Oslumo. 08 Sabrenus - CS - yenp Arreprendrois suzanen Th. $\forall a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$, $a \neq 0$ un $b \neq 0$ A = (a, b) $\exists x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$ $a \lor + by = d$ H. obs. genera 1 bo en paner y unero, notopose nos Baleice &
AE notas hpegashir & Buge ax+By Handro Jasb unia AE $a = a = a \cdot 1 + b \circ b$ $a_2 = b = a \cdot 0 + b \cdot 1 = u_3 \text{ nephoro}$ $a_3 = a \text{ mod } b$ $a_{3} = a(1) + b(-9)$ bropoe $a_{3} = a_{4} + b_{5}$ $a_{3} = a_{5} + b_{5}$ $a_{4} = a_{5}$ $a_{5} = a_{5}$ a = a - b - 9 ay = b mod az a = 6 - a 9 Bosyen cryrae ax = ax -2 mod ax -1 $= \sum_{\alpha k} \frac{1}{\alpha k} = \frac{\alpha k}{2} + \frac{\alpha k}$ B (y k-2 - 2 y 4 -1) HON (a 6) - TO karoù - TO an ree h-4uero marob AE

TO Xe uneet by axis they n

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Tonnep. a=70 B=50
    AE: a_1 = a = 70 = 70 \cdot 1 + 50.0

a_2 = 8 = 50 = 70 \cdot 0 + 50.1
                    \sigma_3 = 20 = 70 \cdot 1 + 30 \cdot (-1) + 2 
a_3 = 70 \text{ mod } 50 = 20 a_4 = 10 = 70(-2) + 50\cdot(3) = 3
Ha hpainne. O B& Much 976 cusiche net.
   08 anno 3 ancientarot rek: 70 1 0 1 50 0 1 1 -1 20 1 -2 3 0 5 1 - 7
  Pemerne Duoganio Box ypabnethy
                                        npunep. (cana)
  1y- ypabnenna B yersix 44 caex
                                        x^2+2=y^3
                                        Hayre yoth SU Keure- 20
 Aprilep2 X +yh = 2h
                                        X18 = 2 x=5 3
           penns upn n>2
1,5,7 & 2. n& W
   Teopene Pepne (Bennes) > Het pemenn.
   Pemaen npn h=2 108 yni Bug penxenus:
     x^{2} + y^{2} = z^{2}
x = a^{2} + b^{2}
y = 2ab
z = a^{2} + b^{2}
z = a^{2} + b^{2}
      a = 2, B = 1
      2^{2}-1^{2}=3 2\cdot 2\cdot 1=4 2^{2}+1^{2}=5
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MSI penaen grabheme Que dX+by=c, 29e
a,b,c-gans, X,5-neuzbeirose
Purep 7x+4y=5. nossepén x,y.
      y = +3 7(3) + 4(-4) = 5.
  hosospanu! En ene steers. y=3
                               7(-1)+4.(3)=5
  4 eye ein, ux o unoro.
                                             17:05??
Paccykgethe Jew 2 pemerus:

  \begin{cases}
        a \times 1 + 6y = c \\
        a \times 2 + 6y = c \\
        c
   \end{aligned}
  (1)

 c6; zano 2 1 12 - 19 x, x 2 5, y 2?
 BS147en (1)-(2): a(x,-x2)+B(y,-y2)=0
 => \alpha(x_1-x_2)=-6(y_1-y_2)
J(a, C) = 1 = Pr_1 \times e_{per} +and cry 4ax' a = 7

a(x_1 - x_2) : b = X_1 - X_2 : b (a, b) = 1
                 => x, -x2 = l·k, ye k ∈ Z.
  B phuere: V-12=3-(-1)=4:6=4
   \beta monthum: a(x_1-x_2) = -\beta(y_1-y_2)
                 a 6. K = - B (y, -y2)
       => - a k = y, - y2
MTak Econ X, y, u Y, 52 pemenas

Nemas ax+6y=c u (a,6)=1
Nemma
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