

GEBZE TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

ELEC 458 - Embedded System Design Spring 2019

Project 2-Waveform Generator

Group 3

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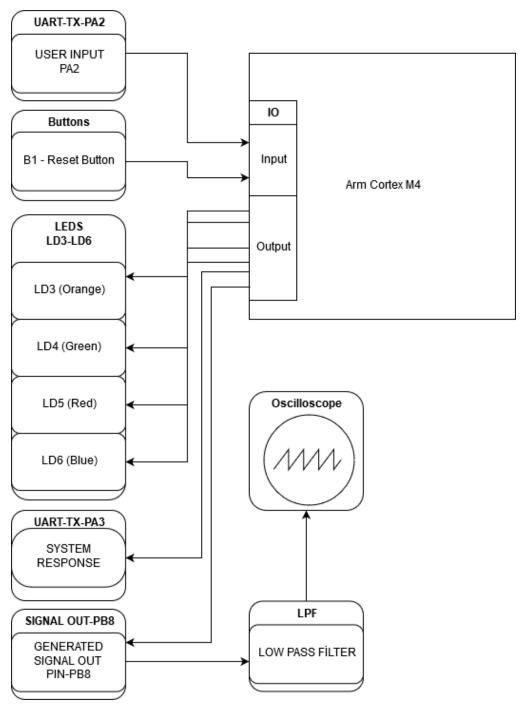
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Introduction

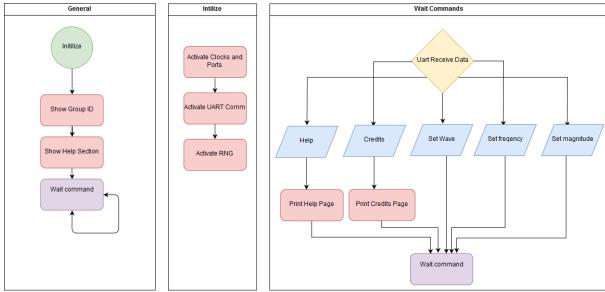
In this project, we have designed a waveform generator that can produce sine, square, triangular, sawtooth (ramp) and white noise waveforms. That can be observe by using oscilloscope. We used C language as it is expected. System interface design supposed first ask for the waveform, then frequency, then amplitude. Once all three are selected, it should output the waveform, and return to the beginning.

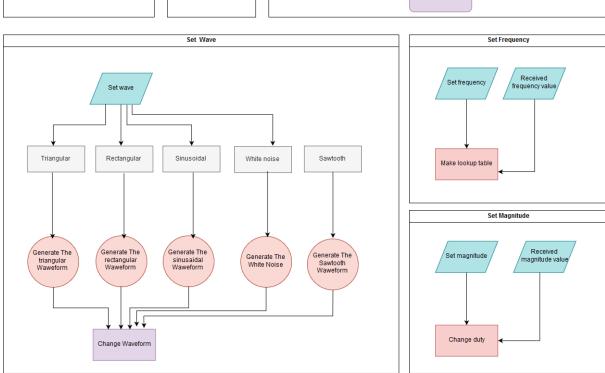
Block diagram





Software Flowchart







Design overview

First of all, we tried to reach the maximum frequency value that we can produce from our board STM32f407. We achieved to generate 2 Ghz PWM by using Advance Timer which has high periperial clock.

Then we tried to produce wave forms by using the PWM with the aid of interrupt. We used the RNG (Random Number Generator) module to generate the White Noise. In this step to get the best waveform from the oscilloscope we designed and simulate the Low-Pass Filter (Given below).

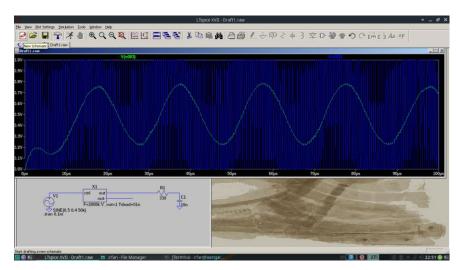


Figure.1 (LPF Simulation)

Then we noticed that maximum frequency of the system was not well enough. We figured out that it was happening because of code that works in an interrupt was working to slow (long period of time). To handle that problem, we made a look up tables for the signals in order to shorten the time period and that worked we achieved to generate signals with expected spacing. Because of the frequency dependent to look up tables in the end of the process we were able to change the frequency by look up tables.

After that managed to produce expected amplitude levels by changing the PWM's duty cycle. We noticed that although theoretically we are able to generate over 200K signals we were having problem with it. Then we also noticed that even if we shortened the interrupt duration with look up table the problem still the duty cycle was taking too long. In this part we optimized our code by changing optimization to "2" from compiler so duty cycle shortened again after that we were able to see over 200Khz signals.

After all this sections one by one unit-tests in order to let the end user enter the command we have created a UART terminal. This command lets the user to change frequency and set waveform by changing the lookup table, to change the amplitude it changes the duty cycle.



System photo

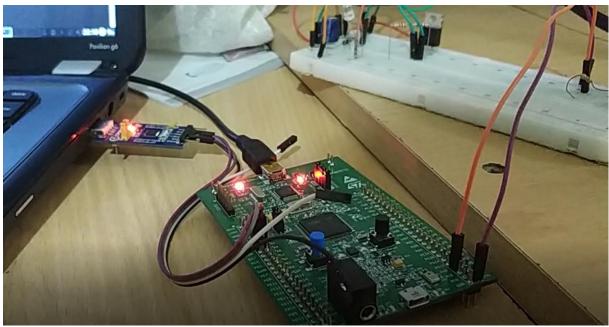


Figure.2 (System Photo)

System outputs

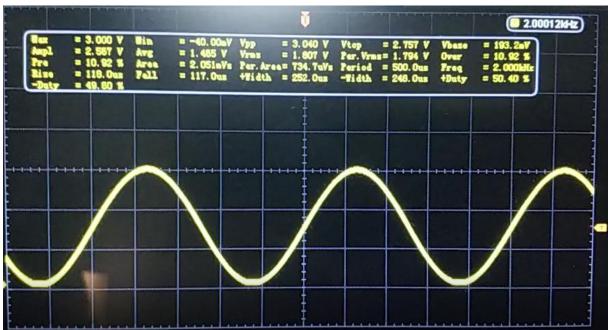
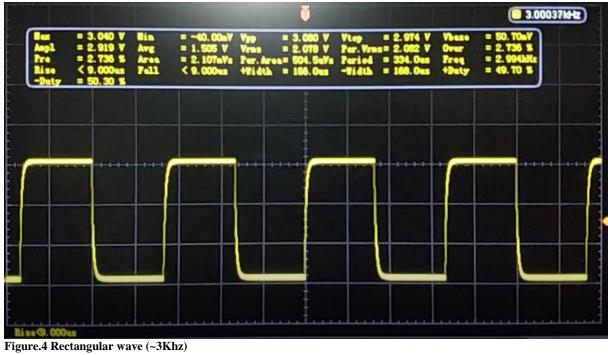


Figure.3 Sinusoidal wave (2Khz)





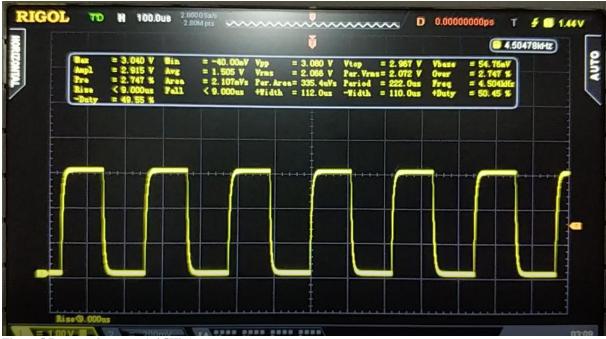


Figure.5 Rectangular wave (~4.5Khz)





Figure.6 Triangular wave (~8Khz)

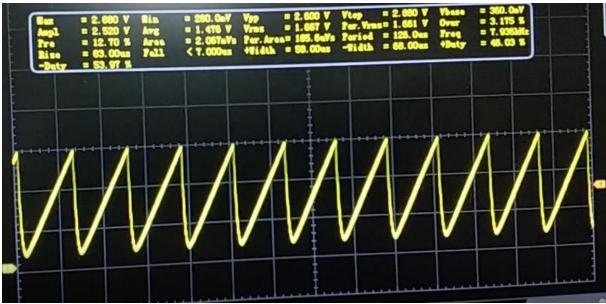


Figure.7 Sawtooth wave (~8Khz)

If you require any further information, video of the system has been attached to the file.



Conclusion

During the project we had chance to experiencing many thinks some listed below;

- Error handling,
- Interrupt Priority,
- Advance timer usage,
- Observing the benefits of optimization,
- PWM and UART, RNG experience,
- Waveform characteristics and measurements,
- A lot more ©

Project lasted about 3-4 weeks although we had a problem after the we finished we thought that it's about our code, it took about a week to figure that out. After we checked everything working well, we noticed that because of we changed the trigger settings of the oscilloscope we were getting signal with 90 degree shifted version on screen at the same time.



Grade sheet



Appendix

```
Generator.h
  * @file
            generator.h
  * @author Ali Firat ARI
* @author Irfan Bilaloglu
* @author Sencer Altintop
  * @version V1.0.1
 * @brief Header for generator.c module
 * @attention
  * <h2><center>&copy; COPYRIGHT(c) 2019 Gebze Technical University</center></h2>
  *****************
/* Define to prevent recursive inclusion ------/
#ifndef __GENERATOR_H
#define __GENERATOR_H
* Constants
*************************************
#define SIN WAVE 1
#define SQUARE_WAVE 2
#define TRIANGLE_WAVE 3
#define SAWTOOTH WAVE 4
#define NOISE WAVE 5
#define LEDDELAY 1000000
                     100
#define BLINK_COUNT
/*************
void Default_Handler(void);
void make_luts(int _wave_period);
void set_wave_type(int w_type);
void calculate_freq(uint32_t freq);
void sin_generate(void);
void sqr_generate(void);
void sawtooth_generate(void);
void triangle_generate(void);
void white noise generate(void);
void tim1_CCI(void);
void tim1_UI(void);
void basic_delay(volatile uint32_t s);
void NMI_Handler(void);
#endif
```

Terminal.h



Terminal.c

```
* @file
          terminal.c
 * @author Ali Firat ARI
 * @author Irfan Bilaloglu
* @author Sencer Altintop
 * @version V1.0.1
 * @brief Manage waveform genarator with USART
 * @attention
 * <h2><center>&copy; COPYRIGHT(c) 2019 Gebze Technical University</center></h2>
 ********************
/* Includes ------//
#include "stdio.h"
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "string.h"
#include "terminal.h"
#include "generator.h"
/* Private definitions ------//
#define MAX_FREQ 500000
#define MIN_FREQ 2000
#define MAX MAGNITUDE 100
#define MIN_MAGNITUDE 0
/* Private variables -----*/
static volatile uint32_t tDelay;
char rx_buffer[31] = {0};
char rx_temp[3] = {0};
int rx_done = 0;
void Systick Handler (void)
   if (tDelay != 0x00)
      tDelay--;
void __Clear(void)
       for(int i = 0; i < 31; i++)
             rx_buffer[i] = 0;
void UART2 Handler(void)
```



```
if (((USART2->SR) >> 5) & 0x01)
       static uint8_t i = 0; char data = (uint8_t) (USART2->DR & 0x000000FF);
       if(((data != '\n') \&\& (data != '\n') \&\& (data != 13) \&\& (data != 10) ) \&\& (i < 30))
                        if (data == 8) {
                                rx_buffer[i] = 0;
                                UART SendData("\b");
                        else
                                rx_buffer[i++] = data;
                                rx_temp[0] = data;
UART_SendData(rx_temp);
       } else {
    rx buffer[i] = '\0';
           USART2->SR &= 0xFFFFFFDF;
           if (strcmp(rx_buffer,"") == 0)
           }
           i = 0;
                        UART SendData("\r\n");
                        if ((strcmp(rx_buffer,"")==0) || (strcmp(rx_buffer,'\r')==0) ||
                                (strcmp(rx_buffer,'\r\n')==0) || (strcmp(rx_buffer,'\n\r')==0) || (strcmp(rx_buffer,'\r\n')==0) ||
(strcmp(rx_buffer, 10) == 0) )
                        else if ((strcmp(rx buffer, "help") == 0) || (strcmp(rx buffer, "h") == 0)) {
                                Send Help();
                        else if ((strcmp(rx_buffer,"credits")==0) || (strcmp(rx_buffer,"c")==0)) {
     UART_SendData("Credits");
                                Send_Info();
                        else if ((strcmp(rx_buffer,"led group")==0) || (strcmp(rx_buffer,"l")==0)) {
                                UART_SendData("Showing group id with leds");
                                Send GroupId(3);
                        else if ((strcmp(rx buffer, "set wave sine") == 0) || (strcmp(rx buffer, "s w
sin")==0)) {
               set_wave_type(SIN_WAVE);
                                else if ((strcmp(rx buffer, "set wave square") == 0) || (strcmp(rx buffer, "s w
squ")==0)) {
               set_wave_type(SQUARE_WAVE);
                                UART_SendData("Cofiguration has been setting square waveform");
                        else if ((strcmp(rx buffer, "set wave triangular") == 0) || (strcmp(rx buffer, "s w
tri")==0)) {
               set_wave_type(TRIANGLE_WAVE);
                                UART_SendData("Cofiguration has been setting triangular waveform");
                        else if ((strcmp(rx buffer, "set wave sawtooth") == 0) || (strcmp(rx buffer, "s w
saw")==0)) {
               set wave type(SAWTOOTH WAVE);
                                UART SendData("Cofiguration has been setting sawtooth waveform");
                        else if ((strcmp(rx buffer, "set wave whitenoise") == 0) || (strcmp(rx buffer, "s w
noi")==0)) {
                                set wave type (NOISE WAVE);
                                UART_SendData("Cofiguration has been setting whitenoise waveform");
                        m'', 3) == 0)) {
```



```
if (((strlen(rx buffer) == 3 || strlen(rx buffer) == 4) &&
(((strlen(rx_buffer) == 13 || strlen(rx_buffer) == 14) &&
(strncmp(rx_buffer, "set magnitude", 13) == 0) ))
                                           UART_SendData("Please give a magnitude level.");
                                   else if
                                            ((strlen(rx buffer) > 14 && (strlen(rx buffer) < 18)) &&
                                   (! (
(strncmp(rx buffer, "set magnitude", 13) == 0)) ||
                                                    ((strlen(rx buffer) > 4 && (strlen(rx buffer) < 8)) &&
(strncmp(rx_buffer, "s m", 3) == 0))
                                           UART SendData("Please give a correct level");
                                   else if (
                                                    ((strlen(rx_buffer) > 14 && (strlen(rx_buffer) < 18))
&& (strncmp(rx_buffer,"set magnitude", 13) == 0)) ||
                                                    ((strlen(rx buffer) > 4 && (strlen(rx buffer) < 8)) &&
(strncmp(rx buffer, "s m", 3) == 0))
                                           if (strncmp(rx buffer, "s m", 3) == 0)
                                                    char *c magnitude = NULL;
                                                    c_magnitude = strtok(rx_buffer, "s m");
int magnitude = parseInt(c_magnitude);
                                                    if ( ( (MAX MAGNITUDE + 1) > magnitude ) && (
(MIN MAGNITUDE) < magnitude) )
                                                    {
                                                             UART SendData("Correct magnitude level value.
");
                                                             UART SendData(c_magnitude);
                             calculate_amp((uint16_t) (magnitude));
                                                    else
                                                             UART_SendData("Not correct magnitude level
value. ");
                                                             UART SendData(c magnitude);
                                           else if (strncmp(rx_buffer,"set magnitude", 13)==0)
                                                    char *c magnitude = NULL;
                                                    c_magnitude = strtok(rx_buffer, "set magnitude");
int magnitude = parseInt(c_magnitude);
                                                    if ( ( (MAX MAGNITUDE + 1) > magnitude ) && (
(MIN MAGNITUDE) < magnitude) )
                                                    {
                                                             UART SendData("Correct magnitude level value.
");
                                                             UART_SendData(c_magnitude);
                                                             calculate_amp((uint16_t)(magnitude));
                                                    else
                                                             UART_SendData("Not correct magnitude level
value. ");
                                                             UART_SendData(c_magnitude);
                                   else {
                                           UART SendData("Unknown error!");
                          f'', 3) == 0)) {
                                   if (((strlen(rx buffer) == 3 || strlen(rx buffer) == 4) &&
(strncmp(rx_buffer, "s f", 3) == 0) ) | |
```



```
(((strlen(rx buffer) == 13 || strlen(rx buffer) == 14) &&
(strncmp(rx_buffer, "set frequency", 13) == 0) ))
                                           UART SendData("Please give a frequency.");
                                   else if
                                            ((strlen(rx buffer) > 14 && (strlen(rx buffer) < 22)) &&
(strncmp(rx_buffer, "set frequency", 13) == 0)) ||
                                                    ((strlen(rx buffer) > 4 && (strlen(rx buffer) < 12))
&& (strncmp(rx buffer, "s f", 3) == 0))
                                           ))
                                           UART_SendData("Please give a correct frequency");
                                   else if (
                                                    ((strlen(rx_buffer) > 14 && (strlen(rx_buffer) < 22))
&& (strncmp(rx buffer, "set frequency", 13) == 0)) ||
                                                    ((strlen(rx_buffer) > 4 && (strlen(rx_buffer) < 12))
&& (strncmp(rx_buffer,"s f", 3) == 0))
                                           if (strncmp(rx\_buffer,"s f", 3) == 0)
                                                    char *c_frequency = NULL;
c_frequency = strtok(rx_buffer, "s f");
int frequency = parseInt(c_frequency);
                                                    if ( ( (MAX\_FREQ + 1) > frequency ) && ( <math>(MIN\_FREQ -
1) < frequency) )
                             calculate freq(frequency);
                                                             UART_SendData("Correct frequency value. ");
                                                             UART_SendData(c_frequency);
                                                    else
                                                             UART SendData("Not correct frequency value.
");
                                                             UART_SendData(c_frequency);
                                           else if (strncmp(rx buffer, "set frequency", 13) == 0)
                                                    char *c_frequency = NULL;
c_frequency = strtok(rx_buffer, "set frequency");
int frequency = parseInt(c_frequency);
                                                    if ( ( (MAX FREQ + 1) > frequency ) && ( <math>(MIN FREQ -
1) < frequency) )
                             calculate freq(frequency);
                                                             UART SendData("Correct frequency value. ");
                                                             UART SendData(c frequency);
                                                    else
                                                             UART_SendData("Not correct frequency value.
");
                                                             UART SendData(c frequency);
                                   else {
                                           UART SendData("Unknown error!");
                          f", 3)==0)) {
                          else {
                                   UART SendData("Unknown command");
                          UART_SendData("\r\n");
```



```
void Init_Systick(uint32_t s,uint8_t cen)
     //Clear CTRL register
     SysTick->CTRL = 0 \times 000000;
     /*Main clock source is runnig with HSI by default which is at 8 Mhz.
       *Systick clock sorunce can be sat with CTRL register's second bit
      * 0: Processor clock/8 (AHB/8)
      * 1: Processor clock
    SysTick->CTRL |= (0 << 2);
    //Enable syscallback
    SysTick->CTRL |= ((uint32 t)cen << 1);
    //Load value
    SysTick->LOAD = s;
    //{\rm Set} the Current Value to 0
    SysTick->VAL = 0;
//Enable SysTick bit0
    SysTick->CTRL |= (1 << 0);
void Init_Uart(void)
     RCC->APB1ENR \mid= (1 << 17); //Enable clock for USART2 RCC->AHB1ENR \mid= (1 << 0); //USART2 is connected to GPIOA, enable GPIOA clock
     //set pins as alternate func (2nd and 3rd pins)
     GPIOA->MODER &= 0xFFFFFF0F; // Reset bits 10-15 to clear old values //GPIOA->MODER |= 0x000000000; // Set 2nd and 3rd pins as alternate func mode. GPIOA->MODER |= (2 << 4); // Set 2nd and 3rd pins as alternate func mode.
           GPIOA->MODER \mid= (2 << 6); // Set 2nd and 3rd pins as alternate func mode.
     //USART pins speed are high
     //GPIOD->OSPEEDR |= 0x000000A0;

GPIOA->OSPEEDR |= (3 << 4); // Set pin2 to very high speed

GPIOA->OSPEEDR |= (3 << 6); // Set pin3 to very high speed
     //AF7 for USART2 in alternate func register
     GPIOA->AFR[0] |= (0x7 << 8); // for pin 2
GPIOA->AFR[0] |= (0x7 << 12); // for pin 3
      *USART2 word length M,bit 12
      *USART2->CR |= (0 << 12); // 0 - 1,8,n
   USART2->CR1 |= (1 << 3);
USART2->CR1 |= (1 << 2);
                                        //USART2_Tx enable, bit 3
//USART2_Rx enable bit 2
    //set Rx Not Enable İnterrupt Enable (RXNEIE)
    USART2->CR1 |=(1 << 5);
    NVIC SetPriority(USART2 IRQn,1);
    NVIC EnableIRQ(USART2 IRQn);
     * Baund_rate = fCk / (8 * (2 - OVER8) * USARTDIV)
     * Forc fCk = 42 Mhz, Baund = 115200, OVER8 = 0
* USARTDIV = 42 Mhz / 115200 / 16 = 22.7865
* We can alsa look at the table and 115.2 KBps baud
     * we need to set 22.8125
     * Fraction : 16*0.8125 = 13
     * Mantissa : 22
     * 12-bit mantissa and 4-bit fraction
    USART2->BRR |= (22 << 4);
    USART2->BRR |= 13;
    //Enable USART2
    USART2->CR1 \mid = (1 << 13);
void UART_SendData(const char* str)
     for (uint32_t i=0; i<strlen((const char*)str); i++)</pre>
           //Send Data
          USART2->DR = str[i];
           //wait for transmi complate , sixth bit of SR, TC
          while(!(USART2->SR & (1 << 6)));
```



```
void Send_Info(void)
    Electronics Engineering ELEC458 \n\n\r\
        Embedded System Design\n\ Ali Firat ARI 131024074\n\
                                   Irfan Bilaloglu 151024095\n\r
    ***********Wave Generator ******** \n\n\r";
   UART_SendData(str);
void Send Help(void)
    const char* help_str =
         "\n\r\
        help
                                                                        : Shows help page \n\r\
: Shows credits page \n\r\
: Shows group id with leds \n\r\
                                             : h
        credits
                                             : c
        led group
                                             : 1
        set wave sine
                                             : s w sin
                                                                        : Change waveform to sinus \n\r\
                                                                        : Change waveform to square \n\r\
: Change waveform to triangular
        set wave square
                                             : s w squ
        set wave triangular
                                             : s w tri
\n\r
        set wave sawtooth
                                             : s w saw
                                                                        : Change waveform to sawtooth
\n\r
        set wave whitenoise
                                            : s w noi
                                                                        : Change waveform to whitenoise
\n\r
        set magnitude <0-100>
set frequency <0-100000000>
                                                                       : Set magnitude level \n\r\
: Set frequency \n\r\
                                       : s m <0-100>
: s f <0-100000000>
   UART_SendData(help_str);
void Send_GroupId(uint8_t id)
        if ((1 <= id) && (id <= 15))
                 RCC->AHB1ENR \mid= (1 << 3);
                 //GPIOD->MODER &= 0x00FFFFFF; // Reset bits 31-24 to clear old values
                 GPIOD->MODER |= 0x55000000;
                 GPIOD->ODR = (uint16_t) (id << 12);
                 delay_ms(2000);
                 GPIOD \rightarrow ODR = (uint16_t)(0 \ll 12);
        else
                 printf("Error! \n The Group ID is out of range (1 to 15)");
void delay_ms(volatile uint32_t s)
        tDelay = s;
        while (tDelay != 0);
int parseInt(char* chars)
    int sum = 0;
    int len = strlen(chars);
    for (int x = 0; x < len; x++)
        int n = chars[len - (x + 1)] - '0';
        sum = sum + powInt(n, x);
    return sum;
int powInt(int x, int y)
    for (int i = 0; i < y; i++)
       x *= 10:
    return x;
```



```
Generator.c
  * @file
              generator.c
  * @author Ali Firat ARI
  * @author Irfan Bilaloglu
  * @author Sencer Altintop
  * @version V1.0.1
  * @brief Waveform genarator
  * @attention
  * <h2><center>&copy; COPYRIGHT(c) 2019 Gebze Technical University</center></h2>
  *******************
#include "stm32f4xx.h"
#include "system stm32f4xx.h"
#include <math.h>
#include "generator.h"
#include "terminal.h"
/**************
* Vector Table
// get the stack pointer location from linker typedef void (* const intfunc)(void);
extern unsigned long __stack;
\ensuremath{//} attribute puts table in beginning of .vectors section
// which is the beginning of .text section in the linker script // Add other vectors -in order- here
// Vector table can be found on page 372 in RM0090
__attribute__ ((section(".vectors")))
void (* const vector_table[])(void) = {
          (intfunc)((unsigned long)&_stack), /* 0x000 Stack Pointer */
Reset_Handler, /* 0x004 Reset */
Default_Handler, /* 0x008 NMI */
         Reset_Handler,
         Default_Handler,
Default Handler,
                                                  /* 0x00C HardFault
         Default_Handler,
Default_Handler,
                                                   /* 0x010 MemManage
                                                   /* 0x014 BusFault
/* 0x018 UsageFault
         Default_Handler,
                                                   /* 0x018 Usageraul
/* 0x01C Reserved
/* 0x020 Reserved
         0.
                                                   0,
         Ο,
         Default_Handler,
         Default_Handler,
                                                  /* 0x030 beddg Mon.
/* 0x034 Reserved
/* 0x038 PendSV
         Ο,
         Default Handler,
         Systick Handler,
                                                   /* 0x03C SysTick
                                                   /* 0x040 Window WatchDog Interrupt
                                                   /* 0x044 PVD through EXTI Line detection Interrupt
         0,
* /
                                                   /* 0x048 Tamper and TimeStamp interrupts through the EXTI
         0,
line
                                                   /* 0x04C RTC Wakeup interrupt through the EXTI line
         Ο,
* /
         0,
                                                   /* 0x050 FLASH global Interrupt
* /
                                                   /* 0x054 RCC global Interrupt
         0,
                                                                  /* 0x058 EXTI LineO Interrupt
         Ο,
* /
                                                   /* 0x05C EXTI Line1 Interrupt
         0,
*/
                                                   /* 0x060 EXTI Line2 Interrupt
         0.
         Ο,
                                                   /* 0x064 EXTI Line3 Interrupt
* /
                                                   /* 0x068 EXTI Line4 Interrupt
         0.
         Ο,
                                                   /* 0x06C DMA1 Stream 0 global Interrupt
```



```
/* 0x070 DMA1 Stream 1 global Interrupt
        Ο,
        0,
                                              /* 0x074 DMA1 Stream 2 global Interrupt
                                              /* 0x078 DMA1 Stream 3 global Interrupt
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x07C DMA1 Stream 4 global Interrupt
        Ο,
* /
                                              /* 0x080 DMA1 Stream 5 global Interrupt
        0,
*/
                                              /* 0x084 DMA1 Stream 6 global Interrupt
        0,
        0,
                                              /* 0x088 ADC1, ADC2 and ADC3 global Interrupts
                                              /* 0x08C CAN1 TX Interrupt
        0.
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x090 CAN1 RX0 Interrupt
                                              /* 0x094 CAN1 RX1 Interrupt
        Ο,
* /
        0,
                                              /* 0x098 CAN1 SCE Interrupt
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x09C External Line[9:5] Interrupts
                                              /* 0x0A0 TIM1 Break interrupt and TIM9 global interrupt
        Ο,
        tim1 UI,
                                              /* 0x0A4 TIM1 Update Interrupt and TIM10 global interrupt
                                              /* 0x0A8 TIM1 Trigger and Commutation Interrupt and TIM11
global interrupt */
        Ο,
                                                       /* 0x0AC TIM1 Capture Compare Interrupt
                                                        /* 0x0B0 TIM2 global Interrupt
        0.
                                              /* 0x0B4 TIM3 global Interrupt
        Ο,
                                                            /* 0x0B8 TIM4 global Interrupt
        Ο,
* /
        0,
                                              /* 0x0BC I2C1 Event Interrupt
                                              /* 0x0C0 I2C1 Error Interrupt
        Ο,
* /
                                              /* 0x0C4 I2C2 Event Interrupt
        0,
* /
                                              /* 0x0C8 I2C2 Error Interrupt
        0,
        0,
                                              /* 0x0CC SPI1 global Interrupt
                                              /* 0x0D0 SPI2 global Interrupt
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x0D4 USART1 global Interrupt
        Ο,
        UART2_Handler,
                                              /* 0x0D8 USART2 global Interrupt
* /
                                              /* 0x0DC USART3 global Interrupt
        0.
* /
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x0E0 External Line[15:10] Interrupts
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x0E4 RTC Alarm (A and B) through EXTI Line Interrupt
                                              /* 0x0E8 USB OTG FS Wakeup through EXTI line interrupt
        0,
                                              /* 0x0EC TIM8 Break Interrupt and TIM12 global interrupt
        Ο,
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x0F0 TIM8 Update Interrupt and TIM13 global interrupt
* /
                                              /* 0x0F4 TIM8 Trigger and Commutation Interrupt and TIM14
        0.
global interrupt */
                                              /* 0x0F8 TIM8 Capture Compare global interrupt
        0,
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x0FC DMA1 Stream7 Interrupt
                                              /* 0x100 FSMC global Interrupt
        0.
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x104 SDIO global Interrupt
                                              /* 0x108 TIM5 global Interrupt
        Ο,
                                              /* 0x10C SPI3 global Interrupt
        0.
                                              /* 0x110 UART4 global Interrupt
        0.
```



```
/* 0x114 UART5 global Interrupt
         Ο,
                                                  /\star 0x118 TIM6 global and DAC1&2 underrun error interrupts
         0,
* /
         0,
                                                  /* 0x11C TIM7 global interrupt
                                                  /* 0x120 DMA2 Stream 0 global Interrupt
         Ο,
* /
                                                  /* 0x124 DMA2 Stream 1 global Interrupt
         0,
* /
                                                  /* 0x128 DMA2 Stream 2 global Interrupt
         0,
         0,
                                                  /* 0x12C DMA2 Stream 3 global Interrupt
                                                  /* 0x130 DMA2 Stream 4 global Interrupt
         0.
         Ο,
                                                  /* 0x134 Ethernet global Interrupt
         Ο,
                                                  /* 0x138 Ethernet Wakeup through EXTI line Interrupt
* /
         0,
                                                  /* 0x13C CAN2 TX Interrupt
         Ο,
                                                  /* 0x140 CAN2 RX0 Interrupt
* /
         Ο,
                                                  /* 0x144 CAN2 RX1 Interrupt
* /
                                                  /* 0x148 CAN2 SCE Interrupt
         0.
                                                  /* 0x14C USB OTG FS global Interrupt
         Ο,
         0,
                                                  /* 0x150 DMA2 Stream 5 global interrupt
* /
                                                  /* 0x154 DMA2 Stream 6 global interrupt
         0.
                                                  /* 0x158 DMA2 Stream 7 global interrupt
         Ο,
* /
                                                  /* 0x15C USART6 global interrupt
         Ο,
*/
         0,
                                                  /* 0x160 I2C3 event interrupt
                                                  /* 0x164 I2C3 error interrupt
         Ο,
* /
                                                  / \star 0x168 USB OTG HS End Point 1 Out global interrupt
         0,
* /
                                                  /* 0x16C USB OTG HS End Point 1 In global interrupt
         0,
         Ο,
                                                  /* 0x170 USB OTG HS Wakeup through EXTI interrupt
* /
                                                  /* 0x174 USB OTG HS global interrupt
         0,
* /
                                                  /* 0x178 DCMI global interrupt
         0,
                                                  /* 0x17C RNG global Interrupt
         0,
* /
         Ω
                                                  /* 0x180 FPU global interrupt
};
* Global Variables
*********************************
uint32_t period = 84-1; // Amplitude of created signal
uint32_t pwm_period = 84-1; // Period of pwm signal
//uint32_t pwm_period = 168-1; // Period of pwm signal 186 MHz/ 168 Sample = 1 MHz
uint32_t wave_period = 2000; // Period of created signal
uint16 t amplitude = 99;
const uint_fast8_t max_lut = 10000;
volatile uint_fast8_t sin_lut[10000];
uint8_t wave_type = SIN_WAVE; // Default
/*************
* Interrupt Handlers
*****************
```



```
void Default Handler(void)
          //TIM1->CR1 |= (0 << 1);
//for (;;); // Wait forever
NMI_Handler();
void NMI_Handler(void)
          int bc = BLINK COUNT;
          // Disable Timer 1 module (CEN, bit0)
TIM1->CR1 &= (1 << 0);
          RCC->AHB1ENR |= 0x00000008;
          GPIOD->MODER &= \sim (0x3 << 28)\,; // Reset bits 25:24 to clear old values GPIOD->MODER |= (0x1 << 28); // Make PD14 Red Led output
          // Open led
//GPIOD->ODR |= (1 << 12);
          //Blink PD12 RED LED
          while(bc > 0)
                    basic_delay(LEDDELAY);
GPIOD->ODR ^= (1 << 14); // Toggle LED</pre>
          main();
void tim1_UI(void)
          //Reset timer interrupt
TIM1->SR = (uint16_t)(0x0000);
          switch(wave type) {
                    case SIN_WAVE:
                               sin_generate();
                               break;
                    break;
                     case TRIANGLE_WAVE:
                              triangle_generate();
                    break;
case SAWTOOTH_WAVE:
                               sawtooth_generate();
                               break;
                     case NOISE_WAVE:
                               white_noise_generate();
                               break;
                    //default: // Go to error function
          }
/***************

* On the fly calculator functions
void make luts(int wave period) {
    NVIC_DisableIRQ(TIM1_UP_TIM10_IRQn);
NVIC_ClearPendingIRQ(TIM1_UP_TIM10_IRQn);
//TIM1->DIER &= (1 << 0); //Channel 1 update interrupt
TIM1->SR = (uint16_t)(0x0000);
TIM1->CR1 &= (0 << 0);</pre>
```



```
for(int i=0; i<_wave_period; i++) {
                         sin_lut[i] = (_wave_period/2) * ( sin(2 * M_PI * i / _wave_period) + 1);
      TIM1->CR1 |= (1 << 0);
      NVIC_EnableIRQ(TIM1_UP_TIM10_IRQn);
void calculate_freq(uint32_t freq) {
      // Base PWM period = 84 => 168/84 => 2MHz
            // Base wave_period = 100
            // Base freq = 20 Khz;
const uint32_t base = 2000000;
//const uint32_t base = 1000000;
            int _wave_period = base / freq;
make_luts(_wave_period);
            wave_period = _wave_period;
void calculate_amp(uint16_t amp) {
      const uint16_t max_amp = 100;
            period = pwm_period * amp / max_amp;
void set_wave_type(int w_type)
     wave_type = w_type;
// A simple and not accurate delay function
// that will change the speed based on the optimization settings
void basic_delay(volatile uint32_t s)
            for(s; s>0; s--){
                        __asm__("NOP");
void init_signal_pin(void)
             // enable GPIOA clock
            RCC->AHB1ENR \mid= (1 << 0);
            GPIOA->MODER |= (0x2 << 16); // Set PA8 to alternate mode TIM1_CH1 GPIOA->AFR[1] |= (0x1 << 0); // Choose Timer1 as Alternative Function for PA8 AF1 GPIOA->OSPEEDR |= (0x3 << 16); // PA8 to very high speed
void init_timer1(void)
            uint32 t duty = pwm period/2;
            calculate_freq((uint32_t)(2000)); // 2Khz
calculate_amp(100); // 100 / 100
             // enable TIM1 clock (bit0)
            RCC->APB2ENR \mid= (1 << 0);
            // Timer clock runs at ABP1 * 2 
// since ABP1 is set to /4 of fCLK 
// thus 168M/4 * 2 = 84Mhz
             // set prescaler to 83999
                  it will increment counter every prescalar cycles
            // It Will increment counter every prescalar of // fcK_PSC / (PSC[15:0] + 1) // 84 Mhz / 8399 + 1 = 10 khz timer clock speed // 84 Mhz / 83 + 1 = 1 Mhz timer clock speed // TIM4->PSC = 83;
             // set prescaler to 167
            // it will increment counter every prescalar cycles
// fCK_PSC / (PSC[15:0] + 1)
// 168 Mhz / 167 + 1 = 1 Mhz timer clock speed
            TIM1->PSC = 0;
             // set period
```



```
TIM1->ARR = pwm period;
         // set duty cycle on channel 1
TIM1->CCR1 = duty;
         // enable channel 1 in capture/compare register
         // set ocl mode as pwm (0b110 or 0x6 in bits 6-4) TIM1->CCMR1 \mid= (0x6 << 4);
          // enable oc1 preload bit 3
         TIM1->CCMR1 |= (1 << 3);
         TIM1->CCER \mid= (1 << 0); // enable capture/compare ch1 output
         TIM1->BDTR \mid = (1 << 15); // enable main output
         //TIM1->DIER |= (1 << 1); //Channel 1 capture compare TIM1->DIER |= (1 << 0); //Channel 1 update interrupt
         // priority TIM1 IRQ from NVIC
// TIM1 Update Interrupt and TIM10 global interrupt
NVIC->IP[TIM1_UP_TIM10_IRQn] = 0x13; // Priority level
         // TIM1_CC_IRQn
// TIM1 Capture Compare Interrupt
//NVIC->IP[TIM1_CC_IRQn] = 0x12; // Priority level
         // enable TIM1 IRQ from NVIC
         // TIM1 Update Interrupt and TIM10 global interrupt
         NVIC_EnableIRQ(TIM1_UP_TIM10_IRQn);
         // TIM1 Capture Compare Interrupt
// NVIC_EnableIRQ(TIM1_CC_IRQn);
         // Enable Timer 1 module (CEN, bit0) TIM1->CR1 \mid= (1 << 0);
}
/*************
* main code starts from here
int main(void)
         /* set system clock to 168 Mhz */
         set sysclk to 168();
    init_signal_pin();
    Init Systick(21000, 1);
    Send_GroupId(3);
Init_Uart();
    Send_Help();
    init_timer1();
         // For white noise enable Random Number Generator
    RCC->AHB2ENR |= 0x40;  // Enable Clock of RNG RNG->CR |= (1 << 2);  // RNG enable no interrupt Page 769
         while(1)
                  \ensuremath{//} Do nothing. let timer handler do its magic
         return 0;
/*************
***********
* Sin wave Generator
void sin_generate(void)
         static uint32_t t = 0;
```



```
uint32 t f = wave period-1;
      if (t >= f)
           t = 0;
      } else
            ++t;
      // set new duty cycle
      TIM1->CCR1 = (uint16_t)( (sin_lut[t] * period) / f);
/*************
void sqr_generate(void)
     static uint32_t t = 0;
uint32_t f = wave_period-1;
      if (t >= f)
      {
           t = 0;
      } else
            ++t;
      // Generate 1 with pwm
if (t <= f/2) {
    TIM1->CCR1 = (uint16_t)((period + 1));
      // Generate 0 with pwm
      /*************
void sawtooth_generate(void)
      static uint32_t t = 0;
      if (t >= wave_period)
           t = 0;
      } else
            ++t;
      }
      TIM1->CCR1 = (uint16_t)(t * period / (wave_period));
}
/***********
* Triangle Generator
*****************
void triangle_generate(void)
     static uint32_t t = 0;
uint32_t f = wave_period-1;
      else {
            TIM1->CCR1 = (uint16_t) (abs(f - t) * 2 * period / (wave_period));
            ++t;
            if(t >= f) t=0;
```



```
/******************************

* White Noise Generator

*****************************

void white_noise_generate(void)
{

    uint32_t f;
    uint16_t random_number;
    float_t big_num = (uint16_t)(0xFFFF);

    f = period;

    //while (!(RNG->SR&1)); // Wait for usable Random Number

    // Scale 32bit random number to our period
    // Get our period to max number ratio
    // random_number = (RNG->DR >> 16) * (period / 0xFFFF);
    random_number = (RNG->DR >> 16) * (float)( f / big_num );

    TIM1->CCR1 = (uint16_t)( random_number );
}
```