Welcome to utop version 1.14 (using OCaml version 4.01.0)!

Type #utop\_help for help about using utop.

```
utop # let inc x = x + 1;
val inc : int -> int = <fun>
utop # inc 4 ;;
-: int = 5
utop # let add x y = x + y;
val add : int -> int -> int = <fun>
                                _____{ counter: 0 }-
-( 15:37:18 )-< command 3 >----
utop # let add' = fun x \rightarrow (fun y \rightarrow x + y) ;;
val add' : int -> int -> int = <fun>
                                 _____{ counter: 0 }-
-( 15:37:23 )-< command 4 >----
utop # let power x y = if x = 0 then y else y * power x - 1 ;;
Error: Unbound value power
                               _____{{ counter: 0 }-
-( 15:38:22 )-< command 5 >----
utop # let power x y = if x = 0 then y else power x-1 y *. y ;;
Error: Unbound value power
utop # let rec power x y = if x = 0 then y else power x-1 y *. y ;;
Error: This expression has type 'a -> 'a but an expression was expected of type
     int
-( 15:48:12 )-< command 7 >---
                                  _____{ counter: 0 }-
utop # let rec power x y = if x = 0 then y else power (x-1) y *. y ;;
val power : int -> float -> float = <fun>
utop # power 3 3.0 ;;
- : float = 81.
-( 15:49:47 )-< command 9 >----
                              _____{ counter: 0 }-
utop # let rec power x y = if x = 0 then 1.0 else power (x-1) y *. y ;;
val power : int -> float -> float = <fun>
utop # power 3 3.0 ;;
- : float = 27.
utop # power 3 3.2 ::
- : float = 32.7680000000000078
utop # let cube x = power 3 x ;;
utop # cube 3.0;
-: float = 27.
```

```
utop # let cube = power 3 ;;
val cube : float -> float = <fun>
utop # cube 3.0;
-: float = 27.
utop # power ;;
- : int -> float -> float = <fun>
                ______{{ counter: 0 }-
-( 15:55:46 )-< command 17 >----
utop # let square = power 2 ;;
val square : float -> float = <fun>
utop # square 4 ;;
Error: This expression has type int but an expression was expected of type
utop # square 4.0 ;;
-: float = 16.
utop # let x
 = 3 + 6
 * 7 ;;
val x : int = 45
utop # and ;;
Error: Syntax error
utop # (&&) ;;
- : bool -> bool -> bool = <fun>
utop # true && false ::
- : bool = false
utop # #use "gcd.ml";;
val gcd : int -> int -> int = <fun>
utop # gcd 4 10 ;;
-: int = 2
utop # gcd 1 10
;;
-: int = 1
utop #
```