

# The Developer's Journey : Skills, Salary & Satisfaction Trends

**ALI JAHANGIR**

**2025-02-24**



© IBM Corporation. All rights reserved.

# OUTLINE

---



- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
  - Visualization – Charts
  - Dashboard
- Discussion
  - Findings & Implications
- Conclusion
- Appendix



# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

---



- **Top programming languages in demand:**
  - JavaScript, HTML/CSS, Python, C#/PHP/Go, C ,Kotlin , Dart ,VB
- **Top database skills in demand:**
  - My SQL, Microsoft SQL Server , SQLite, MongoDB ,Redis
- **Popular platforms:**
  - AWS, Google Cloud, OCI, Digital Ocean, Firebase
- **Popular Web Frames:**
  - Nodejs ,Next js ,Angular/Angular.js, React.js, ASP.NET, Express
- **Future Technology Trend:**
  - Python takes the third row, followed by SQL and TypeScript
  - Redis and Elasticsearch also place in Top 5
  - Android is in the Top 5 demanded platforms, the rest remains
  - React.js takes the first row and Vue.js is the latest addition as the last



# INTRODUCTION

---



- In the realm of programming and technology, several key trends have emerged in recent years.
- These insights shed light on the evolving landscape of programming languages, web frameworks, and the demographics of professional developers.
- **Stack Overflow** conducts an inclusive survey of individuals engaged in coding globally.
- Covering a wide array of topics from preferred technologies to career aspirations, 2019 marks the 9th consecutive year of survey publication.
- Nearly 90,000 developers participated in the 20-minute survey in 2019 Survey.
- Let's explore some of the notable findings.



# METHODOLOGY

---



- Data is based on the survey conducted **by Stack Overflow** from January 23 to February 14 and involved **88,883 software developers** from **186 countries**.
- Familiarization with this dataset was achieved through completing **IBM** labs on **Coursera**, which encompassed topics such as Web Scraping, Dataset Exploration, Data Wrangling, Exploratory Data Analysis, and Data Visualization.
- Data analysis and visualization was conducted via **IBM Cognos Analytics**.



# RESULTS

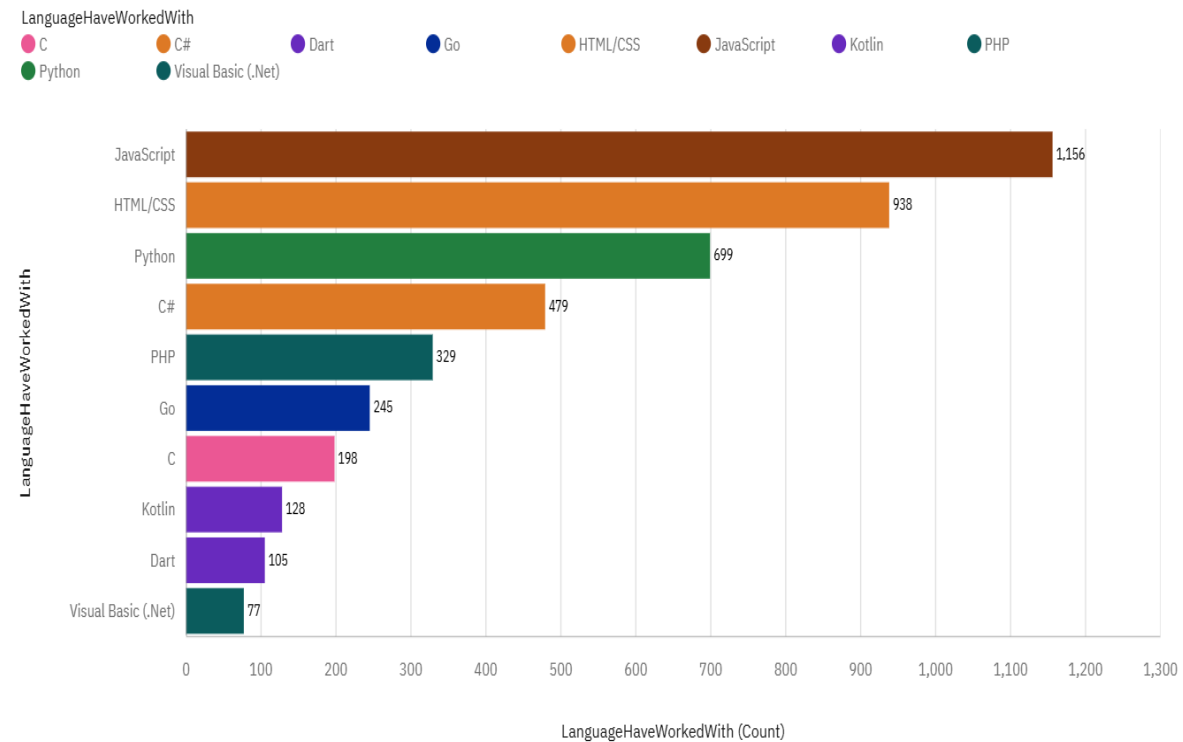
---

- **JavaScript** remains the most used programming language.
- **Python** overtakes **C#**, becoming the **3rd** most preferred language with significant growth. It stands as the fastest growing major programming language.
- **Nodejs** is the most widely used among web frameworks, with **jQuery** surpassing **Nextjs** in developer usage this year.
- Globally, **men represent** approximately **90% of respondents**, with higher female representation among students than professional developers in regions like the US, India, and the UK.
- Around **3/4** of professional developers globally hold at least a **bachelor's degree**, aligning with past findings.
- **3/4** of survey respondents in professional developer roles are **under 35 years old**.

# PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE TRENDS

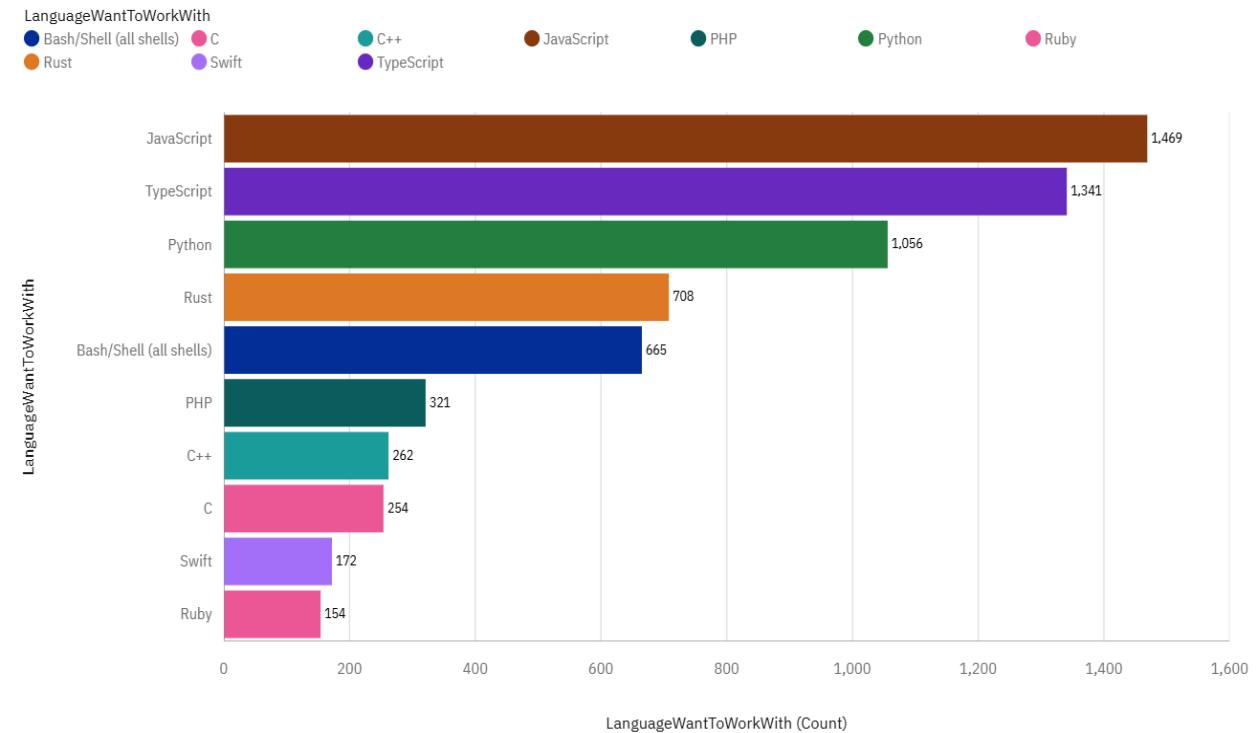
## Current Year

Top 10 LanguageHaveWorkedWith



## Next Year

Top 10 LanguageWantToWorkWith



# PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE TRENDS - FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

---

## Findings

- **JavaScript leads** with 1,156 current users and grows to 1,449 next year, remaining the top language.
- **Python's popularity** rises from 699 current users to 1,066 next year, driven by data science demand.
- **Rust** and **TypeScript** gain interest, with 708 and 1,341 developers wanting to use them next year for performance and type safety.

## Implications

- **Companies** should prioritize **JavaScript** and **Python** training to stay competitive in web and data projects.
- Rising interest in **Rust** and **TypeScript** may shape future software designs favoring performance and safety.
- Developers and educators need to focus on **Rust** and **TypeScript** to align with emerging industry needs.

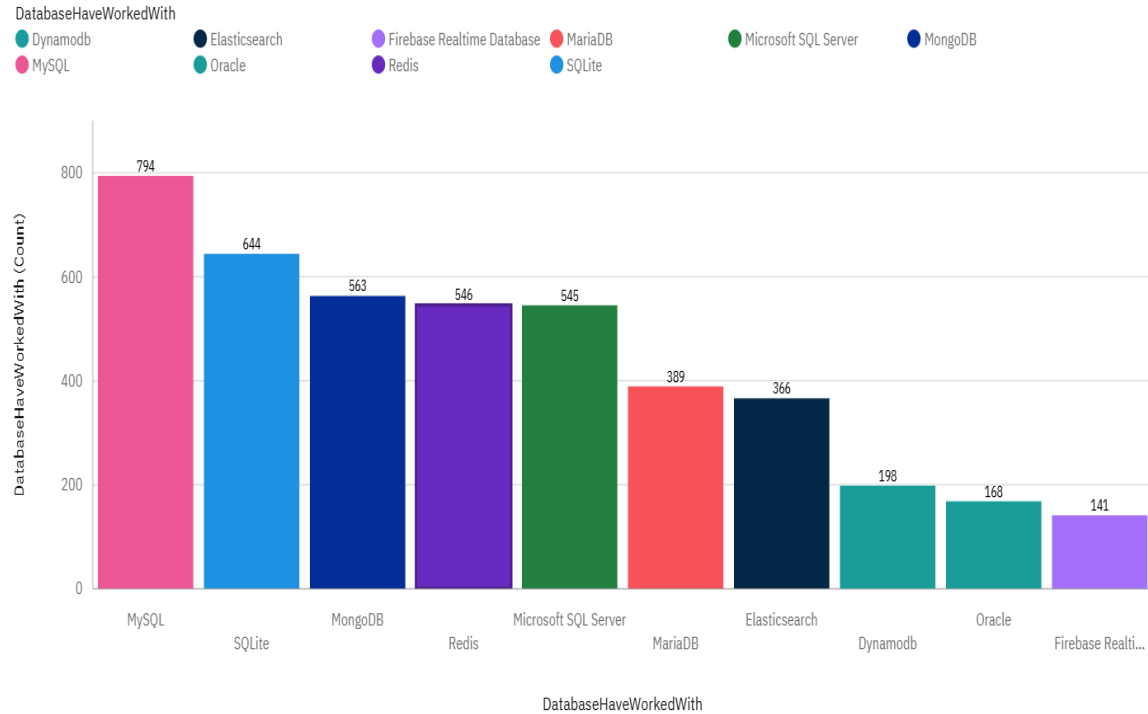




# DATABASE TRENDS

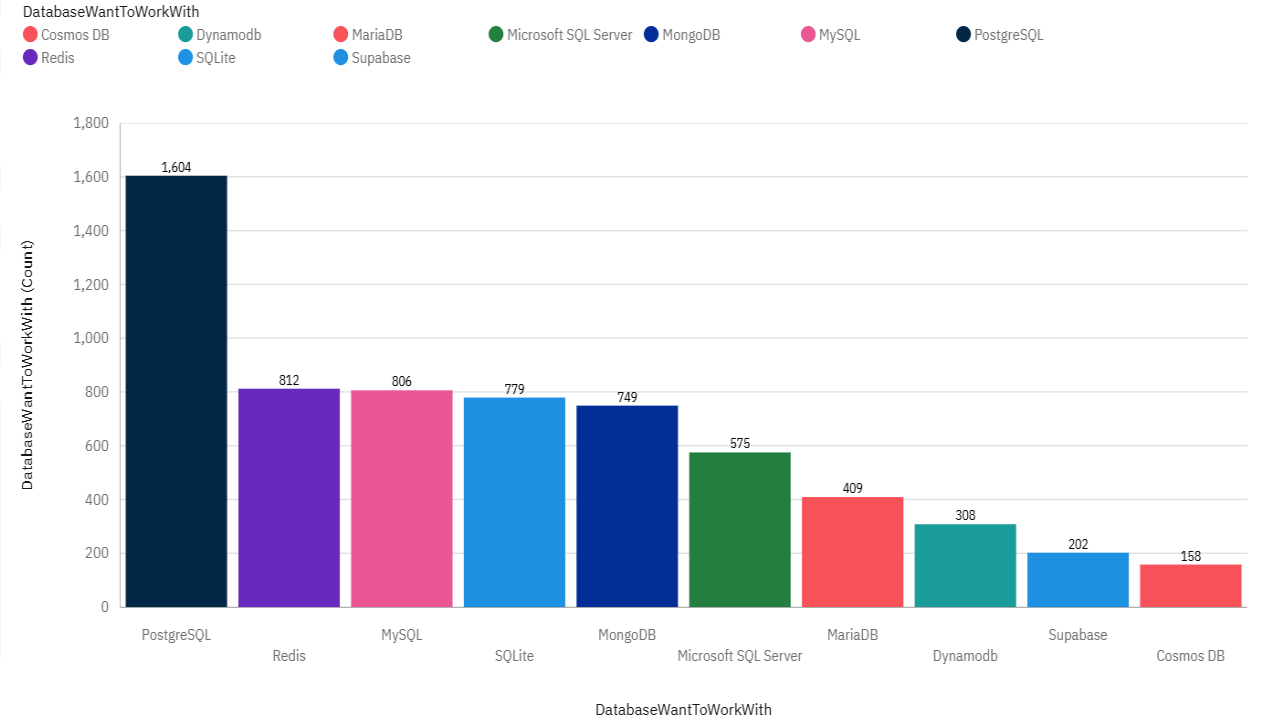
## Current Year

Top 10 DatabaseHaveWorkedWith



## Next Year

Top 10 DatabaseWantToWorkWith.



# DATABASE TRENDS - FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

---

## Findings

- **MySQL** remains the most popular database in the current year with 794 units of usage, but its popularity decreases significantly in the next year to 622 units, indicating a decline in its dominance.
- **PostgreSQL** shows a substantial increase in usage from 672 units in the current year to 1,024 units in the next year, suggesting it is becoming the leading database technology.
- Other databases like **MongoDB**, **Microsoft SQL Server**, and **Redis** experience moderate declines or stability in usage, while newer databases like **Cosmos DB** and **Supabase** emerge with lower but growing adoption in the next year (115 and 109 units, respectively).

## Implications

- Organizations may need to prioritize migration strategies or training for **PostgreSQL** to capitalize on its rising popularity and ensure compatibility with future systems.
- The decline in **MySQL** usage could signal a shift in developer preferences or technological requirements, potentially impacting legacy systems reliant on **MySQL**.
- The emergence of **newer databases** like **Cosmos DB** and **Supabase** suggests a trend toward specialized or cloud-native solutions, which could drive innovation but also require investment in learning and integration.



# DASHBOARD

---



**You can find the dashboard link below:**

[https://github.com/iraniandevloper1987/IBM-Data-Analyst-Capstone-Project/blob/master/Dashboard/Survey\\_dashboard.pdf](https://github.com/iraniandevloper1987/IBM-Data-Analyst-Capstone-Project/blob/master/Dashboard/Survey_dashboard.pdf)

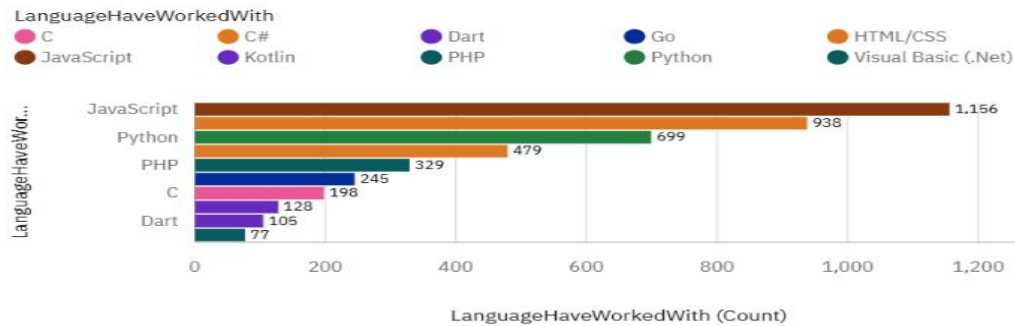


# DASHBOARD TAB 1

2/24/25, 10:31 PM

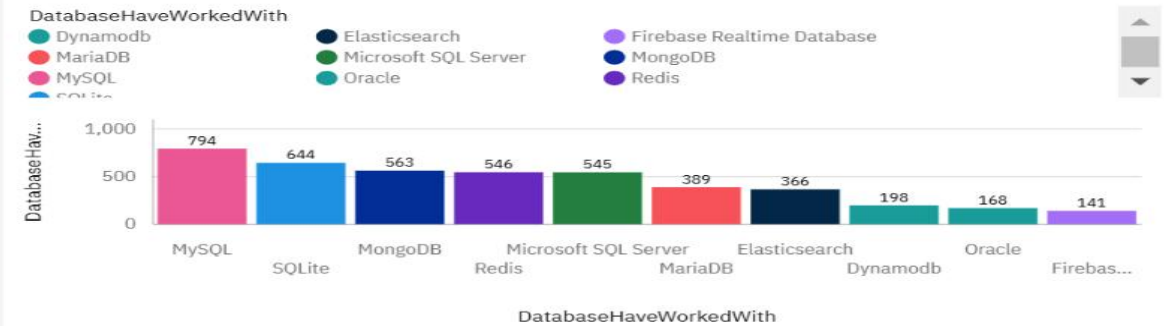
## Current Technology Usage

### Top 10 LanguageHaveWorkedWith



survey\_dashboard

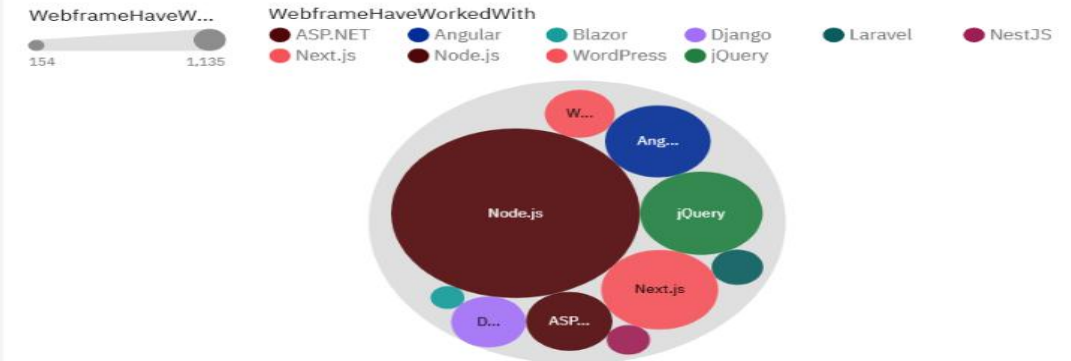
### Top 10 DatabaseHaveWorkedWith



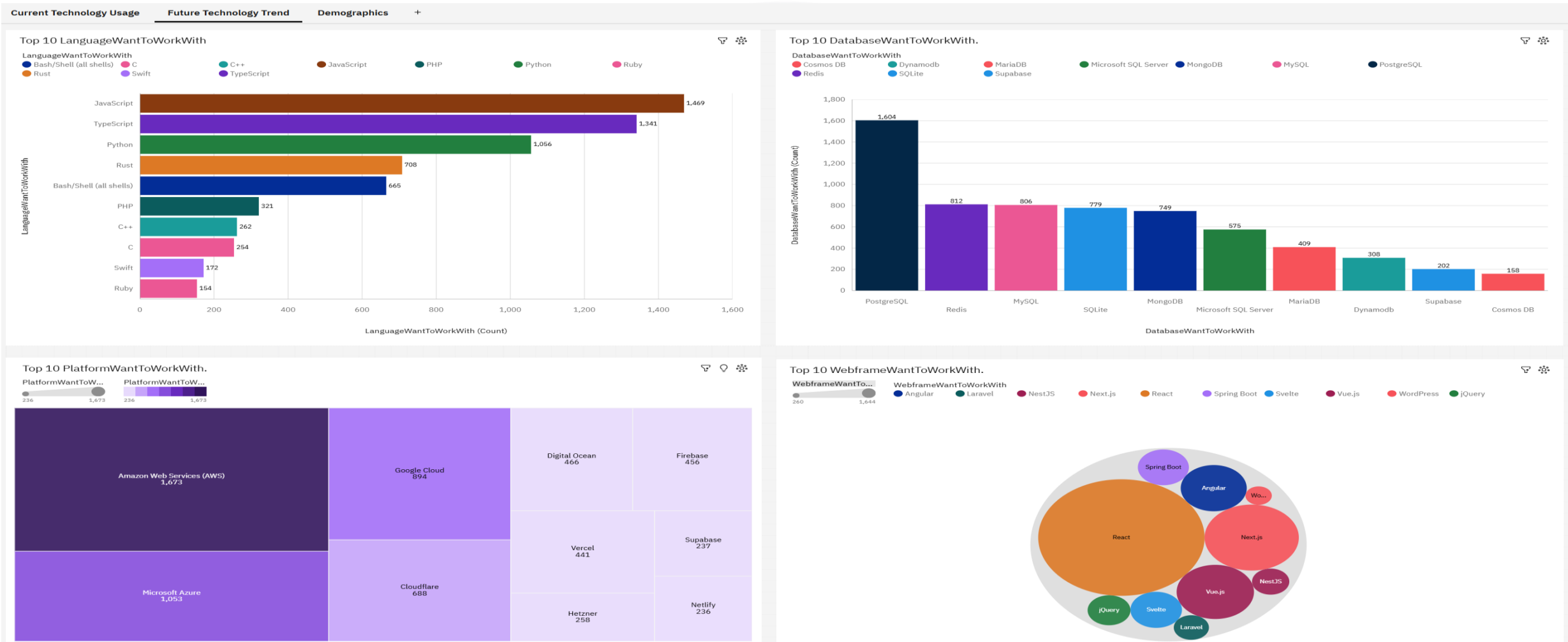
### Top 10 PlatformHaveWorkedWith



### Top 10 WebFrameHaveWorkedWith



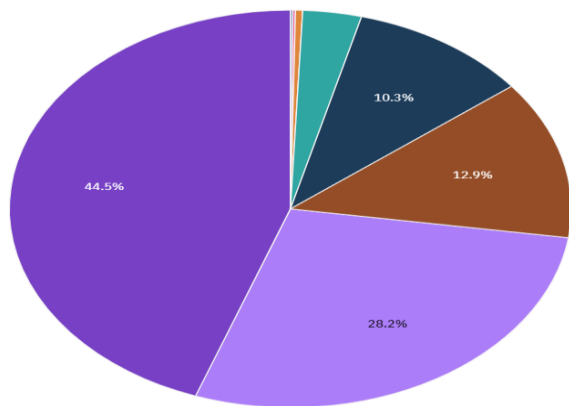
# DASHBOARD TAB 2



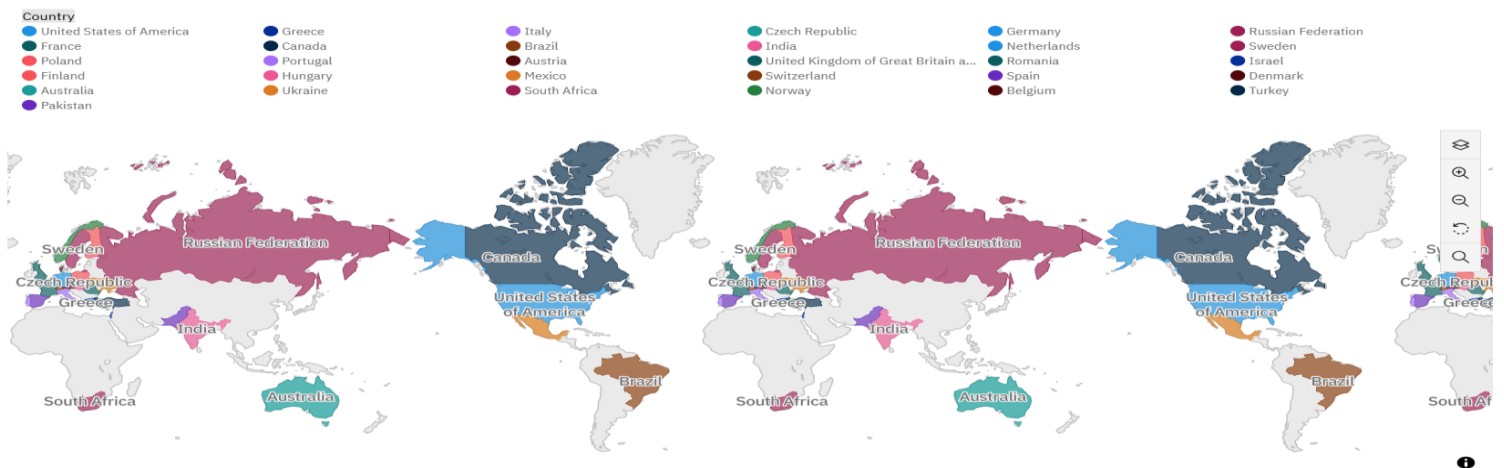
# DASHBOARD TAB 3

Respondent distribution by Age (Percentage)

Age  
Prefer not to say Under 18 years old 65 years or older 55-64 years old 45-54 years old 18-24 years old  
35-44 years old 25-34 years old

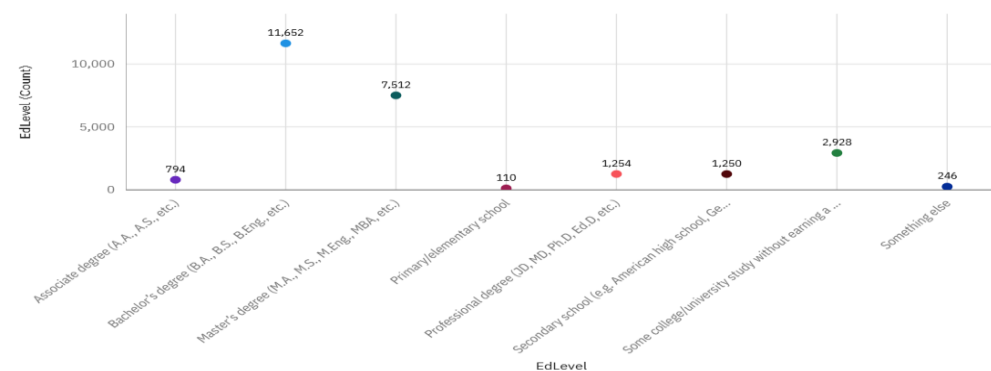


Respondent Count by Country.

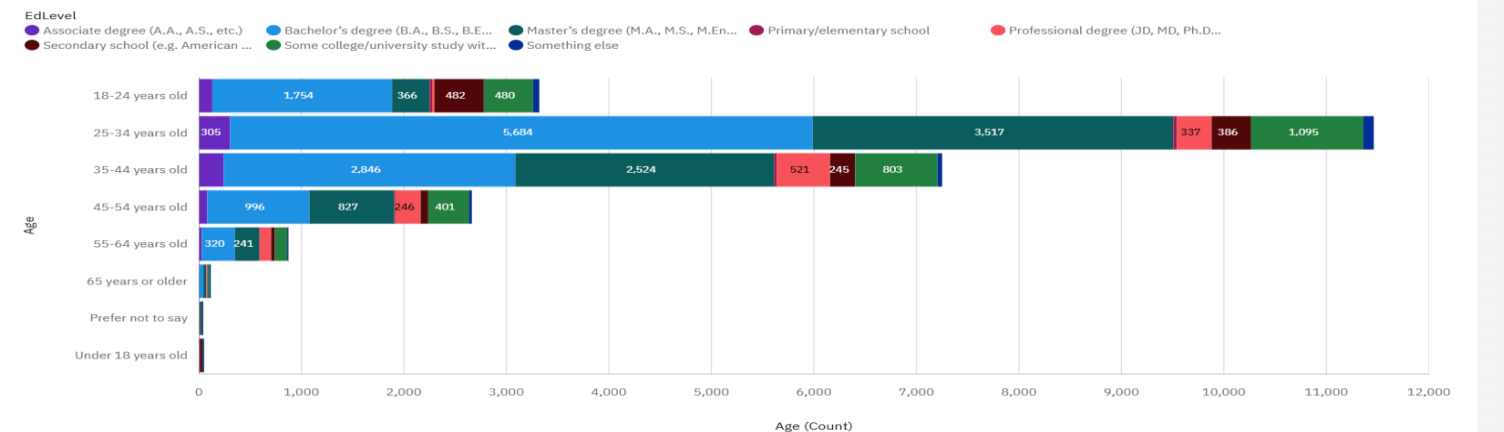


Respondent Distribution by Formal Education Level

EdLevel  
Associate degree (A.A., A.S., etc.) Bachelor's degree (B.A., B.S., B.E., etc.) Master's degree (M.A., M.S., M.En., etc.) Primary/elementary school  
Professional degree (JD, MD, Ph.D., etc.) Secondary school (e.g. American high school, etc.) Some college/university study without earning a degree  
Something else



Respondent Count by Age, classified by Education Level.



# DISCUSSION

---



- JavaScript remains the dominant programming language, with usage increasing from 1,156 users in current year to 1,499 in next year, reinforcing its essential role in web development.
- PostgreSQL is poised to overtake MySQL as the top database, rising from 672 to 1,024 units, while MySQL declines from 794 to 622 units, indicating a shift toward more robust database solutions.
- The strong growth in cloud platforms, led by Amazon Web Services (AWS) increasing from 1,466 to 1,473 users, highlights the industry's shift toward cloud computing for scalability and innovation.
- These trends imply businesses should prioritize JavaScript, PostgreSQL, and cloud technologies to remain competitive, while evaluating transitions to modern solutions for long-term success.



# OVERALL FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

---

## Findings

- **Finding 1:** JavaScript leads as the top programming language this year with 1,156 users, expected to grow to 1,499 next year, while PostgreSQL surpasses MySQL as the primary database, rising from 672 to 1,024 units as MySQL drops from 794 to 622 units.
- **Finding 2:** AWS dominates platforms with 1,466 users this year, increasing to 1,473 next year, and Python grows from 699 to 1,066 users, with TypeScript surging from 128 to 1,141 users.
- **Finding 3:** Respondents are mostly aged 25-34 (44%) with bachelor's degrees (7,962), primarily from the U.S. and Russia, while niche technologies like Rust, Ruby, Cosmos DB, and Supabase show modest growth (108–254 units or users).

## Implications

- **Implication 1:** Businesses should prioritize investments in JavaScript, PostgreSQL, Python, and cloud platforms like AWS to remain competitive, potentially reshaping training programs and technology stacks to align with these dominant trends.
- **Implication 2:** The decline in MySQL and the rise of PostgreSQL, along with the growth of TypeScript and niche technologies, indicate a need for organizations to evaluate and possibly transition to modern or specialized solutions, which could require resources but offer long-term scalability and innovation benefits.
- **Implication 3:** The demographic focus on younger, highly educated professionals in the U.S. and Russia suggests targeted opportunities for tech companies but also underscores the importance of global accessibility and education initiatives to broaden technology adoption and address regional disparities.





# CONCLUSION

---



- a keen understanding **of diverse programming languages**, such as **JavaScript**, **Python**, and **TypeScript**, is essential to meet modern application demands, enabling developers to create versatile, high-performance software aligned with industry trends and user needs, ensuring successful software development outcomes.
- database systems, like **PostgreSQL** and emerging solutions such as **Cosmos DB** and **Supabase**, are vital for efficient data management, scalability, and adaptability, directly contributing to successful project delivery and reliable systems.
- staying adaptable to cloud platforms like **AWS** ensures competitiveness by leveraging scalability, flexibility, and advanced infrastructure, helping organizations meet business needs, reduce costs, and innovate quickly in a cloud-driven market.
- embracing emerging tools, such as **Rust** for performance-critical applications, **Ruby** for web development, or niche databases like **Supabase**, **fosters** innovation, addresses specialized use cases, and positions developers and companies as leaders in cutting-edge technology, maintaining relevance in a rapidly evolving industry.



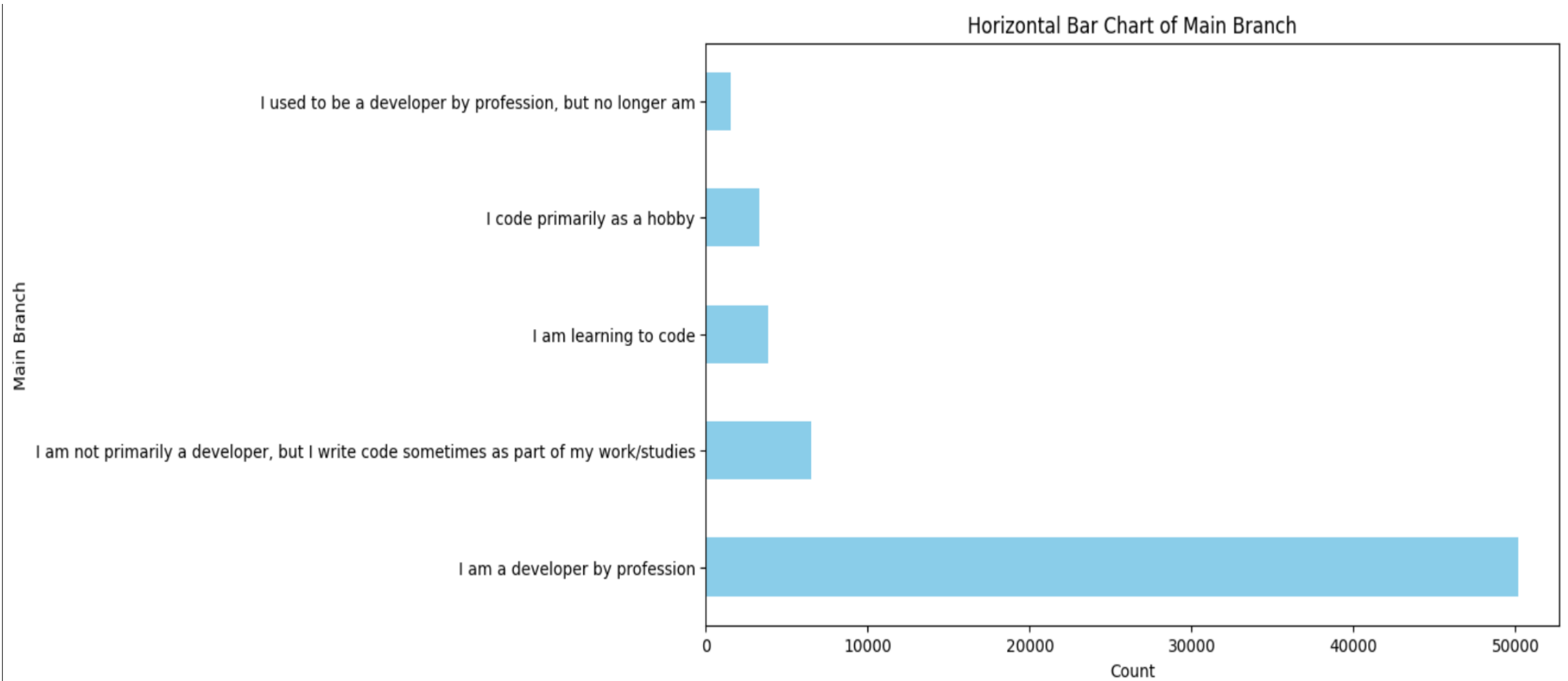
# APPENDIX

---



- Distribution of Coding Engagement Among Respondents

# Distribution of Coding Engagement Among Respondents



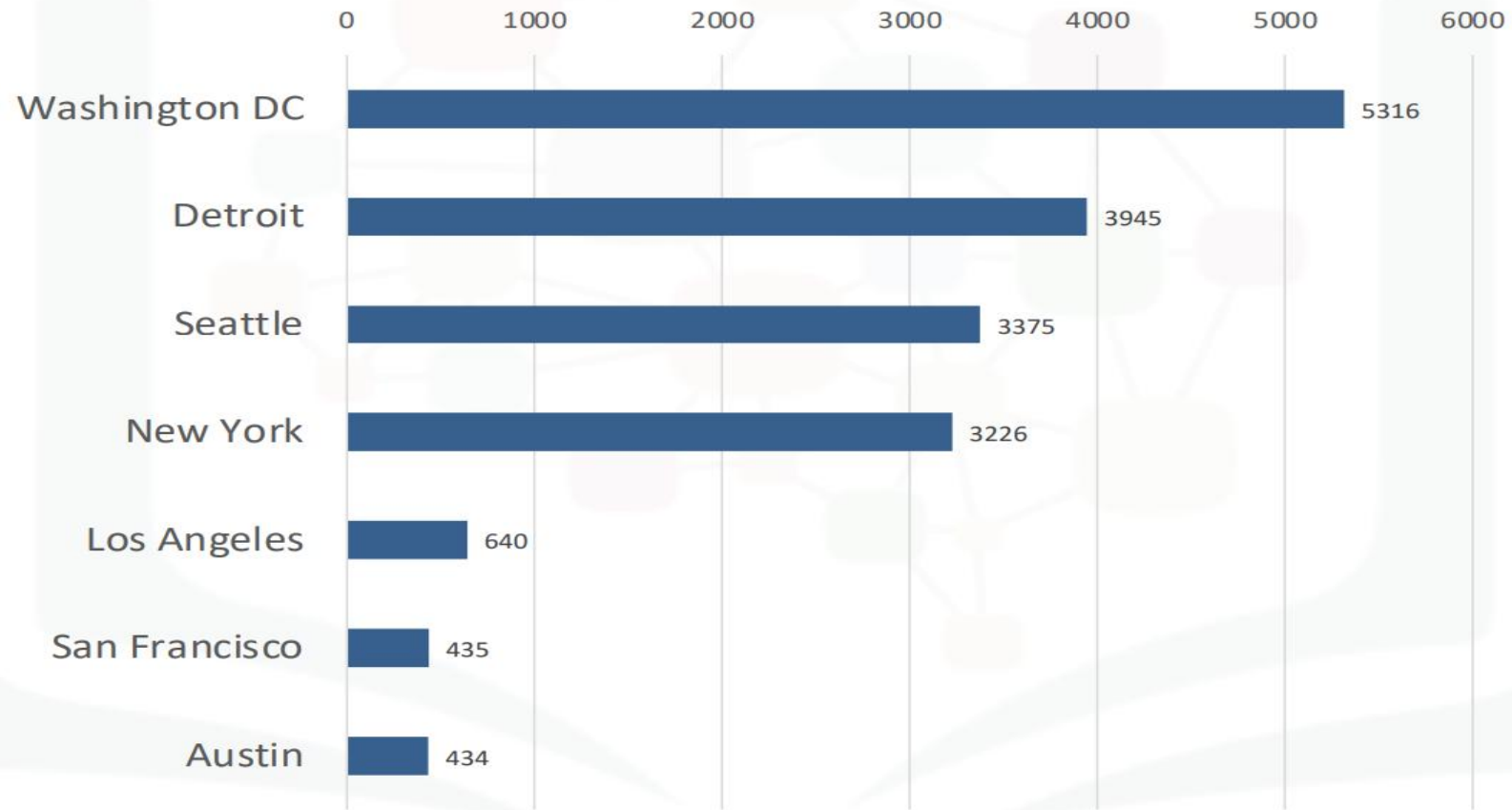
# Findings:

---

- Professional developers dominate, representing approximately 45,000 respondents, far outnumbering other groups.
- Part-time coders and learners constitute smaller but significant segments, with around 7,500 and 5,000 respondents, respectively, indicating diverse coding engagement.
- Former developers and hobbyists are the smallest groups, each with about 2,500–4,500 respondents, suggesting limited current involvement in coding compared to professionals.

# JOB POSTINGS

---



# POPULAR LANGUAGES

