



Feb 2022, IPT Course
Introduction to Spring 5

Introduction to Spring Framework

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About me



Trayan Iliev

- CEO of IPT – Intellectual Products & Technologies
- Oracle® certified programmer 15+ Y
- end-to-end reactive fullstack apps with Java, ES6/7, TypeScript, Angular, React and Vue.js
- 12+ years IT trainer
- Voxxed Days, jPrime, jProfessionals, BGOUG, BGJUG, DEV.BG speaker
- Organizer RoboLearn hackathons and IoT enthusiast (<http://robolearn.org>)

What Will You Learn in the Course?

- ❖ Component-based architecture, Inversion of Control (IoC) principle, and Dependency Injection (DI) pattern
- ❖ Novelties in Spring Framework 5 and Java 8 & 9
- ❖ Use Spring Boot 2 to rapidly develop Spring applications
- ❖ Develop/secure Spring-based web applications and services using Spring MVC, WebSocket, and Spring Security
- ❖ Manage data with SQL (PostgreSQL) and NoSQL (Mongo) databases with Spring Data: JDBC, Hibernate & JPA
- ❖ Develop reactive REST services with Spring WebFlux
- ❖ Test Spring applications using JUnit 5, Spring MVC Test, WebTestClient, TestContext, and Mock objects

Where to Find the Demo Code?

Introduction to Spring 5 demos and examples are available @ GitHub:

<https://github.com/iproduct/course-spring5>

Agenda for This Session

- ❖ Introduction to Spring
- ❖ Evolution of Spring framework
- ❖ Main features
- ❖ Spring main modules
- ❖ Introduction to Maven and Gradle
- ❖ Building a HelloSpring application using XML and annotation-based configurations
- ❖ Introduction to Spring Boot 2.0 – building *HelloSpringMVC* & *HelloSpringWebFlux* simple web applications using *spring-boot-starter-web* & *spring-boot-starter-webflux*
- ❖ Going reactive with *WebFlux* and *Spring Reactor* – intro

Why Spring?

- ❖ The origin of Spring Framework: **Expert One-on-One: J2EE Design and Development** by Rod Johnson (Wrox, 2002)
- ❖ For more than 15 years Spring has become a **major Java enterprise development framework**
- ❖ A lot of projects, features, and great community support
- ❖ Supports different **application architectures**, including **messaging, transactional data, persistence, and web**
- ❖ Out of the box support for **Java 9 modules** in Spring 5
- ❖ Integrates carefully selected **Java EE specifications**
- ❖ Spring 5 baseline: **Java 8 & JavaEE 7** (Servlet 3.1, JPA 2.1)

Java EE Specs Supported by Spring

- ❖ Servlet API (JSR 340)
- ❖ WebSocket API (JSR 356)
- ❖ Concurrency Utilities (JSR 236)
- ❖ JSON Binding API (JSR 367)
- ❖ Bean Validation (JSR 303)
- ❖ JPA (JSR 338)
- ❖ JMS (JSR 914)
- ❖ JTA/JCA transaction coordination
- ❖ Dependency Injection (JSR 330)
- ❖ Common Annotations (JSR 250)

Which Problems Spring Addresses?

- ❖ Scalability and modularity
- ❖ Boiler plate code – using templates (JdbcTemplate, HibernateTemplate) and aspects (advises)
- ❖ Handling non-functional requirements – transactions, load scaling, security, logging, testability, maintainability, etc.
- ❖ Unit testing and integration testing
- ❖ Complex frameworks/application servers – POJO vs. EJB
- ❖ Code coupling – interfaces + Dependency Injection (DI)
- ❖ Separating What? From How? - declarative programming using XML config files, annotations & functional composition

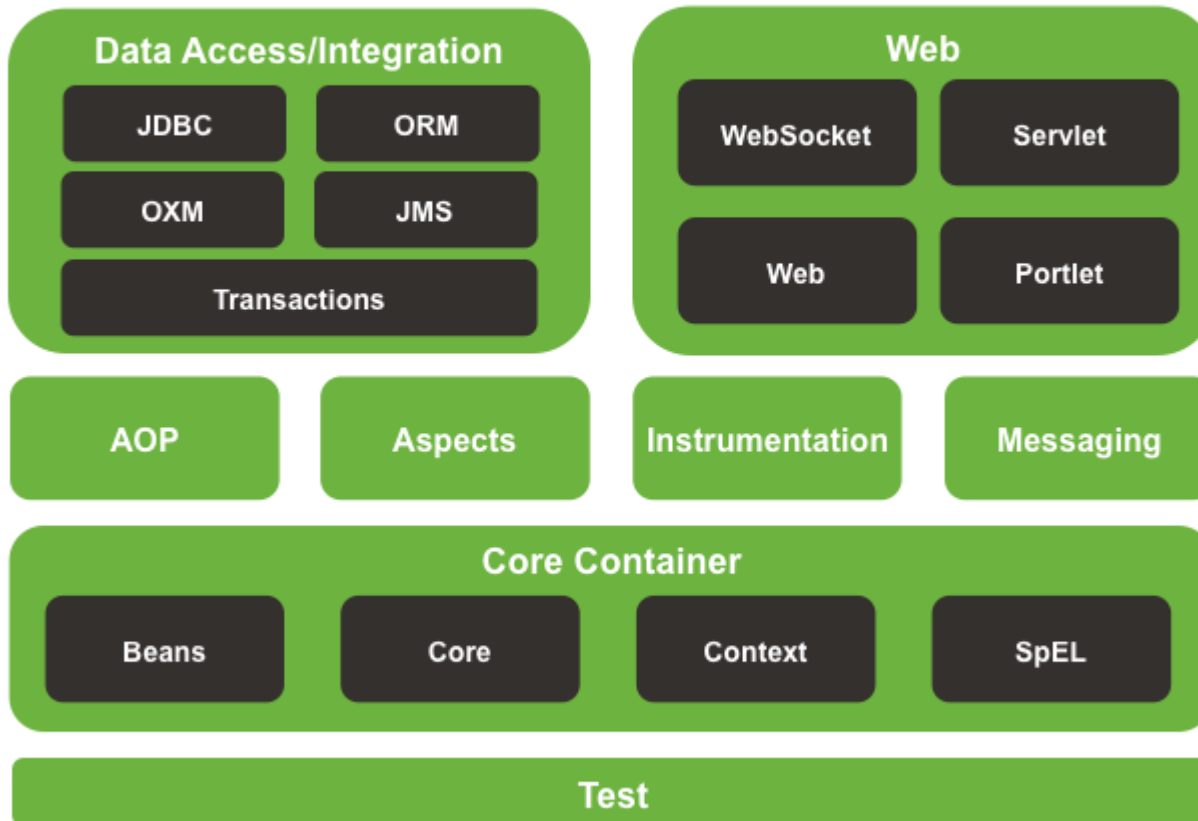
Spring Framework Main Features

- ❖ **Core technologies** – dependency injection, events, resources, i18n, validation, data binding, type conversion, SpEL, AOP.
- ❖ **Testing** – mock objects, TestContext framework, Spring MVC Test, WebTestClient.
- ❖ **Data Access** – transactions, DAO support, JDBC, ORM, Marshalling XML.
- ❖ **Spring MVC** and **Spring WebFlux** web frameworks
- ❖ **Integration** – remoting, JMS, JCA, JMX, email, tasks, scheduling, cache.
- ❖ **Languages** – Kotlin, Groovy, dynamic languages.

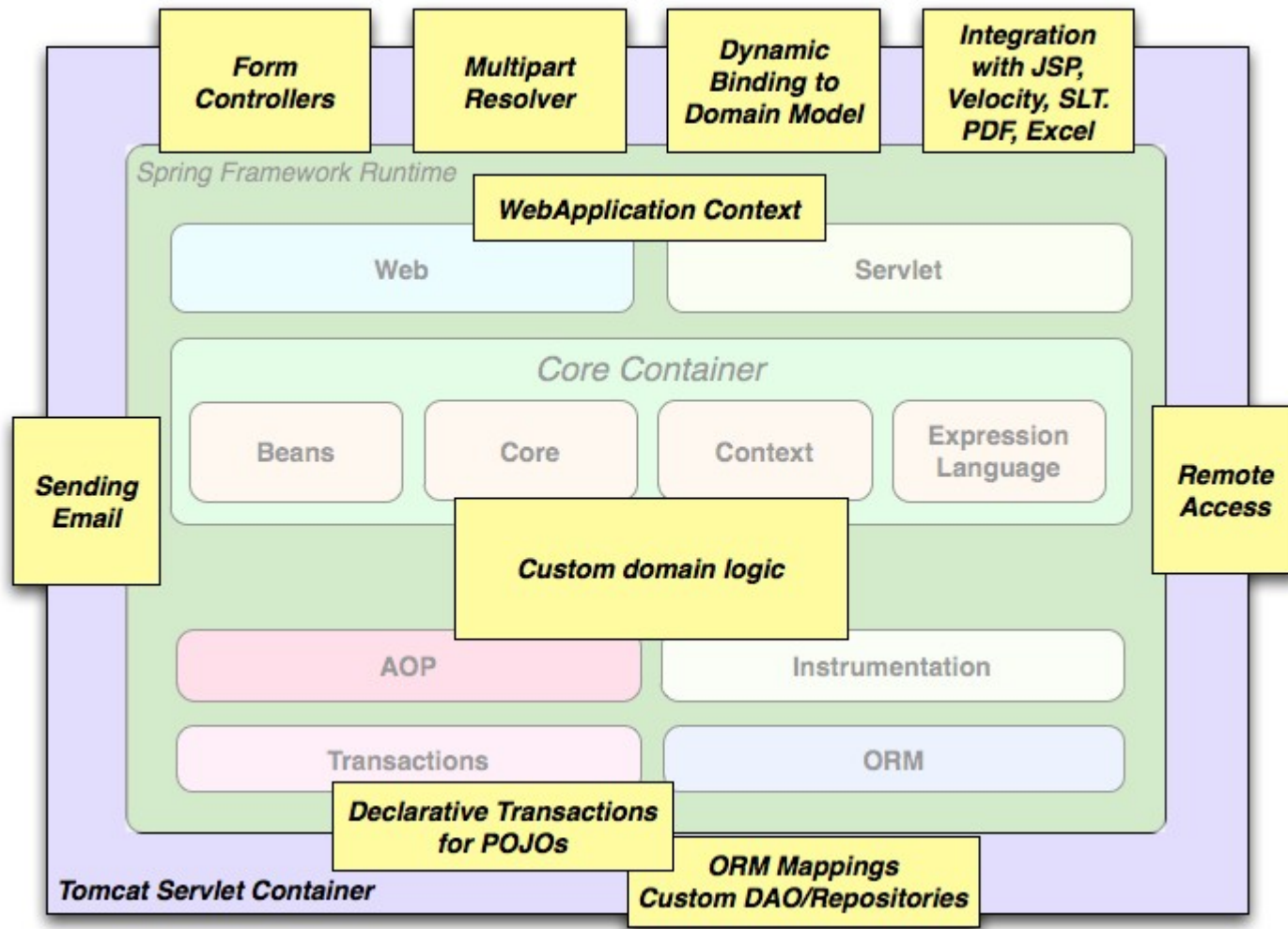
Spring Framework 4.2 Main Modules



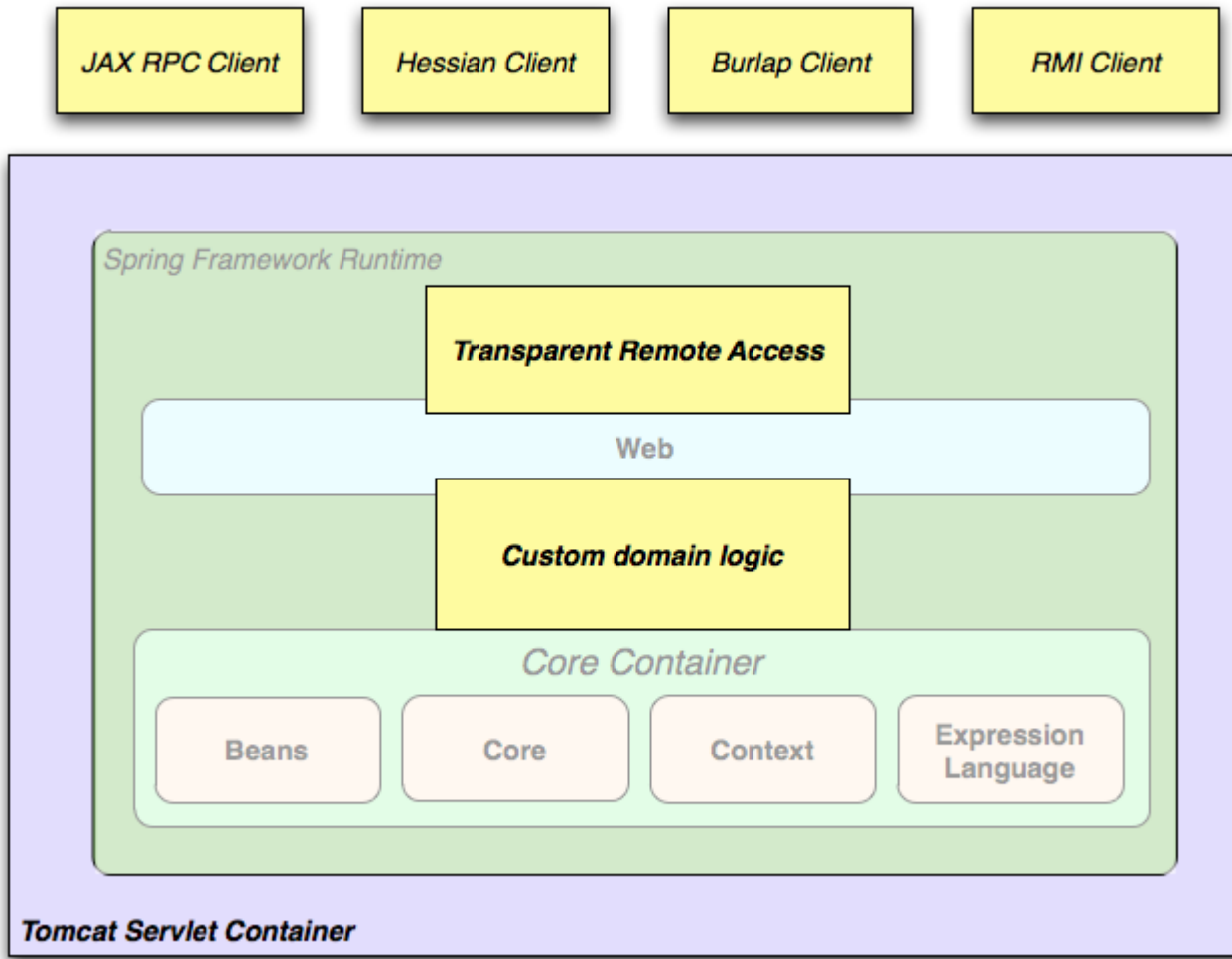
Spring Framework Runtime



Fully Fledged Spring Web Application



Remoting Application



Spring 5 Framework Modules

Spring Boot 2.0

**Web Servlet: Spring MVC,
WebSocket, SockJS, STOMP**

**Web Reactive: Spring WebFlux,
WebClient, WebSocket**

**Data Access: Transactions,
DAO support, JDBC, ORM, OXM**

**Integration: Remoting, JMS, JCA, JMX,
Email, Tasks, Scheduling, Cache**

**Spring Core: IoC container and beans, Events, Resources, i18n,
Validation, Data Binding, Type Conversion, SpEL, AOP**

Spring Testing: Mock objects, TestContext, MVC Test, WebTestClient

Evolution of Spring Framework - I

- ❖ **Spring 1.x** – Spring Core, Spring Context, Spring DAO, Spring ORM, Spring AOP, Spring Web, Spring WebMVC
- ❖ **Spring 2.x (2006)** – declarative transactions, @AspectJ, JPA, JMS, MVC form tags, Portlet MVC, Acegi Security
- ❖ **Spring 2.5 (2007)** – @Autowired, JSR-250(@Resource, @PostConstruct, @PreDestroy), stereotype annotations (@Component, @Repository, @Service, @Controller), automatic classpath scanning, AOP updates, TestContext
- ❖ **Spring 3.x (2009)** – Java-based @Configuration model, Spring Expression Language (SpEL), JSR-303:Bean Validation, REST
- ❖ **Spring 3.1.x (2009)** – WebApplicationInitializer, @Cacheable, @Profile, @EnableTransactionManagement..., c: namespace

Evolution of Spring Framework - II

- ❖ **Spring 4.x (2013, Pivotal)** – Java 8, Spring Boot, WebSocket, SockJS, and STOMP messaging, composed annotations, improvements in the core container, CORS, Hibernate 5.0, Spring IO, Spring XD
- ❖ **Spring 5.x (2017)** – JDK 9, Junit 5, XML configuration namespaces streamlined to unversioned schemas, Protobuf 3.0, Java EE7 API level required in Servlet 3.1, Bean Validation 1.1, JPA 2.1, JMS 2.0. Tomcat 8.5+, Jetty 9.4+, Wildfly 10+, Reactor, WebFlux, Spring Vault, Spring Cloud Stream, Micrometer

Spring Design Philosophy

- ❖ Provide choice at every level. Spring lets you defer design decisions as late as possible – e.g. persistence providers, infrastructure, third-party APIs
- ❖ Accommodate diverse perspectives – not opinionated
- ❖ Maintain strong backward compatibility
- ❖ Care about API design – intuitive APIs
- ❖ Code quality – high standards, meaningful, current, and accurate javadoc, clean code structure with no circular dependencies between packages.

Top New Features in Spring 5

- ❖ Reactive Programming Model
- ❖ Spring Web Flux – takes advantage of multi-core processors, handles massive number of connections
- ❖ Reactive DB repositories & integrations + hot event streaming: MongoDB, CouchDB, Redis, Cassandra, Kafka
- ❖ JDK 8+ and Java EE 7+ baseline
- ❖ Testing improvements – WebTestClient (based on reactive WebFlux WebClient)
- ❖ Kotlin functional DSL

Spring 5 Web Application Building Blocks

Spring Boot 2.0



Project Reactor

Servlet Stack
(one request per thread)

Reactive Stack
(async IO)

Every JEE Servlet Container
(tomcat, jetty, undertow, ...)

Nonblocking NIO Runtimes
(Netty, Servlet 3.1 Containers)

Spring Security

Spring Security Reactive

Spring MVC

Spring WebFlux

Spring Data Repositories
JDBC, JPA, NoSQL

Spring Data Reactive Repositories
Mongo, Cassandra, Redis, Couchbase

Maven Dependency Management

- ❖ Apache Maven – <https://spring.io/guides/gs/maven/>
- ❖ Common arguments: **mvn compile**, **mvn package**, **mvn install**, **mvn clean** **deploy** **site-deploy**
- ❖ Example configuration:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0
    http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd">
  <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
  <groupId>org.iproduct.spring</groupId>
  <artifactId>01-introduction-maven</artifactId>
  <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
```

Maven Configuration (continued)

```
<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
    <version>5.0.5.RELEASE</version>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>

<repositories>
  <repository>
    <id>io.spring.repo.maven.release</id>
    <url>http://repo.spring.io/release/</url>
    <snapshots>
      <enabled>false</enabled>
    </snapshots>
  </repository>
</repositories>
```

Maven Configuration (continued)

```
<build>
  <plugins>
    <plugin>
      <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
      <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
      <configuration>
        <source>9</source>
        <target>9</target>
      </configuration>
    </plugin>
  </plugins>
</build>

</project>
```

Maven Configuration (enhanced)

```
<dependencyManagement>
  <dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
      <artifactId>spring-framework-bom</artifactId>
      <version>5.0.5.RELEASE</version>
      <type>pom</type>
      <scope>import</scope>
    </dependency>
  </dependencies>
</dependencyManagement>

<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

Gradle Dependency Management

- ❖ Gradle – <https://spring.io/guides/gs/gradle/>
- ❖ Init new project/ convert existing from Maven: **gradle init**
- ❖ Build project: **gradle build**
- ❖ Build project: **gradle run**
- ❖ Example configuration:

```
group 'org.iproduct.spring'  
version '1.0-SNAPSHOT'  
plugins {  
    id 'java'  
    id 'application'  
}  
mainClassName='course.spring.coredemo.SpringAnnotationConfigDI'  
sourceCompatibility = 11
```


Gradle Configuration (continued)

```
task runApp(type : JavaExec ) {  
    classpath = sourceSets.main.runtimeClasspath  
    main = 'course.spring.coredemo.SpringAnnotationConfigDI'  
}  
  
repositories {  
    mavenLocal()  
    mavenCentral()  
    maven { url "https://repo.spring.io/snapshot" }  
    maven { url "https://repo.spring.io/milestone" }  
}  
  
dependencies {  
    implementation group: 'org.springframework',  
                   name: 'spring-context', version: '5.3.7'  
    testImplementation group: 'junit',  
                      name: 'junit', version: '4.12'  
}
```

Making Projects Easy: Spring Boot 2

The screenshot shows the Spring Initializr web application in a browser. The browser's address bar shows 'start.spring.io'. The page has a sidebar with a hamburger menu and a 'spring initializr' logo. The main content area is divided into sections for Project, Language, Spring Boot, Project Metadata, and Dependencies. The Project section has radio buttons for Maven Project, Gradle Project (selected), and Language has radio buttons for Java (selected), Kotlin, and Groovy. The Spring Boot section has radio buttons for versions 2.6.0 (SNAPSHOT), 2.5.3 (SNAPSHOT), 2.5.2 (selected), and 2.4.9 (SNAPSHOT). The Project Metadata section has input fields for Group (course.spring), Artifact (02-blogs-api-lab14), Name (02-blogs-api-lab14), Description (Demo project for Spring Boot, Spring MVC, Spring Data, Spring Security), and Package name (course.spring.blogs). The Packaging section has radio buttons for Jar (selected) and War. The Java section has radio buttons for versions 16, 11 (selected), and 8. The Dependencies section lists several dependencies with 'DEVELOPER TOOLS' or 'WEB' or 'SQL' or 'OPS' tags: Spring Boot DevTools, Lombok, Spring Web, Spring Boot Actuator, Spring Data JPA, and PostgreSQL Driver. At the bottom, there are buttons for GENERATE (CTRL + G), EXPLORE (CTRL + SPACE), and SHARE... The browser's taskbar at the bottom shows various application icons and the system clock indicating 16:09 on 7.7.2021.

Project

☐ Maven Project ☒ Gradle Project

Language

☒ Java ☐ Kotlin ☐ Groovy

Spring Boot

☐ 2.6.0 (SNAPSHOT) ☐ 2.5.3 (SNAPSHOT) ☒ 2.5.2 ☐ 2.4.9 (SNAPSHOT)

☐ 2.4.8 ☐ 2.3.12

Project Metadata

Group

Artifact

Name

Description

Package name

Packaging ☒ Jar ☐ War

Java ☐ 16 ☒ 11 ☐ 8

Dependencies

ADD DEPENDENCIES... CTRL + B

Spring Boot DevTools **DEVELOPER TOOLS**
Provides fast application restarts, LiveReload, and configurations for enhanced development experience.

Lombok **DEVELOPER TOOLS**
Java annotation library which helps to reduce boilerplate code.

Spring Web **WEB**
Build web, including RESTful, applications using Spring MVC. Uses Apache Tomcat as the default embedded container.

Spring Boot Actuator **OPS**
Supports built in (or custom) endpoints that let you monitor and manage your application - such as application health, metrics, sessions, etc.

Spring Data JPA **SQL**
Persist data in SQL stores with Java Persistence API using Spring Data and Hibernate.

PostgreSQL Driver **SQL**

GENERATE CTRL + G **EXPLORE CTRL + SPACE** **SHARE...**

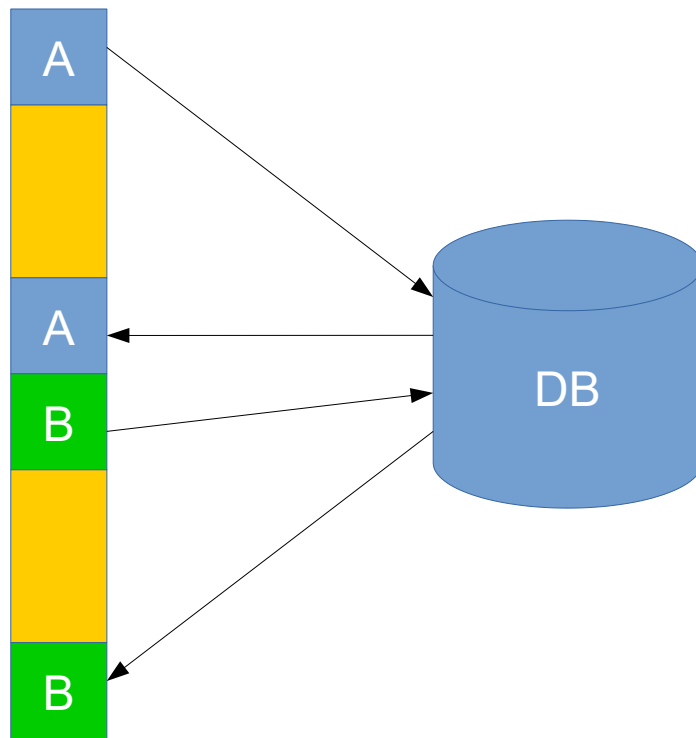
02-blogs-api-lab14.zip **Show all**

Tips & Tricks

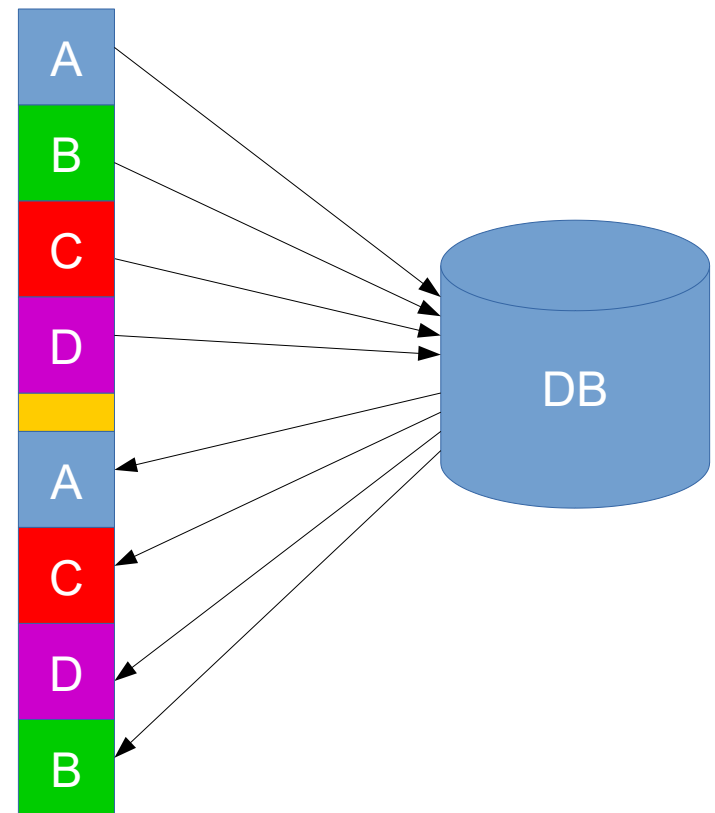
- ❖ In order to automatically create **/src** folder when creating new Gradle project with IntelliJ IDEA, check that the following option is enabled: *Settings / Build, Execution, Depolymnet / Gradle / Create directories for empty content roots automatically*
- ❖ If you use project Lombok and Lombok plugin in IntelliJ – don't forget to **enable Annotation processing** from: *Settings / Build, Execution, Deployment / Compiler / Annotation Processors*.
- ❖ Don't forget to add **Lombok plugin** from: *Settings/Plugins*

Synchronous vs. Asynchronous IO

Synchronous

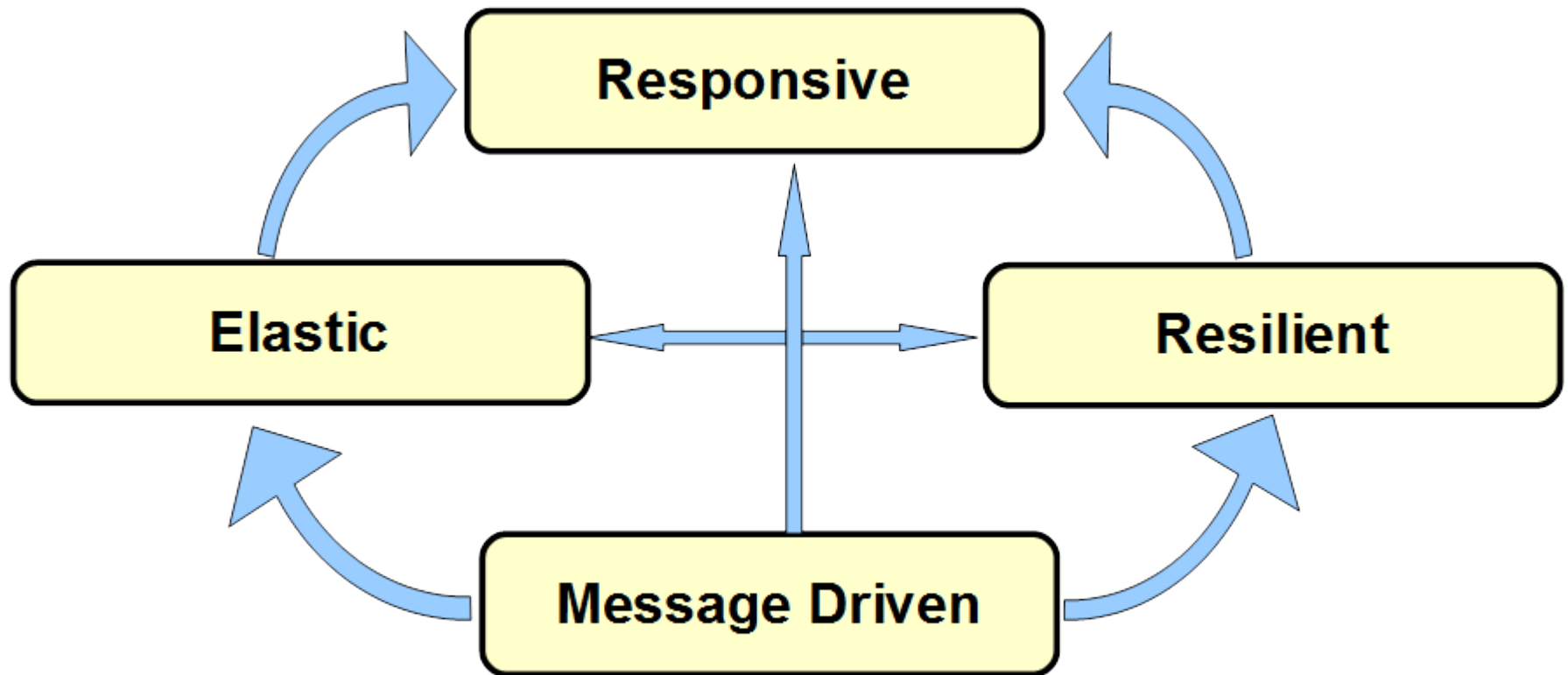


Asynchronous



Reactive Manifesto

[<http://www.reactivemaneifesto.org>]



Spring 5 WebFlux

@Controller, @RequestMapping

Router Functions

spring-webmvc

spring-webflux

Servlet API

HTTP / Reactive Streams

Servlet Container

Tomcat, Jetty, Netty, Undertow

Imperative and Reactive

❖ **Reactive Programming:** using static or dynamic data flows and propagation of change

Example: `a := b + c`

❖ **Functional Programming:** evaluation of mathematical functions,

➤ Avoids changing-state and mutable data, declarative programming

➤ Side effects free => much easier to understand and predict the program behavior.

Example: `books.stream().filter(book -> book.getYear() > 2010)
.forEach(System.out::println)`

Functional Reactive (FRP)

According to **Conal Elliot's** (ground-breaking paper @ Conference on Functional Programming, 1997), **FRP** is:

(a) **Denotative**

(b) **Temporally continuous**

FRP = Async Data Streams

❖ **FRP** is asynchronous data-flow programming using the building blocks of functional programming (e.g. map, reduce, filter) and explicitly modeling time

❖ Used for GUIs, robotics, and music. Example (RxJava):

```
Observable.from(  
    new String[]{"Reactive", "Extensions", "Java"})  
    .take(2).map(s -> s + " : on " + new Date())  
    .subscribe(s -> System.out.println(s));
```

Result:

Reactive : on Wed Jun 17 21:54:02 GMT+02:00 2015

Extensions : on Wed Jun 17 21:54:02 GMT+02:00 2015

Reactive Streams Spec.

- ❖ **Reactive Streams** – provides standard for **asynchronous stream processing** with non-blocking back pressure.
- ❖ Minimal set of interfaces, methods and protocols for asynchronous data streams
- ❖ April 30, 2015: has been released version 1.0.0 of **Reactive Streams for the JVM** (Java API, Specification, TCK and implementation examples)
- ❖ Java 9: **`java.util.concurrent.Flow`**

Reactive Streams Spec.

❖ **Publisher** – provider of potentially unbounded number of sequenced elements, according to Subscriber(s) demand.

`Publisher.subscribe(Subscriber) => onSubscribe onNext*
(onError | onComplete)?`

❖ **Subscriber** – calls **`Subscription.request(long)`** to receive notifications

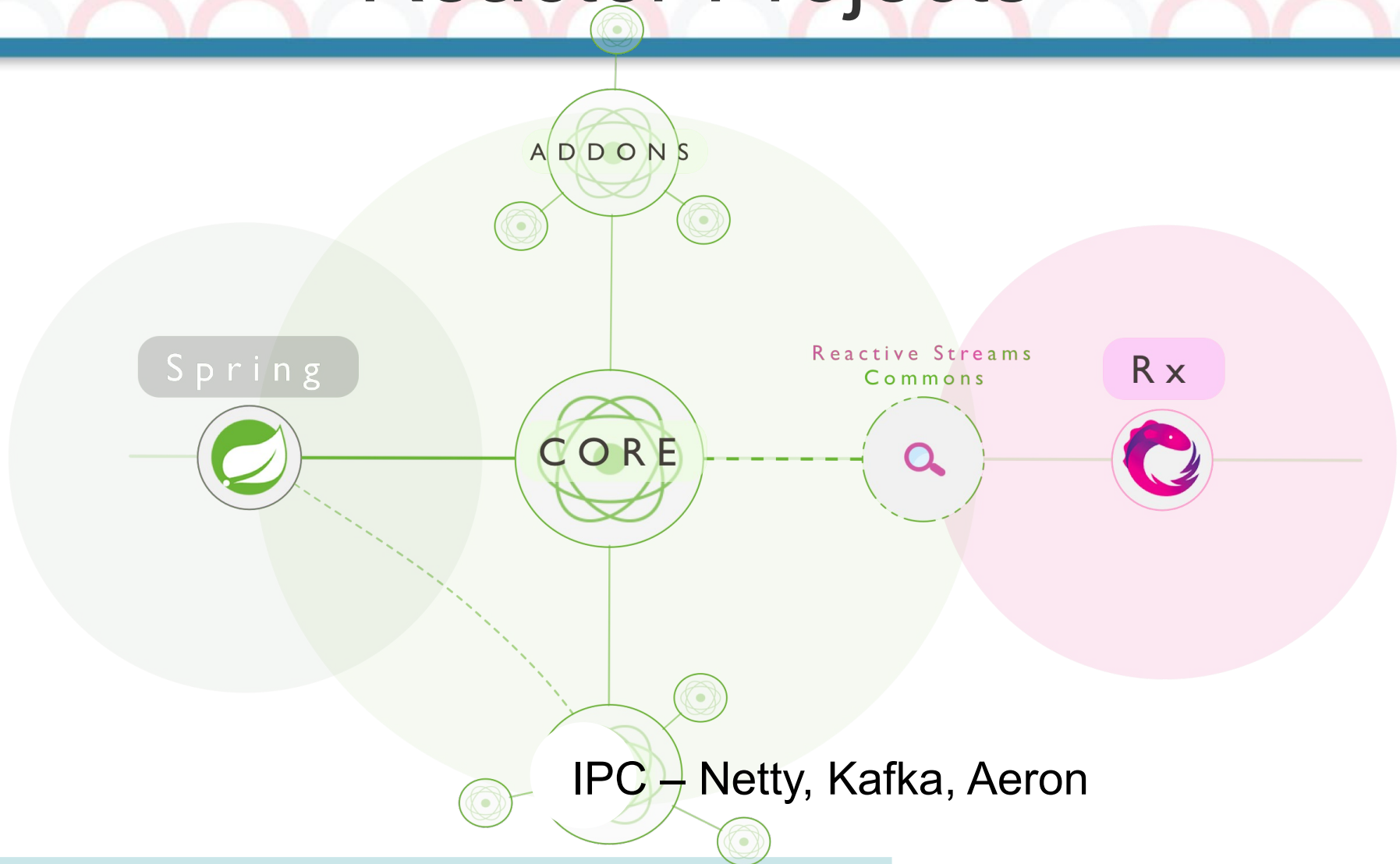
❖ **Subscription** – one-to-one **`Subscriber`** ↔ **`Publisher`**, request data and cancel demand (allow cleanup).

❖ **Processor** = **`Subscriber`** + **`Publisher`**

Project Reactor

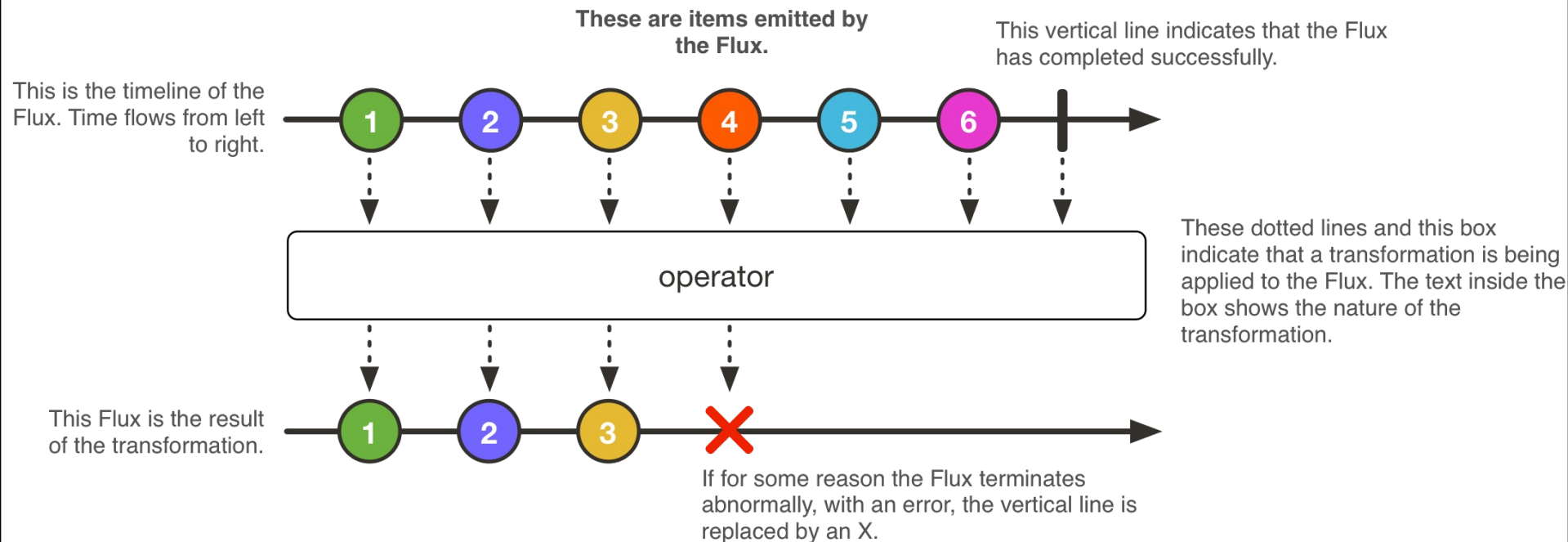
- ❖ Reactor project allows building **high-performance (low latency high throughput) non-blocking** asynchronous applications on JVM.
- ❖ Reactor is designed to be extraordinarily fast and can sustain throughput rates on order of **10's of millions of operations per second**.
- ❖ Reactor has powerful API for declaring **data transformations** and **functional composition**.
- ❖ Makes use of the concept of **Mechanical Sympathy** built on top of **Disruptor / RingBuffer**.

Reactor Projects

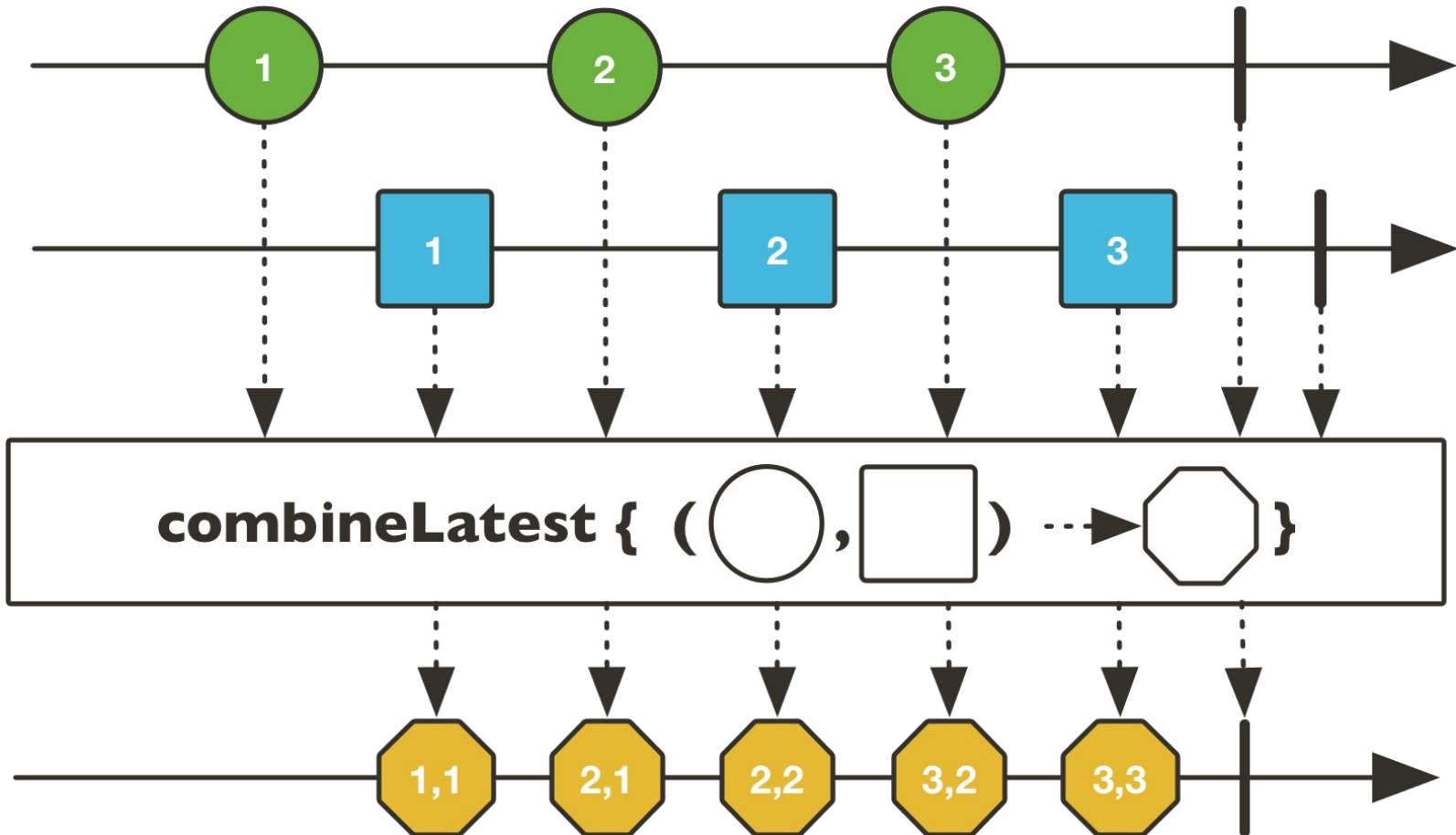


<https://github.com/reactor/reactor>, Apache Software License 2.0

Reactor Flux

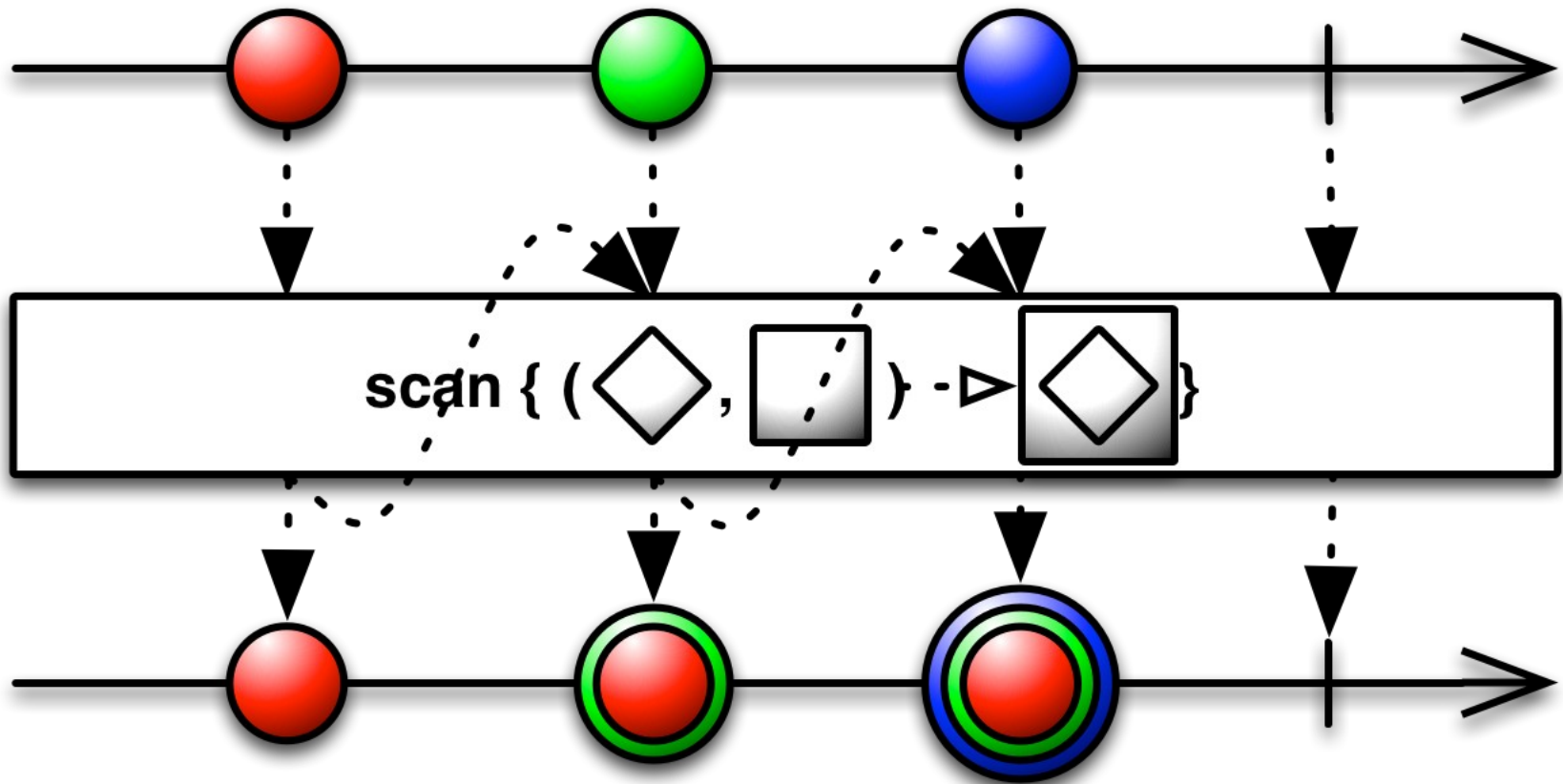


Example: Flux.combineLatest()



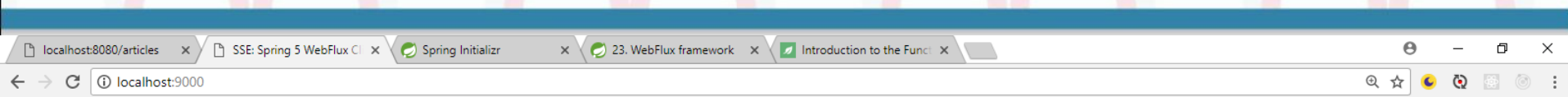
<https://projectreactor.io/core/docs/api/>, Apache Software License 2.0

Redux == Rx Scan Operator



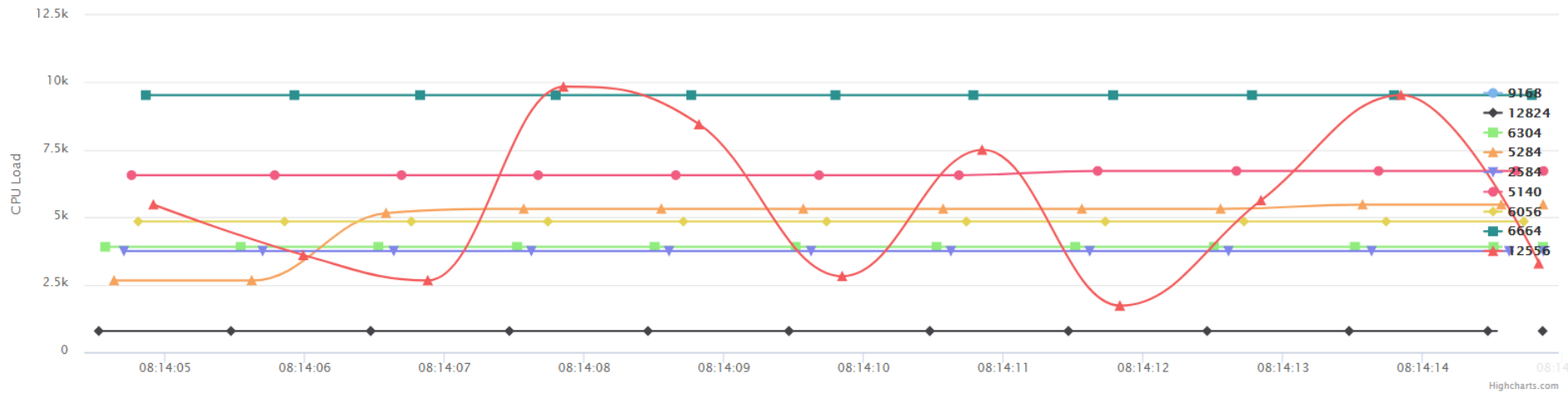
Source: RxJava 2 API documentation, <http://reactivex.io/RxJava/2.x/javadoc/>

Demo Time :)



SSE: Spring 5 WebFlux Client

Java Processes CPU Load



- PID: 9168 - C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition 2018.1\jre64\bin\java.exe
- PID: 12824 - C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\java.exe
- PID: 6304 - C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-9.0.1\bin\java.exe
- PID: 5284 - C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\java.exe
- PID: 2584 - C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\java.exe
- PID: 5140 - C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\java.exe
- PID: 6056 - C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_152\bin\java.exe
- PID: 6664 - C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-9.0.1\bin\java.exe
- PID: 12556 - C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-9.0.1\bin\java.exe

Thank's for Your Attention!



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**CEO of IPT – Intellectual Products
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