import reverse_lazy
from mysite.views import OwnerOnlyMixin

:

class PostCreateView(LoginRequiredMixin, CreateView):
    model = Post
    fields = ['title', 'slug', 'description', 'content', 'tags']
    initial = {'slug': 'auto-filling-do-not-input'}
    #fields = ['title', 'description', 'content', 'tags']
    success_url = reverse_lazy('blog:index')

    def form_valid(self, form):
        form.instance.owner = self.request.user
        return super().form_valid(form)
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/views.py

```
class PostChangeLV(LoginRequiredMixin, ListView):
    template_name = 'blog/post_change_list.html'

    def get_queryset(self):
        return Post.objects.filter(owner=self.request.user)

class PostUpdateView(OwnerOnlyMixin, UpdateView):
    model = Post
    fields = ['title', 'slug', 'description', 'content', 'tags']
    success_url = reverse_lazy('blog:index')

class PostDeleteView(OwnerOnlyMixin, DeleteView) :
    model = Post
    success_url = reverse_lazy('blog:index')
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/urls.py

```
from django.urls import path, re_path
from blog import views
```

```
app_name = 'blog'
urlpatterns = [
```

```
:
```

```
# Example: /blog/add/
```

```
path('add/', views.PostCreateView.as_view(), name="add"),
```

```
# Example: /blog/change/
```

```
path('change/', views.PostChangeLV.as_view(), name="change"),
```

```
# Example: /blog/99/update/
```

```
path('<int:pk>/update/', views.PostUpdateView.as_view(), name="update"),
```

```
# Example: /blog/99/delete/
```

```
path('<int:pk>/delete/', views.PostDeleteView.as_view(), name="delete"),
```

```
]
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ 템플릿

편집용 제네릭 뷰	디폴트 템플릿 파일명	블로그 앱 예제의 템플릿명
FormView	(없음)	(사용 안 함)
CreateView	모델명소문자_form.html	post_form.html
UpdateView	모델명소문자_form.html	post_form.html
DeleteView	모델명소문자_confirm_delete.html	post_confirm_delete.html
(PostChangeLV는 template_name 속성으로 지정함)		post_change_list.html

개발 코딩하기

❖ templates/base.html

```
<li class="nav-item dropdown mx-1 btn btn-primary">
  <a class="nav-link dropdown-toggle text-white" href="#"
    data-toggle="dropdown">Add</a>
  <div class="dropdown-menu">
    <a class="dropdown-item"
      href="{% url 'bookmark:add' %}">Bookmark</a>
    <a class="dropdown-item" href="{% url 'blog:add' %}">Post</a>
    <div class="dropdown-divider"></div>
    <a class="dropdown-item" href="">Album</a>
    <a class="dropdown-item" href="">Photo</a>
  </div>
</li>
<li class="nav-item dropdown mx-1 btn btn-primary">
  <a class="nav-link dropdown-toggle text-white" href="#"
    data-toggle="dropdown">Change</a>
  <div class="dropdown-menu">
    <a class="dropdown-item"
      href="{% url 'bookmark:change' %}">Bookmark</a>
    <a class="dropdown-item" href="{% url 'blog:change' %}">Post</a>
    <div class="dropdown-divider"></div>
    <a class="dropdown-item" href="">Album</a>
    <a class="dropdown-item" href="">Photo</a>
  </div>
</li>
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/templastest/bookmark/bookmark_from.html

```
{% extends "base.html" %}
{% load widget_tweaks %}

{% block title %}bookmark_form.html{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

    <h1>Bookmark Create/Update - {{user}}</h1>
    <p class="font-italic">This is a creation or update form for your
bookmark.</p>

    {% if form.errors %}
    <div class="alert alert-danger">
        <div class="font-weight-bold">
            Wrong! Please correct the error(s) below.</div>
        {{ form.errors }}
    </div>
    {% endif %}
```


개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/templastest/bookmark/bookmark_from.html

```
<form action="." method="post" class="card pt-3">{% csrf_token %}
  <div class="form-group row">
    {{ form.title|
      add_label_class:"col-form-label col-sm-2 ml-3 font-weight-bold" }}
    <div class="col-sm-5">
      {{ form.title|add_class:"form-control"|attr:"autofocus" }}
    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group row">
    {{ form.url|
      add_label_class:"col-form-label col-sm-2 ml-3 font-weight-bold" }}
    <div class="col-sm-5">
      {{ form.url|add_class:"form-control" }}
    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
    <div class="offset-sm-2 col-sm-5">
      <input type="submit" value="Submit" class="btn btn-info"/>
    </div>
  </div>
</form>
{% endblock %}
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/templastes/bookmark/bookmark_change_list.html

```
{% extends "base.html" %}

{% block title %}bookmark_change_list.html{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

    <h1>Bookmark Change - {{user}}</h1>
    <br>

    <table class="table table-bordered table-condensed table-striped">

        <thead>
            <tr class="table-primary">
                <th>Title</th>
                <th>Url</th>
                <th>Owner</th>
                <th>Update</th>
                <th>Delete</th>
            </tr>
        </thead>
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/templastest/bookmark/bookmark_change_list.html

```
<tbody>
  {% for item in object_list %}
    <tr>
      <td>{{ item.title }}</td>
      <td>{{ item.url }}</td>
      <td>{{ item.owner }}</td>
      <td><a href="{% url 'bookmark:update' item.id %}">Update</a></td>
      <td><a href="{% url 'bookmark:delete' item.id %}">Delete</a></td>
    </tr>
  {% endfor %}
</tbody>

</table>

{% endblock %}
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/templastest/bookmark/bookmark_confirm_delete.html

```
{% extends "base.html" %}

{% block title %}bookmark_confirm_delete.html{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

    <h1>Bookmark Delete</h1>
    <br>

    <form action="." method="post">{% csrf_token %}
        <p>Are you sure you want to delete "{{ object }}" ?</p>
        <input type="submit" value="Confirm" class="btn btn-danger btn-sm" />
    </form>

</div>
{% endblock %}
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ bookmark/templastest/bookmark/bookmark_confirm_delete.html

```
{% extends "base.html" %}

{% block title %}bookmark_confirm_delete.html{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

    <h1>Bookmark Delete</h1>
    <br>

    <form action="." method="post">{% csrf_token %}
        <p>Are you sure you want to delete "{{ object }}" ?</p>
        <input type="submit" value="Confirm" class="btn btn-danger btn-sm" />
    </form>

</div>
{% endblock %}
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/templates/blog/post_from.html

```
{% extends "base.html" %}
{% load widget_tweaks %}

{% block title %}post_form.html{% endblock %}

{% block content %}
    <h1>Post Create/Update - {{user}}</h1>
    <p class="font-italic">This is a creation or update form for your post.</p>

    {% if form.errors %}
    <div class="alert alert-danger">
        <div class="font-weight-bold">
            Wrong! Please correct the error(s) below.</div>
        {{ form.errors }}
    </div>
    {% endif %}
</block>
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/templates/blog/post_from.html

```
<form action="." method="post" class="card pt-3">{% csrf_token %}
  <div class="form-group row">
    {{ form.title|
      add_label_class:"col-form-label col-sm-2 ml-3 font-weight-bold" }}
    <div class="col-sm-5">
      {{ form.title|add_class:"form-control"|attr:"autofocus" }}
    </div>
  </div>

  <div class="form-group row">
    {{ form.slug|
      add_label_class:"col-form-label col-sm-2 ml-3 font-weight-bold" }}
    <div class="col-sm-5">
      {{ form.slug|add_class:"form-control"|attr:"readonly" }}
    </div>
    <small class="form-text text-muted">{{ form.slug.help_text }}</small>
  </div>
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/templates/blog/post_from.html

```
<div class="form-group row">
  {{ form.description|
    add_label_class:"col-form-label col-sm-2 ml-3 font-weight-bold" }}
  <div class="col-sm-5">
    {{ form.description|add_class:"form-control" }}
  </div>
  <small class="form-text text-muted">
    {{ form.description.help_text }}</small>
</div>

<div class="form-group row">
  {{ form.content|
    add_label_class:"col-form-label col-sm-2 ml-3 font-weight-bold" }}
  <div class="col-sm-8">
    {{ form.content|add_class:"form-control" }}
  </div>
</div>
```


개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/templates/blog/post_from.html

```
<div class="form-group row">
  {{ form.tags|
    add_label_class:"col-form-label col-sm-2 ml-3 font-weight-bold" }}
  <div class="col-sm-5">
    {{ form.tags|add_class:"form-control" }}
  </div>
  <small class="form-text text-muted">{{ form.tags.help_text }}</small>
</div>

<div class="form-group">
  <div class="offset-sm-2 col-sm-5">
    <input type="submit" value="Submit" class="btn btn-info"/>
  </div>
</div>

</form>

{% endblock %}
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/temaplates/blog/post_change_list.html

```
{% extends "base.html" %}

{% block title %}post_change_list.html{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

    <h1>Post Change - {{user}}</h1>
    <br>

    <table class="table table-bordered table-sm table-striped">

        <thead>
        <tr class="table-primary">
            <th>Title</th>
            <th>Description</th>
            <th>Owner</th>
            <th>Update</th>
            <th>Delete</th>
        </tr>
        </thead>
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/temaplates/blog/post_change_list.html

```
<tbody>
{% for item in object_list %}
<tr>
    <td>{{ item.title }}</td>
    <td>{{ item.description }}</td>
    <td>{{ item.owner }}</td>
    <td><a href="{% url 'blog:update' item.id %}">Update</a></td>
    <td><a href="{% url 'blog:delete' item.id %}">Delete</a></td>
</tr>
{% endfor %}
</tbody>

</table>

{% endblock %}
```

개발 코딩하기

❖ blog/temaplates/blog/post_confirm_delete.html

```
{% extends "base.html" %}

{% block title %}post_confirm_delete.html{% endblock %}

{% block content %}

    <h1>Post Delete</h1>
    <br>

    <form action="." method="post">{% csrf_token %}
        <p>Are you sure you want to delete "{{ object }}" ?</p>
        <input type="submit" value="Confirm" class="btn btn-danger btn-sm" />
    </form>

{% endblock %}
```