SFU

# Effect of Gender on Interaction with Embodied Conversational Agents





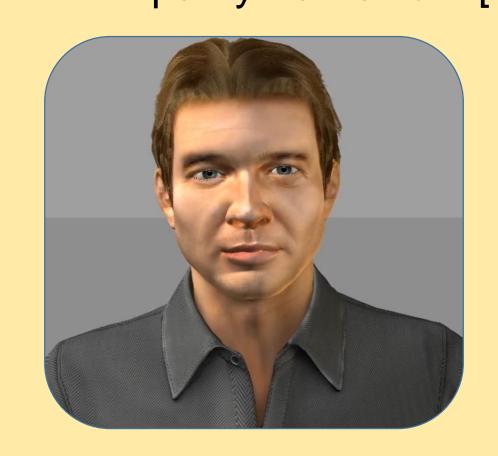
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# **Embodied Conversational Agent (ECA)**

3D virtual character controlled with AI Empathy framework [1-4]





facial expressions, gaze, head and body gestures, verbal behaviours demonstrate real time face to face conversation

Empathy Framework

**Evaluating Empathy** 

Evaluating Level of Emotion

Engagement ECA

#### **Research Question**



Does the gender-related appearance of the Embodied conversational agents have an effect on the interaction?



# Independent Variables

Gender of ECAs

Male

Female

Gender of Participants

Male

Female

Other

# VVILI

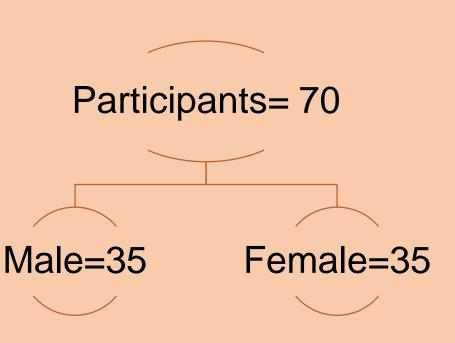
Engagem ent

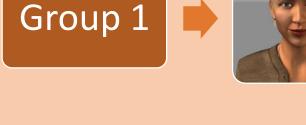
Dependent

Variable

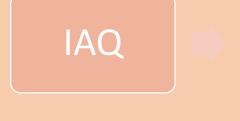
Comfort

# Within Subjects Design









IAQ





Half of the participants (Group 1) were randomly assigned into condition F (female embodied conversational agent talking with a human person), fill-up Interactive assessment questionnaire (IAQ), condition M (male embodied conversational agent talking with a human person), lastly, IAQ fill-up. Participants were counterbalanced based on conditions.

engaging\_M

engaging\_F

# Conclusion



People not only liked feminine voice but also feminine physical appearance.

Men and Women generally prefer female agent over male agent.

#### **Future Plan**



Transgender participants



Androgynous ECA (differing voices)



# **Quantitative Research Method**

Two way 2 (ECAs gender: male or female) \*2 (participant's gender: male, female) mixed ANOVA with repeated measures

Participants' gender had a significant effect on rating ECAs engaging, F(1,68) = 8.814, p=.004, np2 = .115. Both male and female participants rated ECAs differently, f(1,68)=16.48, p<.001, np2 = .195.

3.00-2.80-2.60-2.40-3.11 3.17 3.17 3.17 Femal Male

2.80-2.80-2.60-2.60-

comfortable M

Participants found female ECA more engaging, F(1,68)=.878, p=.352, np2=.013 and comfortable, F(1,68)=2.406, p=.126, np2=.034 than male ECA in the conversation.

### References

[1] Yalcin, N., and DiPaola, S. 2018. A computational model of empathy for interactive agents.

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[2] Yalçın, Ö. N., and DiPaola, S. 2019a. M-path: a conversational system for the empathic virtual agent.

In Biologically Inspired Cognitive Architectures Meeting, 597–607. Springer

[3] Yalçın, Ö. N. 2019. Evaluating empathy in artificial agents. arXiv preprint arXiv:1908.05341.

[4] Yalçın, Ö. N. 2020. Empathy framework for embodied conversational agents. *Cognitive Systems Research* 59:123–132.

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comfortable F

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