Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 17

Section 1: MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
   if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
      printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      return;
   }
   stack[++(*top)] = item;
}
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
   if (*top == -1) {
      printf("Stack Underflow\n");
      return -1;
   }
```

```
return stack[(*top)--];
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
return 0;
Answer
302010Stack Underflow
Status: Wrong
                                                                    Marks: 0/1
```

2. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for

implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the end of the list

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

7. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status : Correct Marks : 1/1

8. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations? Answer Last In First Out Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 9. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack? push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3); pop(); push(2); pop(); pop(); push(4);pop(); pop(); push(5); Answer Underflow Occurs Status: Correct 10. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3);

pop();

```
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer

1

Status: Correct
```

24080

Marks : 1/1

11. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. What is the value of the postfix expression 6324 + - *?

Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    int top = -1;
    int isEmpty() {
       return (top == -1);
return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);

void push/:
      if (isFull())
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
       else
         stack[++top] = item;
    int main() {
       printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
       push(10);
       push(20);
      push(30);
printf("%d\n", isFull()
```

```
return 0;

Answer

10

Status: Correct

Marks: 1/1
```

17. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Peek

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/

18. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
     #define MAX SIZE 5
     int stack[MAX_SIZE];
     int top = -1;
     void display() {
       if (top == -1) {
          printf("Stack is empty\n");
       } else {
          printf("Stack elements: ");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
            printf("%d ", stack[i]);
          printf("\n");
       }
     void push(int value) {
       if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
print
} else {
str
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
          stack[++top] = value;
```

```
int main() {
      display();
      push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      display();
      push(40);
      push(50);
      push(60);
      display();
      return 0;
   Answer
    Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30
    20 10 
    Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
    19. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / * 8 - is
    Answer
    142
Status : Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
    20. Elements are Added on _____ of the Stack.
    Answer
    Top
    Status: Correct
                                                                    Marks: 1/1
```