

# **Applications**





Content



CIO JOURNAL

### Learning to Apply Data Science to Business Problems

By Irving Wladawsky-Berger Author

REUTERS

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O COMMENTS

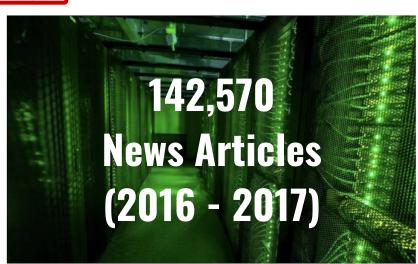


### **Published** Date









Servers for data storage are seen at Advania's Thor Data Center in Hafnarfjordur, Iceland

One of the most exciting parts of data science is that it can be applied to many domains of knowledge, given our newfound ability to gather valuable data on almost any topic. But, doing so effectively requires domain expertise to identify the important problems to solve in a given area. We also need to understand the questions we should be asking and the kinds of answers we should be looking for, as well as how to best present whatever insights

#### Headline

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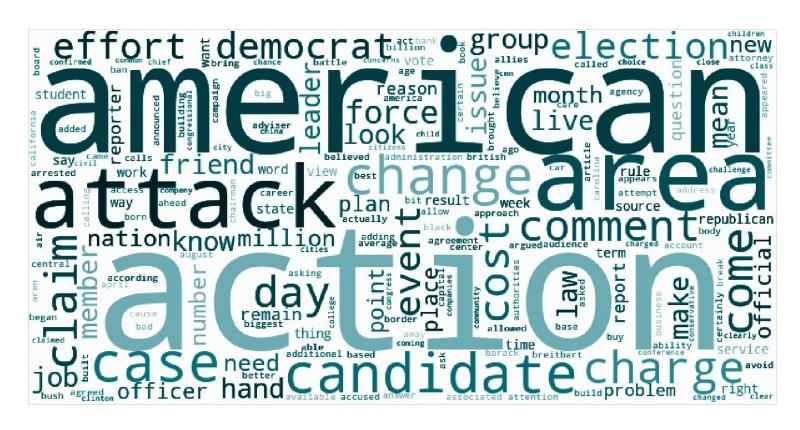
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# Most frequent words in the dataset



### What's in the dataset?









### **Business**



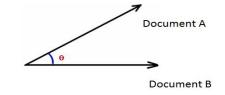
## Approach of building a summarizer

Extractive Text Summarization

CountVectorizer + Cosine Similarity

	also	love	programming
love programming	0	1	1
programming also love	1	1	1





Find the sentences with the highest cosine similarity



### **House Republicans Fret About Winning Their Health Care Suit**

Content: WASHINGTON - Congressional Republicans have a new fear when it comes to their health care lawsuit agai nst the Obama administration: They might win. The incoming Trump administration could choose to no longer defend the executive branch against the suit, which challenges the administration's authority to spend billions of dollars on he alth insurance subsidies for and Americans, handing House Republicans a big victory on issues. But a sudden lo ss of the disputed subsidies could conceivably cause the health care program to implode, leaving millions of people w ithout access to health insurance before Republicans have prepared a replacement. That could lead to chaos in the ins urance market and spur a political backlash just as Republicans gain full control of the government. To stave off tha t outcome, Republicans could find themselves in the awkward position of appropriating huge sums to temporarily prop u p the Obama health care law, angering conservative voters who have been demanding an end to the law for years. In ano ther twist, Donald J. Trump's administration, worried about preserving executive branch prerogatives, could choose to fight its Republican allies in the House on some central questions in the dispute. Eager to avoid an ugly political p ileup, Republicans on Capitol Hill and the Trump transition team are gaming out how to handle the lawsuit, which, aft er the election, has been put in limbo until at least late February by the United States Court of Appeals for the Dis trict of Columbia Circuit. They are not yet ready to divulge their strategy. "Given that this pending litigation invo lves the Obama administration and Congress, it would be inappropriate to comment," said Phillip J. Blando, a spokesma n for the Trump transition effort, "Upon taking office, the Trump administration will evaluate this case and all rela ted aspects of the Affordable Care Act. " In a potentially decision in 2015, Judge Rosemary M. Collyer ruled that H ouse Republicans had the standing to sue the executive branch over a spending dispute and that the Obama administrati on had been distributing the health insurance subsidies, in violation of the Constitution, without approval from Cong ress. The Justice Department, confident that Judge Collyer's decision would be reversed, quickly appealed, and the su bsidies have remained in place during the appeal. In successfully seeking a temporary halt in the proceedings after M r. Trump won, House Republicans last month told the court that they "and the 's transition team currently are discus sing potential options for resolution of this matter, to take effect after the 's inauguration on Jan. 20, 2017. " T he suspension of the case, House lawyers said, will "provide the and his future administration time to consider whe ther to continue prosecuting or to otherwise resolve this appeal. " Republican leadership officials in the House ackn owledge the possibility of "cascading effects" if the payments, which have totaled an estimated \$13 billion, are su ddenly stopped. Insurers that receive the subsidies in exchange for paying costs such as deductibles and for eli gible consumers could race to drop coverage since they would be losing money. Over all, the loss of the subsidies cou ld destabilize the entire program and cause a lack of confidence that leads other insurers to seek a quick exit as we 11. Anticipating that the Trump administration might not be inclined to mount a vigorous fight against the House Repu blicans given the 's dim view of the health care law, a team of lawyers this month sought to intervene in the case o n behalf of two participants in the health care program. In their request, the lawyers predicted that a deal between House Republicans and the new administration to dismiss or settle the case "will produce devastating consequences for the individuals who receive these reductions, as well as for the nation's health insurance and health care systems ge nerally. " No matter what happens, House Republicans say, they want to prevail on two overarching concepts: the congr essional power of the purse, and the right of Congress to sue the executive branch if it violates the Constitution re garding that spending power. House Republicans contend that Congress never appropriated the money for the subsidies, as required by the Constitution. In the suit, which was initially championed by John A. Boehner, the House speaker at the time, and later in House committee reports, Republicans asserted that the administration, desperate for the fundi ng, had required the Treasury Department to provide it despite widespread internal skepticism that the spending was p roper. The White House said that the spending was a permanent part of the law passed in 2010, and that no annual appr opriation was required - even though the administration initially sought one. Just as important to House Republica ns, Judge Collyer found that Congress had the standing to sue the White House on this issue - a ruling that many 1 egal experts said was flawed - and they want that precedent to be set to restore congressional leverage over the e xecutive branch. But on spending power and standing, the Trump administration may come under pressure from advocates of presidential authority to fight the House no matter their shared views on health care, since those precedents coul d have broad repercussions. It is a complicated set of dynamics illustrating how a guick legal victory for the House in the Trump era might come with costs that Republicans never anticipated when they took on the Obama White House.

In a potentially far-reaching decision in 2015, Judge Rosemary M. Collyer ruled that House Republicans had the standing to sue the executive branch over a spending dispute and that the Obama administration had been distributing the health insurance subsidies, in violation of the Constitution, without approval from Congress.



Anticipating that the Trump administration might not be inclined to mount a vigorous fight against the House Republicans given the president-elect's dim view of the health care law, a team of lawyers this month sought to intervene in the case on behalf of two participants in the health care program.

### **House Republicans Fret About Winning Their Health Care Suit**

#### **LSA Summarizer from Sumy**

WASHINGTON — Congressional Republicans have a new fear when it comes to their two-year-old health care lawsuit against the Obama administration: They might win.

But on spending power and standing, the Trump administration may come under pressure from advocates of presidential authority to fight the House no matter their shared views on health care, since those precedents could have broad repercussions.

#### **Summarizer from Gensim**

The incoming Trump administration could choose to no longer defend the executive branch against the suit, which challenges the administration's authority to spend billions of dollars on health insurance subsidies for low- and moderate-income Americans, handing House Republicans a big victory on separation-of-power issues.

In a potentially far-reaching decision in 2015, Judge Rosemary M. Collyer ruled that House Republicans had the standing to sue the executive branch over a spending dispute and that the Obama administration had been distributing the health insurance subsidies, in violation of the Constitution, without approval from Congress.

## **Future Improvement**

- Abstractive Summarizer (Tensorflow etc.)
- Recall Oriented Understudy for Gisting Evaluation

(ROUGE) can be used to evaluate

the summary

