CNU RADIO BIOCK CREATION

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Comp Eng 5430 Lab C-1



GOALS

- Create 2 GNURadio blocks
 - Transmitter block
 - Preamble (fixed)
 - Flow ID (user configurable)
 - User Data (user configurable)
 - Checksum (calculation)
 - Receiver block
 - Catch the preamble to identify the start of the data stream
 - Filter based on the flow ID
 - Check for errors using the checksum
 - Pass user data, if validated



TRANSMITTER BLOCK



 Functioning transmitter block that writes the correct byte stream

```
for(int i = noutput items/ payload size; i > 0; i--)
    //cout << "noutput items = " << noutput items << endl;</pre>
   //cout << "payload size = " << payload size << endl;</pre>
   //cout << "noutput items/ payload size = " << i << endl;</pre>
    // Adding header
    // Fixed Preamble
    // 0011 0111 1000 1001
    // *out = 0x3789;
    cout << "Preamble ----" << endl;</pre>
    *out = 0x37;
    int b01 = *out:
    cout << "bits01: " << b01 << endl:
    out++;
    *out = 0x89:
    int b23 = *out;
    out++;
    // Flow id (configurable by user)
    *out = flow_id;
    int b4 = *out;
    out++;
    // Packet Size (configurable by user)
    *out = payload size;
    int b5 = *out:
    out++;
    int sum = 0; // sum of user data
    // User data
    cout << "User Data ----" << endl;</pre>
    for(int i = 0; i < payload size; i++,out++,in++)</pre>
        *out = *in;
        sum += int(*out);
        cout << "data: " << int(*out) << endl:
    // CRC Checksum
    int checksum = b01 + b23 + b4 + b5 + sum;
    *out = checksum:
    out++;
    consume(0, int( payload size));
```



RECEIVER BLOCK



- Continuously grabs four sequential 4-bit bytes and compares them
 - As soon as they match the preamble, execute the main code
- Extract flow id and payload
 - Filter based on Flow ID
- If all matches, write the data to the output and sum it for the checksum
- Currently a bug in the checksum due to the byte packing/unpacking used

```
// if the preamble is correct...do stuff
if (xA == 0x03 && xB == 0x07 && xC == 0x08 && xD == 0x09){
    cout << "Preamble 0x3789 found...extracting stream." << endl;</pre>
```

```
// get flow id and payload size from packet
std::bitset<8> flow_id_bit(in[i+5]);
int flow_id = flow_id_bit.to_ulong();
std::bitset<8> payload_bit(in[i+7]);
int payload = payload_bit.to_ulong();
```

```
// If all matched, write the data
cout << "Writing Data to Stream..." << endl;
int offset = 8; // offset due to preamble
int datasum = 0;
for(int j=i+offset; j < payload+i+offset; j++,out++){
   *out = in[j];
   std::bitset<8> data_bit(in[j]);
   int data = data_bit.to_ulong();
   cout << data_bit << ": " << data << endl;

   // calc sum for checksum
   datasum += data;
}</pre>
```

```
// compare checksums
int sum = b0+b1+b2+b3+flow_id+payload+datasum;
cout << "Calc Sum: " << sum << endl;
int chk_byte = in[payload+i+offset+1];
cout << "Sum from pkt: " << chk_byte << endl;
if (sum == chk_byte){
    cout << "Checksums Matched!" << endl;
} else {
    cout << "Warning: Checksums not Matched!" << endl;
}</pre>
```



CURRENT TEST CODE

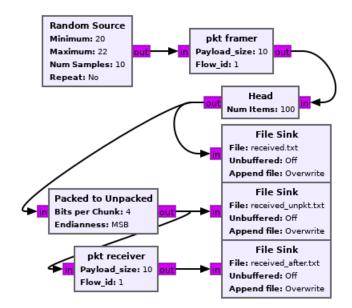
- Simply writing packed and unpacked data to file sinks to compare the block outputs
 - Use Packed to Unpacked block in to simulate packing of a modulator block

Options
Title: Lab6Test3
Output Language: Python
Generate Options: QT GUI

Variable
Id: samp_rate
Value: 10

Variable Variable
Id: flow_id Id: payload_size
Value: 1 Value: 10

Variable Id: packing Value: 2





PLANNED EXAMPLE/TEST CODE

- Use OFDM transmitter/receiver model
 - Vary the noise voltage in the channel model to determine the resilience of the receiver block to errors and noise

