Lab

affiliate

Fame



Callback and Promises quiz

23 out of 30 correct

l. Wł	nat is a JavaScript callback function?
\bigcirc	A function that is called when a web page is loaded.
\bigcirc	A function that is executed immediately after it is defined.
	A function that is passed as an argument to another function and is executed when that function completes.
\bigcirc	A function that is used to display a message to the user.
2. W	hich of the following is an example of a callback function in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	document.getElementById('example').innerHTML = "Hello World";
	setInterval(function() { alert("Hello"); }, 1000);
\bigcirc	function add(a, b) { return a + b; }
\bigcirc	console.log("Hello World");
3. W	hat is the purpose of a callback function in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	To execute a function immediately.
	To pass a function as an argument to another function.
\bigcirc	To display a message to the user.



To create a loop in the code

4. C	an a callback function be asynchronous in JavaScript?
	Yes, a callback function can be asynchronous.
\bigcirc	No, a callback function cannot be asynchronous.
\bigcirc	It depends on the web browser being used.
\bigcirc	It depends on the size of the function being called.
	hat is the difference between a synchronous and asynchronous callback inction in JavaScript?
0	A synchronous callback function is executed immediately, while an asynchronous callback function is executed after a certain amount of time has passed.
0	A synchronous callback function is executed in a single thread, while an asynchronous callback function is executed in a separate thread.
	A synchronous callback function is executed in the order it is defined, while an asynchronous callback function is executed after all synchronous code has been completed.
\circ	There is no difference between synchronous and asynchronous callback functions.
6. v	Vhat is a common use case for a callback function in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	Animating web page elements.
\bigcirc	Displaying messages to the user.
\bigcirc	Handling user input.
	Making asynchronous requests to a server.
7 w	/hat is a Promise constructor in JavaScript?

A method that is used to create a new Promise object.

\bigcirc	A function that is used to execute a task asynchronously.
\bigcirc	A method that is used to catch errors in JavaScript code.
\bigcirc	A function that is used to create a new Promise prototype.
8. W	hich of the following is a method used with Promise objects in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	.then()
\bigcirc	.catch()
\bigcirc	.finally()
	All of the above
	hat is the purpose of the .then() method in the Promise constructor in avaScript?
	To handle successful Promise resolutions.
\bigcirc	To handle Promise rejections.
\bigcirc	To handle both successful Promise resolutions and rejections.
\bigcirc	To create a new Promise object.
	What is the purpose of the .catch() method in the Promise constructor in avaScript?
\bigcirc	To handle successful Promise resolutions.
	To handle Promise rejections.
\bigcirc	To handle both successful Promise resolutions and rejections.
	To create a new Promise object.

	nat is the purpose of the .finally() method in the Promise constructor in vaScript?
\bigcirc	To handle successful Promise resolutions.
\bigcirc	To handle Promise rejections.
\bigcirc	To handle both successful Promise resolutions and rejections.
	To execute code after either a successful Promise resolution or rejection.
	/hich of the following statements is true regarding Promise objects in avaScript?
\bigcirc	A Promise object can be in one of three states: pending, fulfilled, or rejected.
\bigcirc	A Promise object can be in one of two states: fulfilled or rejected.
	A Promise object can be in one of four states: initializing, processing, resolved, or rejected.
\bigcirc	A Promise object can only be in a single state at any given time.
	hich of the following statements is true regarding the execution order of omise methods in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	The .then() method is always executed before the .catch() method.
\bigcirc	The .catch() method is always executed before the .then() method.
	The order of execution depends on whether the Promise is resolved or rejected.
\bigcirc	The order of execution depends on the size of the Promise object.
14. W	hat is a common use case for the Promise constructor in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	Handling user input in web forms.

\bigcirc	Animating web page elements.
	Making asynchronous requests to a server.
\bigcirc	Displaying messages to the user.
15. v	Vhat is the purpose of async/await in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	To make code execution faster.
\bigcirc	To handle errors in JavaScript code.
	To write asynchronous code that looks and behaves like synchronous code.
\bigcirc	To create new JavaScript objects.
	Which of the following keywords is used to mark a function as an async unction in JavaScript?
	async
\bigcirc	await
\bigcirc	promise
\bigcirc	function
	/hich of the following keywords is used to wait for a Promise to resolve in async function in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	async
	await
\bigcirc	promise
\bigcirc	function

18. Which of the following statements is true about async functions in JavaScript?

	Async functions always return a Promise.
\bigcirc	Async functions never return a value.
\bigcirc	Async functions can only be called from within other async functions.
\bigcirc	Async functions always execute synchronously.
	What is the purpose of try/catch blocks in async/await functions in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	To handle successful Promise resolutions.
\bigcirc	To handle Promise rejections.
	To handle both successful Promise resolutions and rejections.
\bigcirc	To create new Promise objects.
	Which of the following statements is true regarding the order of execution in async/await functions in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	All code in an async function executes asynchronously.
	The code in an async function executes synchronously until an await keyword is encountered.
\bigcirc	The order of execution depends on the size of the async/await function.
0	The order of execution depends on the value returned by the async/await function.
	Which of the following is true about error handling in async/await functions n JavaScript?
	Errors in async/await functions must always be handled using try/catch blocks.
\bigcirc	Errors in async/await functions can only be handled using the .catch() method.

0	Errors in async/await functions can be handled using try/catch blocks or the .catch() method.
	Errors in async/await functions do not need to be handled.
22.	Which of the following is an advantage of using async/await over Promises in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	Async/await is more efficient than Promises.
	Async/await is easier to understand and write than Promises.
\bigcirc	Async/await is less flexible than Promises.
	Async/await is less commonly used than Promises.
23.	What is the purpose of the fetch() method in JavaScript?
	To make HTTP requests and handle responses.
\bigcirc	To access and manipulate DOM elements.
\bigcirc	To create and manipulate new JavaScript objects.
\bigcirc	To write asynchronous code that looks and behaves like synchronous code.
24.	What does the fetch() method return when a request is made?
\bigcirc	A string
	An object
\bigcirc	A Promise
	A boolean
25.	What is the format of a fetch() response in JavaScript?
	A resolved Promise with a response object.

\bigcirc	A rejected Promise with an error object.
\bigcirc	A string with the response data.
	An object with a status code and response data.
26.	Which of the following is a valid way to handle a fetch() response in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	Using the .then() method on the Promise returned by fetch().
	Using the .catch() method on the Promise returned by fetch().
\bigcirc	Using async/await syntax.
\bigcirc	All of the above.
27.	What is the purpose of the async keyword in JavaScript?
	To define a function as asynchronous.
\bigcirc	To define a function as synchronous.
\bigcirc	To define a variable as asynchronous.
\bigcirc	None of the above.
28.	Can async/await be used with synchronous functions in JavaScript?
\bigcirc	Yes, async/await can be used with synchronous functions.
	No, async/await can only be used with asynchronous functions.
\bigcirc	It depends on the version of JavaScript being used.
\bigcirc	None of the above.

29. How do you handle errors with async/await in JavaScript?

\bigcirc	Using the trycatch statement.
\bigcirc	Using the .catch() method on the Promise returned by the asynchronous function.
	Both a) and b).
\bigcirc	Neither a) nor b).
	s it possible to use multiple await statements in a single async function in avaScript?
	Yes, multiple await statements can be used in a single async function.
\bigcirc	No, only one await statement can be used in a single async function.
\bigcirc	It depends on the specific use case.
\bigcirc	None of the above.

Submit