



## Realtek Ameba1 Memory Layout

---

This document introduces usage of ROM, SRAM, SDRAM, and Flash partition.

---

## Table of Contents

1	Memory Size .....	3
2	ROM .....	3
3	SRAM .....	3
4	SDRAM .....	3
4.1	Put code in SDRAM .....	3
4.2	Put data in SDRAM .....	4
4.3	Put library in SDRAM .....	4
5	Flash .....	7
5.1	Flash Memory .....	7
5.1.1	Boot Loader (Image 1) .....	7
5.1.2	System Data .....	8
5.1.3	Default Firmware .....	8
5.1.4	Upgraded Firmware .....	9
5.1.5	Application Data .....	9

## 1 Memory Size

This table lists memory size for individual model.

Feature	RTL8195AM	RTL8711AM	RTL8711AF
Package	TFBGA98	QFN56	QFN48
Package Dimension	6x6mm	7x7mm	6x6mm
CPU	ARM Cortex M3 166MHz		
ROM	1MB	1MB	1MB
Flash	selectable	selectable	1MB
RAM	2MB + 512KB	2MB + 512KB	512KB

## 2 ROM

The address for ROM is 0x00000000~0x000FFFFF. ROM space is not opened for developer.

## 3 SRAM

The address for SRAM is 0x10000000~0x1006FFFF. In IAR project, source codes are located in SRAM by default.

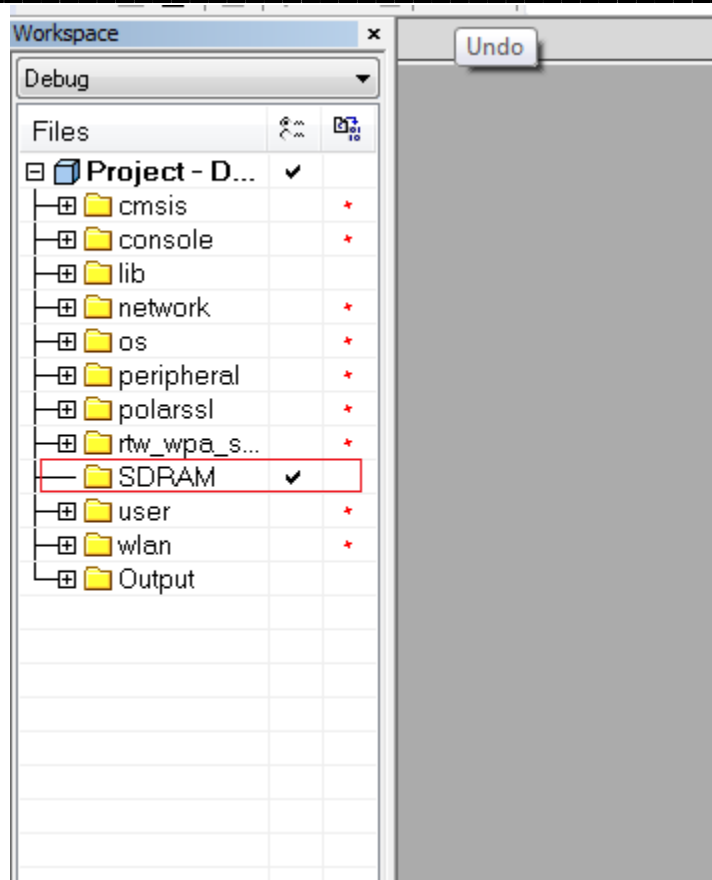
To check address of function call and data memory arranged by IAR, please refer to .map file after project build.

## 4 SDRAM

The address for SDRAM is 0x30000000~0x301FFFFF. Only RTL8195AM and RTL88711AM support 2MB SDRAM.

### 4.1 Put code in SDRAM

To use SDRAM, drag related code to the SDRAM folder in IAR project and rebuild project again.



To check address of function call and data memory arranged by IAR, please refer to .map file after project build.

## 4.2 Put data in SDRAM

Add a section name `SECTION(".sdr.am.data")` in front of the variable, then linker will locate the data in SDRAM.

Ex:

```
SECTION(".sdr.am.data")
```

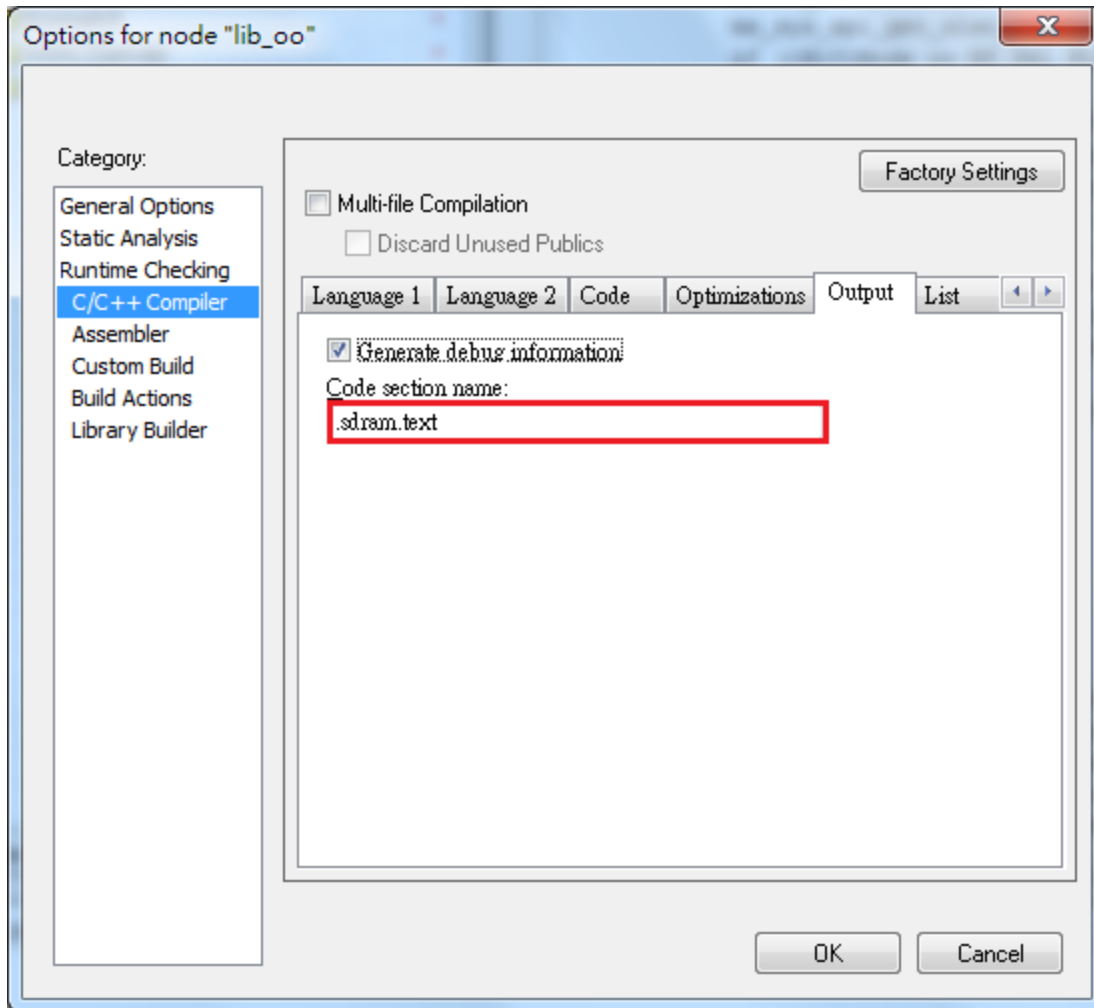
```
int value;
```

## 4.3 Put library in SDRAM

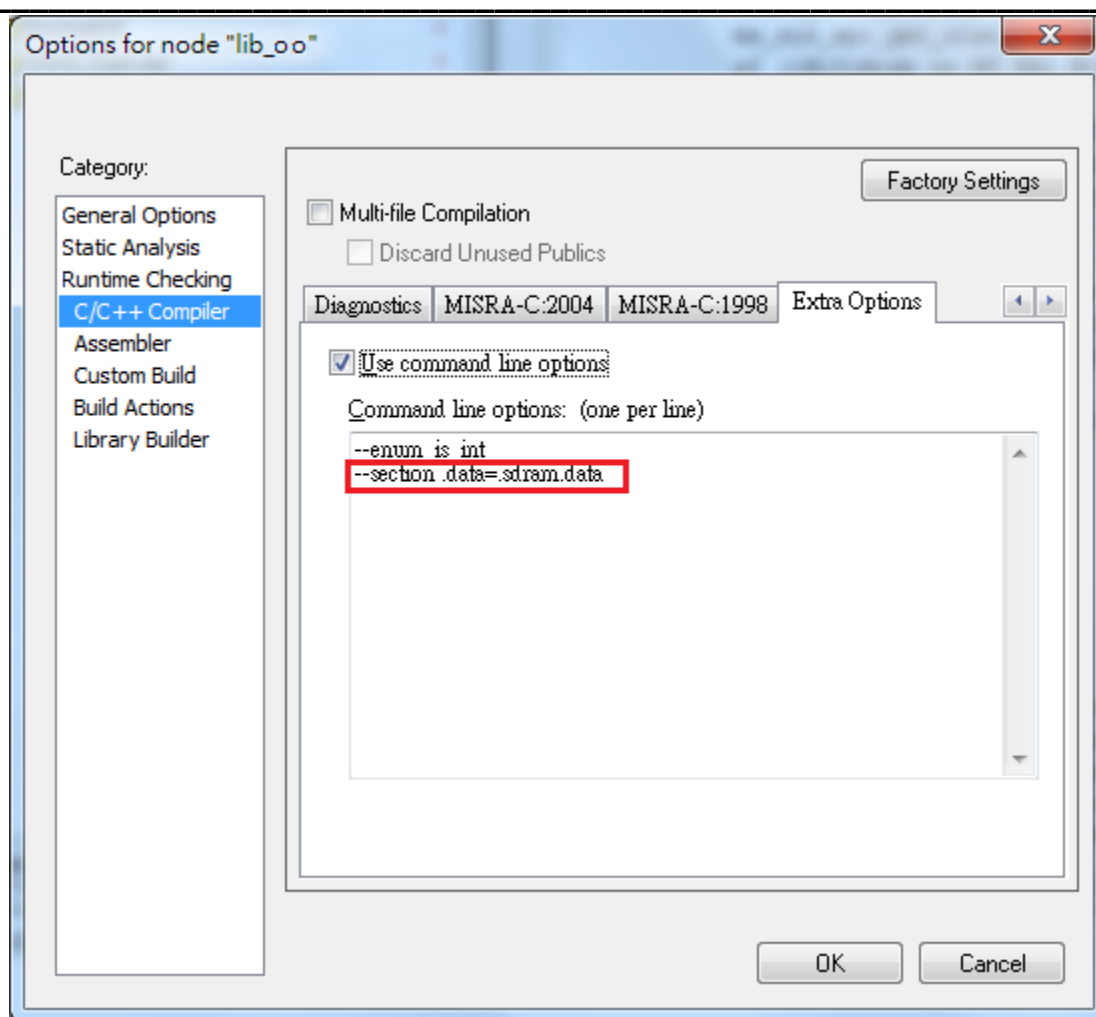
To put library in sdr.am, please modify the following setting in IAR

October 6, 2016

1. Click option in the library work space
2. Option → C/C++ compiler → Output, and edit Code section name.  
Type **.sdram.text** in the text box

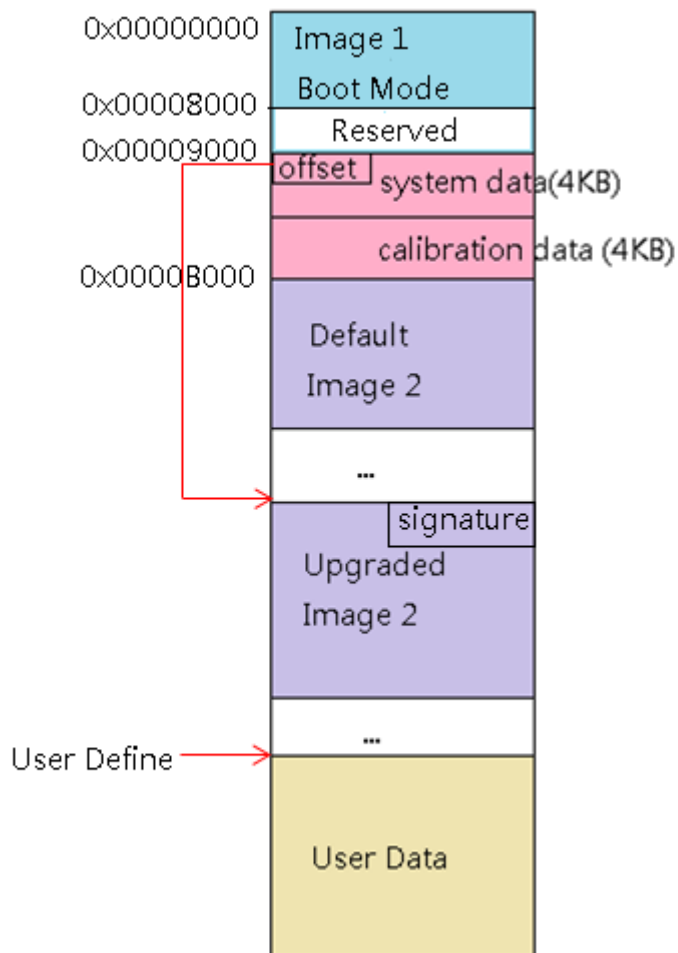


3. Option → C/C++ compiler → Extra Options, and edit Command line options:  
Add a line **--section .data=.sdram.data**



## 5 Flash

### 5.1 Flash Memory



The figure above is the flash memory layout.

#### 5.1.1 Boot Loader

##### Flash layout for Image 1.

- I. Fixed Address: 0x0000 ~ 0x7FFF, and its size is 32K °
- II. Function: Hardware initialization, and Image 2 Firmware loading °
- III. Image 1 Header:
  - *Flash Calibration Pattern*: pattern for flash calibration: 16 bytes  
16 bytes fixed pattern is 99 99 96 96 3F CC 66 FC C0 33 CC 03 E5 DC 31 62

- *Image Length*: The size of the image.
- *Image Address*: The SRAM /SDRAM address for the Image 1: 4 bytes
- *Image 2 Addr*: The starting address of Image 2 in Default Image 2: 2 bytes, unit is 1024 bytes.

#### IV. Image 1 format:

0x00	Flash Calibration Pattern			
0x10	Image Length	Image Address	(Image 2 Addr)/1024	Reserved
0x20	Firmware Code			
...				

## 5.1.2 System Data

- I. Flash memory address 0x9000 ~ 0xAFFF, total size is 8K
- II. System Data (0x9000~0x9FFF): store system reserved data such as upgraded image 2 offset.
  - i. Offset set (0x9000~0x9003): store the address of upgraded image 2.
- III. Calibration Data (0xA000~0xAFFF): store the MP data such as RF calibration, AD calibration, ...

## 5.1.3 Default Firmware

Flash layout for **Default Image 2+ Optional Image 3**.

- I. Flash memory address: Always start at 0xB000, size is variable.
- II. Image 2 Header:
  - *Image Length 1*: The size of this image 2: 4 bytes
  - *Image Address 1*: The SRAM address for the Image.
  - *Image Length 2*: The size of this image 2:4 bytes. Available only if there is image 3 for SDRAM
  - *Image Address 2*: The SDRAM address of the image
- III. The following figure shows the format of the image 2 + optional image 3 :

0x00	Image Length 1	Image Address 1	Signature							
0x10	Firmware Code for SRAM									
...										
..										
..										
0x10+Image Length 1	Image Length 2	Image Address 2	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF
0x20+Image Length 1										



## 5.1.4 Upgraded Firmware

Flash layout for **Upgraded Image 2 + Upgraded Optional Image 3**.

I. Image 2 memory layout:

0x00	Image Length 1	Image Address 1	Signature							
0x10	Firmware Code									
...										
...										
...										
0x10+Image Length 1	Image Length 2	Image Address 2	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF
0x20+Image Length 1										

- *Image Length 1*: The size of this image 2: 4 bytes
- *Image Address 1*: The SRAM address for the Image
- *Image Length 2*: The size of this image 2:4 bytes. Available only if there is image 3 for SDRAM
- *Image Address 2*: The SDRAM address of the image
- *Signature*: The boot loader reads this value to check the Upgraded image 2 is valid or not. "81958711" is for latest firmware and "01958711" is for older.

The decision policy for the boot loader to load the Default Firmware or the Upgraded Firmware: The boot loader searches the upgraded image, if the signature value of Upgraded Firmware is valid, boot loader loads it to SRAM/SDRAM. Otherwise, the boot loader loads the Default Firmware.

## 5.1.5 Application Data

- Flash memory address: the start address and the size is variable. The starting address and size of application data section is application dependent and is defined by individual user.
- This section of flash memory is used by application.