#### 010 - Bootstrap Confidence Intervals

#### EPIB 607 - FALL 2020

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Review of Confidence Interval

The Bootstrap

# Sampling Distribution

#### Definition (Sampling Distribution)

- The sampling distribution of a statistic is the distribution of values taken by the statistic in **all possible samples of the same size** from the same population.
- The standard deviation of a sampling distribution is called a standard error

# Sampling Distributions

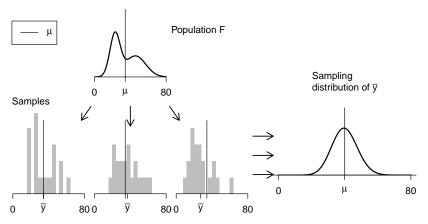


Figure: Ideal world. Sampling distributions are obtained by drawing repeated samples from the population, computing the statistic of interest for each, and collecting (an infinite number of) those statistics as the sampling distribution

#### Sampling Distribution

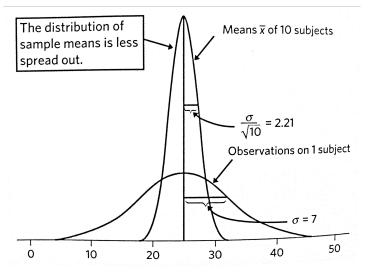


Figure: Averages are less variable than individual observations

#### Traditional way to calculate CIs

How to construct a CI for the population mean?

- The CLT gives us that  $\overline{y} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma/\sqrt{n})$  is approximately true when n is large.
- We can standardize, to get  $Z = \frac{\bar{y} \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$ .
- To find a CI with confidence level  $C = 1 \alpha$ , we must calculate the critical value  $z^*$  such that

$$P(-z^* < Z < z^*) = C = 1 - \alpha$$
 (1)

where  $\alpha$  is the significance level

- That is, we want the value  $z^*$  that gives a *lower tail probability* of  $(1-\mathcal{C})/2 = \alpha/2$ .
- Often this value is denoted  $z^* = z_{\alpha/2}$ ; thus we have

$$P(Z<-z_{\alpha/2})=\alpha/2,$$

and

$$P(Z > z_{\alpha/2}) = \alpha/2.$$

#### Traditional way to calculate CIs

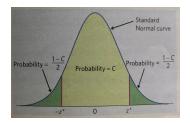


Figure: The critical value  $z^{\star}$  is the number that catches central probability  $\mathcal C$  under a standard normal  $\mathcal N(0,1)$  curve between  $-z^{\star}$  and  $z^{\star}$ 

We can use this probability statement about the standardized version of the sample mean  $(\bar{y} - \mu)/\sigma/\sqrt{n}$ , to place bounds on where we think the true mean lies by examining the probability that  $\bar{y}$  is within  $z^* \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$  of  $\mu$ 

$$C = P\left(-z^* \le \frac{\bar{y} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \le z^*\right)$$

$$= P\left(-z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \le \bar{y} - \mu \le +z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$$

$$= P\left(-\bar{y} - z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \le -\mu \le -\bar{y} + z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$$

$$= P\left(\bar{y} + z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \ge \mu \ge \bar{y} - z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$$

$$= P\left(\bar{y} - z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \le \mu \le \bar{y} + z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$$

$$= 1 - \alpha$$

We call the interval  $\left(\bar{y}-z^\star\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}},\bar{y}+z^\star\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$  a (1-lpha)100% confidence interval for  $\mu$ .

#### Confidence intervals for depths of the ocean

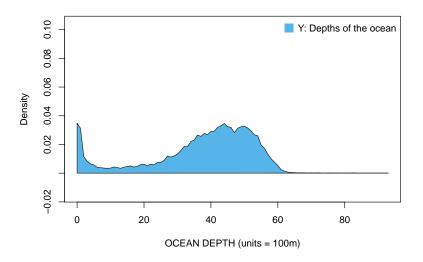


Figure: The original data distribution of sampled depths of the ocean. Note that it has multiple modes and not Normal looking.

## The CLT is 'kicking in' at n = 16

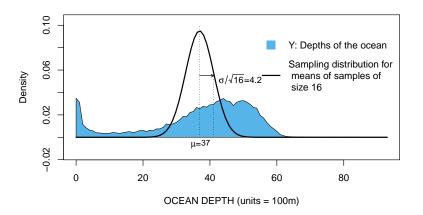


Figure: The sampling distribution for the mean depth of the ocean with samples of size n=16, looks normal (centered at  $\mu=37$  and SD equal to  $\sigma/\sqrt{16}$ )

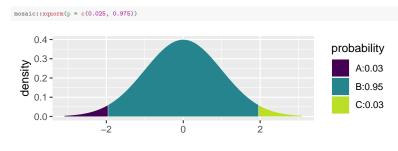
We want to construct a  $\mathcal{C}=95\%$  confidence interval for the mean. Level of significance is  $\alpha=1-\mathcal{C}=0.05$ 

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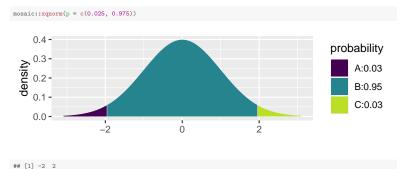
- 1. by the CLT  $\rightarrow \bar{y} \sim \mathcal{N}(mean = 37, sd = \sigma/\sqrt{16} = 4.2)$
- 2. The critical value  $z^{\star}$  such that  $\mathit{P}(Z<-z^{\star})=\mathit{P}(Z>z^{\star})=\alpha/2=0.025$  is given by



## [1] -2 2

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3. 95% CI for  $\mu$ :  $(37 - 1.96 \cdot 4.2, 37 + 1.96 \cdot 4.2) = [29, 45]$ 

- In the previous slides we used the standard normal  $\mathcal{N}(0,1)$  to calculate the critical value  $z^*$  needed for the CI
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- This is accomplished using qnorm
- Note: we still need the CLT regardless of whether we use the ± formula or qnorm

#### 68% Confidence interval using qnorm

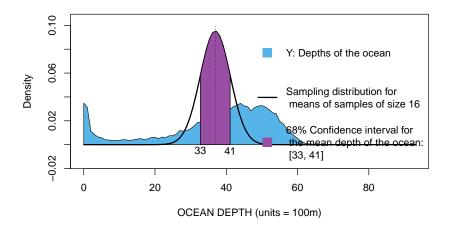


Figure: 68% Confidence interval calculated using qnorm(p = c(0.16,0.84), mean = 37, sd = 4.2)

#### 95% Confidence interval using qnorm

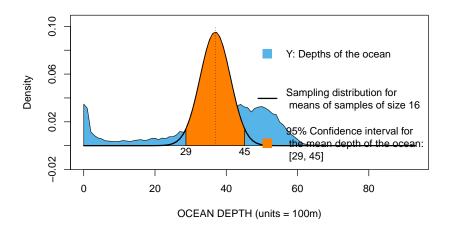


Figure: 95% Confidence interval calculated using qnorm(p = c(0.025,0.975), mean = 37, sd = 4.2)

## Motivation for the Bootstrap

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A: Bootstrap

Review of Confidence Interval

The Bootstrap

The Bootstrap 15/21

# Ideal world: known sampling distribution

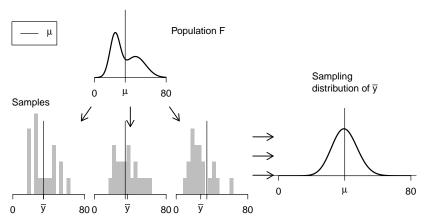
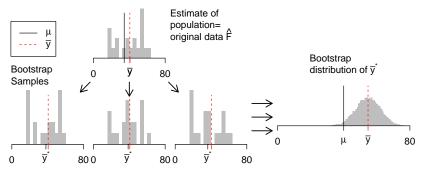


Figure: Ideal world. Sampling distributions are obtained by drawing repeated samples from the population, computing the statistic of interest for each, and collecting (an infinite number of) those statistics as the sampling distribution

The Bootstrap 16/21.

#### Reality: use the bootstrap distribution instead

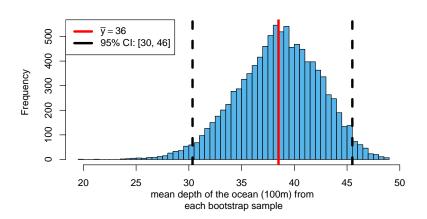


**Figure:** Bootstrap world. The bootstrap distribution is obtained by drawing repeated samples from an estimate of the population, computing the statistic of interest for each, and collecting those statistics. The distribution is centered at the observed statistic  $(\bar{\gamma})$ , not the parameter  $(\mu)$ .

The Bootstrap

#### Main idea: simulate your own sampling distribution

```
R <- replicate(B, {
    dplyr::sample_n(depths.n.20, size = N, replace = TRUE) %>%
    dplyr::summarize(r = mean(alt)) %>%
    dplyr::pull(r)
})
CI_95 <- quantile(R, probs = c(0.025, 0.975))</pre>
```



The Bootstrap 18/21.

#### Bootstrap code 1

```
# function for sampling ocean depths
source("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/sahirbhatnagar/EPIB607/master/labs/
      003-ocean-depths/automate_water_task.R")
# from the in-class exercise
index.n.20 \leftarrow c(2106.2107.2108.2109.2110.2111.2112.
2113,2114,2115,2116,2117,2118,2119,
2120,2121,2122,2123,2124,2125)
# get depths of ocean sample n=20
depths.n.20 <- automate water task(index = index.n.20,
               student_id = 260194225, type = "depth")
# change to 100m units
depths.n.20$alt = round(depths.n.20$alt/100,0)
B <- 10000; N <- nrow(depths.n.20)
R <- replicate(B, {
dplyr::sample n(depths.n.20, size = N, replace = TRUE) %>%
dplyr::summarize(r = mean(alt)) %>%
dplyr::pull(r)
7-)
CI_95 \leftarrow quantile(R, probs = c(0.025, 0.975))
```

The Bootstrap 19/21.

#### Bootstrap code 2

```
# plot sampling distribution
hist(R, breaks = 50, col = "#56B4E9",
main="",
xlab = "mean depth of the ocean (100m) from each bootstrap sample")
# draw red line at the sample mean
abline(v = mean_depth, lty =1, col = "red", lwd = 4)
# draw black dotted lines at 95% CI
abline(v = CI_95[1], lty =2, col = "black", lwd = 4)
abline(v = CI_95[2], 1ty =2, col = "black", 1wd = 4)
# include legend
library(latex2exp)
legend("topleft",
legend = c(TeX("\$\setminus bar\{y\} = 36\$"),
sprintf("95%% CI: [%.f, %.f]",CI_95[1], CI_95[2])),
lty = c(1,1),
col = c("red","black"), lwd = 4)
```

The Bootstrap 20/21.

#### Session Info

```
R version 4.0.2 (2020-06-22)
Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
Running under: Pop!_OS 20.04 LTS
Matrix products: default
BLAS: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/libblas.so.3
LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/liblapack.so.3
attached base packages:
                        graphics grDevices utils
[1] tools
              stats
                                                      datasets methods
[8] base
other attached packages:
[1] latex2exp_0.4.0 NCStats_0.4.7
                                     FSA 0.8.30
                                                     forcats 0.5.0
 [5] stringr 1.4.0
                    dplvr 1.0.2
                                     purrr 0.3.4
                                                     readr 1.3.1
 [9] tidyr 1.1.2
                     tibble 3.0.3
                                     ggplot2 3.3.2
                                                     tidvverse 1.3.0
[13] knitr 1.29
loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
 [1] fs 1.5.0
                        lubridate 1.7.9
                                           RColorBrewer 1.1-2 httr 1.4.2
 [5] backports 1.1.9
                        R6_2.4.1
                                           DBI 1.1.0
                                                               colorspace_1.4-1
 [9] withr 2.2.0
                        tidyselect 1.1.0
                                           gridExtra 2.3
                                                               leaflet 2.0.3
[13] curl 4.3
                        compiler 4.0.2
                                           cli 2.0.2
                                                               rvest 0.3.6
[17] xm12_1.3.2
                                           labeling_0.3
                        ggdendro 0.1.22
                                                              mosaicCore 0.8.0
[21] scales 1.1.1
                        digest 0.6.25
                                           ggformula 0.9.4
                                                               foreign 0.8-79
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                        pkgconfig_2.0.3
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                                                               dbplyr_1.4.4
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                        htmlwidgets 1.5.1
                                           rlang 0.4.7
                                                               readxl 1.3.1
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                        farver 2.0.3
                                           generics 0.0.2
                                                               isonlite 1.7.1
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                                           car 3.0-9
                                                              magrittr 1.5
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                        Matrix 1.2-18
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                                                              munsell 0.5.0
[45] fansi 0.4.1
                        abind 1.4-5
                                           lifecvcle 0.2.0
                                                              stringi 1.5.3
[49] carData 3.0-4
                        MASS 7.3-53
                                           plvr 1.8.6
                                                              ggstance 0.3.4
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                        blob_1.2.1
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[57] lattice_0.20-41
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                                                              hms_0.5.3
                                           splines_4.0.2
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                                           glue_1.4.2
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                        modelr_0.1.8
                                           vctrs_0.3.4
                                                              tweenr_1.0.1
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                        gtable_0.3.0
                                                              assertthat_0.2.1
                                           polyclip_1.10-0
[73] TeachingDemos_2.12 xfun_0.17
                                           ggforce_0.3.2
                                                              openxlsx_4.1.5
[77] broom_0.7.0
                        viridisLite_0.3.0 mosaic_1.7.0
                                                              ellipsis_0.3.1
```

The Bootstrap